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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549  
**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO**  
**FORM S-1**  
**REGISTRATION STATEMENT**  
*UNDER*  
*THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933*  
**DIGITAL TURBINE, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

22-2267658  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification Number)

**GUARANTORS LISTED ON SCHEDULE A HERETO**

1300 Guadalupe Street  
Suite #302  
Austin, Texas 78701  
(512) 387-7717

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

William Stone  
Chief Executive Officer  
Digital Turbine, Inc.  
1300 Guadalupe Street  
Suite #302  
Austin, Texas 78701  
(512) 387-7717

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

*With a copy to:*  
Ben D. Orlanski, Esq.  
Matthew S. O'Loughlin, Esq.  
Manatt, Phelps & Phillips, LLP  
11355 West Olympic Boulevard  
Los Angeles, CA 90064  
(310) 312-4000  
(310) 312-4224 Facsimile

**Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public:** From time to time after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

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If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box:

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering:

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering:

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering:

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer   
 Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

#### CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Share	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee
8.75% Convertible Notes due 2020 (the "notes") (1)	\$ 16,000,000	100%(2)	\$16,000,000.00(3)	\$ 1,854.40
Warrants to purchase Common Stock (the "warrants")	4,355,600	—(4)	—(4)	—(4)
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, issuable upon conversion of the notes	11,730,240(5)	—(6)	—(6)	—(6)
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, issuable in connection with an early conversion	6,432,475	\$ 1.364(2)	8,773,895.90	1,016.90
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, issuable upon exercise of warrants	4,355,600(7)	\$1.364 (2)	\$ 5,941,038.40(8)	\$ 688.57
Guarantees	\$ 16,000,000(3)	—	—	—(9)
<b>Total</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>\$30,714,934.30</b>	<b>\$ 3,559.87(10)</b>

- (1) Represents the aggregate principal amount of the notes that were issued by Digital Turbine, Inc. on September 28, 2016.  
 (2) Represents a bona fide estimate of the maximum aggregate offering price solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee under Rule 457(a) under the Securities Act.  
 (3) Equals the aggregate principal amount of notes being registered.  
 (4) No additional registration fee is payable pursuant to Rule 457(g) under the Securities Act.

- (5) Represents the maximum number of shares of Common Stock of Digital Turbine, Inc., issuable upon conversion of the notes being registered hereby at an initial conversion rate of 733.14 shares of Common Stock per \$1,000 in principal amount of the notes. Pursuant to Rule 416 under the Securities Act, the registrants are also registering such indeterminate number of shares of Common Stock of Digital Turbine, Inc. as may be issued from time to time upon conversion of the notes registered above as a result of the anti-dilution provisions thereof.
- (6) No separate consideration will be received for the shares of Digital Turbine, Inc.'s Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the notes; therefore, no additional registration fee is required pursuant to Rule 457(i) under the Securities Act.
- (7) Pursuant to Rule 416 under the Securities Act, the registrants are also registering such indeterminate number of shares of Common Stock of Digital Turbine, Inc. as may be issuable under the warrants registered above as a result of the anti-dilution provisions thereof.
- (8) Equals the aggregate exercise price of the warrants being registered pursuant to which such shares of Common Stock of Digital Turbine, Inc. are issuable.
- (9) The notes are guaranteed by the guarantors named in Schedule A herein. No separate consideration will be paid in respect of the guarantees, and no additional registration fee is required pursuant to Rule 457(n) under the Securities Act.
- (10) \$2,542.97 previously paid.

**The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until this Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.**

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## SCHEDULE A

The address for each of the guarantors listed below is 1300 Guadalupe Street, Suite #302, Austin, Texas 78701. The primary standard industrial classification code number for each of the guarantors listed below is 6794. The guarantors, the jurisdiction of incorporation or organization for each guarantor and the IRS employer identification number (or other organizational number for non-U.S. guarantors), for each guarantor is listed below.

<b>Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter (or equivalent)</b>	<b>Jurisdiction of incorporation or organization</b>	<b>IRS employer identification no. (Organizational no. for non-U.S. guarantors)</b>
Digital Turbine USA, Inc.	Delaware	45-3982329
Digital Turbine Media, Inc.	Delaware	26-2346340
Digital Turbine (EMEA) Ltd.	Israel	514802875
Digital Turbine Asia Pacific Pty Ltd.	Australia	TAX 791741061

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**The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. The selling security holders may not sell these securities until the Registration Statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, of which this prospectus is a part, is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and the selling security holders are not soliciting offers to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.**

**SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED DECEMBER 23, 2016**

PROSPECTUS



**\$16 million of 8.75% Convertible Notes Due 2020  
(fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Digital Turbine USA, Inc., Digital Turbine Media, Inc., Digital Turbine (EMEA) Ltd.  
and Digital Turbine Asia Pacific Pty Ltd.)**

**4,355,600 Warrants to Purchase Shares of Common Stock**

**22,518,315 Shares of Common Stock Underlying the Convertible Notes and Warrants**

This prospectus relates to the sale or other disposition from time to time of \$16 million of our 8.75% Convertible Notes due 2020 (the “notes”), warrants to purchase 4,355,600 shares of our common stock expiring in 2020 (the “warrants”), and 16,085,840 shares of common stock underlying the notes and the warrants, by the persons described in this prospectus, whom we call the “selling security holders,” identified in the section entitled “Selling Security Holders” in this prospectus, or their transferees. We have also included up to an additional 6,432,475 shares of common stock that may be issued as part of an early conversion payment in the event of an early conversion of the notes in the event we are permitted to, and elect to, make such payment in the form of shares of our common stock in lieu of cash. Such additional number of shares is calculated based upon the indenture governing the notes and an assumed early conversion in full on December 19, 2016. We are registering the notes, warrants, and shares of common stock underlying the notes and the warrants as required by the terms of the registration rights agreements between BTIG, LLC, the initial purchaser, us, and the guarantor parties thereto, for the benefit of the selling security holders. Such registration does not mean that the selling security holders will actually offer or sell any of these notes, warrants, or the shares of common stock underlying the notes and the warrants. We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale or other disposition of the notes or warrants offered by the selling security holders. However, we may receive up to approximately \$5.9 million in gross proceeds from the exercise of the warrants offered under this prospectus.

The selling security holders or their transferees may, from time to time, sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of any or all of notes, warrants, or the shares of common stock underlying each, on any stock exchange, market or trading facility on which the notes, warrants, or the shares of common stock underlying each are traded or in private transactions. These dispositions may be at fixed prices, at prevailing market prices at the time of sale, at prices related to the prevailing market price, at varying prices determined at the time of sale, or at negotiated prices. For additional information, you should refer to the section entitled “Plan of Distribution” of this prospectus. We are contractually obligated to pay all expenses of registration incurred in connection with this offering, except any underwriting discounts and commissions and transfer taxes, if any, incurred by the selling security holders.

Our common stock is listed on The NASDAQ Stock Market under the symbol “APPS.” On December 15, 2016, the last reported sale price of our common stock on The NASDAQ Stock Market was \$0.70 per share. There is no public market for the notes or the warrants and we do not intend to list the notes or the warrants on any securities exchange or any quotation system.

**Investing in our securities involves risks. See the section entitled “Risk Factors” beginning on page 16 of this prospectus and in the documents we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission that are incorporated by reference into this prospectus for certain risks and uncertainties you should consider.**

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**Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

**The date of this prospectus is           , 2016.**

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<a href="#">ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS</a>	1
<a href="#">WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION</a>	2
<a href="#">INCORPORATION OF CERTAIN INFORMATION BY REFERENCE</a>	2
<a href="#">SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS</a>	3
<a href="#">PROSPECTUS SUMMARY</a>	5
<a href="#">PRIVATE PLACEMENT</a>	10
<a href="#">THE OFFERING</a>	11
<a href="#">RISK FACTORS</a>	16
<a href="#">RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES</a>	51
<a href="#">USE OF PROCEEDS</a>	51
<a href="#">PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK</a>	51
<a href="#">DIVIDEND POLICY</a>	52
<a href="#">DESCRIPTION OF OUR CAPITAL STOCK</a>	53
<a href="#">DESCRIPTION OF NOTES</a>	56
<a href="#">DESCRIPTION OF THE WARRANTS</a>	93
<a href="#">SELLING SECURITY HOLDERS</a>	109
<a href="#">CERTAIN UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS</a>	113
<a href="#">PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION</a>	125
<a href="#">LEGAL MATTERS</a>	127
<a href="#">EXPERTS</a>	127

You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. Neither we nor the selling security holders have authorized anyone to provide you with additional or different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. You should assume that the information in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date on the front of that document and that any information we have incorporated by reference is accurate only as of the date of the document incorporated by reference, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or any sale of a security. We do not imply or represent by delivering this prospectus that Digital Turbine, Inc., or its business, financial condition or operating results, are unchanged after the date on the front of this prospectus or that the information in this prospectus is correct as of any time after such date.

This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities other than the notes, warrants, and common stock underlying each of the notes and the warrants that are described in this prospectus, nor does this prospectus constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy securities in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction.

## ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

As permitted under the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, this prospectus incorporates important business information about us that is contained in documents that we file with the SEC, but that are not included in or delivered with this prospectus. You may obtain copies of these documents, without charge, from the website maintained by the SEC at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov), as well as other sources. See “Where You Can Find More Information” and “Incorporation of Certain Information by Reference” in this prospectus.

The registration statement of which this prospectus is a part, including exhibits to that registration statement, provides additional information about us and the securities offered under this prospectus. The registration statement may be read at the SEC’s website at <http://www.sec.gov> or at the SEC’s office mentioned under the heading “Where You Can Find More Information” below. Whenever a reference is made in this prospectus to a contract or other document, the reference is only a summary and you should refer to the exhibits that are a part of the registration statement for a copy of the contract or other document.

Unless the context otherwise indicates, references in this prospectus to “we,” “our,” “us,” “Digital Turbine,” or “the Company” refer to the business and operations of Digital Turbine, Inc. through its operating and wholly-owned subsidiaries, Digital Turbine USA, Inc., Digital Turbine Media, Inc., Digital Turbine (EMEA) Ltd, Digital Turbine Australia Pty Ltd, Digital Turbine Singapore Pte Ltd, Digital Turbine Luxembourg S.à.r.l., and Digital Turbine Germany GmbH, collectively “DT”.

**You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. We have not authorized any other person to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it.**

**You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus, as well as information we previously filed with the SEC and have incorporated by reference, is accurate as of the date of the front cover of this prospectus only. Our business, financial condition, operating results and prospects may have changed since that date. Neither the delivery of this prospectus nor any distribution of securities pursuant to this prospectus shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the information set forth or incorporated by reference into this prospectus or in our affairs since the date of this prospectus.**

**This prospectus does not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to purchase, the securities offered by this prospectus, in any jurisdiction to or from any person to whom or from whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation of an offer in such jurisdiction.**



## WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We file annual, quarterly, and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy any documents we file at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information about the public reference room. The SEC also maintains an Internet web site that contains reports, proxy, and information statements and other information regarding registrants like us that file electronically with the SEC. The address of the site is [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

Our Internet address is [www.digitalturbine.com](http://www.digitalturbine.com) and our investor relations website is located at <http://ir.digitalturbine.com>. We make available free of charge, on or through our investor relations website, annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the SEC.

## INCORPORATION OF CERTAIN INFORMATION BY REFERENCE

The SEC allows us to "incorporate by reference" information from other documents that we file with it, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus. Information in this prospectus supersedes information incorporated by reference that we filed with the SEC prior to the date of this prospectus. We incorporate by reference into this prospectus and the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part the information or documents listed below that we have filed with the SEC (Commission File No. 001-35958):

- Our definitive Proxy Statements on Schedule 14A filed with the SEC on February 11, 2016 and November 25, 2016;
- Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016 filed with the SEC on June 14, 2016, as amended and restated by our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A filed with the SEC on July 29, 2016;
- Our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2016 filed with the SEC on August 9, 2016 and for the period ended September 30, 2016 filed with the SEC on November 9, 2016, as amended by our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A filed with the SEC on November 10, 2016; and
- Our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 4, 2016, January 27, 2016, March 11, 2016, June 1, 2016, June 14, 2016, June 30, 2016, August 18, 2016, August 31, 2016, September 29, 2016 and November 28, 2016.

Notwithstanding the foregoing statements, no document, report or exhibit (or portion of any of the foregoing) or any other information that we have "furnished" to the SEC pursuant to the Exchange Act shall be incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

We hereby undertake to provide without charge to each person, including any beneficial owner, to whom a copy of this prospectus is delivered, upon request, orally or in writing, of any such person, a copy of any and all of the information that has been or may be incorporated by reference in this prospectus, other than exhibits to such documents, unless such exhibits have been specifically incorporated by reference thereto. Requests for such copies should be directed to Investor Relations as follows:

Digital Turbine, Inc.  
1300 Guadalupe Street  
Suite #302  
Austin, Texas 78701  
(512) 387-7717

## SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus, including the documents incorporated by reference in it, contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. These statements may be made directly in this document or they may be made part of this document by reference to other documents filed with the SEC, which is known as “incorporation by reference.” You can find many (but not all) of these statements by looking for words such as “approximates,” “believes,” “expects,” “anticipates,” “estimates,” “intends,” “plans,” “would,” “could,” “may” or other similar expressions in this prospectus or the documents incorporated by reference. These forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from our historical experience and our present expectations or projections. Factors that could cause actual results to differ from those discussed in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

- ability to expand the Company’s global reach, accelerate growth and create a scalable, low-capex business model that drives earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (“EBITDA”);
- failure to realize anticipated operational efficiencies, revenue (including projected revenue) and cost synergies and resulting revenue growth, EBITDA and free cash flow conversion from the Company’s merger with Appia;
- unforeseen challenges related to relationships with operators, publishers and advertisers and expanding and maintaining those relationships;
- ability to execute upon, and realize any benefits from, potential value creation opportunities through strategic relationships in the future or at all, including the ability to leverage advertising opportunities effectively and increase revenue streams for carriers;
- the inherent and deal-specific challenges in converting discussions with carriers into actual contractual relationships;
- product acceptance of a new product such as DT Ignite™ or DT IQ™ in a competitive marketplace;
- device sell-through for any specific device or series of devices;
- the potential for unforeseen or underestimated cash requirements or liabilities;
- the impact of currency exchange rate fluctuations on our reported GAAP financial statements;
- the occurrence of any event, change or other circumstances that could disrupt management’s attention from the ongoing business operations due to the Appia merger integration effort;
- the existence and fluctuations of non-cash charges and non-cash liabilities arising from the accounting treatment for our notes and related warrants may significantly reduce our GAAP operating results and financial positions, and the amount of such reduction may move materially based on movements in our stock price;
- ability as a smaller company to manage international operations;
- ability given our limited resources to identify and consummate acquisitions;
- varying and often unpredictable levels of orders;

- the challenges inherent in technology development necessary to maintain our competitive advantage, such as adherence to release schedules and the costs and time required for finalization and gaining market acceptance of new products;
- changes in economic conditions and market demand;
- rapid and complex changes occurring in the mobile marketplace;
- pricing and other activities by competitors;
- pricing risks associated with potential commoditization of the Appia Core as competition increases and new technologies add pricing pressure; and
- technology management risk as we need to adapt to complex specifications of different carriers and the management of a complex technology platform given our relatively limited resources.

We caution investors that any forward-looking statements presented in this prospectus or the documents incorporated by reference herein, or those which we may make orally or in writing from time to time, are based on our beliefs and assumptions, as well as information currently available to us. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and trends that we believe may affect our financial condition, operating results, business strategy, short-term and long-term business operations and objectives, and financial needs. The actual outcome will be affected by known and unknown risks, trends, uncertainties and factors that are beyond our control or ability to predict. Although we believe that our assumptions are reasonable, they are not guarantees of future performance and some may inevitably prove to be incorrect. As a result, our actual future results can be expected to differ from our expectations, and those differences may be material. Accordingly, investors should use caution in relying on past forward-looking statements, which are based on known results and trends at the time they are made, to anticipate future results or trends.

This prospectus and all subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or any person acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained or referred to in this section. We do not undertake any obligation to release publicly any revisions to our forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the dates that such statements are made.

For more information on the uncertainty of forward-looking statements, see the section entitled “Risk Factors” beginning on page 16 of this prospectus, and the “Risk Factors” contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K and, to the extent applicable, our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K.

## PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

*This summary highlights information contained throughout this prospectus or incorporated by reference into this prospectus. This summary does not contain all of the information that should be considered before investing in our securities. Investors should read the entire prospectus carefully, including the more detailed information regarding our business, the risks of purchasing our securities discussed in this prospectus under "Risk Factors" beginning on page 16 of this prospectus and in the documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus, including our financial statements and the accompanying notes.*

### Overview

#### **Current Operations**

Digital Turbine, through its subsidiaries, innovates at the convergence of media and mobile communications, delivering end-to-end products and solutions for mobile operators, application advertisers, device original equipment manufacturers ("OEMs"), and other third parties to enable them to effectively monetize mobile content and generate higher-value user acquisition. We operate our business in two reportable segments – Advertising and Content.

Our Advertising business is comprised of two businesses:

- Operator and OEMs ("O&O"), an advertiser solution for unique and exclusive carrier and OEM inventory which is comprised of services including:
  - o Ignite™ ("Ignite"), a mobile device management platform with targeted application distribution capabilities, and
  - o Discover™ ("Discover"), an intelligent application discovery platform.
- Advertiser and Publisher ("A&P"), a leading worldwide mobile user acquisition network which is comprised of services including:
  - o Syndicated network, and
  - o Real Time Bidding ("RTB" or "programmatic advertising").

Our Content business is comprised of services including:

- Marketplace™ ("Marketplace"), an application and content store, and
- Pay™ ("Pay"), a content management and mobile payment solution.

With global headquarters in Austin, Texas and offices in Durham, North Carolina, Berlin, San Francisco, Singapore, Sydney and Tel Aviv, Digital Turbine's solutions are available worldwide.

#### **Information about Segment and Geographic Revenue**

In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2015, we made certain segment realignments in order to conform to the way the Company manages segment performance. This realignment was driven primarily by the acquisition of Appia, Inc. on March 6, 2015. The Company has recast prior period amounts to provide visibility and comparability. None of these changes impact our previously reported consolidated net revenue, gross margin, operating income, net income, or earnings per share.

We manage our business in three operating segments: Operators and OEMs, Advertisers and Publishers, and Content which are aggregated into two reportable segments: Advertising and Content. Information about segment and geographic revenue is set forth in Note 17 to our consolidated financial statements under Item 8 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended March 31, 2016 as incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

## ***Advertising***

### *O&O Business*

The Company's O&O business is an advertiser solution for unique and exclusive carrier and OEM inventory which is comprised of services including Ignite and Discover.

Ignite is a mobile application management software that enables mobile operators and OEMs to control, manage, and monetize applications installed at the time of activation and over the life of a mobile device. Ignite allows mobile operators to personalize the app activation experience for customers and monetize their home screens via Cost-Per-Install or CPI arrangements, Cost-Per-Placement or CPP arrangements, and/or Cost-Per-Action or CPA arrangements with third-party advertisers. There are several different delivery methods available to operators and OEMs on first boot of the device: Wizard, Silent, Software Development Kit ("SDK"), or Direct through Discover. Optional notification features are available throughout the lifecycle of the device, providing operators additional opportunity for advertising revenue streams. The Company has launched Ignite with mobile operators and OEMs in North America, Latin America, Europe, Asia Pacific, India and Israel.

Discover enables end user application and content discovery, both organic and sponsored, through a variety of user interfaces. The recommendation engine powering Discover and other Digital Turbine products is AppSource, which provides intelligent recommendations to the device end user. Monetization occurs through the display of and/or recommendation of applications via the CPI commercial model. Discover has been deployed with mobile operators in North America and Asia Pacific.

### *A&P Business*

Our A&P business, formerly Appia Core, is a leading worldwide mobile user acquisition network. Its mobile user acquisition platform is a demand side platform, or DSP. This platform allows mobile advertisers to engage with the right customers for their applications at the right time to gain them as customers. The A&P business, through its syndicated network service, accesses mobile ad inventory through publishers including direct developer relationships, mobile websites, mobile carriers and mediated relationships. The A&P business also accesses mobile ad inventory by purchasing inventory through exchanges using RTB. The advertising revenue generated by A&P platform is shared with publishers according to contractual rates in the case of direct or mediated relationships. When inventory is accessed using RTB, A&P buys inventory at a rate determined by the marketplace. Since inception, A&P has delivered over 150 million application installs for hundreds of advertisers.

## ***Content***

Pay is an Application Programming Interface ("API") that integrates billing infrastructure between mobile operators and content publishers to facilitate mobile commerce. Increasingly, mobile content publishers want to go directly to consumers to sell their content rather than sell through traditional distributors such as Google Play or the Apple App Store, which are not as prominent in select countries. Pay allows publishers and carriers to monetize those applications by allowing the content to be billed directly to the consumer via carrier billing. Pay has been launched in Australia, Philippines, India, and Singapore.

Marketplace is a white-label solution for mobile operators and OEMs to offer their own branded content store. Marketplace can be sold as an application storefront that manages the retailing of mobile content including features such as merchandising, product placements, reporting, pricing, promotions, and distribution of digital goods. Marketplace also includes the distribution and licensing of content across multiple content categories including music, applications, wallpapers, videos, and games. Marketplace is deployed with many operators across multiple countries including Australia, Philippines, Singapore, and Indonesia.

## ***Competition***

The distribution of applications, mobile advertising, development, distribution and sale of mobile products and services is a highly competitive business. We compete for end users primarily on the basis of positioning, brand, quality and price. We compete for wireless carriers placement based on these factors, as well as historical performance, technical know-how, perception of sales potential and relationships with licensors of brands and other intellectual property. We compete for content and brand licensors based on royalty and other economic terms, perceptions of development quality, porting abilities, speed of execution, distribution breadth and relationships with carriers. We compete for platform deployment contracts with other mobile platform companies. We also compete for experienced and talented employees.

Our primary competition for application and content distribution comes from the traditional application store businesses of Apple and Google, existing operator solutions built internally, as well as companies providing app install products and services as offered by Facebook, Snapchat, IronSource, InMobi, Cheetah Mobile, Baidu, Taptica, and others. These companies can be both customers and publishers for Digital Turbines products, as well as competitors in certain cases. For the Discover product, there is some competition in the space by home-grown operator solutions, namely Quixey and Aviate, but our main competitors are OEM launchers and Android launchers, which allow customers to customize their handset. With Ignite, we compete with smaller competitors, such as IronSource, Wild Tangent, and Sweet Labs, but the more material competition is internally-developed operator solutions and specific mobile application management solutions built in-house by OEMs and wireless operators. Some of our existing wireless operators could make a strategic decision to develop their own solutions rather than continue to use our Discover and Ignite products, which could be a material source of competition. Finally, although we do not see any competition from larger Enterprise application players such as IBM, Citrix, Oracle, salesforce.com, or MobileIron, it is possible they could decide to compete against our Ignite solution.

We have internally-developed solutions for top-tier mobile operators and content providers including device application management solutions, white label application and media stores, in-application payment solutions, application-based value-added services, and mobile social music and TV offerings. Ignite is a patent pending mobile application management solution that enables operators and device OEMs to pre-install and manage applications from a single web interface. We see competitors in internally-developed operator solutions and specific mobile application management solutions built individually by OEMs.

Discover is a recommendation server that provides organic and sponsored application install recommendations. The Discover front-end has different User Experience and User Interfaces that enables different customers to search and discover content from various sources. We compete in this product range with traditional search engines such as Google, Yahoo, Android and manufacturers of launcher applications.

We believe that our A&P group is a leading worldwide mobile user acquisition network. Its mobile user acquisition platform is a demand side platform, or DSP. This platform allows mobile advertisers to engage with the right customers for their applications at the right time to gain them as customers. A&P accesses mobile ad inventory through publishers including direct developer relationships, mobile websites, carriers and mediated relationships. We compete in this product range with traditional mobile advertising networks to multimedia advertising companies seeking more efficient means to distribute content to end users, including Facebook, Twitter, and Google, as well as in-house solutions used by companies who choose to coordinate mobile advertising across their own properties, such as Yahoo!, Pandora, and other independent publishers.

Marketplace can be sold as an application storefront that manages the retailing of mobile content including features such as merchandising, product placements, reporting, pricing, promotions, and distribution of digital goods. Marketplace also includes the distribution and licensing of content across multiple content categories including music, applications, wallpapers, eBooks, and games. Competitors in these two areas include Google Play and the Apple App Store.

Pay is an API that integrates between mobile operators billing infrastructure and content publishers to facilitate mobile commerce. Pay allows the publishers and the operators to monetize those applications by allowing the content to be billed directly to the consumer via the operator bill. Some competitors to the Pay product are Google Wallet, Facebook Messenger, Amazon, Android Pay, Bango, Fortumo, and home-grown operator solutions.

### ***Product Development and Research & Development***

Our product development expenses consist primarily of salaries and benefits for employees working on campaign management, creating, developing, editing, programming, performing quality assurance, obtaining carrier certification and deploying our products across various mobile phone carriers and on our internal platforms. We devote substantial resources to the development, technology support, and quality assurance of our products. Total product development costs incurred for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015, 2014 were \$11.0 million, \$7.9 million, and \$7.9 million, respectively. The amount spent on research and development activities for the years ended March 31, 2016, 2015, 2014 were \$1.1 million, \$0.7 million, and \$0.5 million, respectively.

### ***Contracts with Customers***

We have both exclusive and non-exclusive carrier and OEM agreements. Our agreements with advertisers and mobile web and mobile application publishers are generally non-exclusive. Historically, our agreements with carriers for the Content business have had terms of one or two years with automatic renewal provisions upon expiration of the initial term, absent a contrary notice from either party, but going forward terms in carrier agreements may vary. Our carrier and OEM agreements for our Advertising business are multi-year agreements, with terms that are generally longer than one to two years. In addition, some carrier agreements provide that the carrier can terminate the agreement early and, in some instances, at any time without cause, which could give them the ability to renegotiate economic or other terms. The agreements generally do not obligate the carriers to market or distribute any of our products or services. In many of these agreements, we warrant that our products do not violate community standards, do not contain libelous content, do not contain material defects or viruses, and do not violate third-party intellectual property rights and we indemnify the carrier for any breach of a third party's intellectual property. In addition, with regard to our Content products many of our agreements allow the carrier to set the retail price without adjustment to the negotiated revenue split. If one of these carriers sets the retail price below historic pricing models, or rejects the content we provide, the total revenues received from these carriers will be significantly reduced. In our Content business most of our sales are made directly to large national mobile phone carriers. In our Advertising business most of our sales are made either directly to application developers, through advertising agencies representing application developers or through advertising aggregators.

In our Advertising business, we generally have numerous advertisers who represent a significant level of business. Coupled with advertiser concentration, we distribute a significant level of advertising through one operator. If such advertising clients or this operator decided to materially reduce or discontinue its use of our platform, it could cause an immediate and significant decline in our revenue and negatively affect our operating results and financial condition.

One major carrier customer in our Content business accounted for 26.1% of our consolidated net revenues for the year ended March 31, 2016, and this major carrier customer and another major carrier customer in our Content business accounted for 50.6% and 11.1%, respectively, of our consolidated net revenues for the year ended March 31, 2015. For the year ended March 31, 2014, the two previously mentioned major customers and a third major customer represented 45.8%, 22.2%, and 10.5%, respectively, of our consolidated net revenues.

### ***Business Seasonality***

Our revenue, cash flow from operations, operating results and other key operating and financial measures may vary from quarter to quarter due to the seasonal nature of advertiser spending. For example, many advertisers (and their agencies) devote a disproportionate amount of their budgets to the fourth quarter of the calendar year to coincide with increased holiday spending. We expect our revenue, cash flow, operating results and other key operating and financial measures to fluctuate based on seasonal factors from period to period and expect these measures to be generally higher in the third and fourth fiscal quarters than in earlier quarters.

### ***Employees***

As of March 31, 2016, the Company, including its subsidiaries, had 161 employees, 151 of whom were full-time and 10 of whom were part-time. We consider our relationships with our employees to be satisfactory. As of March 31, 2016, none of our employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement. The Company also uses a number of contractors on an as-needed basis.

### ***History of Digital Turbine, Inc.***

The Company was originally incorporated in the State of Delaware on November 6, 1998 and operated under several different company names including eB2B, Mediavest, Inc., Mandalay Media, Inc., NeuMedia, Inc., and Mandalay Digital Group, Inc. In January 2015, the Company changed its name to Digital Turbine, Inc. and its NASDAQ ticker symbol to “APPS” with a new CUSIP number of 25400W-102. In 2012, the Company increased its authorized shares of common stock and preferred stock to 200,000,000 and 2,000,000, respectively, and in 2013 the Company implemented a 1-for-5 reverse stock split of its common stock (without changing the authorized number of shares or the par value of common stock).

From 2005 to February 12, 2008, the Company was a public shell company with no operations. Throughout the years, the Company has made several acquisitions, such as (1) the acquisition in December 2011 by its wholly-owned subsidiary, Digital Turbine USA, Inc., of assets of Digital Turbine LLC, which were re-branded as “Discover;” (2) the acquisition in September 2012 by Digital Turbine (EMEA) Ltd. (“DT EMEA”) of Logia Content Development and Management Ltd. (“Logia Content”), Volas Entertainment Ltd. (“Volas”) and Mail Bit Logia (2008) Ltd. (“Mail Bit”), including the “LogiaDeck” software which has been rebranded as “DT Ignite;” (3) the acquisition in April 2013 of Mirror Image International Holdings Pty Ltd, and (4) the acquisition in October 2014 of the intellectual property assets of Xyologic Mobile Analysis, GmbH (“XYO” or “Xyologic”). In February 2014, the Company disposed of its wholly-owned subsidiary, Twistbox Entertainment, Inc. (“Twistbox”), and as such, it is no longer reflected as part of our continuing operations. In March 2015, the Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, acquired Appia, Inc., which was renamed Digital Turbine Media, Inc. (“DT Media”).

### ***Available Information***

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and amendments to reports filed or furnished pursuant to Sections 13(a) and 15(d) of the Exchange Act, are available free of charge on our website at <http://www.digitalturbine.com> generally when such reports are available on the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) website. The contents of our website are not incorporated into this prospectus.

The public may read and copy any materials we file with the SEC at the SEC’s Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, D.C. 20549. The public may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC at <http://www.sec.gov>.

### ***Corporate Information***

Our principal executive offices are located at 1300 Guadalupe Street, Suite #302, Austin, TX 78701 and our telephone number at that address is (512) 387-7717. Our website address is [www.digitalturbine.com](http://www.digitalturbine.com). We do not incorporate the information on our website into this prospectus, and you should not consider it part of this prospectus. You can obtain additional information regarding our business by reading our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended March 31, 2016, our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2016, and the other reports we file with the SEC. See “Where You Can Find More Information.”

Our common stock is listed on The NASDAQ Stock Market under the symbol “APPS.”



## PRIVATE PLACEMENT

This prospectus relates to the sale or other disposition by the selling security holders of the notes, the warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each of the notes and warrants. All of these securities were originally issued to BTIG, LLC, as the initial purchaser, in a private placement that occurred on September 28, 2016. The Company received net proceeds in the private placement, after deducting the initial purchaser's discounts and commissions and offering expenses, of approximately \$14.3 million. The proceeds from the private placement were used, in part, to repay approximately \$11 million of secured indebtedness, consisting of approximately \$3 million to Silicon Valley Bank and \$8 million to North Atlantic Capital, retiring both such debts in their entirety.

The securities issued in the private placement were offered and sold to the initial purchaser without registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) thereof.

## THE OFFERING

*The summary below describes the principal terms of the notes, warrants and the shares of common stock offered under this prospectus. Certain of the terms and conditions described below are subject to important limitations and exceptions. The "Description of our Capital Stock," "Description of Notes" and "Description of the Warrants" sections of this prospectus contain a more detailed description of the terms and conditions of the offered securities. As used in this section, "we," "our," and "us" refer to Digital Turbine, Inc. and not to its consolidated subsidiaries, except where the context otherwise requires or as otherwise indicated.*

<b>Issuer of the Securities</b>	Digital Turbine, Inc.
<b>Securities Offered by the Selling Security Holders</b>	Up to \$16,000,000 principal amount of 8.75% Convertible Notes due 2020, warrants to purchase 4,355,600 shares of our common stock and up to 16,085,840 shares of common stock underlying the notes and the warrants (1). We have also included up to an additional 6,432,475 shares of common stock that may be issued as part of an Early Conversion Payment (as defined below) in the event we are permitted to, and elect to, make such payment in the form of shares of our common stock in lieu of cash.
<b>Note Maturity</b>	September 23, 2020, unless earlier converted, repurchased or redeemed.
<b>Interest</b>	8.75% per year. Interest on the notes will accrue from and including the date of settlement of the notes and will be payable semiannually in arrears on September 15 and March 15 of each year, beginning on March 15, 2017.
<b>Warrants to Purchase Common Stock</b>	<p>The warrants are immediately exercisable at an initial exercise price of \$1.364 per share and will expire on September 23, 2020.</p> <p>The warrants are offered under the terms of a warrant agreement between the Company and U.S. Bank National Association, in its capacity as warrant agent. See "Description of the Warrants" in this prospectus.</p>
<b>Ranking of Notes</b>	<p>The notes are our general unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and rank:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>· senior in right of payment to any of our future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated to the notes;</li><li>· equally in right of payment with all of our existing and future unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness;</li><li>· effectively junior in right of payment to any of our secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness (although we are not permitted to incur any secured or unsecured indebtedness subject to limited exceptions); and</li><li>· structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities (including trade payables) of our current or future subsidiaries other than the guarantor subsidiaries.</li></ul>

## Guarantees

Our obligations under the notes are unconditionally guaranteed by Digital Turbine USA, Inc., Digital Turbine Media, Inc., Digital Turbine (EMEA) Ltd. and Digital Turbine Asia Pacific Pty Ltd. (the “guarantors”). If, for any reason, the Company does not make any payments of the principal of, or premium, if any, or interest on, the notes when due, whether at maturity, upon redemption or by acceleration or otherwise, the guarantors will cause the payment to be made to the order of the trustee. The guarantee is a direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligation of each of the guarantors.

## Conversion Rights

Holders may convert all or a portion of their notes at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date, in principal amount of \$1,000 or in integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

The conversion rate for the notes is initially 733.14 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$1.364 per share of our common stock), subject to adjustment, including certain price-based anti-dilution adjustments, as described in this prospectus. See “Description of Notes—Conversion rights— Conversion rate adjustments.”

Upon conversion, we will settle conversions of notes by delivering shares of our common stock. See “Description of Notes—Conversion rights—Delivery upon conversion.”

With respect to any conversion prior to September 23, 2019, in addition to the shares deliverable upon conversion, holders will be entitled to receive a payment equal to the remaining scheduled payments of interest that would have been made on the notes being converted from the date of conversion (or, in the case of conversion between a record date and the following interest payment date, from such interest payment date) until September 23, 2019 (the “Early Conversion Payment”). We may pay an Early Conversion Payment either in cash or in common stock, at our election, provided that we may only make such payment in common stock if we are in compliance with certain equity conditions. See “Description of Notes —Equity Conditions.” If we elect to pay an Early Conversion Payment in common stock, then the stock will be valued at 92.5% of the simple average of the daily VWAP per share for the 10 trading days ending on and including the trading day immediately preceding the conversion date.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a holder elects to convert notes on or after the effective time of a make-whole fundamental change (as defined herein), such holder will not be entitled to receive the Early Conversion Payment but instead shall receive additional shares, if any, as described under “Description of Notes—Conversion rights— Adjustment to shares of our common stock delivered upon conversion upon a make-whole fundamental change.” However, on conversion of notes prior to the effective time of a make-whole fundamental change, the holder will be entitled to receive the Early Conversion Payment.

## Optional Redemption

In addition to the Early Conversion Payment, if then due, upon conversion of a note, the holder will also receive a payment in cash in an amount equal to the accrued and unpaid interest, and additional interest, if any, on such holder's note to, but excluding, the conversion date.

We may redeem the notes, for cash, in whole or in part, at any time after September 23, 2018, at a redemption price equal to \$1,000 per \$1,000 principal amount of the notes to be redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption, plus an additional payment (payable in cash or stock) equivalent to the amount of, and subject to equivalent terms and conditions applicable for, an Early Conversion Payment had the notes been converted on the date of redemption, if (1) the closing price of our common shares on the NASDAQ Capital Market has exceeded 200% of the conversion price then in effect (but without giving effect to any changes to the conversion price pursuant to certain qualified financings and certain short-term options or warrants offerings, see "Description of Notes—Conversion rights—Conversion rate adjustments" items (2) and (3), respectively) for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during any 30 consecutive trading day period (including the last trading day of such period) ending within the five trading days immediately preceding the date on which we provide the redemption notice, (2) for the 15 consecutive trading days following the last trading day on which the closing price of our common shares was equal to or greater than 200% of the conversion price in effect (but without giving effect to any changes to the conversion price pursuant to certain qualified financings and certain short-term options or warrants offerings, see "Description of Notes—Conversion rights—Conversion rate adjustments" items (2) and (3), respectively) on such trading day for the purpose of the foregoing clause, the closing price of our common shares remains equal to or greater than 150% of the conversion price in effect (but without giving effect to any changes to the conversion price pursuant to certain qualified financings and certain short-term options or warrants offerings, see "Description of Notes—Conversion rights—Conversion rate adjustments" items (2) and (3), respectively) on the given trading day and (3) we are in compliance with certain equity conditions. See "Description of Notes—Equity Conditions."

**Fundamental Change**

If we undergo a fundamental change (under the terms of the notes), subject to certain conditions, holders will have the option to require us to purchase all or any portion of their notes for cash. The fundamental change purchase price will be 120% of the principal amount of the notes to be purchased, plus any accrued and unpaid interest, including additional interest, if any, to, but excluding, the fundamental change purchase date. See “Description of Notes—Fundamental change permits holders to require us to purchase notes.”

In addition, the warrants also provide that in the event of a fundamental change (under the terms of the warrants) that, in lieu of a warrant holder exercising their warrants in connection with such fundamental change, the warrant holders can receive an amount of cash for their unexercised warrants based on a Black Scholes calculation for the warrants. See “Description of the Warrants—Fundamental Transactions.”

**Limitation on Indebtedness**

The indenture governing the notes includes limitations on the amounts of certain types of debt that we or our subsidiaries may incur. See “Description of Notes—Limitation on Indebtedness.”

**Book-entry Form**

The notes and the warrants were each issued in book-entry form and are represented by permanent global certificates deposited with, or on behalf of, The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”) and registered in the name of a nominee of DTC. Beneficial interests in any of the notes or the warrants are shown on, and transfers will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC or its nominee and any such interest may not be exchanged for certificated notes or certificated warrants, except in limited circumstances.

**Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences for the Notes**

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, we intend to treat the notes as contingent payment debt obligations under the contingent payment debt regulations. Under those regulations, a U.S. holder will be required to include interest in its gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes at the rate described below under “Certain United States Federal Income Tax Considerations—Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders—Interest Accruals on the notes,” regardless of whether that owner uses the cash or accrual method of tax accounting. This imputed interest, also referred to as original issue discount, will accrue on a constant yield to maturity basis at a rate comparable to the rate, computed on a semi-annual basis, which represents the yield at which we would have issued non-contingent, non-convertible, fixed rate debt with terms and conditions otherwise comparable to the notes. The rate at which the original issue discount will accrue for U.S. federal income tax purposes is 15%, compounded semi-annually, and will substantially exceed the notes’ stated interest rate of 8.75% per annum. As a result a U.S. holder generally will recognize interest income significantly in excess of cash or shares of our common stock received while the notes are outstanding.

In addition, any gain recognized by a U.S. holder on the sale, exchange, conversion or retirement of a note will generally be treated as ordinary income (rather than capital gain); any loss will be ordinary loss to the extent of the interest previously included in income, and thereafter, capital loss.

For discussion of the material U.S. federal tax consequences of the holding, disposition and conversion of the notes, and the holding and disposition of shares of our common stock, see “Certain United States Federal Income Tax Considerations.”

**Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences for the Warrants**

For discussion of the material U.S. federal tax consequences of the holding, disposition and exercise of the warrants, and the holding and disposition of shares of our common stock upon exercise of the warrants, see “Certain United States Federal Income Tax Considerations.” You are cautioned to consult with your tax advisor on the possible characterizations of the holding, disposition and exercise of the warrants, particularly if you plan on relying on any particular tax characterization upon a cashless exercise of the warrants.

**Use of Proceeds**

We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale or other disposition of the notes, warrants or shares of common stock offered by the selling security holders. However, we may receive up to approximately \$5.9 million in gross proceeds from the exercise of the warrants offered under this prospectus.

**Governing Law**

The notes, the indenture governing the notes and the warrant agreement governing the warrants are each governed by New York law.

**Trustee, Warrant Agent, Paying Agent, Registrar and Conversion Agent**

U.S. Bank National Association

**Risk Factors**

See the section entitled “Risk Factors” beginning on page 16 and other information included in this prospectus or incorporated by reference for a discussion of factors you should consider before making an investment decision.

**The NASDAQ Stock Market Symbol for our Common Stock**

APPS. There is no public market for the notes or the warrants and we do not intend to list the notes or the warrants on any securities exchange or any quotation system.

(1) As of September 30, 2016, we had 66,634,006 shares of common stock outstanding, excluding (i) 6,010,956 shares issuable upon the exercise of warrants, and (ii) 7,982,403 shares of our common stock, which are issuable upon exercise of our outstanding options. An additional 11,379,298 shares are reserved for future grants under our stock option plans.

## RISK FACTORS

*Investing in the offered securities and our common stock involves a high degree of risk. In addition, our business, operations and financial condition are subject to various risks. You should carefully consider the risks described below with all of the other information included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus before making an investment decision. If any of the adverse events described below were to actually occur, our business, operating results or financial condition would likely suffer. In such an event, the trading price of the offered securities and our common stock could decline, resulting in a loss of all or a part of your investment. Additionally, this section does not attempt to describe all risks applicable to our industry, our business or investment in the offered securities or our common stock. Risks not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business operations. Please also read carefully the section above titled "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements."*

### **Risks Related to Our Business**

#### **General Risks**

***The Company has a history of net losses, may incur substantial net losses in the future, and may not achieve profitability.***

We expect to continue to increase expenses as we implement initiatives designed to continue to grow our business, including, among other things, the development and marketing of new products and services, further international and domestic expansion, expansion of our infrastructure, development of systems and processes, acquisition of content, and general and administrative expenses associated with being a public company. If our revenues do not increase to offset these expected increases in operating expenses, we will continue to incur losses and we will not become profitable. Our revenue growth in past periods should not be considered indicative of our future performance. In fact, in future periods, our revenues could decline as they have in past years. Accordingly, we may not be able to achieve profitability in the future.

If there are delays in the distribution of our products or if we are unable to successfully negotiate with advertisers, application developers, carriers, mobile operators or OEMs or if these negotiations cannot occur on a timely basis, we may not be able to generate revenues sufficient to meet the needs of the business in the foreseeable future or at all.

***We have a limited operating history for our current portfolio of assets, which may make it difficult to evaluate our business.***

Evaluation of our business and our prospects must be considered in light of our limited operating history and the risks and uncertainties encountered by companies in our stage of development. As an early stage company in the emerging mobile application and content entertainment industry, we face increased risks, uncertainties, expenses and difficulties. To address these risks and uncertainties, we must do the following:

- maintain our current, and develop new, wireless carrier and OEM relationships, in both international and domestic markets;
- maintain and expand our current, and develop new, relationships with compelling content owners;
- retain or improve our current revenue-sharing arrangements with carriers and content owners;
- continue to develop new high-quality products and services that achieve significant market acceptance;
- continue to develop and upgrade our technology;
- continue to enhance our information processing systems;
- increase the number of end users of our products and services;
- execute our business and marketing strategies successfully;
- respond to competitive developments; and
- attract, integrate, retain and motivate qualified personnel.

We may be unable to accomplish one or more of these objectives, which could cause our business to suffer. In addition, accomplishing many of these efforts might be very expensive, which could adversely impact our operating results and financial condition.

***Our financial results could vary significantly from quarter to quarter and are difficult to predict.***

Our revenues and operating results could vary significantly from quarter to quarter because of a variety of factors, many of which are outside of our control. As a result, comparing our operating results on a period-to-period basis may not be meaningful. In addition, we are not able to predict our future revenues or operating results. We base our current and future expense levels on our internal operating plans and sales forecasts, and our operating costs are to a large extent fixed. As a result, we may not be able to reduce our costs sufficiently to compensate for an unexpected shortfall in revenues, and even a small shortfall in revenues could disproportionately and adversely affect financial results for that quarter. Individual products and services, and carrier and OEM relationships, represent meaningful portions of our revenues and margins in any quarter.

In addition to other risk factors discussed in this section, factors that may contribute to the variability of our results include:

- the number of new products and services released by us and our competitors;
- the timing of release of new products and services by us and our competitors, particularly those that may represent a significant portion of revenues in a period;
- the popularity of new products and services, and products and services released in prior periods;
- changes in prominence of deck placement for our leading products and those of our competitors;
- the expiration of existing content licenses;
- the timing of charges related to impairments of goodwill, and intangible assets;
- changes in pricing policies by us, our competitors or our carriers and other distributors;
- changes in the mix of original and licensed content, which have varying gross margins;
- changes in the mix of direct versus indirect advertising sales, which have varying margin profiles;
- changes in the mix of CPI, CPP and CPA advertising sales, which have varying revenue profiles;
- the seasonality of our industry;
- fluctuations in the size and rate of growth of overall consumer demand for mobile products and services and related content;
- strategic decisions by us or our competitors, such as acquisitions, divestitures, spin-offs, joint ventures, strategic investments or changes in business strategy;
- our success in entering new geographic markets;
- decisions by one or more of our partners and/or customers to terminate our business relationship(s);
- foreign exchange fluctuations;
- accounting rules governing recognition of revenue;
- general economic, political and market conditions and trends;
- the timing of compensation expense associated with equity compensation grants; and
- decisions by us to incur additional expenses, such as increases in marketing or research and development.

As a result of these and other factors, including seasonality attributable to the holiday seasons, our operating results may not meet the expectations of investors or public market analysts who choose to follow our company. Our failure to meet market expectations would likely result in decreases in the trading price of our common stock.



***Our GAAP operating results could fluctuate substantially due to the accounting for the early conversion, anti-dilution and other features of the notes.***

We expect certain features of the notes will be accounted for under Accounting Standards Codification 815, Derivatives and Hedging (or ASC 815) as an embedded derivative. For instance, the early conversion payment feature of the notes is accounted for under ASC 815 as an embedded derivative. ASC 815 requires companies to bifurcate conversion options from their host instruments and account for them as free-standing derivative financial instruments according to certain criteria. The fair value of the derivative is remeasured to fair value at each balance sheet date, with a resulting non-cash gain or loss related to the change in the fair value of the derivative being charged to earnings (loss). Although we have not finalized our accounting treatment, we expect that we must bifurcate and account for the Early Conversion Payment feature of the notes as an embedded derivative in accordance with ASC 815. We expect to have to record this embedded derivative liability as a non-current liability on our consolidated balance sheet with a corresponding debt discount at the date of issuance that is netted against the principal amount of the notes. The derivative liability is remeasured to fair value at each balance sheet date, with a resulting non-cash gain or loss related to the change in the fair value of the derivative liability being recorded in other income and loss. There is no current observable market for this type of derivative and, as such, we determine the fair value of the embedded derivative using the binomial lattice model. The valuation model uses the stock price, conversion price, maturity date, risk-free interest rate, estimated stock volatility and estimated credit spread. Changes in the inputs for these valuation models may have a significant impact on the estimated fair value of the embedded derivative liabilities. For example, an increase in the Company's stock price results in an increase in the estimated fair value of the embedded derivative liabilities. The embedded derivative liability may have, on a GAAP basis, a substantial effect on our balance sheet from quarter to quarter and it is difficult to predict the effect on our future GAAP financial results, since valuation of these embedded derivative liabilities are based on factors largely outside of our control and may have a negative impact on our earnings and balance sheet.

We also expect to have a material derivative liability recorded on our consolidated balance sheet as a result of the anti-dilution and other embedded derivative features in the warrants and/or the notes. Although we have not finalized our accounting treatment, we expect the warrants will be accounted for under Accounting Standards Codification 480, Distinguishing Liabilities From Equity (or ASC 480) as a liability. Under this guidance, the fair value of the liability is remeasured to fair value at each balance sheet date, with a resulting non-cash gain or loss related to the change in the fair value of the liability being charged to earnings (loss). We expect to have to record this liability as a non-current liability on our consolidated balance sheet with a corresponding debt discount at the date of issuance that is netted against the principal amount of the notes. The warrant liability is remeasured to fair value at each balance sheet date, with a resulting non-cash gain or loss related to the change in the fair value of the warrant liability being recorded in other income and loss. There is no current observable market for this type of instrument and, as such, we determine the fair value of the embedded derivative using the binomial lattice model. The valuation model uses the stock price, conversion price, maturity date, risk-free interest rate, estimated stock volatility and estimated credit spread. Changes in the inputs for these valuation models may have a significant impact on the estimated fair value of the warrant liability. For example, an increase in the Company's stock price results in an increase in the estimated fair value of the warrant liability. The warrant liability may have, on a GAAP basis, a substantial effect on our balance sheet from quarter to quarter and it is difficult to predict the effect on our future GAAP financial results, since valuation of the warrant liability is based on factors largely outside of our control and may have a negative impact on our earnings and balance sheet.

We have also not finalized the impact on our ability to use the treasury method to calculate diluted earnings per share as a result of the conversion option and warrant transactions. Our ability to use the treasury method may differ before and after shareholder approval of the issuance of the maximum shares in this offerings, assuming such approval is granted. We cannot be sure that the accounting standards will permit the use of the treasury stock method. If we are unable to use the treasury stock method in accounting for the shares issuable upon conversion of the notes, then our diluted earnings per share would be adversely affected.

We have not completed our analysis of other features of the notes and warrants and it is possible that the complex accounting rules applicable to these instruments may require us to record other material non-cash charges to earnings and/or non-cash derivative liabilities. These effects may significantly impact our reported results.

***Placement of our products, or the failure of the market to accept our products, would likely adversely impact our revenues and thus our operating results and financial condition.***

Wireless carriers provide a limited selection of products that are accessible to their subscribers through their mobile handsets. The inherent limitation on the volume of products available on the handset is a function of the screen size of handsets and carriers' perceptions of the depth of menus and numbers of choices end users will generally utilize. If carriers choose to give our products less favorable placement or reduce our slot count on the phone, our products may be less successful than we anticipate, our revenues may decline and our business, operating results and financial condition may be materially harmed. In addition, if carriers or other participants in the market favor another competitor's products over our products, or opt not to enable and implement our technology to unify operating systems, our future growth could suffer and our revenues could be negatively affected.

***If we are unsuccessful in establishing and increasing awareness of our brand and recognition of our products and services or if we incur excessive expenses promoting and maintaining our brand or our products and services, our potential revenues could be limited, our costs could increase and our operating results and financial condition could be harmed.***

We believe that establishing and maintaining our brand is critical to retaining and expanding our existing relationships with wireless carriers, OEMs, advertisers, content licensors, and mobile publishers as well as developing new relationships. Promotion of the Company's brands will depend on our success in providing high-quality products and services. Similarly, recognition of our products and services by end users will depend on our ability to develop engaging products and quality services to maintain existing, and attract new, business relationships and end users. However, our success will also depend, in part, on the services and efforts of third parties, over which we have little or no control. For instance, if our carriers fail to provide high levels of service, our end users' ability to access our products and services may be interrupted, which may adversely affect our brand. If end users, branded content owners and carriers do not perceive our offerings as high-quality or if we introduce new products and services that are not favorably received by our end users and carriers, then we may be unsuccessful in building brand recognition and brand loyalty in the marketplace. In addition, globalizing and extending our brand and recognition of our products and services will be costly and will involve extensive management time to execute successfully. Further, the markets in which we operate are highly competitive and some of our competitors already have substantially more brand name recognition and greater marketing resources than we do. If we fail to increase brand awareness and consumer recognition of our products and services, our potential revenues could be limited, our costs could increase and our business, operating results and financial condition could suffer.

***Our business is dependent on the continued growth in usage of smartphones, tablets and other mobile connected devices.***

Our business depends on the continued proliferation of mobile connected devices, such as smartphones and tablets, which can connect to the Internet over a cellular, wireless or other network, as well as the increased consumption of content through those devices. Consumer usage of these mobile connected devices may be inhibited for a number of reasons, such as:

- inadequate network infrastructure to support advanced features beyond just mobile web access;
- users' concerns about the security of these devices;
- inconsistent quality of cellular or wireless connection;
- unavailability of cost-effective, high-speed Internet service;
- changes in network carrier pricing plans that charge device users based on the amount of data consumed; and
- new technology which is not compatible with our products and offerings.

For any of these reasons, users of mobile connected devices may limit the amount of time they spend on these devices and the number of applications or amount of content they download on these devices. If user adoption of mobile connected devices and consumer consumption of content on those devices do not continue to grow, our total addressable market size may be significantly limited, which could compromise our ability to increase our revenue and our ability to become profitable.

***If mobile connected devices, their operating systems or content distribution channels, including those controlled by our competitors, develop in ways that prevent advertising from being delivered to their users, our ability to grow our business will be impaired.***

A portion of our business model depends upon the continued demand for mobile advertising on connected devices, as well as the major operating systems that run on them and the thousands of applications that are downloaded onto them.

The design of mobile devices and operating systems is controlled by third parties with whom we do not have any formal relationships. These parties frequently introduce new devices, and from time to time they may introduce new operating systems or modify existing ones. Network carriers may also affect the ability of users to download applications or access specified content on mobile devices.

In some cases, the parties that control the development of mobile connected devices and operating systems include companies that we regard as our competitors. For example, Google controls the Android™ platform operating system. If our mobile software platform were unable to work on these operating systems, either because of technological constraints or because the developer of these operating systems wishes to impair our ability to provide ads on the operating systems, our ability to generate revenue could be significantly harmed.

***If we fail to deliver our products and services ahead of the commercial launch of new mobile handset models, our sales may suffer.***

Our business is dependent, in part, on the commercial sale of smartphone handsets. We do not control the timing of these handset launches. Some new handsets are sold by carriers with certain of our products and applications pre-loaded, and many end users who use our services do so after they purchase their new handsets to experience the new features of those handsets. Some of our products require that handset manufacturers give us access to their handsets prior to commercial release. If one or more major handset manufacturers were to cease to provide us access to new handset models prior to commercial release, we might be unable to introduce compatible versions of our products and services for those handsets in coordination with their commercial release, and we might not be able to make compatible versions for a substantial period following their commercial release. If, because of launch delays, we miss the opportunity to sell products and services when new handsets are shipped or our end users upgrade to a new handset, or if we miss the key holiday selling period, either because the introduction of a new handset is delayed or we do not deploy our products and services in time for seasonal increases in handset sales, our revenues would likely decline and our business, operating results and financial condition would likely suffer.

***We may be unable to develop and introduce in a timely way new products or services, and our products and services may have defects, which could harm our brand.***

The planned timing and introduction of new products and services are subject to risks and uncertainties. Unexpected technical, operational, deployment, distribution or other problems could delay or prevent the introduction of new products and services, which could result in a loss of, or delay in, revenues or damage to our reputation and brand. If any of our products or services is introduced with defects, errors or failures, we could experience decreased sales, loss of end users, damage to our carrier relationships and damage to our reputation and brand. Our attractiveness to branded content licensors might also be reduced. In addition, new products and services may not achieve sufficient market acceptance to offset the costs of development, particularly when the introduction of a product or service is substantially later than a planned “day-and-date” launch, which could materially harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

***If we fail to maintain and enhance our capabilities for our offerings to a broad array of mobile operating systems, our attractiveness to wireless carriers, application developers and branded content owners will be impaired, and our sales could suffer.***

Changes to our design and development processes to address new features or functions of mobile operating systems or networks might cause inefficiencies that might result in more labor-intensive software integration processes. In addition, we anticipate that in the future we will be required to update existing and new products and applications to a broader array of mobile operating systems. If we utilize more labor intensive processes, our margins could be significantly reduced and it might take us longer to integrate our products and applications to additional mobile operating systems. This, in turn, could harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

***A majority of our revenues are currently being derived from a limited number of wireless carriers, advertisers and application developers; if any one of these customers were to terminate or curtail their relationships with us or if they were unable to fulfill their payment obligations, our financial condition and operating results would suffer.***

If any of our primary customers were to terminate, or curtail, their commercial relationship with us or if they are unable to fulfill their payment obligations to us under our agreements with them, our revenues could decline significantly and our financial condition will be harmed.

***We may be subject to legal liability associated with providing mobile and online services or content.***

We provide a variety of products and services that enable carriers, content providers and users to engage in various mobile and online activities both domestically and internationally. The law relating to the liability of providers of these mobile and online services and products for such activities is still unsettled and constantly evolving in the U.S. and internationally. Claims have been threatened and have been brought against us in the past for breaches of contract, copyright or trademark infringement, tort or other theories based on the provision of these products and services. In addition, we are and have been and may again in the future be subject to domestic or international actions alleging that certain content we have generated or third-party content that we have made available within our services violates laws in domestic and international jurisdictions. We also arrange for the distribution of third-party advertisements to third-party publishers and advertising networks, and we offer third-party products, services, or content. We may be subject to claims concerning these products, services, or content by virtue of our involvement in marketing, branding, broadcasting, or providing access to them, even if we do not ourselves host, operate, provide, own, or license these products, services, or content. While we routinely insert indemnification provisions into our contracts with these parties, such indemnities to us, when obtainable, may not cover all damages and losses suffered by us and our customers from covered products and services. In addition, recorded reserves and/or insurance coverage may be exceeded by unexpected results from such claims which directly impacts profits. Defending such actions could be costly and involve significant time and attention of our management and other resources, may result in monetary liabilities or penalties, and may require us to change our business in an adverse manner.

***Our business is dependent on our ability to maintain and scale our infrastructure, including our employees and third parties; and any significant disruption in our service could damage our reputation, result in a potential loss of customers and adversely affect our financial results.***

Our reputation and ability to attract, retain, and serve customers is dependent upon the reliable performance of our products and services and the underlying infrastructure, both internal and from third party providers. Our systems may not be adequately designed with the necessary reliability and redundancy to avoid performance delays or outages that could be harmful to our business. If our products and services are unavailable, or if they do not load as quickly as expected, customers may not use our products as often in the future, or at all. As our customer base is anticipated to continue to grow, we will need an increasing amount of infrastructure, including network capacity, to continue to satisfy the needs of our customers. It is possible that we may fail to effectively scale and grow our infrastructure to accommodate these increased demands. In addition, our business may be subject to interruptions, delays, or failures resulting from earthquakes, adverse weather conditions, other natural disasters, power loss, terrorism, ineffective business execution or other catastrophic events.

A substantial portion of our network infrastructure is provided by third parties. Any disruption or failure in the services we receive from these providers could harm our ability to handle existing or increased traffic and could significantly harm our business. Any financial or other difficulties these providers face may adversely affect our business, and we exercise little control over these providers, which increases our vulnerability to problems with the services they provide.

***Our products, services and systems rely on software that is highly technical, and if it contains undetected errors, our business could be adversely affected.***

Our products, services and systems rely on software, including software developed or maintained internally and/or by third parties, that is highly technical and complex. In addition, our products, services and systems depend on the ability of such software to transfer, store, retrieve, process, and manage large amounts of data. The software on which we rely has contained, and may now or in the future contain, undetected errors, bugs, or vulnerabilities. Some errors may only be discovered after the code has been released for external or internal use. Errors or other design defects within the software on which we rely may result in a negative experience for customers and marketers who use our products, delay product introductions or enhancements, result in measurement or billing errors, or compromise our ability to protect the data of our users and/or our intellectual property. Any errors, bugs, or defects discovered in the software on which we rely could result in damage to our reputation, loss of users, loss of revenue, or liability for damages, any of which could adversely affect our business and financial results.

***We plan to continue to review opportunities and possibly make acquisitions, which could require significant management attention, disrupt our business, result in dilution to our stockholders, and adversely affect our financial condition and operating results.***

As part of our business strategy, we have made and intend to continue to review opportunities and possibly make acquisitions to add specialized employees and complementary companies, products, technologies or distribution channels. In some cases, these acquisitions may be substantial and our ability to acquire and integrate such companies in a successful manner is unproven.

Any acquisitions we announce could be viewed negatively by mobile network operators, users, marketers, developers, or investors. In addition, we may not successfully evaluate, integrate, or utilize the products, technology, operations, or personnel we acquire. The integration of acquisitions may require significant time and resources, and we may not manage these integrations successfully. In addition, we may discover liabilities or deficiencies that we did not identify in advance associated with the companies or assets we acquire. The effectiveness of our due diligence with respect to acquisitions, and our ability to evaluate the results of such due diligence, is dependent upon the accuracy and completeness of statements and disclosures made or actions taken by the companies we acquire or their representatives. We may also fail to accurately forecast the financial impact of an acquisition transaction, including accounting charges. In the future, we may not be able to find suitable acquisition candidates, and we may not be able to complete acquisitions on favorable terms, if at all.

We may also incur substantial costs in making acquisitions. We may pay substantial amounts of cash or incur debt to pay for acquisitions, which could adversely affect our liquidity. The incurrence of indebtedness would also result in increased fixed obligations, interest expense, and could also include covenants or other restrictions that would impede our ability to manage our operations. Additionally, we may issue equity securities to pay for acquisitions or to retain the employees of the acquired company, which could increase our expenses, adversely affect our financial results, and result in dilution to our stockholders. In addition, acquisitions may result in our recording of substantial goodwill and amortizable intangible assets on our balance sheet upon closing, which could adversely affect our future financial results and financial condition. These factors related to acquisitions may require significant management attention, disrupt our business, result in dilution to our stockholders, and adversely affect our financial results and financial condition.

***The Company's business is highly dependent on decisions and developments in the mobile device industry over which the Company has no control.***

The Company's ability to maintain and grow its business will be impaired if mobile connected devices, their operating systems or content distribution channels, including those controlled by the primary competitors of the Company, develop in ways that prevent the Company's advertising from being delivered to their users.

The Company's business model will depend upon the continued compatibility of its mobile advertising platform with most mobile connected devices, as well as the major operating systems that run on them and the thousands of apps that are downloaded onto them.

The design of mobile devices and operating systems is controlled by third parties. These parties frequently introduce new devices, and from time to time they may introduce new operating systems or modify existing ones. Network carriers, such as Verizon, AT&T, Sprint, as well as other domestic and global operators, as well as OEMs, such as Samsung, may also affect the ability of users to download apps or access specified content on mobile devices. The Company also has some relationships with various other mobile carriers with relationships that are specific and subject to contractual performance which may not be achieved.

In some cases, the parties that control the development of mobile connected devices and operating systems include companies that the Company would regard as its most significant competitors. For example, Apple controls two of the most popular mobile devices, the iPhone® and the iPad®, as well as the iOS operating system that runs on them. Apple also controls the App Store for downloading apps that run on Apple® mobile devices. Similarly, Google controls the Google Play and Android™ platform operating system. If the Company's mobile advertising platform were unable to work on these devices or operating systems, either because of technological constraints or because a maker of these devices or developer of these operating systems wished to impair the Company's ability to provide ads on them or its ability to fulfill advertising space, or inventory, from developers whose apps are distributed through their controlled channels, the Company's ability to maintain and grow its business will be impaired.

***The Company's business may depend in part on its ability to collect and use location-based information about mobile connected device users.***

The Company's business model will depend in part upon its ability to collect data about the location of mobile connected device users when they are interacting with their devices, and then to use that information to provide effective targeted advertising on behalf of its advertising clients. The Company's ability to either collect or use location-based data could be restricted by a number of factors, including new laws or regulations, technology or consumer choice. Limitations on its ability to either collect or use location data could impact the effectiveness of the Company's platform and its ability to target ads.

***The Company does not have long-term agreements with its advertiser clients, and it may be unable to retain key clients, attract new clients or replace departing clients with clients that can provide comparable revenue to the Company.***

The Company's success will depend on its ability to maintain and expand its current advertiser client relationships and to develop new relationships. The Company's contracts with its advertiser clients do not generally include long-term obligations requiring them to purchase the Company's services and are cancelable upon short or no notice and without penalty. As a result, the Company may have limited visibility as to its future advertising revenue streams. The Company will not be able to provide assurance that its advertiser clients will continue to use its services or that it will be able to replace, in a timely or effective manner, departing clients with new clients that generate comparable revenue. If a major advertising client representing a significant portion of the Company's business decides to materially reduce its use of the Company's platform or to cease using the Company's platform altogether, it is possible that the Company may not have a sufficient supply of ads to fill its developers' advertising inventory, in which case the Company's revenue could be significantly reduced. Revenue derived from performance advertisers in particular is subject to fluctuation and competitive pressures. Such advertisers, which seek to drive app downloads, are less consistent with respect to their spending volume, and may decide to substantially increase or decrease their use of the Company's platform based on seasonality or popularity of a particular app.

Advertisers in general may shift their business to a competitor's platform because of new or more compelling offerings, strategic relationships, technological developments, pricing and other financial considerations, or a variety of other reasons. Any non-renewal, renegotiation, cancellation or deferral of large advertising contracts, or a number of contracts that in the aggregate account for a significant amount of revenue, could cause an immediate and significant decline in the Company's revenue and harm its business.

***The Company's business practices with respect to data could give rise to liabilities or reputational harm as a result of governmental regulation, legal requirements or industry standards relating to consumer privacy and data protection.***

In the course of providing its services, the Company will transmit and store information related to mobile devices and the ads it places, which may include a device's geographic location for the purpose of delivering targeted location-based ads to the user of the device, with that user's consent. Federal, state and international laws and regulations govern the collection, use, retention, sharing and security of data that the Company will collect across its mobile advertising platform. The Company will strive to comply with all applicable laws, regulations, policies and legal obligations relating to privacy and data protection. However, it is possible that these requirements may be interpreted and applied in a manner that is inconsistent from one jurisdiction to another and may conflict with other rules or its practices. Any failure, or perceived failure, by it to comply with U.S. federal, state, or international laws, including laws and regulations regulating privacy, data security, or consumer protection, could result in proceedings or actions against the Company by governmental entities or others. Any such proceedings could hurt the Company's reputation, force it to spend significant amounts in defense of these proceedings, distract its management, increase its costs of doing business, adversely affect the demand for its services and ultimately result in the imposition of monetary liability. The Company may also be contractually obligated to indemnify and hold harmless its clients from the costs or consequences of inadvertent or unauthorized disclosure of data that it stores or handles as part of providing its services.

The regulatory framework for privacy issues worldwide is evolving, and various government and consumer agencies and public advocacy groups have called for new regulation and changes in industry practices, including some directed at the mobile industry in particular. For example, in early 2012, the State of California entered into an agreement with several major mobile application platforms under which the platforms have agreed to require mobile applications to meet specified standards to ensure consumer privacy. Subsequently, in January 2013, the State of California released a series of recommendations for privacy best practices for the mobile industry. In January 2014, a California law also became effective amending the required disclosures for online privacy policies. It is possible that new laws and regulations will be adopted in the United States and internationally, or existing laws and regulations may be interpreted in new ways, which would affect the Company's business, particularly with regard to location-based services, collection or use of data to target ads, and communication with consumers via mobile devices.

The U.S. government, including the Federal Trade Commission, or FTC, and the Department of Commerce, is focused on the need for greater regulation of the collection of consumer information, including regulation aimed at restricting certain targeted advertising practices. In December 2012, the FTC adopted revisions to the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act, or COPPA, that went into effect on July 1, 2013. COPPA imposes a number of obligations on operators of websites and online services including mobile applications, such as obtaining parental consent, if the operator collects specified information from users and either the site or service is directed to children under 13 years old or the site or service knows that a specific user is a child under 13 years old. The changes broaden the applicability of COPPA, including the types of information that are subject to these regulations, and may apply to information that the Company will collect through mobile devices or apps that, prior to the adoption of these new regulations, was not subject to COPPA. These revisions will impose new compliance burdens on the Company. In February 2013, the FTC issued a staff report containing recommendations for best practices with respect to consumer privacy for the mobile industry. To the extent that the Company or its clients choose to adopt these recommendations, or other regulatory or industry requirements become applicable to the Company, it may have greater compliance burdens.

As the Company expands its operations globally, compliance with regulations that differ from country to country may also impose substantial burdens on its business. In particular, the European Union has traditionally taken a broader view as to what is considered personal information and has imposed greater obligations under data privacy regulations. In addition, individual EU member countries have had discretion with respect to their interpretation and implementation of the regulations, which has resulted in variation of privacy standards from country to country. Complying with any new regulatory requirements could force the Company to incur substantial costs or require the Company to change its business practices in a manner that could compromise its ability to effectively pursue its growth strategy.

***The Company's business may involve the use, transmission and storage of confidential information, and the failure to properly safeguard such information could result in significant reputational harm and monetary damages.***

The Company may at times collect, store and transmit information of, or on behalf of, its clients that may include certain types of confidential information that may be considered personal or sensitive, and that are subject to laws that apply to data breaches. The Company intends to take reasonable steps to protect the security, integrity and confidentiality of the information it collects and stores, but there is no guarantee that inadvertent or unauthorized disclosure will not occur or that third parties will not gain unauthorized access to this information despite the Company's efforts to protect this information. If such unauthorized disclosure or access does occur, the Company may be required to notify persons whose information was disclosed or accessed. Most states have enacted data breach notification laws and, in addition to federal laws that apply to certain types of information, such as financial information, federal legislation has been proposed that would establish broader federal obligations with respect to data breaches. The Company may also be subject to claims of breach of contract for such disclosure, investigation and penalties by regulatory authorities and potential claims by persons whose information was disclosed. The unauthorized disclosure of information may result in the termination of one or more of the Company's commercial relationships or a reduction in client confidence and usage of its services. The Company may also be subject to litigation alleging the improper use, transmission or storage of confidential information, which could damage its reputation among its current and potential clients, require significant expenditures of capital and other resources and cause it to lose business and revenue.

***Changes to current accounting principles could have a significant effect on the Company's reported financial results or the way in which it conducts its business.***

We prepare our financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP, which are subject to interpretation by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the SEC, and various other authorities formed to interpret, recommend, and announce appropriate accounting principles, policies, and practices. A change in these principles could have a significant effect on our reported financial results and related financial disclosures, and may even retroactively affect the accounting for previously reported transactions. Our accounting policies that recently have been or may in the future be affected by changes in the accounting principles are as follows:

- business consolidation;
- revenue recognition;
- leases;
- stock-based compensation;
- disclosure of uncertainties about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern; and
- accounting for goodwill and other intangible assets.

Changes in these or other rules may have a significant adverse effect on our reported financial results, disclosures, or in the way in which we conduct our business. See the discussion in "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" set forth in Note 4 to our consolidated financial statements under Item 8 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended March 31, 2016, incorporated by reference into this prospectus for additional information about our accounting policies and estimates and associated risks.

***System failures could significantly disrupt the Company's operations and cause it to lose advertiser clients or advertising inventory.***

The Company's success will depend on the continuing and uninterrupted performance of its own internal systems, which the Company will utilize to place ads, monitor the performance of advertising campaigns and manage its inventory of advertising space. Its revenue will depend on the technological ability of its platforms to deliver ads. Sustained or repeated system failures that interrupt its ability to provide services to clients, including technological failures affecting its ability to deliver ads quickly and accurately and to process mobile device users' responses to ads, could significantly reduce the attractiveness of its services to advertisers and reduce its revenue. The combined systems are vulnerable to damage from a variety of sources, including telecommunications failures, power outages, malicious human acts and natural disasters. In addition, any steps the Company takes to increase the reliability and redundancy of its systems may be expensive and may not ultimately be successful in preventing system failures.

***System security risks, data protection breaches, cyber attacks and systems integration issues could disrupt our internal operations or information technology services provided to customers, and any such disruption could reduce our expected revenue, increase our expenses, damage our reputation and adversely affect our stock price.***

Experienced computer programmers and hackers may be able to penetrate our network security and misappropriate or compromise our confidential information or that of third-parties, create system disruptions or cause shutdowns. Computer programmers and hackers also may be able to develop and deploy viruses, worms, and other malicious software programs that attack our products or otherwise exploit any security vulnerabilities of our products. In addition, sophisticated hardware and operating system software and applications that we produce or procure from third-parties may contain defects in design or manufacture, including "bugs" and other problems that could unexpectedly interfere with the operation of the system. The costs to us to eliminate or alleviate cyber or other security problems, bugs, viruses, worms, malicious software programs and security vulnerabilities could be significant, and our efforts to address these problems may not be successful and could result in interruptions, delays, cessation of service and loss of existing or potential customers that may impede our sales or other critical functions. We manage and store various proprietary information and sensitive or confidential data relating to our business. Breaches of our security measures or the accidental loss, inadvertent disclosure or unapproved dissemination of proprietary information or sensitive or confidential data about us, our clients or customers, including the potential loss or disclosure of such information or data as a result of fraud, trickery or other forms of deception, could expose us, our customers or the individuals affected to a risk of loss or misuse of this information, result in litigation and potential liability for us, damage our brand and reputation or otherwise harm our business. In addition, the cost and operational consequences of implementing further data protection measures could be significant. Portions of our IT infrastructure also may experience interruptions, delays or cessations of service or produce errors in connection with systems integration or migration work that takes place from time to time. We may not be successful in implementing new systems and transitioning data, which could cause business disruptions and be more expensive, time-consuming, disruptive and resource intensive. Such disruptions could adversely impact our ability to provide services and interrupt other processes. Delayed sales, lower margins, increased cost, or lost customers resulting from these disruptions could reduce our expected revenue, increase our expenses, damage our reputation and adversely affect our stock price.



***If our goodwill or amortizable intangible assets become impaired, we may be required to record a significant charge to earnings.***

We review our amortizable intangible assets for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. We test goodwill for impairment at least annually or sooner if an indicator of impairment is present. If such goodwill or intangible assets are deemed impaired, an impairment loss would be recognized. We may be required to record a significant charge in our financial statements during the period in which any impairment of our goodwill or amortizable intangible assets is determined, which would negatively affect our operating results.

#### **Advertising and Content Risks**

***Our revenues may fluctuate significantly based on mobile device sell-through, over which we have no control.***

A significant portion of our revenue is impacted by the level of sell-through of mobile devices on which our software is installed. Demand for mobile devices sold by carriers varies materially by device, and if our software is installed on devices for which demand is lower than our expectations – a factor over which we have no control as we do not market mobile devices – our revenues will be impacted negatively, and this impact may be significant. As our software is deployed on a diversified universe of devices, this risk will be mitigated, as the relative performance of one device over another device will have less impact on us, but until we achieve diversification in our device installations, we will continue to be subject to revenue fluctuations based on device sell-through, and such fluctuations can be material. Further, it is difficult to predict the level of demand for a particular device, making our revenue projections correspondingly difficult. These issues can be ameliorated as we gain more significant carrier relationships. Conversely these issues can be exacerbated with, as presently, a limited number of such relationships.

***Our revenues may fluctuate significantly based on level of advertiser spend, over which we have no control, and ability to sign up publishers for our Advertising business.***

A significant portion of our revenue is impacted by the level of advertising spend and our ability to sign up publishers for our advertising business. If we are unable to sign up and retain publishers and advertising spend is lower than our expectations – a factor over which we have no control as we do not determine our customers' advertising budgets – our revenues will be impacted negatively, and this impact may be significant.

***Activities of the Company's advertiser clients could damage the Company's reputation or give rise to legal claims against it.***

The Company's advertiser clients' promotion of their products and services may not comply with federal, state and local laws, including, but not limited to, laws and regulations relating to mobile communications. Failure of the Company's clients to comply with federal, state or local laws or the Company's policies could damage the Company's reputation and expose it to liability under these laws. The Company may also be liable to third parties for content in the ads it delivers if the artwork, text or other content involved violates copyrights, trademarks or other intellectual property rights of third parties or if the content is defamatory, unfair and deceptive, or otherwise in violation of applicable laws. Although the Company will generally receive assurance from its advertisers that their ads are lawful and that they have the right to use any copyrights, trademarks or other intellectual property included in an ad, and although the Company will normally be indemnified by the advertisers, a third party or regulatory authority may still file a claim against the Company. Any such claims could be costly and time-consuming to defend and could also hurt the Company's reputation. Further, if the Company is exposed to legal liability as a result of the activities of its advertiser clients, the Company could be required to pay substantial fines or penalties, redesign its business methods, discontinue some of its services or otherwise expend significant resources.

***Loss or reduction of business from the Company's large advertiser clients could have a significant impact on the Company's revenues, operating results and overall financial condition.***

From time to time, a limited number of the Company's advertiser clients will be expected to account for a significant share of its advertising revenue. This customer concentration increases the risk of quarterly fluctuations in the Company's revenues and operating results. The Company's advertiser clients may reduce or terminate their business with the Company at any time for any reason, including due to changes in such clients' financial condition or other business circumstances. If a large advertising client representing a substantial portion of the Company's business decided to materially reduce or discontinue its use of its platform, it could cause an immediate and significant decline in the Company's revenue and negatively affect its operating results and financial condition.

The Company's customer concentration also increases the concentration of its accounts receivable and its exposure to payment defaults by key customers. The Company will generate significant accounts receivable for the services that it provides to its key advertiser clients, which could expose it to substantial and potentially unrecoverable costs if it does not receive payment from them.

***Mobile applications and advertising are relatively new, as are our products, are evolving, and growth in revenues from those areas is uncertain, and changes in the industry may negatively affect our revenue and financial results.***

While we anticipate that mobile usage will continue to be the primary driver of revenues related to applications and advertising for the foreseeable future, there could be changes in the industry of mobile carriers and OEM's that could have a negative impact on these growth prospects for our business and our financial performance. Additionally, advertising CPI (Cost per Install) revenue realized could be negatively impacted by end user application "open-rates." The open-rates realized on advertising campaigns in the marketplace today could vary compared to the open-rates realized for applications distributed via our products. Reduced open-rates could have a negative impact on the success of our products and our potential revenues earned from CPI. The mobile advertising market remains a new and evolving market and if we are unable to grow revenues or successfully monetize our customer and potential customer relationships, or if we incur excessive expenses in these efforts, our financial performance and ability to grow revenue would be negatively affected.

***Our growth and monetization on mobile devices depend upon effective operation with mobile operating systems, networks, and standards that we do not control, as we are largely an Android-based technology provider.***

There is no guarantee that mobile carriers and devices will use our products and services rather than competing products. We are dependent on the interoperability of our products and services with popular mobile operating systems that we do not control, such as Android, and any changes in such systems and terms of service that degrade our products' functionality, reduce or eliminate our ability to distribute applications, give preferential treatment to competitive products, limit our ability to target or measure the effectiveness of applications, or impose fees or other charges related to our delivery of applications could adversely affect our monetization on mobile devices. Currently, our product offerings are primarily compatible with Android only, and would require developmental modifications to support other operating platforms. Additionally, in order to deliver a high-quality user experience, it is important that our products and services work well with a range of mobile technologies, systems, networks, and standards that we do not control. We may not be successful in developing relationships with key participants in the mobile industry or in developing products that operate effectively with these technologies, systems, networks, or standards. In the event that our relationships with network operators, mobile operating systems or other business partners deteriorate, our growth and monetization could be adversely affected and our business could be harmed.

***We currently rely on wireless carriers and OEMs to distribute some of our products and services and thus to generate some of our revenues. The loss of or a change in any of these significant carrier relationships could cause us to lose access to their subscribers and thus materially reduce our revenues.***

The future success of our business is highly dependent upon maintaining successful relationships with the wireless carriers and OEMs with which we currently work, and establishing new carrier and OEM relationships in geographies where we have not yet established a significant presence. A significant portion of our revenue is derived from a very limited number of carriers. We expect that we will continue to generate a substantial portion of our revenues going forward through relationships with a limited number of carriers and publishers for the foreseeable future. Our failure to maintain our relationships with these carriers, establish relationships with new carriers and publishers, or a loss or change of terms would materially reduce our revenues and thus harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

We have both exclusive and non-exclusive carrier and OEM agreements. Historically, our carrier and OEM agreements have had terms of one or two years with automatic renewal provisions upon expiration of the initial term, absent a contrary notice from either party, but going forward, terms in carrier and OEM agreements may vary. In addition, some carrier and OEM agreements provide that the parties can terminate the agreement early and, in some instances, at any time without cause, which could give them the ability to renegotiate economic or other terms. The agreements generally do not obligate the carriers and OEMs to market or distribute any of our products or services. In many of these agreements, we warrant that our products do not violate community standards, do not contain libelous content, do not contain material defects or viruses, and do not violate third-party intellectual property rights and we indemnify the carrier for any breach of a third party's intellectual property. In addition, with regard to our Content products, many of our agreements allow the carrier to set the retail price without adjustment to the negotiated revenue split. If one of these carriers sets the retail price below historic pricing models, or rejects the content we provide, the total revenues received from these carriers will be significantly reduced.

Many other factors outside our control could impair our ability to generate revenues through a given carrier or OEM, including the following:

- the carrier or OEM's preference for our competitors' products and services rather than ours;
- the carrier or OEM's decision not to include or highlight our products and services on the deck of its mobile handsets;
- the carrier or OEM's decision to discontinue the sale of some or all of our products and services;
- the carrier's decision to offer similar products and services to its subscribers without charge or at reduced prices;
- the carrier or OEM's decision to require market development funds from publishers;
- the carrier or OEM's decision to restrict or alter subscription or other terms for downloading our products and services;
- a failure of the carrier or OEM's merchandising, provisioning or billing systems;
- the carrier or OEM's decision to offer its own competing products and services;
- the carrier or OEM's decision to transition to different platforms and revenue models; and
- consolidation among carriers or OEMs.

If any of our carriers or OEMs decides not to market or distribute our products and services or decides to terminate, not renew or modify the terms of its agreement with us or if there is consolidation among carriers generally, we may be unable to replace the affected agreement with acceptable alternatives, causing us to lose access to that carrier's subscribers and the revenues they afford us, which could materially harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

***We currently rely on mobile web and mobile application publishers to distribute our advertising services and thus to generate some of our revenues. The loss of or a change in any of these significant publisher relationships could cause a material reduction in our revenues.***

The future success of our business is highly dependent upon maintaining successful publisher relationships and establishing new publisher relationships in geographies where we have not yet established a significant presence. We expect that we will continue to generate a substantial portion of our revenues going forward through relationships with our publisher base for the foreseeable future. Our failure to maintain our relationships with these publishers, establish relationships with new publishers, or a loss or change of terms would materially reduce our revenues and thus harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

***Failure to renew our existing brand and Content licenses on favorable terms or at all and to obtain additional licenses would impair our ability to introduce new products and services or to continue to offer our products and services based on third-party content.***

Content revenues are derived from our products and services based on or incorporating brands or other intellectual property licensed from third parties. Any of our licensors could decide not to renew our existing license or not to license additional intellectual property and instead license to our competitors or develop and publish its own products or other applications, competing with us in the marketplace. Several of these licensors already provide intellectual property for other platforms, and may have significant experience and development resources available to them should they decide to compete with us rather than license to us.

We have both exclusive and non-exclusive licenses and licenses that are both global and limited to specific geographies. Our licenses generally have terms that range from two to five years. We may be unable to renew these licenses or to renew them on terms favorable to us, and we may be unable to secure alternatives in a timely manner. Failure to maintain or renew our existing licenses or to obtain additional licenses would impair our ability to introduce new products and services or to continue to offer our current products or services, which would materially harm our business, operating results and financial condition. Some of our existing licenses impose, and licenses that we obtain in the future might impose, development, distribution and marketing obligations on us. If we breach our obligations, our licensors might have the right to terminate our licenses, and such termination would harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

Even if we are successful in gaining new licenses or extending existing licenses, we may fail to anticipate the entertainment, shopping or mobile preferences of our end users when making choices about which brands or other content to license. If the entertainment, shopping or mobile preferences of end users shift to content or brands owned or developed by companies with which we do not have relationships, we may be unable to establish and maintain successful relationships with these developers and owners, which would materially harm our business, operating results and financial condition. In addition, some rights are licensed from licensors that have or may develop financial difficulties, and may enter into bankruptcy protection under U.S. federal law or the laws of other countries. If any of our licensors files for bankruptcy, our licenses might be impaired or voided, which could materially harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

***The mobile advertising business is an intensely competitive industry, and we may not be able to compete successfully.***

The mobile advertising market is highly competitive, with numerous companies providing mobile advertising services. The Company's mobile advertising platform competes primarily with Facebook, Twitter, and Google, all of which are significantly larger than us and have far more capital to invest in their mobile advertising businesses. The Company also competes with in-house solutions used by companies who choose to coordinate mobile advertising across their own properties, such as Yahoo!, Pandora, and other independent publishers. They, or other companies that offer competing mobile advertising solutions, may establish or strengthen cooperative relationships with their mobile operator partners, application developers or other parties, thereby limiting the Company's ability to promote its services and generate revenue. Competitors could also seek to gain market share from us by reducing the prices they charge to advertisers or by introducing new technology tools for developers. Moreover, increased competition for mobile advertising space from developers could result in an increase in the portion of advertiser revenue that we must pay to developers to acquire that advertising space. The Company's business will suffer to the extent that its developers and advertisers purchase and sell mobile advertising directly from each other or through other companies that are able to become intermediaries between developers and advertisers. For example, companies may have substantial existing platforms for developers who had previously not heavily used those platforms for mobile advertising campaigns. These companies could compete with us to the extent they expand into mobile advertising. Other companies, such as large application developers with a substantial mobile advertising business, may decide to directly monetize some or all of their advertising space without utilizing the Company's services. Other companies that offer analytics, mediation, exchange or other third-party services may also become intermediaries between mobile advertisers and developers and thereby compete with us. Any of these developments would make it more difficult for the Company to sell its services and could result in increased pricing pressure, reduced profit margins, increased sales and marketing expenses or the loss of market share.

***The mobile advertising market may develop more slowly than expected, which could harm the business of the Company.***

Advertisers have historically spent a smaller portion of their advertising budgets on mobile media as compared to traditional advertising methods, such as television, newspapers, radio and billboards, or online advertising over the internet, such as placing banner ads on websites. Future demand and market acceptance for mobile advertising is uncertain. Many advertisers still have limited experience with mobile advertising and may continue to devote larger portions of their advertising budgets to more traditional offline or online personal computer-based advertising, instead of shifting additional advertising resources to mobile advertising. If the market for mobile advertising deteriorates, or develops more slowly than we expect, the Company may not be able to increase its revenue.

***The Company does not control the mobile networks over which it provides its advertising services.***

The Company's mobile advertising platform are dependent on the reliability of network operators and carriers who maintain sophisticated and complex mobile networks, as well as its ability to deliver ads on those networks at prices that enable it to realize a profit. Mobile networks have been subject to rapid growth and technological change, particularly in recent years. The Company does not control these networks.

Mobile networks could fail for a variety of reasons, including new technology incompatibility, the degradation of network performance under the strain of too many mobile consumers using the network, a general failure from natural disaster or a political or regulatory shut-down. Individuals and groups who develop and deploy viruses, worms and other malicious software programs could also attack mobile networks and the devices that run on those networks. Any actual or perceived security threat to mobile devices or any mobile network could lead existing and potential device users to reduce or refrain from mobile usage or reduce or refrain from responding to the services offered by the Company's advertising clients. If the network of a mobile operator should fail for any reason, the Company would not be able to effectively provide its services to its clients through that mobile network. This, in turn, could hurt the Company's reputation and cause it to lose significant revenue.

Mobile carriers may also increase restrictions on the amounts or types of data that can be transmitted over their networks. The Company anticipates generating different amounts of revenue from its advertiser clients based on the kinds of ads the Company delivers, such as display ads, rich media ads or video ads. In most cases, the Company will be paid by advertisers on a cost-per-install basis, when a user downloads an advertised app. In other cases, the Company will be paid on a cost-per-thousand basis depending on the number of ads shown, or on a cost-per-click, or cost-per-action, basis depending on the actions taken by the mobile device user. Different types of ads consume differing amounts of bandwidth and network capacity. If a network carrier were to restrict the amounts of data that can be delivered on that carrier's network, or otherwise control the kinds of content that may be downloaded to a device that operates on the network, it could negatively affect the Company's pricing practices and inhibit its ability to deliver targeted advertising to that carrier's users, both of which could impair the Company's ability to generate revenue. Mobile connected device users may also choose not to allow advertising on their devices.

The success of the Company's advertising business model will depend on its ability to deliver targeted, highly relevant ads to consumers on their mobile connected devices. Targeted advertising is done primarily through analysis of data, much of which is collected on the basis of user-provided permissions. This data might include a device's location or data collected when device users view an ad or video or when they click on or otherwise engage with an ad. Users may elect not to allow data sharing for targeted advertising for a number of reasons, such as privacy concerns, or pricing mechanisms that may charge the user based upon the amount or types of data consumed on the device. Users may also elect to opt out of receiving targeted advertising from the Company's platform. In addition, the designers of mobile device operating systems are increasingly promoting features that allow device users to disable some of the functionality, which may impair or disable the delivery of ads on their devices, and device manufacturers may include these features as part of their standard device specifications. Although we are not aware of any such products that are widely used in the market today, as has occurred in the online advertising industry, companies may develop products that enable users to prevent ads from appearing on their mobile device screens. If any of these developments were to occur, the Company's ability to deliver effective advertising campaigns on behalf of its advertiser clients would suffer, which could hurt the Company's ability to generate revenue and become profitable.

***The Company may not be able to enhance its mobile advertising platform to keep pace with technological and market developments.***

The market for mobile advertising services is characterized by rapid technological change, evolving industry standards and frequent new service introductions. To keep pace with technological developments, satisfy increasing advertiser and developer requirements, maintain the attractiveness and competitiveness of the Company's mobile advertising solutions and ensure compatibility with evolving industry standards and protocols, the Company will need to regularly enhance its current services and to develop and introduce new services on a timely basis. We have invested significant resources in building and developing real-time bidding, or RTB, infrastructure to provide access to large amounts of advertising inventory and publishers. If the Company's RTB platform is not attractive to its customers or is not able to compete with alternative mobile advertising solutions, the Company will not have access to as much advertising inventory and may experience increased pressure on margins.

In addition, advances in technology that allow developers to generate revenue from their apps without assistance from the Company could harm the Company's relationships with developers and diminish its available advertising inventory within such apps. Similarly, technological developments that allow third parties to better mediate the delivery of ads between advertisers and developers by introducing an intermediate layer between the Company and its developers could impair the Company's relationships with those developers. The Company's inability, for technological, business or other reasons, to enhance, develop, introduce and deliver compelling mobile advertising services in response to changing market conditions and technologies or evolving expectations of advertisers or mobile device users could hurt its ability to grow its business and could result in its mobile advertising platform becoming obsolete.

The Company will depend on publishers, developers and distribution partners for mobile advertising space to deliver its advertiser clients' advertising campaigns, and any decline in the supply of advertising inventory could hurt its business.

The Company will depend on publishers, developers and distribution partners to provide it with space within their applications, which we refer to as "advertising inventory," on which the Company will deliver ads. We anticipate that a significant portion of the Company's revenue will derive from the advertising inventory provided by a limited number of publishers, developers and distribution partners. The Company will have minimum or fixed commitments for advertising inventory with some but not all of its publishers, developers and distribution partners, including certain wireless carriers in the United States and internationally. The Company intends to expand the number of publishers, developers and distribution partners subject to minimum or fixed arrangements. Outside of those relationships however, the publishers, developers and distribution partners that will sell their advertising inventory to the Company are not required to provide any minimum amounts of advertising space to the Company, nor are they contractually bound to provide the Company with a consistent supply of advertising inventory. Such publishers, developers and distribution partners can change the amount of inventory they make available to the Company at any time. They may also change the price at which they offer inventory to the Company, or they may elect to make advertising space available to its competitors who offer ads to them on more favorable economic terms. In addition, publishers, developers and distribution partners may place significant restrictions on the Company's use of their advertising inventory. These restrictions may prohibit ads from specific advertisers or specific industries, or they could restrict the use of specified creative content or format. They may also use a fee-based or subscription-based business model to generate revenue from their content, in lieu of, or to reduce, their reliance on ads.

If publishers, developers and distribution partners decide not to make advertising inventory available to the Company for any of these reasons, decide to increase the price of inventory, or place significant restrictions on the Company's use of their advertising space, the Company may not be able to replace this with inventory from others that satisfy the Company's requirements in a timely and cost-effective manner. If this happens, the Company's revenue could decline or its cost of acquiring inventory could increase.

***The Company's advertising business depends on its ability to collect and use data to deliver ads, and any limitation on the collection and use of this data could significantly diminish the value of the Company's services and cause it to lose clients and revenue.***

When the Company delivers an ad to a mobile device, it will often be able to collect anonymous information about the placement of the ad and the interaction of the mobile device user with the ad, such as whether the user visited a landing page or installed an application. As the Company collects and aggregates this data provided by billions of ad impressions, it intends to analyze it in order to optimize the placement and scheduling of ads across the advertising inventory provided to it by developers. For example, the Company may use the collected information to limit the number of times a specific ad is presented to the same mobile device, to provide an ad to only certain types of mobile devices, or to provide a report to an advertiser client on the number of its ads that were clicked.

Although the data the Company collects is not personally identifiable information, its clients might decide not to allow it to collect some or all of this data or might limit its use of this data. For example, application developers may not agree to provide the Company with the data generated by interactions with the content on their applications, or device users may not consent to having information about their device usage provided to the developer. Any limitation on the Company's ability to collect data about user behavior and interaction with mobile device content could make it more difficult for the Company to deliver effective mobile advertising programs that meet the demands of its advertiser clients.

Although the Company's contracts with advertisers will generally permit it to aggregate data from advertising campaigns, these clients might nonetheless request that the Company discontinue using data obtained from their campaigns that have already been aggregated with other clients' campaign data. It would be difficult, if not impossible, to comply with these requests, and responding to these kinds of requests could also cause the Company to spend significant amounts of resources. Interruptions, failures or defects in its data collection, mining, analysis and storage systems, as well as privacy concerns and regulatory restrictions regarding the collection of data, could also limit the Company's ability to aggregate and analyze mobile device user data from its clients' advertising campaigns. If that happens, the Company may not be able to optimize the placement of advertising for the benefit of its advertiser clients, which could make its services less valuable, and, as a result, it may lose clients and the Company's revenue may decline.

***If the Company fails to detect click fraud or other invalid clicks on ads, it could lose the confidence of its advertiser clients, which would cause its business to suffer.***

The Company's business will rely on delivering positive results to its advertiser clients. The Company will be exposed to the risk of fraudulent and other invalid clicks or conversions that advertisers may perceive as undesirable. Because of their smaller sizes as compared to personal computers, mobile device usage could result in a higher rate of accidental or otherwise inadvertent clicks by a user. Invalid clicks could also result from click fraud, where a mobile device user intentionally clicks on ads for reasons other than to access the underlying content of the ads. If fraudulent or other malicious activity is perpetrated by others, and the Company is unable to detect and prevent it, the affected advertisers may experience or perceive a reduced return on their investment. High levels of invalid click activity could lead to dissatisfaction with its advertising services, refusals to pay, refund demands or withdrawal of future business. Any of these occurrences could damage the Company's brand and lead to a loss of advertisers and revenue.

***The Company's business depends on its ability to maintain the quality of its advertiser and developer content.***

The Company must be able to ensure that its clients' ads are not placed in developer content that is unlawful or inappropriate. Likewise, developers will rely upon the Company not to place ads in their apps that are unlawful or inappropriate. If the Company is unable to ensure that the quality of its advertiser and developer content does not decline as the number of advertisers and developers it works with continues to grow, then the Company's reputation and business may suffer.

#### **Risks Related to Our Market**

***The markets in which we operate are highly competitive, and many of our competitors have significantly greater resources than we do.***

The distribution of applications, mobile advertising, development, distribution and sale of mobile products and services is a highly competitive business. We compete for end users primarily on the basis of positioning, brand, quality and price. We compete for wireless carrier placement based on these factors, as well as historical performance, technical know-how, perception of sales potential and relationships with licensors of brands and other intellectual property. We compete for content and brand licensors based on royalty and other economic terms, perceptions of development quality, porting abilities, speed of execution, distribution breadth and relationships with carriers. We compete for platform deployment contracts among other mobile platform companies. We also compete for experienced and talented employees.

Our primary competition for application and content distribution comes from the traditional application store businesses of Apple and Google, existing operator solutions built internally, as well as companies providing app installation products and services as offered by Facebook, Twitter, Yahoo!, Pandora and other ad networks such as RocketFuel. These companies can be both customers and publishers for Digital Turbines products, as well as competitors in certain cases. For the Discover product, there is some competition in the space by EverythingMe, Quixey, and Aviate, but our main competitors are OEM launchers and Android launchers. With Ignite, we see some smaller competitors, such as IronSource, Wild Tangent, and Sweet Labs, but the more material competition is internally-developed operator solutions and specific mobile application management solutions built in-house by OEMs and Wireless Operators. Some of our existing wireless operators could make a strategic decision to develop their own solutions rather than continue to use our Discover and Ignite products.

Some of our competitors' and our potential competitors' advantages over us, either globally or in particular geographic markets, include the following:

- significantly greater revenues and financial resources;
- stronger brand and consumer recognition regionally or worldwide;
- the capacity to leverage their marketing expenditures across a broader portfolio of mobile and non-mobile products;
- more substantial intellectual property of their own from which they can develop products and services without having to pay royalties;
- pre-existing relationships with brand owners or carriers that afford them access to intellectual property while blocking the access of competitors to that same intellectual property;
- greater resources to make acquisitions;
- lower labor and development costs; and
- broader global distribution and presence.

If we are unable to compete effectively or we are not as successful as our competitors in our target markets, our sales could decline (or, in DT's case, inhibit generation of sales), our margins could decline and we could lose market share (or in DT's case, fail to penetrate the market), any of which would materially harm our business, operating results and financial condition.



***End user tastes are continually changing and are often unpredictable; if we fail to develop and publish new products and services that achieve market acceptance, our sales would suffer.***

Our business depends on developing and publishing new products and services that wireless carriers distribute and end users buy. We must continue to invest significant resources in licensing efforts, research and development, marketing, and regional expansion to enhance our offering of new products and services, and we must make decisions about these matters well in advance of product release in order to implement them in a timely manner. Our success depends, in part, on unpredictable and volatile factors beyond our control, including end-user preferences, competing products and services, and the availability of other entertainment activities. Historically, the majority of our revenues were derived via content purchases through traditional carrier application stores, which are in decline with momentum shifting towards third parties (Google and Apple). If our products and services are not responsive to the requirements of our carriers or the entertainment preferences of end users, are not marketed effectively through our direct-to-consumer operations, or are not brought to market in a timely and effective manner, our business, operating results, and financial condition would be harmed. Even if our products and services are successfully introduced, marketed effectively, and initially adopted, a subsequent shift in our carriers, the entertainment, shopping, and mobile preferences of end users, or our relationship with third-party billing aggregators could cause a decline in the popularity of, or access to, our offerings and could materially reduce our revenues and harm our business, operating results, and financial condition.

***Wireless carriers generally control the price charged for our products and services related to our Content products, and the billing and collection for sales and could make decisions detrimental to us.***

Wireless carriers generally control the price charged for our products and services related to content either by approving or establishing the price of the offering charged to their subscribers. Some of our carrier agreements also restrict our ability to change prices related to content. In cases where carrier approval is required, approvals may not be granted in a timely manner or at all. A failure or delay in obtaining these approvals, the prices established by the carriers for our offerings, or changes in these prices could adversely affect market acceptance of our offerings. Similarly, for a minority of our carriers, when we make changes to a pricing plan (the wholesale price and the corresponding suggested retail price based on our negotiated revenue-sharing arrangement), adjustments to the actual retail price charged to end users may not be made in a timely manner or at all (even though our wholesale price was reduced). A failure or delay by these carriers in adjusting the retail price for our offerings could adversely affect sales volume and our revenues for those offerings.

Carriers and other distributors also control billings and collections for some of our products and services, either directly or through third-party service providers. If our carriers or their third-party service providers cause material inaccuracies when providing billing and collection services to us, our revenues may be less than anticipated or may be subject to refund at the discretion of the carrier. This could harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

***We rely on the current state of the law in certain territories where we operate our business and any adverse change in such laws may significantly adversely impact our revenues and thus our operating results and financial condition.***

Decisions that regulators or governing bodies make with regard to the provision and marketing of mobile applications, content and/or billing can have a significant impact on the revenues generated in that market. Although most of our markets are mature with regulation clearly defined and implemented, there remains the potential for regulatory changes that would have adverse consequences on the business and subsequently our revenue.

***We rely on our current understanding of regional regulatory requirements pertaining to the marketing, advertising and promotion of our products and services, and any adverse change in such regulations, or a finding that we did not properly understand such regulations, may significantly impact our ability to market, advertise and promote our products and services and thereby adversely impact our revenues, our operating results and our financial condition.***

Some portions of our business rely extensively on marketing, advertising and promoting our products and services, requiring us to have an understanding of the local laws and regulations governing our business. Additionally, we rely on the policies and procedures of wireless carriers and should those change, there could be an adverse impact on our products. In the event that we have relied on inaccurate information or advice, and engage in marketing, advertising or promotional activities that are not permitted, we may be subject to penalties, restricted from engaging in further activities or altogether prohibited from offering our products and services in a particular territory, all or any of which will adversely impact our revenues and thus our operating results and financial condition.

***The strategic direction of the Company's businesses is in early stages and not completely proven or certain.***

The business model that the Company is pursuing, mobile advertising and application installations, is in the early stages and not completely proven. There are many different types of models, including, but not limited to, set-up fees, Cost per Installation (CPI) Cost per Placement (CPP), Cost per Action (CPA), up-front fees (including licensing), revenue shares, per device fees, as well as hybrids of each. Initial feedback from customers shows preferences for different types of models. This could lead to risk in predicting future revenues and profits by individual customers. In particular, the 'free' download market is reliant upon mobile advertising, and the mobile advertising market is still in a nascent phase of monetization.

In addition, our strategy for the Company entails offering its platform to existing and new customers. There can be no assurance that we will be able to successfully market new services and offerings to existing and new customers. Moreover, in order to credibly offer the Ignite and Discover platform, we will need to achieve additional operational and technical achievements to further develop the products. Both Ignite and Discover are compatible with Android, and should the market shift to a different operating system there would need to be modifications to our products to adapt to such a change. While we remain optimistic about our ability to complete this change and build-out, it will be subject to all of the risks attendant to these development efforts as well as the need to provide additional capital to the effort.

#### **Risks Relating to Our Industry**

***Wireless communications technologies are changing rapidly, and we may not be successful in working with these new technologies.***

Wireless network and mobile handset technologies are undergoing rapid innovation. New handsets with more advanced processors and advanced programming languages continue to be introduced. In addition, networks that enable enhanced features are being developed and deployed. We have no control over the demand for, or success of, these products or technologies. If we fail to anticipate and adapt to these and other technological changes, the available channels for our products and services may be limited and our market share and operating results may suffer. Our future success will depend on our ability to adapt to rapidly changing technologies and develop products and services to accommodate evolving industry standards with improved performance and reliability. In addition, the widespread adoption of networking or telecommunications technologies or other technological changes could require substantial expenditures to modify or adapt our products and services.

Technology changes in the wireless industry require us to anticipate, sometimes years in advance, which technologies we must implement and take advantage of in order to make our products and services, and other mobile entertainment products, competitive in the market. Therefore, we usually start our product development with a range of technical development goals that we hope to be able to achieve. We may not be able to achieve these goals, or our competition may be able to achieve them more quickly and effectively than we can. In either case, our products and services may be technologically inferior to those of our competitors, less appealing to end users, or both. If we cannot achieve our technology goals within our original development schedule, then we may delay their release until these technology goals can be achieved, which may delay or reduce our revenues, increase our development expenses and harm our reputation. Alternatively, we may increase the resources employed in research and development in an attempt either to preserve our product launch schedule or to keep up with our competition, which would increase our development expenses. In either case, our business, operating results and financial condition could be materially harmed.

***The complexity of and incompatibilities among mobile handsets may require us to use additional resources for the development of our products and services.***

To reach large numbers of wireless subscribers, application developers, mobile entertainment publishers and white label storefront providers we must support numerous mobile handsets and technologies. However, keeping pace with the rapid innovation of handset technologies together with the continuous introduction of new, and often incompatible, handset models by wireless carriers requires us to make significant investments in research and development, including personnel, technologies and equipment. In the future, we may be required to make substantial investments in our development if the number of different types of handset models continues to proliferate. In addition, as more advanced handsets are introduced that enable more complex, feature-rich products and services, we anticipate that our development costs will increase, which could increase the risks associated with one or more of our products or services and could materially harm our operating results and financial condition.

***If wireless subscribers do not continue to use their mobile handsets to access mobile content and other applications, our business growth and future revenues may be adversely affected.***

We operate in a developing industry. Our success depends on growth in the number of wireless subscribers who use their handsets to access data services we develop and distribute. New or different mobile content applications developed by our current or future competitors may be preferred by subscribers to our offerings. In addition, other mobile platforms may become widespread, and end users may choose to switch to these platforms. If the market for our products and services does not continue to grow or we are unable to acquire new end users, our business growth and future revenues could be adversely affected. If end users switch their entertainment spending away from the kinds of offerings that we publish, or switch to platforms or distribution models where we do not have comparative strengths, our revenues would likely decline and our business, operating results and financial condition would suffer.

***Our industry is subject to risks generally associated with the content industry, any of which could significantly harm our operating results.***

Our business is subject to risks that are generally associated with the content industry, many of which are beyond our control. These risks could negatively impact our operating results and include: the popularity, price and timing of release of our offerings and mobile handsets on which they are accessed; economic conditions that adversely affect discretionary consumer spending; changes in consumer demographics; the availability and popularity of other forms of entertainment; and critical reviews and public tastes and preferences, which may change rapidly and cannot necessarily be predicted.

***A shift of technology platform by wireless carriers and mobile handset manufacturers could lengthen the development period for our offerings, increase our costs and cause our offerings to be of lower quality or to be published later than anticipated.***

Mobile handsets require multimedia capabilities enabled by operating systems capable of running applications, products and services such as ours. Our development resources are concentrated in today's most popular operating systems, and we have experience developing applications for these operating systems. Specifically, our Ignite and Discover products currently are compatible with the Android and iOS operating system, with the iOS operating system now compatible through our Ignite Direct product. If this operating system falls out of favor with handset manufacturers and wireless carriers and there is a rapid shift to a new technology where we do not have development experience or resources, the development period for our products and services may be lengthened, increasing our costs, and the resulting products and services may be of lower quality, and may be published later than anticipated. In such an event, our reputation, business, operating results and financial condition might suffer.

***System or network failures could reduce our sales, increase costs or result in a loss of end users of our products and services.***

Mobile applications and content publishers rely on wireless carriers' networks to deliver products and services to end users and on their or other third parties' billing systems to track and account for the downloading of such offerings. In certain circumstances, mobile publishers may also rely on their own servers to deliver products on demand to end users through their carriers' networks. In addition, certain products require access over the mobile Internet to our servers or third-party servers in order to enable certain features. Any failure of, or technical problem with, carriers', third parties' or our billing systems, delivery systems, information systems or communications networks could result in the inability of end users to download our products, prevent the completion of a billing transaction, or interfere with access to some aspects of our products. If any of these systems fail or if there is an interruption in the supply of power, an earthquake, fire, flood or other natural disaster, or an act of war or terrorism, end users might be unable to access our offerings. For example, from time to time, our carriers have experienced failures with their billing and delivery systems and communication networks, including gateway failures that reduced the provisioning capacity of their branded e-commerce system. Any failure of, or technical problem with, the carriers', other third parties' or our systems could cause us to lose end users or revenues or incur substantial repair costs and distract management from operating our business. This, in turn, could harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

***Our business depends on the growth and maintenance of wireless communications infrastructure.***

Our success will depend on the continued growth and maintenance of wireless communications infrastructure in the United States and internationally. This includes deployment and maintenance of reliable next-generation digital networks with the speed, data capacity and security necessary to provide reliable wireless communications services. Wireless communications infrastructure may be unable to support the demands placed on it if the number of subscribers continues to increase, or if existing or future subscribers increase their bandwidth requirements. Wireless communications have experienced a variety of outages and other delays as a result of infrastructure and equipment failures, and could face outages and delays in the future. These outages and delays could reduce the level of wireless communications usage as well as our ability to distribute our products and services successfully. In addition, changes by a wireless carrier to network infrastructure may interfere with downloads and may cause end users to lose functionality. This could harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

***Actual or perceived security vulnerabilities in mobile handsets or wireless networks could adversely affect our revenues.***

Maintaining the security of mobile handsets and wireless networks is critical for our business. There are individuals and groups who develop and deploy viruses, worms and other illicit code or malicious software programs that may attack wireless networks and handsets. Security experts have identified computer "worm" programs that target handsets running on certain operating systems. Although these worms have not been widely released and do not present an immediate risk to our business, we believe future threats could lead some end users to seek to reduce or delay future purchases of our products or reduce or delay the use of their handsets. Wireless carriers and handset manufacturers may also increase their expenditures on protecting their wireless networks and mobile phone products from attack, which could delay adoption of new handset models. Any of these activities could adversely affect our revenues and this could harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

***Changes in government regulation of the media and wireless communications industries may adversely affect our business.***

A number of laws and regulations have been and likely will continue to be adopted in the United States and elsewhere that could restrict the media and wireless communications industries, including laws and regulations regarding customer privacy, taxation, content suitability, copyright, distribution and antitrust. Furthermore, the growth and development of the market for electronic commerce may prompt calls for more stringent consumer protection laws that may impose additional burdens on companies such as ours conducting business through wireless carriers. We anticipate that regulation of our industry will increase and that we will be required to devote legal and other resources to address this regulation. Changes in current laws or regulations or the imposition of new laws and regulations in the United States or elsewhere regarding the media and wireless communications industries may lessen the growth of wireless communications services and may materially reduce our ability to increase or maintain sales of our products and services.

A number of studies have examined the health effects of mobile phone use, and the results of some of the studies have been interpreted as evidence that mobile phone use causes adverse health effects. The establishment of a link between the use of mobile phone services and health problems, or any media reports suggesting such a link, could increase government regulation of, and reduce demand for, mobile phones and, accordingly, the demand for our products and services, and this could harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

### **Risks Related to Our Management, Employees and Acquisitions**

#### ***Our business and growth may suffer if we are unable to hire and retain key personnel, who are in high demand.***

We depend on the continued contributions of our domestic and international senior management and other key personnel. We have had three people fill the position of Chief Financial Officer in the past three years. The loss of the services of any of our executive officers or other key employees could harm our business. Because not all of our executive officers and key employees are under employment agreements or are under agreements with short terms, their future employment with the Company is uncertain. Additionally, our workforce is comprised of a relatively small number of employees operating in different countries around the globe who support our existing and potential customers. Given the size and geographic dispersion of our workforce, we could experience challenges with execution as our business matures and expands.

Our future success also depends on our ability to identify, attract and retain highly-skilled technical, managerial, finance, marketing and creative personnel. We face intense competition for qualified individuals from numerous technology, marketing and mobile entertainment companies. Further, we conduct international operations in Germany, Israel, Singapore and Australia, areas that, similar to our headquarters region, have high costs of living and consequently high compensation standards and/or intense demand for qualified individuals which may require us to incur significant costs to attract them. We may be unable to attract and retain suitably qualified individuals who are capable of meeting our growing creative, operational and managerial requirements, or may be required to pay increased compensation in order to do so. If we are unable to attract and retain the qualified personnel we need to succeed, our business would suffer.

Volatility or lack of performance in our stock price may also affect our ability to attract and retain our key employees. Some of our senior management personnel and other key employees have become, or will soon become, vested in a substantial amount of stock or stock options. Employees may be more likely to leave us if the shares they own or the shares underlying their options have significantly appreciated in value relative to the original purchase prices of the shares or the exercise prices of the options, or if the exercise prices of the options that they hold are significantly above the market price of our common stock. If we are unable to retain our employees, our business, operating results and financial condition would be harmed.

#### ***Growth may place significant demands on our management and our infrastructure.***

We operate in an emerging market and have experienced, and may continue to experience, growth in our business through internal growth and acquisitions. This growth has placed, and may continue to place, significant demands on our management and our operational and financial infrastructure. Continued growth could strain our ability to:

- develop and improve our operational, financial and management controls;
- enhance our reporting systems and procedures;
- recruit, train and retain highly-skilled personnel;
- maintain our quality standards; and
- maintain branded content owner, wireless carrier and end-user satisfaction.

Managing our growth will require significant expenditures and allocation of valuable management resources. If we fail to achieve the necessary level of efficiency in our organization as it grows, our business, operating results and financial condition would be harmed.

***The acquisition of other companies, businesses or technologies could result in operating difficulties, dilution and other harmful consequences.***

We have made acquisitions and, although we have no present understandings, commitments or agreements to do so (except as otherwise disclosed within this document), we may pursue further acquisitions, any of which could be material to our business, operating results and financial condition. Future acquisitions could divert management's time and focus from operating our business, even in instances where acquisition negotiations are unsuccessful. In addition, integrating an acquired company, business or technology is risky and may result in unforeseen operating difficulties and expenditures. We may also raise additional capital for the acquisition of, or investment in, companies, technologies, products or assets that complement our business. Future acquisitions or dispositions could result in potentially dilutive issuances of our equity securities, including our common stock, or the incurrence of debt, contingent liabilities, amortization expenses or acquired in-process research and development expenses, any of which could harm our financial condition and operating results. Future acquisitions may also require us to obtain additional financing, which may not be available on favorable terms or at all.

International acquisitions involve risks related to integration of operations across different cultures and languages, currency risks and the particular economic, political and regulatory risks associated with specific countries.

In addition, a significant portion of the purchase price of companies we acquire may be allocated to acquired goodwill and other intangible assets, which must be assessed for impairment at least annually. In the future, if our acquisitions do not yield expected returns, we may be required to take charges to our earnings based on this impairment assessment process, which could harm our operating results.

***Changes to financial accounting standards could make it more expensive to issue stock options to employees, which would increase compensation costs and might cause us to change our business practices.***

We prepare our financial statements to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These accounting principles are subject to interpretation by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, the SEC and various other bodies. A change in those principles could have a significant effect on our reported results and might affect our reporting of transactions completed before a change is announced. For example, we have used restricted stock and stock option grants as a fundamental component of our employee compensation packages. We believe that such grants directly motivate our employees to maximize long-term stockholder value and, through the use of vesting, encourage employees to remain in our employ. Several regulatory agencies and entities have made regulatory changes that could make it more difficult or expensive for us to grant stock options or restricted stock to employees. We may, as a result of these changes, incur increased compensation costs, change our equity compensation strategy or find it difficult to attract, retain and motivate employees, any of which could materially and adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition.

***As we pursue and complete strategic acquisitions, divestitures or joint ventures, including our completed acquisitions of XYO and Appia, Inc, we may not be able to successfully integrate acquired businesses.***

We completed the acquisition of XYO and Appia, Inc. in fiscal 2015, and we continue to evaluate potential acquisitions, or joint ventures with third parties. These transactions create risks such as:

- disruption of our ongoing business, including loss of management focus on existing businesses;
- problems retaining key personnel of the companies involved in the transactions;
- operating losses and expenses of the businesses we acquire or in which we invest;
- the potential impairment of tangible assets, intangible assets and goodwill acquired in the acquisitions;

- the difficulty of incorporating an acquired business into our business and unanticipated expenses related to such integration;
- potential operational deficiencies in the acquired business and personnel inexperienced in preparing and delivering disclosure information required for a U.S. public company; and
- potential unknown liabilities associated with a business we acquire or in which we invest.

In the event of any future acquisitions, we might need to issue additional equity securities, spend our cash, incur debt, or take on contingent liabilities, any of which could reduce our profitability and harm our business.

### **Risks Related to the Economy in the United States and Globally**

*The effects of the past recession in the United States and general downturn in the global economy, including financial market disruptions, could have an adverse impact on our business, operating results or financial condition.*

Our operating results also may be affected by uncertain or changing economic conditions such as the challenges that affect economic conditions in the United States and the global economy. If global economic and market conditions, or economic conditions in the United States or other key markets, remain uncertain or persist, spread, or deteriorate, we may experience material impacts on our business, operating results, and financial condition in a number of ways including negatively affecting our profitability and causing our stock price to decline.

*We face added business, political, regulatory, operational, financial and economic risks as a result of our international operations and distribution, any of which could increase our costs and hinder our growth.*

We expect international sales to continue to be an important component of our revenues. Risks affecting our international operations include:

- challenges caused by distance, language and cultural differences;
- multiple and conflicting laws and regulations, including complications due to unexpected changes in these laws and regulations;
- the burdens of complying with a wide variety of foreign laws and regulations;
- higher costs associated with doing business internationally;
- difficulties in staffing and managing international operations;
- greater fluctuations in sales to end users and through carriers in developing countries, including longer payment cycles and greater difficulty collecting accounts receivable;
- protectionist laws and business practices that favor local businesses in some countries;
- foreign taxes;
- foreign exchange controls that might prevent us from repatriating income earned in countries outside the United States;
- price controls;
- the servicing of regions by many different carriers;
- imposition of public sector controls;
- political, economic and social instability, including relating to the current European sovereign debt crisis;
- restrictions on the export or import of technology;
- trade and tariff restrictions;
- variations in tariffs, quotas, taxes and other market barriers; and
- difficulties in enforcing intellectual property rights in countries other than the United States.

In addition, developing user interfaces that are compatible with other languages or cultures can be expensive. As a result, our ongoing international expansion efforts may be more costly than we expect. Further, expansion into developing countries subjects us to the effects of regional instability, civil unrest and hostilities, and could adversely affect us by disrupting communications and making travel more difficult. These risks could harm our international expansion efforts, which, in turn, could materially and adversely affect our business, operating results and financial condition.

***The Company is expanding and developing internationally, and our increasing foreign operations and exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates may increase.***

We have expanded, and we expect that we will continue to expand, our international operations. International operations inherently subject us to a number of risks and uncertainties, including:

- changes in international regulatory and compliance requirements that could restrict our ability to develop, market and sell our products;
- social, political or economic instability or recessions;
- diminished protection of intellectual property in some countries outside of the United States;
- difficulty in hiring, staffing and managing qualified and proficient local employees and advisors to run international operations;
- the difficulty of managing and operating an international enterprise, including difficulties in maintaining effective communications with employees and customers due to distance, language and cultural barriers;
- differing labor regulations and business practices;
- higher operating costs due to local laws or regulations;
- fluctuations in foreign economies and currency exchange rates;
- difficulty in enforcing agreements; and
- potentially negative consequences from changes in or interpretations of tax laws, post-acquisition.

Any of these factors may, individually or as a group, have a material adverse effect on our business and operating results.

#### **Risks Related to Potential Liability, our Intellectual Property and our Content**

***If we do not adequately protect our intellectual property rights, it may be possible for third parties to obtain and improperly use our intellectual property and our competitive position may be adversely affected.***

Our intellectual property is an essential element of our business. We rely on a combination of copyright, trademark, trade secret and other intellectual property laws and restrictions on disclosure to protect our intellectual property rights. To date, we have not obtained patent protection; however, applications have been submitted. Consequently, we may not be able to protect our technologies from independent invention by third parties.

We also seek to maintain certain intellectual property as trade secrets. The secrecy could be compromised by outside parties, or by our employees, which could cause us to lose the competitive advantage resulting from these trade secrets.

We also face risks associated with our trademarks. For example, there is a risk that our international trademark applications may be considered too generic or that the words “Digital” or “Turbine” could be separately or compositely trademarked by third parties with competitive products who may try and block our applications or sue us for trademark dilution which could have adverse effects on our financial status.

Despite our efforts to protect our intellectual property rights, unauthorized parties may attempt to copy or otherwise to obtain and use our intellectual property. Monitoring unauthorized use of our intellectual property is difficult and costly, and we cannot be certain that the steps we have taken will prevent infringement, piracy, and other unauthorized uses of our intellectual property, particularly internationally where the laws may not protect our intellectual property rights as fully as in the United States. In the future, we may have to resort to litigation to enforce our intellectual property rights, which could result in substantial costs and diversion of our management and resources.



In addition, although we require third parties to sign agreements not to disclose or improperly use our intellectual property, it may still be possible for third parties to obtain and improperly use our intellectual properties without our consent. This could harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

***Third parties may sue us for intellectual property infringement, which, if successful, may disrupt our business and could require us to pay significant damage awards.***

Third parties may sue us for intellectual property infringement or initiate proceedings to invalidate our intellectual property, either of which, if successful, could disrupt the conduct of our business, cause us to pay significant damage awards or require us to pay licensing fees. In the event of a successful claim against us, we might be enjoined from using our licensed intellectual property, we might incur significant licensing fees and we might be forced to develop alternative technologies. Our failure or inability to develop non-infringing technology or software or to license the infringed or similar technology or software on a timely basis could force us to withdraw products and services from the market or prevent us from introducing new products and services. In addition, even if we are able to license the infringed or similar technology or software, license fees could be substantial and the terms of these licenses could be burdensome, which might adversely affect our operating results. We might also incur substantial expenses in defending against third-party infringement claims, regardless of their merit. Successful infringement or licensing claims against us might result in substantial monetary liabilities and might materially disrupt the conduct of our business.

***Litigation may harm our business.***

Substantial, complex or extended litigation could cause us to incur significant costs and distract our management. For example, lawsuits by employees, stockholders, collaborators, distributors, customers, competitors, end-users or others could be very costly and substantially disrupt our business. Disputes from time to time with such companies, organizations or individuals are not uncommon, and we cannot assure you that we will always be able to resolve such disputes or on terms favorable to us. Unexpected results could cause us to have financial exposure in these matters in excess of recorded reserves and insurance coverage, requiring us to provide additional reserves to address these liabilities, therefore impacting profits. Carriers or other customers have and may try to include us as defendants in suits brought against them by their own customers or third parties. In such cases, the risks and expenses would be similar to those where we are the party directly involved in the litigation.

***Indemnity provisions in various agreements potentially expose us to substantial liability for intellectual property infringement, damages caused by malicious software and other losses.***

In the ordinary course of our business, most of our agreements with carriers and other distributors include indemnification provisions. In these provisions, we agree to indemnify them for losses suffered or incurred in connection with our products and services, including as a result of intellectual property infringement and damages caused by viruses, worms and other malicious software. The term of these indemnity provisions is generally perpetual after execution of the corresponding license agreement, and the maximum potential amount of future payments we could be required to make under these indemnification provisions is generally unlimited. Large future indemnity payments could harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

***We face risks associated with currency exchange rate fluctuations.***

We currently transact a significant portion of our revenues in foreign currencies, namely the Australian dollar. Conducting business in currencies other than U.S. Dollars subjects us to fluctuations in currency exchange rates that could have a negative impact on our reported operating results. Fluctuations in the value of the U.S. Dollar relative to other currencies impact our revenues, cost of revenues and operating margins and result in foreign currency transaction gains and losses. To date, we have not engaged in exchange rate-hedging activities. Even if we were to implement hedging strategies to mitigate this risk, these strategies might not eliminate our exposure to foreign exchange rate fluctuations and would involve costs and risks of their own, such as ongoing management time and expertise, external costs to implement the strategies and potential accounting implications.

***Our business in countries with a history of corruption and transactions with foreign governments, including with government-owned or-controlled wireless carriers, increase the risks associated with our international activities.***

As we operate and sell internationally, we are subject to the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, or the FCPA, and other laws that prohibit improper payments or offers of payments to foreign governments and their officials and political parties by the United States and other business entities for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business. We have operations, deal with carriers and make sales in countries known to experience corruption, particularly certain emerging countries in Eastern Europe and Latin America, and further international expansion may involve more of these countries. Our activities in these countries create the risk of unauthorized payments or offers of payments by one of our employees, consultants, sales agents or distributors that could be in violation of various laws, including the FCPA, even though these parties are not always subject to our control. We have attempted to implement safeguards to discourage these practices by our employees, consultants, sales agents and distributors. However, our existing safeguards and any future improvements may prove to be less than effective, and our employees, consultants, sales agents or distributors may engage in conduct for which we might be held responsible. Violations of the FCPA may result in severe criminal or civil sanctions, and we may be subject to other liabilities, which could negatively affect our business, operating results and financial condition.

***Government regulation of our marketing methods could restrict our ability to adequately advertise and promote our content, products and services available in certain jurisdictions.***

The governments of some countries have sought to regulate the methods and manner in which certain of our products and services may be marketed to potential end-users. Regulation aimed at prohibiting, limiting or restricting various forms of advertising and promotion we use to market our products and services could also increase our cost of operations or preclude the ability to offer our products and services altogether. As a result, government regulation of our marketing efforts could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or operating results.

#### **Risks Related to Our Common Stock**

***The market price of our common stock is likely to be highly volatile and subject to wide fluctuations, and you may be unable to resell your shares at or above the current price.***

The market price of our common stock is likely to be highly volatile and could be subject to wide fluctuations in response to a number of factors that are beyond our control, including announcements of new products or services by our competitors. In addition, the market price of our common stock could be subject to wide fluctuations in response to a variety of factors, including:

- quarterly variations in our revenues and operating expenses;
- developments in the financial markets, and the worldwide or regional economies;
- announcements of innovations or new products or services by us or our competitors;
- significant sales of our common stock or other securities in the open market; and
- changes in accounting principles.

In the past, stockholders have often instituted securities class action litigation after periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities. If a stockholder were to file any such class action suit against us, we would incur substantial legal fees and our management's attention and resources would be diverted from operating our business to respond to the litigation, which could harm our business.

***The SEC has sent us a letter regarding an informal inquiry requesting information and documents generally related to the Company's internal controls over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures.***

On May 19, 2016, the Company received an informal inquiry from the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission's Division of Enforcement requesting the voluntary provision of documents and information generally related to the Company's internal controls over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures. The correspondence from the SEC provides that the fact that there has been an informal inquiry commenced should not be construed as an indication that there have been any violations of federal securities laws, nor considered a reflection upon any person, company or securities. We have been, and intend to continue, cooperating fully with the SEC inquiry. It is too early to determine the significance or likely outcome or impact of this matter at this time.

***If we fail to maintain an effective system of internal controls, we might not be able to report our financial results accurately or prevent fraud; in that case, our stockholders could lose confidence in our financial reporting, which could negatively impact the price of our stock.***

Effective internal controls are necessary for us to provide reliable financial reports and prevent fraud. In addition, Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, or the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, requires us to evaluate and report on our internal control over financial reporting. Our management concluded that our internal controls over financial reporting were ineffective as of March 31, 2016; refer to Item 9A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended March 31, 2016, which is incorporated into this prospectus, for more information about management's assessment of internal controls. We are in the process of strengthening and testing our internal controls. The process of implementing our internal controls and complying with Section 404 is expensive and time consuming and requires significant attention of management. We cannot be certain that these measures will ensure that we implement and maintain adequate controls over our financial processes and reporting in the future. Even if we were to conclude in the future that our internal control over financial reporting provides reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect fraud or misstatements. Failure to implement required new or improved controls, or difficulties encountered in their implementation, could harm our operating results or cause us to fail to meet our reporting obligations. If we discover additional material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in our internal controls, the disclosure of that fact, even if quickly remedied, could reduce the market's confidence in our financial statements and harm our stock price. In addition, if we fail to comply with the applicable portions of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, we could be subject to a variety of civil and administrative sanctions and penalties, including ineligibility for short form resale registration, action by the SEC, and the inability of registered broker-dealers to make a market in our common stock, which could further reduce our stock price and harm our business. Refer to Item 9A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended March 31, 2016, which is incorporated by reference into this prospectus, for more information about management's assessment of internal controls. See also the risk factor above entitled "Risks Related to Our Common Stock—*The SEC has sent us a letter regarding an informal inquiry requesting information and documents generally related to the Company's internal controls over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures.*"

***If we fail to comply with the continued listing requirements of the NASDAQ Capital Market, our common stock may be delisted and the price of our common stock and our ability to access the capital markets could be negatively impacted.***

On November 23, 2016, the Company received a letter from the Listing Qualifications Department of the Nasdaq Stock Market notifying the Company that the minimum bid price per share for its common stock fell below \$1.00 for a period of 30 consecutive business days and that therefore the Company did not meet the minimum bid price requirement set forth in Nasdaq Listing Rule 5550(a)(2).

The letter also states that the Company will be provided 180 calendar days, or until May 22, 2017, to regain compliance with the minimum bid price requirement. In accordance with Rule 5810(c)(3)(A), the Company can regain compliance if at any time during the 180-day period the closing bid price of the Company's common stock is at least \$1.00 for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days. If by May 22, 2017, the Company cannot demonstrate compliance with the Rule 5550(a)(2), it may be eligible for additional time. To qualify for additional time, the Company will be required to meet the continued listing requirement for market value of publicly held shares and all other initial listing standards for The Nasdaq Capital Market, with the exception of the bid price requirement, and will need to provide written notice of its intention to cure the deficiency during the second compliance period. If the Company is not eligible for the second compliance period, then the Nasdaq Staff will provide notice that the Company's securities will be subject to delisting. At such time, the Company may appeal the delisting determination to a Hearings Panel.

We intend to monitor the closing bid price of our common stock and may, if appropriate, consider implementing available options to regain compliance with the minimum bid price requirement.

A delisting of our common stock from NASDAQ could materially reduce the liquidity of our common stock and result in a corresponding material reduction in the price of our common stock. In addition, delisting could harm our ability to raise capital through alternative financing sources on terms acceptable to us, or at all, and may result in the potential loss of confidence by investors, employees and fewer business development opportunities.

***The sale of securities by us in any equity or debt financing, or the issuance of new shares related to an acquisition, could result in dilution to our existing stockholders and have a material adverse effect on our earnings.***

Any sale or issuance of common stock by us in a future offering or acquisition could result in dilution to the existing stockholders as a direct result of our issuance of additional shares of our capital stock. In addition, our business strategy may include expansion through internal growth by acquiring complimentary businesses, acquiring or licensing additional brands, or establishing strategic relationships with targeted customers and suppliers. In order to do so, or to finance the cost of our other activities, we may issue additional equity securities that could dilute our stockholders' stock ownership. We may also assume additional debt and incur impairment losses related to goodwill and other tangible assets if we acquire another company, and this could negatively impact our earnings and operating results.

***We may choose to raise additional capital to accelerate the growth of our business, and we may not be able to raise capital to grow our business on terms acceptable to us or at all.***

Should we choose to pursue alternatives to accelerate the growth or enhance our existing business, we may require significant cash outlays and commitments. If our cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments balances and any cash generated from operations are not sufficient to meet our cash requirements, we may seek additional capital, potentially through debt or equity financings, to fund our growth. We may not be able to raise needed cash on terms acceptable to us or at all. Financings, if available, may be on terms that are dilutive or potentially dilutive to our stockholders, and the prices at which new investors would be willing to purchase our securities may be lower than the fair market value of our common stock. The holders of new securities may also receive rights, preferences or privileges that are senior to those of existing holders of our common stock.

***If securities or industry analysts do not publish research or reports about our business, or if they downgrade their recommendations regarding our common stock, our stock price and trading volume could decline.***

The trading market for our common stock will be influenced by the research and reports that industry or securities analysts publish about our business or us. If any of the analysts who cover us downgrade our common stock, our common stock price would likely decline. If analysts cease coverage of the Company or fail to regularly publish reports on us, we could lose visibility in the financial markets, which in turn could cause our common stock price or trading volume to decline.

***We do not anticipate paying dividends.***

We have never paid cash or other dividends on our common stock. Payment of dividends on our common stock is within the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend upon our earnings, our capital requirements and financial condition, and other factors deemed relevant by our Board of Directors. However, the earliest our Board of Directors would likely consider a dividend is if we begin to generate excess cash flow.

***Maintaining and improving our financial controls and the requirements of being a public company may strain our resources, divert management's attention and affect our ability to attract and retain qualified members for our Board of Directors.***

As a public company, we are subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act and the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. Additionally, the time and effort required to maintain communications with stockholders and the public markets can be demanding on senior management, which can divert focus from operational and strategic efforts. The requirements of the public markets and the related regulatory requirements has resulted in an increase in our legal, accounting and financial compliance costs, may make some activities more difficult, time-consuming and costly and may place undue strain on our personnel, systems and resources.

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires, among other things, that we maintain effective disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting. This can be difficult to do. For example, we depend on the reports of wireless carriers for information regarding the amount of sales of our products and services and to determine the amount of royalties we owe to branded content licensors and the amount of our revenues. These reports may not be timely, and in the past they have contained, and in the future they may contain, errors.

In order to maintain and improve the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting, we expend significant resources and provide significant management oversight. We have a substantial effort ahead of us to implement appropriate processes, document our system of internal control over relevant processes, assess their design, remediate any deficiencies identified and test their operation. As a result, management's attention may be diverted from other business concerns, which could harm our business, operating results and financial condition. These efforts will also involve substantial accounting-related costs. The Sarbanes-Oxley Act makes it more difficult and more expensive for us to maintain directors' and officers' liability insurance, and we may be required in the future to accept reduced coverage or incur substantially higher costs to maintain coverage. If we are unable to maintain adequate directors' and officers' insurance, our ability to recruit and retain qualified directors, and officers will be significantly curtailed.

#### **Risks Related to an Investment in the notes and warrants**

***The notes are unsecured, are effectively subordinated to all of our future secured indebtedness and are structurally subordinated to all liabilities of our subsidiaries (other than the guarantors), including trade credit.***

The notes are unsecured, are effectively subordinated to all of our future secured indebtedness (although we are not permitted to incur any secured or unsecured indebtedness subject to limited exceptions) and are structurally subordinated to all indebtedness and liabilities of our subsidiaries (other than the guarantors), including trade payables. The notes will rank equally with all our future general unsecured and unsubordinated obligations, and senior to all our future subordinated debt. In the event of our bankruptcy, liquidation, reorganization or other winding up, although we are not permitted to incur any secured or unsecured indebtedness subject to limited exceptions, our assets that secure debt ranking senior in right of payment to the notes will be available to pay obligations on the notes only after the secured debt has been repaid in full from these assets, and subject to the guarantees discussed below, the assets of our subsidiaries will be available to pay obligations on the notes only after all claims senior to the notes which includes all liabilities of such subsidiary, including trade payables have been repaid in full. As a result, there may not be sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due on any or all of the notes then outstanding, and therefore holders of the notes may not receive the full value of their principal investment upon such winding-up of the Company.

***The notes do not contain restrictive financial covenants, other than debt incurrence and restrictions on payments, and we may take actions which may affect our ability to satisfy our obligations under the notes.***

The indenture governing the notes does not contain any financial or operating covenants (other than restrictions on our incurrence of certain other indebtedness (including secured debt) and restrictions on certain payments) by us or any of our subsidiaries. In addition, the limited covenants applicable to the notes do not require us to achieve or maintain any minimum financial results relating to our financial position or operating results. Further, the restrictions contained in the indenture governing the notes on our incurrence of certain indebtedness and the making of restricted payments is subject to a waiver provision that differs from the provisions in the indenture applicable to other waivers.

Our ability to recapitalize and take a number of other actions that are not limited by the terms of the notes could have the effect of diminishing our ability to make payments on the notes when due, including interest payments, payments of principal and payments due upon the election of a holder to require us to purchase notes upon the occurrence of a fundamental change, and require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to payments on our indebtedness, which would reduce the availability of cash flow to fund our operations, working capital and capital expenditures.

***Recent regulatory actions may adversely affect the trading price and liquidity of the notes and of the warrants and our common stock.***

We expect that many investors in, and potential purchasers of, the notes and warrants will employ, or seek to employ, a convertible arbitrage strategy with respect to the notes and warrants. Investors would typically implement such a strategy by selling short the common stock underlying the notes and warrants and dynamically adjusting their short position while continuing to hold the notes and warrants. Investors may also implement this type of strategy by entering into swaps on our common stock in lieu of or in addition to short selling the common stock. As a result, any specific rules regulating equity swaps or short selling of securities or other governmental action that interferes with the ability of market participants to effect short sales or equity swaps with respect to our common stock could adversely affect the ability of investors in, or potential purchasers of, the offered securities to conduct the convertible arbitrage strategy with respect to the notes and warrants.

The SEC and other regulatory and self-regulatory authorities have implemented various rules and taken certain actions, and may in the future adopt additional rules and take other actions, that may impact those engaging in short selling activity involving equity securities (including our common stock). Such rules and actions include Rule 201 of SEC Regulation SHO, the adoption by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and the national securities exchanges of a “Limit Up-Limit Down” program, the imposition of market-wide circuit breakers that halt trading of securities for certain periods following specific market declines, and the implementation of certain regulatory reforms required by the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010. Any governmental or regulatory action that restricts the ability of investors in, or potential purchasers of, the notes and warrants to effect short sales of our common stock, borrow our common stock or enter into swaps on our common stock could adversely affect the trading price and the liquidity of the notes and warrants.

***The adjustment to the conversion rate for notes converted in connection with a make-whole fundamental change (including a redemption) may not adequately compensate you for any lost value of your notes as a result of such transaction.***

If a make-whole fundamental change (as defined herein) occurs prior to maturity, under certain circumstances, we will increase the conversion rate of the notes by a number of additional shares of our common stock for notes converted in connection with such make-whole fundamental change. The increase in the conversion rate will be determined based on the date on which the specified corporate transaction becomes effective and the price paid (or deemed paid) per share of our common stock in such transaction, as described below under “Description of Notes—Conversion rights—Adjustment to shares of our common stock delivered upon conversion upon a make-whole fundamental change.” The adjustment to the conversion rate for notes converted in connection with a make-whole fundamental change may not adequately compensate you for any lost value of your notes as a result of such transaction. In addition, if the price paid (or deemed paid) per share of our common stock in the transaction is less than \$1.25 per share of our common stock or greater than \$20 per share of our common stock (in each case, subject to adjustment), no adjustment will be made to the conversion rate. In addition, you will not be entitled to an Early Conversion Payment for any conversion on or after the effective time of a make-whole fundamental change.

Our obligation to increase the conversion rate upon the occurrence of a make-whole fundamental change could be considered a penalty, in which case the enforceability thereof would be subject to general principles of reasonableness of economic remedies.

***Our GAAP operating results could fluctuate substantially due to the accounting for the early conversion payment features of the notes.***

Holder who convert their notes prior to September 23, 2019 will receive an Early Conversion Payment. The Early Conversion Payment feature of the notes is expected to be accounted for under Accounting Standards Codification 815, Derivatives and Hedging (“ASC 815”) as an embedded derivative.

ASC 815 requires companies to bifurcate conversion options from their host instruments and account for them as free standing derivative financial instruments according to certain criteria. The fair value of the derivative is remeasured to fair value at each balance sheet date, with a resulting non-cash gain or loss related to the change in the fair value of the derivative being charged to earnings (loss). We have tentatively determined that we must bifurcate and account for the Early Conversion Payment feature of the notes as an embedded derivative in accordance with ASC 815. We tentatively will record this embedded derivative liability as a non-current liability on our consolidated balance sheet with a corresponding debt discount at the date of issuance that is netted against the principal amount of the notes. The derivative liability is expected to be remeasured to fair value at each balance sheet date, with a resulting non-cash gain or loss related to the change in the fair value of the derivative liability being recorded in other income and loss. We expect we will estimate the fair value of these liabilities using a Monte Carlo simulation model.

We cannot predict the effect that the accounting for the notes will have on our future GAAP financial results, the trading of our common stock and the trading price of the notes, which could be material.

***The conversion rate of the notes and/or exercise price for the warrants may not be adjusted for all dilutive events.***

The conversion rate of the notes and the exercise price for the warrants are each subject to separate adjustments for certain events, including, but not limited to, the issuance of shares of our common stock without consideration or at a price per share less than the applicable conversion rate, subject to certain exceptions, the issuance of stock dividends on our common stock, the issuance of certain rights, options, or warrants, subdivisions, combinations, distributions of capital stock, evidences of indebtedness, assets or property, cash dividends and certain issuer tender offers or exchange offers as described under “Description of Notes—Conversion rights—Conversion rate adjustments” and “Description of the Warrants—Adjustments to the Warrants.” However, the conversion rate and exercise price, as applicable, will not be adjusted for all possible events, such as a third-party tender offer or exchange offer, that may adversely affect the trading price of the notes or the market price of our common stock. An event that adversely affects the value of the notes may occur, and that event may not result in an adjustment to the conversion rate.

***Some significant restructuring transactions may not constitute a fundamental change, in which case we would not be obligated to purchase the notes at the option of the holder.***

Upon the occurrence of a fundamental change, subject to certain conditions, you will have the right, at your option, to require us to purchase for cash all or any portion of your notes with a principal amount equal to \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof. However, the fundamental change provisions will not afford protection to holders of notes in the event of other transactions that do not constitute a fundamental change but that could nevertheless adversely affect the notes. For example, transactions such as leveraged recapitalizations (subject to the limitations in the indenture to incur new debt), refinancings, restructurings or acquisitions initiated by us may not constitute a fundamental change requiring us to purchase the notes. In the event of any such transaction, holders would not have the right to require us to purchase their notes, even though each of these transactions could increase the amount of our indebtedness or otherwise adversely affect our capital structure or any credit ratings, thereby adversely affecting holders of the notes.

***We may not have the ability to raise the funds necessary to repurchase the notes when required.***

Holders of the notes will have the right to require us to repurchase the notes upon the occurrence of a fundamental change at 120% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest (including additional interest), if any, as described under “Description of Notes—Fundamental Change Permits Holders to Require Us to Purchase Notes.” However, we may not have enough available cash or be able to obtain financing at the time we are required to make repurchases of the notes surrendered therefor. Our failure to repurchase surrendered notes at a time when the repurchase is required by the indenture would constitute a default under the indenture. A default under the indenture or the fundamental change itself could also lead to a default under the agreements governing other indebtedness. If the repayment of the related indebtedness were to be accelerated after any applicable notice or grace periods, we may not have sufficient funds to repay the indebtedness and repurchase the notes.

***We will not seek a rating on the notes.***

We do not intend to seek a rating on the notes. However, if a rating service were to rate the notes and if such rating service were to lower its rating on the notes below the rating initially assigned to the notes or otherwise announce its intention to put the notes on credit watch, the trading price of the notes could decline.

***There is no public market for the notes or for the warrants, which could limit their respective trading price or a holder's ability to sell them.***

The notes and warrants are new issues of securities for which there currently is no respective trading market. As a result, a market may not develop for the notes or for the warrants and holders may not be able to sell the notes or warrants. Future trading prices of the notes and of the warrants will depend on many factors, including prevailing interest rates, the market for similar securities, general economic conditions and our financial condition, performance and prospects. Accordingly, holders may be required to bear the financial risk of an investment in the notes and warrants for an indefinite period of time until their maturity. We do not intend to apply for listing or quotation of the notes or the warrants on any securities exchange or automated quotation system.

***You may experience immediate dilution in the book value per share of common stock as a result of this offering.***

Our net tangible book value as of September 30, 2016 was approximately \$(15.4) million, or \$(0.23) per share of our common stock. Our net tangible book value per share represents our total tangible assets less total liabilities divided by the number of shares of our common stock outstanding. Such amount as of September 30, 2016 excludes the shares of common stock that may be offered under this prospectus, whether as a result of a conversion of the notes or exercise of the warrants offered under this prospectus (each of which has a conversion or exercise price substantially above our book value) or issuance of shares of our common stock in connection with an early conversion payment. The purchase price of the common stock offered pursuant to this prospectus may, from time to time, be substantially higher than the net tangible book value per share of our common stock. Therefore, if you purchase shares of common stock offered under this prospectus, you will likely incur immediate and substantial dilution in the net tangible book value per share of common stock from the price per share that you pay for the common stock.

***Conversion of the notes and exercise of the warrants will dilute the ownership interest of existing stockholders, including holders who had previously converted their notes, or may otherwise depress the market price of our common stock.***

The conversion of some or all of the notes and the exercise of some or all of the warrants will dilute the ownership interests of existing stockholders. Any sales in the public market of the shares of our common stock issuable upon such conversion or such exercise could adversely affect prevailing market prices of our common stock. In addition, the existence of the notes and warrants may encourage short selling by market participants because the anticipated conversion of the notes or exercise of the warrants into shares of our common stock could depress the market price of our common stock.

***U.S. holders will recognize income for U.S. federal income tax purposes significantly in excess of interest payments on the notes, and gains, if any, recognized on a disposition of notes will generally be taxed as ordinary income.***

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, we intend to treat the notes as contingent payment debt obligations under the contingent payment debt regulations and the rest of this discussion so assumes. Accordingly, all payments on the notes, including stated interest, will be taken into account under the contingent payment debt regulations and actual cash payments of interest on the notes will not be reported separately as taxable income. As discussed more fully below, the effect of the contingent payment debt regulations will be to require a holder, regardless of such holder's usual method of tax accounting, to use the accrual method with respect to the notes. There is some uncertainty as to the proper application of the Treasury Regulations governing contingent payment debt instruments and, if the treatment described herein were to be successfully challenged by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) (the "IRS"), it might be determined that, among other things, you should have accrued interest income at a lower or higher rate, or should have recognized capital gain or loss, rather than ordinary income or loss, upon the conversion or taxable disposition of the notes. See "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Considerations."

***You may be subject to tax if we make or fail to make certain adjustments to the conversion rate of the notes, even though you will not receive a corresponding cash distribution.***

The conversion rate of the notes is subject to adjustment in certain circumstances, including the payment of cash dividends. If the conversion rate is adjusted as a result of a distribution that is taxable to our common stockholders, such as a cash dividend, you may be deemed to have received a dividend subject to U.S. federal income tax without the receipt of any cash. In addition, a failure to adjust (or to adjust adequately) the conversion rate after an event that increases your proportionate interest in the Company could be treated as a deemed taxable dividend to you. If a make-whole fundamental change occurs on or prior to the maturity date of the notes, under some circumstances, we will increase the conversion rate for notes converted in connection with the make-whole fundamental change. Such increase also may be treated as a dividends subject to U.S. federal income tax. See "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Considerations." If you are a non-U.S. holder (as defined in "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Considerations"), such a deemed dividend may be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax at a 30% rate, or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable treaty, or to backup withholding, both of which may be set off against subsequent payments of cash and common stock payable on the notes. See "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Considerations."



***Holders of the notes and warrants will not be entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock, but will be subject to all changes made with respect to our common stock.***

Holders of the notes and warrants, unless and until such holders convert their notes or exercise their warrants, will not be entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock (including, without limitation, voting rights and rights to receive any dividends or other distributions on our common stock), but holders of the notes and warrants will be subject to all changes affecting our common stock as apply to shares of our common stock issued upon the subsequent conversion of such notes or exercise of warrants. For example, if an amendment is proposed to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation requiring stockholder approval and the record date for determining the stockholders of record entitled to vote on the amendment occurs prior to the relevant conversion date, such holder will not be entitled to vote on the amendment, although such holder will nevertheless be subject to any changes in the powers, preferences or special rights of our common stock as they apply to the shares of common stock issued pursuant to such conversion of notes or exercise of warrants.

***Volatility in the market price and trading volume of our common stock could adversely impact the trading price of the notes and of the warrants.***

The stock market in recent years has experienced significant price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated to the operating performance of companies. The market price of our common stock could fluctuate significantly for many reasons, including in response to the risks described in this section, elsewhere in this prospectus or the documents incorporated by reference in this prospectus or for reasons unrelated to our operations, such as reports by industry analysts, investor perceptions or negative announcements by our customers, competitors or suppliers regarding their own performance, as well as industry conditions and general financial, economic and political instability. A decrease in the market price of our common stock would likely adversely impact the trading price of the notes and of the warrants. The market price of our common stock could also be affected by possible sales of our common stock by investors who view the notes and warrants as a more attractive means of equity participation in the Company and by hedging or arbitrage trading activity that we expect to develop involving our common stock. This trading activity could, in turn, affect the respective trading prices of the notes and warrants.

***Future sales of our common stock in the public market could lower the market price for our common stock and adversely impact the trading price of the notes and of the warrants.***

In the future, we may sell additional shares of our common stock or securities convertible into our common stock to raise capital. In addition, a substantial number of shares of our common stock is reserved for issuance upon the exercise of stock options, the vesting of restricted stock units and restricted stock pursuant to our employee benefit plans, for purchase by employees under our employee stock purchase plan, and upon conversion of the notes and exercise of the warrants. We cannot predict the size of future issuances or the effect, if any, that they may have on the market price for our common stock. The issuance and sale of substantial amounts of common stock, or the perception that such issuances and sales may occur, could adversely affect the trading price of the notes and of the warrants, and the market price of our common stock and impair our ability to raise capital through the sale of additional equity securities.

***Federal and state statutes allow courts, under specific circumstances, to void the guarantees. In such event, holders of the notes could be structurally subordinated to creditors of the guarantor.***

Federal and state statutes allow courts, under specific circumstances, to void guarantees, subordinate claims under the guarantee to the guarantor's other debt or take other action detrimental to holders of the guarantee of notes. Under the federal bankruptcy law and comparable provisions of state fraudulent transfer laws, the guarantees made by Digital Turbine's subsidiaries could be voided or subordinated to other debt for a variety of reasons. To the extent that a subsidiary guarantee were to be voided as a fraudulent conveyance or was held to be unenforceable for any other reason, holders of the notes would cease to have any claim in respect of such guarantor.

*We could lose access to our NOLs as a result of the conversion of the notes and exercises of the warrants.*

We have significant net operating losses which could be lost or impaired if delivery of shares upon conversion or exercise of notes or warrants causes an “ownership change” under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code.

*Provisions in the indenture for the notes and/or warrant agreement for the warrants may deter or prevent a business combination that may be favorable to you.*

If a fundamental change occurs prior to the maturity date of the notes, holders of the notes will have the right, at their option, to require us to repurchase all or a portion of their notes. In addition, if a make-whole fundamental change occurs prior to the maturity date of the notes, we will in some cases be required to increase the conversion rate for a holder that elects to convert its notes in connection with such fundamental change. Furthermore, the indenture for the notes prohibits us from engaging in certain mergers or acquisitions unless, among other things, the surviving entity assumes our obligations under the notes. These and other provisions in the indenture with respect to the notes and in the warrant agreement with respect to the warrants could deter or prevent a third party from acquiring us even when the acquisition may be favorable to you.

#### RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

We have computed the ratio of earnings to fixed charges for each of the following periods on a consolidated basis. You should read the following ratios in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the notes to those financial statements that are incorporated by reference in this prospectus. While there are preference securities outstanding as of the date of this prospectus, such preference securities do not accrue or otherwise pay any dividends. Therefore, the ratios of earnings to fixed charges and preference dividends are identical to the ratios of earnings to fixed charges.

	<b>Pro Forma</b>		<b>Historical</b>				
	<b>Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2016</b>	<b>Six Months Ended September 30, 2016</b>	<b>Fiscal Year Ended March 31,</b>				
	<b>(3)</b>	<b>(2)</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges (1)	(9.8)	(9.3x)	(12.3x)	(52.9x)	(10.7x)	(9.2x)	(1.3x)

- (1) The ratio of earnings to fixed charges is computed by dividing the sum of earnings before provision for taxes on income and fixed charges by fixed charges. Fixed charges represent interest expense, inclusive of amortization of debt discounts and capitalized expenses, and an appropriate interest factor for operating leases.
- (2) The deficiency in earnings necessary to achieve a 1.0x ratio was \$22.1 million for the year ended March 31, 2012, \$12.5 million for the year ended March 31, 2013, \$17.5 million for the year ended March 31, 2014, \$23.9 million for the year ended March 31, 2015 and \$27.8 million for the year ended March 31, 2016, and \$7.8 million for the six months ended September 30, 2016.
- (3) The deficiency in pro forma earnings to achieve a 1.0x pro forma ratio was \$30.4 million for the year ended March 31, 2016.
- (4) Given the issuance of the notes closed during the six month ended September 30, 2016 on September 28, 2016, the Company has included the pro forma ratio only for the most recent fiscal year ended March 31, 2016.

#### USE OF PROCEEDS

We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale or other disposition of the notes, warrants or shares of common stock offered by the selling security holders under this prospectus. However, we may receive up to approximately \$5.9 million in gross proceeds from the exercise of the warrants offered under this prospectus.

#### PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK

Our common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol “APPS”. The following table presents, for the periods indicated, the high and low closing sales prices per share of our common stock as reported on the NASDAQ Capital Market.

<b>Period</b>	<b>Price Range of Common Stock</b>	
	<b>High</b>	<b>Low</b>
<b>Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2017:</b>		
Third Quarter (through December 15, 2016)	\$ 1.08	\$ 0.56
Second Quarter	\$ 1.47	\$ 0.97
First Quarter	\$ 1.15	\$ 0.75
<b>Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2016:</b>		
Fourth Quarter	\$ 1.39	\$ 0.99
Third Quarter	\$ 1.92	\$ 1.25
Second Quarter	\$ 2.96	\$ 1.71
First Quarter	\$ 4.28	\$ 3.02
<b>Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2015:</b>		

Fourth Quarter	\$	4.09	\$	2.79
Third Quarter	\$	4.45	\$	2.99
Second Quarter	\$	5.89	\$	3.16
First Quarter	\$	4.12	\$	3.24

On December 15, 2016, the last reported sale price for our common stock on the NASDAQ Capital Market was \$0.70 per share.

As of September 30, 2016, there were approximately 161 holders of record of our common stock. The actual number of stockholders is greater than this number of record holders, and includes stockholders who are beneficial owners, but whose shares are held in street name by brokers and other nominees. This number of holders of record also does not include stockholders whose shares may be held in trust by other entities.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

We have never declared or paid cash dividends on our common stock and do not plan to pay any cash dividends in the near future. Our current policy is to retain all funds and earnings for use in the operation and expansion of our business. Payment of future dividends, if any, will be at the discretion of our board of directors after taking into account various factors, including restrictions on our ability to pay dividends under an indenture, our financial condition, operating results, current and anticipated cash needs and plans for expansion.

## DESCRIPTION OF OUR CAPITAL STOCK

*The following is a description of our common stock and preferred stock. For the complete terms of our common stock and preferred stock, please refer to our certificate of incorporation, as amended, or our certificate of incorporation, and our bylaws, as amended, or our bylaws, which have been previously filed with the SEC, and are incorporated by reference. The terms of these securities may also be affected by the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. The summary below is qualified in its entirety by reference to our certificate of incorporation and our bylaws, as either may be amended from time to time after the date of this prospectus.*

### Authorized Capitalization

We have 202,000,000 shares of capital stock authorized under our certificate of incorporation, consisting of 200,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, and 2,000,000 shares of preferred stock, of which 100,000 have been designated as Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, or Series A Preferred Stock. As of September 30, 2016, we had 66,634,006 shares of common stock outstanding and 100,000 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock outstanding, which are currently convertible into 20,000 shares of common stock. Our authorized shares of common stock and preferred stock are available for issuance without further action by our stockholders, unless such action is required by applicable law or the rules of any stock exchange or automated quotation system on which our securities may be listed or traded. If the approval of our stockholders is not so required, our board of directors may determine not to seek stockholder approval.

### Common Stock

Holders of our common stock are entitled to such dividends as may be declared by our board of directors out of funds legally available for such purpose, subject to any preferential dividend rights of any then outstanding preferred stock. The shares of common stock are neither redeemable nor convertible. Holders of common stock are not entitled to preemptive or subscription rights to purchase any of our securities under our charter documents.

Each holder of our common stock is entitled to one vote for each such share outstanding in the holder's name. No holder of common stock is entitled to cumulate votes in voting for directors.

In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, the holders of our common stock are entitled to receive pro rata our assets that are legally available for distribution, after payments of all debts and other liabilities and subject to the prior rights of any holders of preferred stock then outstanding. All of the outstanding shares of our common stock are, and the shares of common stock issued upon the conversion of any securities convertible into our common stock will be, fully paid and non-assessable.

Our common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol "APPS." American Stock Transfer is the transfer agent and registrar for our common stock. Its address is 6201 15th Avenue Brooklyn, NY 11219, and its telephone number is (800) 937-5449.

### Preferred Stock

Our certificate of incorporation permits us to issue up to 2,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more series and with rights and preferences that may be fixed or designated by our board of directors without any further action by our stockholders.

Subject to the limitations prescribed in our certificate of incorporation and under Delaware law, our certificate of incorporation authorizes the board of directors, from time to time by resolution and without further stockholder action, to provide for the issuance of shares of preferred stock, in one or more series, and to fix the designation, powers, preferences and other rights of the shares and to fix the qualifications, limitations and restrictions thereof. Although our board of directors has no present intention to issue any additional preferred stock, the issuance of preferred stock could adversely affect the rights of holders of our common stock, including with respect to voting, dividends and liquidation, by issuing shares of preferred stock with certain voting, conversion and/or redemption rights. Such issuance of preferred stock may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change of control.

Preferred stock could thus be issued quickly with terms calculated to delay or prevent a change in control of our company or to make removal of management more difficult. Additionally, the issuance of preferred stock may decrease the market price of our common stock. The number of authorized shares of preferred stock may be increased or decreased, but not decreased below the number of shares then outstanding plus the number of such shares reserved for issuance upon the exercise of outstanding options, rights or warrants or upon the conversion of any other outstanding securities issued by us that are convertible into or exercisable into preferred stock, by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of our common stock without a vote of the holders of preferred stock, or any series of preferred stock, unless a vote of any such holder is required pursuant to the terms of such series of preferred stock.

### ***Series A Convertible Preferred Stock***

We currently have 100,000 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock designated, and as of September 30, 2016, we had 100,000 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock outstanding. While shares of our Series A Preferred Stock are outstanding, holders of the Series A Preferred Stock are entitled to receive any dividends if and when declared by the Company's board of directors on the Company's common stock on an as-converted basis.

The Series A Preferred Stock is convertible at any time at the option of the holder into shares of our common stock based on dividing the original purchase price plus the amount of any accumulated but unpaid dividends, by the conversion price then in effect (as may be adjusted).

The Series A Preferred Stock is entitled to vote together with the common stock as a single class (on an as-converted to common stock basis) on any matters submitted to the holders of the Company's common stock, together with any other voting rights provided to the Series A Preferred under law or the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

The Series A Preferred Stock is entitled to receive, prior and in preference to our common stock or any other class designated as junior to the Series A Preferred Stock, upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary, or in the event of its insolvency, an amount per share equal to the greater of (i) \$10.00 per share of Series A Preferred Stock (subject to certain adjustments) or (ii) such amount per share as would have been payable had the Series A Preferred Stock been converted into our common stock immediately prior to such liquidation, dissolution or winding up. Each holder of Series A Preferred Stock also has the right to a cash-out election in the event of certain transactions, including a consolidation or merger of the Company (excluding a transaction involving a reincorporation or a merger with a wholly-owned subsidiary), a sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company, the issuance by the Company in a single or integrated transaction shares of common stock (or securities convertible into common stock) representing a majority of the shares of common stock outstanding immediately following such issuance, or any other form of acquisition where the Company is the target and a change of control occurs such that the acquirer has the power to elect a majority of the Company's board of directors.

### **Anti-Takeover Effects of Certain Provisions of Delaware Law**

The following is a summary of certain provisions of Delaware law. This summary does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the corporate law of Delaware and our certificate of incorporation and bylaws.

*Effect of Delaware Anti-Takeover Statute.* We may be subject to Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, an anti-takeover law. In general, Section 203 prohibits a Delaware corporation from engaging in any business combination with any interested stockholder for a period of three years following the date that the stockholder became an interested stockholder, unless:

- prior to that date, the board of directors of the corporation approved either the business combination or the transaction that resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder;
- upon consummation of the transaction that resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder, the interested stockholder owned at least 85% of the voting stock of the corporation outstanding at the time the transaction commenced, excluding for purposes of determining the number of shares of voting stock outstanding (but not the voting stock owned by the interested stockholder) those shares owned by persons who are directors and officers and by excluding employee stock plans in which employee participants do not have the right to determine whether shares held subject to the plan will be tendered in a tender or exchange offer; or
- on or subsequent to that date, the business combination is approved by the board of directors of the corporation and authorized at an annual or special meeting of stockholders, and not by written consent, by the affirmative vote of at least 66 $\frac{2}{3}$ % of the outstanding voting stock that is not owned by the interested stockholder.

Section 203 defines “business combination” to include the following:

- any merger or consolidation involving the corporation and the interested stockholder;
- any sale, transfer, pledge or other disposition of 10% or more of the assets of the corporation involving the interested stockholder;
- subject to certain exceptions, any transaction that results in the issuance or transfer by the corporation of any stock of the corporation to the interested stockholder;
- any transaction involving the corporation that has the effect of increasing the proportionate share of the stock of any class or series of the corporation beneficially owned by the interested stockholder; or
- the receipt by the interested stockholder of the benefit of any loans, advances, guarantees, pledges or other financial benefits provided by or through the corporation.

In general, Section 203 defines an interested stockholder as any entity or person beneficially owning 15% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation, or who beneficially owns 15% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation at any time within a three-year period immediately prior to the date of determining whether such person is an interested stockholder, and any entity or person affiliated with or controlling or controlled by any of these entities or persons.

## DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

*We issued the notes under an indenture dated as of the first date of original issuance of the notes, September 28, 2016 (the “indenture”) between us and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (the “trustee”). The terms of the notes include those expressly set forth in the indenture. A copy of the indenture, including the form of notes, and the registration rights agreement, may be read at the SEC’s website at <http://www.sec.gov> or at the SEC’s office mentioned under the heading “Where You Can Find More Information” above.*

*The following description is a summary of the material provisions of the notes, the indenture and the registration rights agreement and does not purport to be complete. This summary is subject to and is qualified by reference to all the provisions of the notes, the indenture and the registration rights agreement, including the definitions of certain terms used in the indenture. We urge you to read the indenture and the registration rights agreement because they, and not this description, define the rights as a holder of the notes.*

*Unless context otherwise requires, for purposes of this description of notes, references to “the Company,” “Digital Turbine, Inc.,” “we,” “our” and “us” refer only to Digital Turbine, Inc. and not to its subsidiaries.*

### General

The notes:

- were limited to an aggregate principal amount of \$16 million; we are not be permitted to issue any additional notes, nor to incur any new secured or unsecured indebtedness (as defined below), without the consent of the holders (each a “holder”) of two-thirds of the aggregate principal amount of the notes then outstanding, other than permitted debt (as defined below);
- bear interest at a rate of 8.75% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on September 15 and March 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2017, which interest shall be paid entirely in cash;
- have an initial conversion rate of 733.14 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$1.364 per share of our common stock) and may be converted at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date;
- with respect to any conversion prior to September 23, 2019, in addition to the shares deliverable upon conversion, will entitle holders to receive a payment in cash or stock equal to the remaining scheduled payments of interest that would have been made on the notes being converted from the date of conversion until September 23, 2019, as further described below;
- are our general unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and are unconditionally guaranteed by certain of our wholly-owned significant subsidiaries as defined under Regulation S-X as of June 30, 2016 (“guarantors”);
- rank equal in right of payment to all of our other unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness—see “—Ranking”;
- are subject to certain redemption rights at our option after September 23, 2018 if our common stock trades at 200% and 150% of the applicable conversion price for specified time periods, as described in “Provisional Redemption” below;



- are subject to purchase by us for cash at the option of the holders following the occurrence of a fundamental change (as defined below under “—Fundamental change permits holders to require us to purchase notes”), at a purchase price in cash equal to 120% of the principal amount of the notes to be purchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest, including additional interest, if any, to, but excluding, the fundamental change purchase date as described below under “— Fundamental change permits holders to require us to purchase notes”;
- are entitled to certain adjustments to the conversion price in connection with make-whole fundamental changes as described below under “— Conversion rights — Adjustment to shares of our common stock delivered upon conversion upon a make -whole fundamental change.”
- will mature on September 23, 2020 (the “maturity date”), unless earlier converted, repurchased or redeemed;
- were issued in minimum denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof;
- provide for customary adjustments of the initial conversion rate, including upon the Company’s sale of additional equity securities at a price below the then applicable conversion price, subject to certain excepted issuances (as described under “—Conversion Rights—Conversion Rate Adjustments”);
- were originally issued in the form of a global note, but in certain limited circumstances may be represented by notes in certificated form; additionally, the notes are DTC eligible and will have an unrestricted CUSIP number in connection with the effectiveness of this registration statement. See “—Global notes, book-entry form;” and
- were issued together with warrants to purchase 256.60 of our shares of common stock for each \$1,000 principal amount of notes issued, such warrants having an initial exercise price of \$1.364 per share. See the section of this prospectus entitled “Description of the Warrants”.

The guarantee of the notes are general unsecured, obligation of the guarantors.

The following definitions will apply to the notes:

“daily VWAP” means the per share volume-weighted average price as displayed under the heading “Bloomberg VWAP” on Bloomberg page “APPS <equity> AQR” (or any successor thereto if such page is not available) in respect of the period from the scheduled open of trading until the scheduled close of trading of the primary trading session on such VWAP trading day (or if such volume-weighted average price is unavailable, the market value of one share of our common stock on such VWAP trading day, determined, if practicable, using a volume-weighted average method, by an independent, nationally recognized investment banking firm retained by us for this purpose). The daily VWAP will be determined without regard to after-hours trading or any other trading outside of the regular trading session trading hours.

“trading day” means any day on which our common stock is traded on the NASDAQ Capital Market, or, if the NASDAQ Capital Market is not the principal trading market for our common stock, then on the principal securities exchange or securities market on which our common stock is then traded; provided that “trading day” shall not include any day on which our common stock is scheduled to trade on such exchange or market for less than 4.5 hours or any day that our common stock is suspended from trading during the final hour of trading on such exchange or market (or if such exchange or market does not designate in advance the closing time of trading on such exchange or market, then during the hour ending at 4:00:00 p.m., New York time).

“VWAP market disruption event” means (i) the relevant stock exchange fails to open for trading or (ii) the occurrence or existence prior to 1:00 p.m., New York City time, on any scheduled trading day for our common stock for more than a one half-hour period in the aggregate during regular trading hours, of any suspension or limitation imposed on trading (by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the relevant stock exchange or otherwise) in our common stock or in any options contracts or future contracts relating to our common stock.

“VWAP trading day” means a day on which (i) there is no VWAP market disruption event (as defined above) and (ii) trading in our common stock generally occurs on the relevant stock exchange. If our common stock (or any other security for which a daily VWAP must be determined) is not so listed or traded, “VWAP trading day” means a “business day.”

The notes may be converted into shares of our common stock at an initial conversion rate of 733.14 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$1.364 per share of our common stock) at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date.

Under the terms of the notes, no holder shall have the right to convert any notes, to the extent that after giving effect to such conversion, the issuance of shares of common stock pursuant to such conversion would exceed that aggregate number of shares of common stock which we may issue, in aggregate, pursuant to the terms of all notes and warrants without breaching our obligations under the rules or regulations of our principal market, currently the NASDAQ Capital Market (the “exchange cap”). The exchange cap will not apply in the event we obtain (i) the approval of our stockholders in accordance with the applicable rules of the principal market for issuances of shares of common stock in excess of such amount or (ii) a written determination from such principal market that such approval is not required. We have no obligation to seek stockholder approval and, even if we do, we cannot be certain that our stockholders will grant the stockholder approval. We will pay cash in lieu of any shares that would otherwise be deliverable in excess of the exchange cap. See “Issuance and Beneficial Ownership Limitations.”

In addition, no holder shall have the right to convert any notes into shares of our common stock to the extent that after giving effect to such conversion, and pursuant to the terms of all notes and warrants, the holder together with the other attribution parties collectively would beneficially own in excess of 4.99% (the “maximum percentage”) of the number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to such exercise. For purposes of the foregoing sentence, the aggregate number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by the holder and the other attribution parties shall include the number of shares of common stock held by the holder and all other attribution parties plus the number of shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants proposed to be exercised by such holder, but shall exclude the number of shares of common stock which would be issuable upon the conversion of any other notes or the exercise of any warrants beneficially owned by the warrant holder or any of the other attribution parties to the extent subject to a limitation on conversion or exercise analogous to this limitation. The term “beneficial ownership” shall be as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act and the term “attribution party” means, collectively, (i) any investment vehicle, including, any funds, feeder funds or managed accounts, directly or indirectly managed or advised by the holder's investment manager or any of its affiliates or principals, (ii) any direct or indirect affiliates of the holder or any of the foregoing, and (iii) any other persons whose beneficial ownership of our common stock would or could be aggregated with the holder's and the other attribution parties for purposes of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act. See “Issuance and Beneficial Ownership Limitations.”

Upon delivery of a written notice to us, a holder may from time to time increase or decrease the maximum percentage to any other percentage not in excess of 9.99% as specified in such notice; provided that (i) any such increase in the maximum percentage will not be effective until the 61st day after such notice is delivered to us and (ii) any such increase or decrease will apply only to such holder and the other attribution parties and not to any other holder that is not an attribution party of the holder delivering such notice.

Neither the trustee nor the conversion agent shall have any duty to monitor whether the exchange cap maximum percentage have been reached.

With respect to any conversion prior to September 23, 2019, in addition to the shares deliverable upon conversion, holders will be entitled to receive a payment equal to the remaining scheduled payments of interest that would have been made on the notes being converted from the date of conversion (or, in the case of conversion between a record date and the following interest payment date, from such interest payment date) until September 23, 2019 (the “Early Conversion Payment”). Neither the trustee nor the conversion agent shall have any duty to calculate or verify the calculations of the Early Conversion Payment. A payment equivalent to, but not more than, the Early Conversion Payment shall also be added to any redemption price. See “Provisional Redemption.”

We may pay an Early Conversion Payment either in cash or in common stock, or a combination, at our election, provided that we may only make such payment in common stock if such common stock is not subject to restrictions on transfer under the Securities Act by persons other than our affiliates, whether based on an effective registration statement covering such shares or on an applicable exemption from such registration requirement for resale thereof and if certain other “equity conditions” apply. See “Equity Conditions.” If we elect to pay an Early Conversion Payment in common stock, then the stock will be valued at 92.5% of the simple average of the daily VWAP per share for the 10 trading days ending on and including the trading day immediately preceding the conversion date.

The Company will not elect to deliver shares of its common stock on account of payment of the Early Conversion Payment to the extent the issuance of such shares of common stock would exceed, in the aggregate, the exchange cap or, as to a particular holder, such holder’s maximum percentage.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a holder elects to convert notes on or after the effective time of certain make-whole fundamental changes, such holder will not be entitled to receive the Early Conversion Payment but instead will receive additional shares, if any, as described under “— Conversion rights — Adjustment to shares of our common stock delivered upon conversion upon a make -whole fundamental change.”

The conversion rate is subject to adjustment if certain events occur. A holder surrendering its notes for conversion will not receive any separate cash payment for interest or additional interest, if any, accrued and unpaid to the conversion date except in connection with an Early Conversion Payment.

The indenture limits the amount of debt that may be issued by us or our subsidiaries under the indenture or otherwise and limits restricted payments. See “Limitation on Indebtedness” below.

The indenture does not contain any financial covenants. Other than restrictions described under “— Fundamental change permits holders to require us to purchase notes” and “—Merger, consolidation or sale of assets” below and except for the provisions set forth under “—Conversion rights—make -whole fundamental change” and “Limitation on Indebtedness,” the indenture does not contain any covenants or other provisions designed to afford holders of the notes protection in the event of a highly leveraged transaction involving us, in the event of a decline in our credit rating or as the result of a takeover, recapitalization, highly leveraged transaction or similar restructuring involving us that could adversely affect such holders.

We may also from time to time repurchase notes in open market purchases or negotiated transactions without giving prior notice to the holders of the notes. Any notes repurchased by us will be retired and no longer outstanding under the indenture.

We do not intend to list the notes on a national securities exchange or interdealer quotation system.

## **Ranking**

The notes are our general unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and rank equally in right of payment with all of our future unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness; senior in right of payment to any of our future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated to the notes; and effectively junior in right of payment to any of our secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. In the event of our bankruptcy, liquidation, reorganization or other winding up, if for any reason we were to have any secured debt, our assets that secure such secured debt will be available to pay obligations on the notes only after all indebtedness under such secured debt has been repaid in full from such assets.

As of June 30, 2016, we and our subsidiaries had approximately \$40.3 million of liabilities, including aggregate principal amount of indebtedness of \$11 million, and trade payables, but excluding intercompany liabilities and liabilities of a type not required to be reflected on a balance sheet of such subsidiaries in accordance with GAAP. Our liabilities as of June 30, 2016 included \$11 million of aggregate principal amount of indebtedness for borrowed money, all of which was secured. After giving effect to the issuance of the notes and taking into account certain transactions, our total consolidated outstanding aggregate principal amount of indebtedness at June 30, 2016 would have been \$16 million.

## **Guarantee**

The notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Digital Turbine USA, Inc., Digital Turbine Media, Inc., Digital Turbine (EMEA) Ltd. and Digital Turbine Asia Pacific Pty Ltd. If, for any reason, the Company does not make any payments of principal of, or premium, if any, and interest on, the notes when due, whether at maturity, upon redemption or by acceleration or otherwise, the guarantors will cause the payment to be made to or to the order of the trustee. The guarantee is a direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligation of each guarantor.

## **Interest**

### *General*

The notes bear interest at a rate of 8.75% per year. Interest on the notes accrue from September 28, 2016, or from the most recent date to which interest has been paid or duly provided for. Interest will be payable semiannually in arrears on September 15 and March 15 of each year (each such date, an “interest payment date”), beginning March 15, 2017. Interest will be paid to the person in whose name a note is registered at the close of business on March 1 or September 1 (whether or not such date is a business day), as the case may be, immediately preceding the relevant interest payment date (each such date, a “regular record date”). Interest on the notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months. If any interest payment date, the maturity date or any fundamental change purchase date is not a business day, payment will be made on the next succeeding business day, and no additional interest will accrue thereon. The term “business day” means any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a day on which the Federal Reserve Bank of New York or the corporate trust office is authorized or required by law or executive order to close or be closed.

Interest will cease to accrue on a note upon its maturity, conversion or repurchase.

We will pay additional interest, if any, under the circumstances described under “—Registration rights; additional interest.” At our election, we will pay additional interest, if any, under the circumstances described under “—Events of default.” Unless the context otherwise requires, all references to interest in this prospectus include additional interest, if any, payable as described under “—Registration rights” and, at our election, any failure on our part to comply with our reporting obligations as described under “—Events of default.” Any express reference to additional interest in any text of this prospectus should not be construed as excluding additional interest in any other text of this prospectus where no such express reference is made.

### *Methods of Payment of Interest*

Interest will be payable entirely in cash.

## **Provisional redemption; No Sinking Fund**

No sinking fund is provided for the notes. However, we may redeem the notes, for cash, in whole or in part, at any time after September 23, 2018, at a redemption price equal to \$1,000 per \$1,000 principal amount of the notes to be redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest, plus an additional payment (payable in cash or stock) equivalent to the amount of, and subject to equivalent terms and conditions applicable for, an Early Conversion Payment had the notes been converted on the date of redemption, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption if (1) the closing price of our common shares on the NASDAQ Capital Market has exceeded 200% of the conversion price then in effect for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during any 30 consecutive trading day period (including the last trading day of such period) ending within the five trading days immediately preceding the date on which we provide the redemption notice, (2) for the 15 consecutive trading days following the last trading day on which the closing price of our common shares was equal to or greater than 200% of the conversion price in effect on such trading day for the purpose of the foregoing clause, the closing price of our common shares remains equal to or greater than 150% of the conversion price in effect on the given trading day and (3) we are in compliance with certain “equity conditions”. See “Equity Conditions.”

## Conversion rights

### *General*

At any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date of the notes, the notes will be convertible into shares of our common stock at the option of the holder. The conversion rate will initially be 733.14 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$1.364 per share of our common stock). The trustee will initially act as the conversion agent.

The Company will not be obligated to issue shares of its common stock upon conversion of the notes to the extent the issuance of such shares of common stock would cause the aggregate number of shares issued in payment of interest on the notes and shares issued upon conversion of the notes (including any shares issued in connection with an Early Conversion Payment or certain fundamental changes), exercise of the warrants, and any anti-dilution terms described in the indenture or warrant agreement to exceed, in the aggregate, the exchange cap, or as to a specific holder, such holder's maximum percentage, unless we have obtained stockholder approval in accordance with the applicable rules of the principal market to issue shares in excess of the exchange cap or such principal market confirms to us such exchange cap does not apply. The Company will pay cash in lieu of any shares that would otherwise be deliverable in excess of the exchange cap. See "Issuance and Beneficial Ownership Limitations."

If a holder of notes has submitted notes for purchase upon a fundamental change, such holder may convert such notes only if such holder first withdraws the related purchase election.

Upon any conversion of notes for which the conversion date is prior to September 23, 2019, in addition to the shares deliverable upon conversion, a holder will be entitled to receive a payment equal to the Early Conversion Payment. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a holder elects to convert notes on or after the effective time of a make-whole fundamental change (as defined below), such holder will not be entitled to receive the Early Conversion Payment but instead will receive additional shares, if any, as described under "—Adjustment to shares of our common stock delivered upon conversion upon a make-whole fundamental change." However, on conversion of notes prior to the effective time of a make-whole fundamental change, the holder will be entitled to receive the Early Conversion Payment. However, if a note is converted after a record date and on or before the following interest payment date, interest will be paid on the interest payment date to the registered holder on the record date, rather than upon conversion.

We will not issue fractional shares upon conversion of notes. Instead, we will round up or down to the nearest share. Our delivery to a holder of the full number of shares of our common stock, together with any Early Conversion Payment, if applicable, into which such holder's note is convertible, will be deemed to satisfy in full our obligation to pay the principal amount of such note. In addition to the Early Conversion Payment, on conversion of a note, the holder will receive a payment of accrued and unpaid interest, and additional interest, if any, on such holder's note to, but excluding, the conversion date (in the form of shares of our common stock or cash based on the payment method chosen by us for the Early Conversion Payment).

The conversion rate and the equivalent conversion price in effect at any given time are referred to as the "applicable conversion rate" and the "applicable conversion price," respectively, and will be subject to adjustment as described below. The applicable conversion price at any given time will be computed by dividing \$1,000 by the applicable conversion rate at such time. A holder may convert fewer than all of such holder's notes so long as the principal amount of notes converted is equal to \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

Therefore, for the avoidance of doubt, all record holders on the regular record date immediately preceding an interest payment date (or any fundamental change repurchase date that is on or prior to such interest payment date) will receive the full interest payment on the interest payment date or fundamental change repurchase date regardless of whether their notes have been converted following such regular record date.

If a holder converts notes, we will pay any documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax or duty due on the issue of any shares of our common stock upon such conversion, unless the tax is due because the holder requests any shares of our common stock to be issued in a name other than the holder's name, in which case the holder will pay such tax.

The "last reported sale price" of our common stock on any trading day means the closing sale price per share of our common stock (or if no closing sale price is reported, the average of the bid and ask prices or, if more than one in either case, the average of the average bid and/or the average ask prices) of our common stock on that trading day as reported in composite transactions for the principal United States national or regional securities exchange on which our common stock is traded.

If our common stock is not listed for trading on a United States national or regional securities exchange on the relevant trading day, the "last reported sale price" of our common stock will be the last quoted bid price per share of our common stock in the over-the-counter market on the relevant trading day as reported by OTC Markets Group Inc. or similar organization selected by us. If our common stock is not so quoted, the "last reported sale price" of our common stock will be the average of the mid-point of the last bid and ask prices per share of our common stock on the relevant date from a nationally recognized independent investment banking firm selected by us for this purpose.

For purposes hereof, "trading day" means a day during which (i) trading in securities generally occurs on the principal United States national or regional securities exchange on which our common stock is then listed or admitted for trading or, if our common stock is not then listed or admitted for trading on a United States national or regional securities exchange, on the principal other market on which our common stock is then traded, and (ii) a last reported sale price for our common stock is available on such securities exchange or market. If our common stock is not so listed or traded, "trading day" means a business day.

### ***Conversion procedures***

If you hold a beneficial interest in a global note, to convert you must comply with DTC procedures for converting a beneficial interest in a global note and, if required, pay funds equal to interest payable on the next interest payment date to which you are not entitled and, if required, pay all documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer taxes or duties, if any.

If you hold a certificated note, to convert you must:

- complete and manually sign the conversion notice on the back of the note, or a facsimile of the conversion notice;
- deliver the conversion notice, which is irrevocable, and the note to the conversion agent;
- if required, furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents;
- if required, pay all documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer taxes or duties; and
- if required, pay funds equal to interest payable on the next interest payment date to which you are not entitled.

The date such holder complies with these requirements is the conversion date under the indenture.

If you have already delivered a purchase notice as described under “—Fundamental change permits holders to require us to purchase notes” with respect to a note, you may not surrender that note for conversion until you have withdrawn the notice in accordance with the indenture. If you have surrendered your note for a required purchase in connection with a fundamental change, your right to withdraw the fundamental change purchase notice and convert the notes that are subject to such required purchase will terminate at the close of business on (i) the business day immediately preceding the relevant fundamental change purchase date or (ii) in the case of a default by us in the payment of the fundamental change purchase price (as defined below) with respect to such notes, the business day immediately preceding the day on which such default is no longer continuing.

#### ***Delivery upon conversion***

Upon conversion of the notes, we will deliver to a converting holder a number of shares of our common stock equal to (i) the aggregate principal amount of notes to be converted divided by \$1,000, multiplied by (ii) the applicable conversion rate. We will deliver such shares of our common stock, and the Early Conversion Payment, if applicable, on the third trading day immediately following the relevant conversion date. We will not issue fractional shares upon conversion of notes. Instead, we will round up or down to the nearest share. Our delivery to a converting holder of the full number of shares of our common stock, together with any Early Conversion Payment, if applicable, into which a converting holder’s note is convertible, will be deemed to satisfy in full our obligation to pay the principal amount of such note. In addition, a converting holder shall receive a payment in the form of either cash or common stock, based on the payment method chosen by us for an Early Conversion Payment if then due, in an amount equal to the accrued and unpaid interest, and additional interest, if any, on the converting holder’s note to, but excluding, the conversion date.

Each conversion will be deemed to have been effected as to any notes surrendered for conversion on the conversion date for such notes and the converting note holder will become the record holder of any shares of our common stock due upon such conversion as of the close of business on such conversion date.

#### ***Settlement of conversions with an Early Conversion Payment***

If a converting holder surrenders their notes for conversion prior to September 23, 2019 (other than conversions on or after the effective time of a make-whole fundamental change), the converting holder will receive, on the third trading day immediately following the relevant conversion date, in addition to the number of shares deliverable upon conversion as described under “—Delivery upon conversion” (including cash in lieu of any fractional share), cash or common stock (subject to the exchange cap) equal to the Early Conversion Payment.

We may pay an Early Conversion Payment either in cash or in common stock, at our election, provided that we may only make such payment in common stock if such common stock is not subject to restrictions on transfer under the Securities Act by persons other than our affiliates, whether based on the effectiveness of the registration statement or on an applicable exemption from such registration requirement for resale thereof and if we satisfy certain other “equity conditions” in the indenture. If we elect to pay an Early Conversion Payment in common stock, then the stock will be valued at 92.5% of the simple average of the daily VWAP per share for the 10 trading days ending on and including the trading day immediately preceding the conversion date.

The Company may not pay an Early Conversion Payment in common stock to the extent the issuance of such shares of common stock would result in a failure of certain equity conditions. See “Equity Conditions.” On each interest payment date, we will deliver a notice to the trustee and to the holders of our election to pay Early Conversion Payments in cash or in common stock for conversions of notes that occur between such date and the next interest payment date. Subject to compliance with the equity conditions, for any conversions prior to September 23, 2019, we intend to make the Early Conversion Payment, (but not the related payment of accrued interest to, but excluding, the conversion date, which we would pay in cash), in common stock.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a holder elects to convert notes on or after the effective time of a make-whole fundamental change, such holder will not be entitled to receive the Early Conversion Payment but instead will receive additional shares, if any, as described under “—Conversion rights—Adjustment to shares of our common stock delivered upon conversion upon a make-whole fundamental change.” However, on conversion of notes prior to the effective time of a make-whole fundamental change, the holder will be entitled to receive the Early Conversion Payment.

## Issuance and Beneficial Ownership Limitations

*Stock Exchange Cap on Issuances.* No holder shall have the right to convert any notes, to the extent that after giving effect to such conversion, the issuance of shares of common stock pursuant to such conversion would exceed that aggregate number of shares of common stock which we may issue, in aggregate, pursuant to the terms of all notes and warrants without breaching our obligations under the rules or regulations of our principal market (the “exchange cap”).

The term “principal market” means, as of the date hereof, the NASDAQ Capital Market or from time to time the principal national securities exchange or over-the-counter market where the common stock is then traded.

The exchange cap will not apply in the event we obtain (i) the approval of our stockholders in accordance with the applicable rules of the principal market for issuances of shares of common stock in excess of such amount or (ii) a written determination from such principal market that such approval is not required. We have agreed to call and hold a stockholders’ meeting to seek such stockholder approval not later than January 15, 2017 and are further obligated to seek an approval if approval is not obtained at such meeting. However, we cannot be certain that our stockholders will grant the stockholder approval. Until such approval is obtained, no holder shall be issued in the aggregate, upon conversion of any notes or exercise of any of the warrants or otherwise pursuant to the terms of the indenture or under the warrant agreement, shares of our common stock in an amount greater than the product of (i) the exchange cap multiplied by (ii) the quotient of (A) the aggregate number of shares of our common stock underlying the notes and warrants initially purchased by such holder from the initial purchaser on, and determined as of, the issue date (for clarity, as if the notes and warrants had been converted and exercised in full on the original issuance date, prior to any adjustments that may later occur with respect to the applicable conversion or exercise price) divided by (B) the aggregate number of shares of our common stock underlying the all notes and all warrants initially purchased by all holders from the initial purchaser on, and determined as of, the issue date (for clarity, as if the notes and warrants had been converted and exercised in full on the original issuance date, prior to any adjustments that may later occur with respect to the applicable conversion or exercise price) (with respect to each holder, the “exchange cap allocation”).

In the event that any holder shall sell or otherwise transfer any of such holder’s notes and/or warrants, the transferee shall be allocated a pro rata portion of such holder’s exchange cap allocation based on the relative number of underlying shares determined as of the issue date with respect to such portion of such notes and warrants so transferred, and the restrictions of the prior sentence shall apply to such transferee with respect to the portion of the exchange cap allocation so allocated to such transferee. Upon conversion and exercise in full of a holder’s notes and warrants, the difference (if any) between such holder’s exchange cap allocation and the number of shares of our common stock actually issued to such holder upon such holder’s conversion in full of such holder’s notes and exercise in full of such warrants shall be allocated to the respective exchange cap allocations of the remaining holders of notes and holders of warrants on a pro rata basis in proportion to the shares of our common stock then underlying the notes and warrants held by each such holder of notes and warrants, as applicable, at such time.

In the event that we are prohibited from issuing shares of our common stock pursuant to the exchange cap (other than in connection with the early conversion payment, which has a different means of setting the cash payment (the “exchange cap shares”), we shall pay cash in exchange for the cancellation of such shares of our common stock at a price equal to the product of (x) such number of exchange cap shares and (y) the simple average of the daily VWAP for our common stock for the 10 consecutive VWAP trading days ending on and included the VWAP trading day immediately prior to the conversion date (the “exchange cap share cancellation amount”); provided, that no exchange cap share cancellation amount shall be due and payable to the holder to the extent that (x) on or prior to the third trading day immediately following the conversion date, the exchange cap allocation of a holder is increased (whether by assignment by a holder of notes and/or warrants or all, or any portion, of such holder’s exchange cap allocation or otherwise) (an “exchange cap allocation increase”) and (y) after giving effect to such exchange cap allocation increase, we deliver the applicable exchange cap shares to the holder (or its designee) on or prior to the third trading day immediately following the conversion date.



*Beneficial Ownership Limitation on Conversions.* No holder shall have the right to convert any notes into shares of our common stock to the extent that after giving effect to such conversion, and pursuant to the terms of all notes and warrants, the holder together with the other attribution parties collectively would beneficially own in excess of 4.99% (the “maximum percentage”) of the number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to such exercise. For purposes of the foregoing sentence, the aggregate number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by the holder and the other attribution parties shall include the number of shares of common stock held by the holder and all other attribution parties plus the number of shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants proposed to be exercised by such holder, but shall exclude the number of shares of common stock which would be issuable upon the conversion of any other notes or the exercise of any warrants beneficially owned by the warrant holder or any of the other attribution parties to the extent subject to a limitation on conversion or exercise analogous to this limitation. The term “beneficial ownership” shall be as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act and the term “attribution party” means, collectively, (i) any investment vehicle, including any funds, feeder funds or managed accounts, directly or indirectly managed or advised by the holder's investment manager or any of its affiliates or principals, (ii) any direct or indirect affiliates of the holder or any of the foregoing, and (iii) any other persons whose beneficial ownership of our common stock would or could be aggregated with the holder's and the other attribution parties for purposes of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act.

Upon delivery of a written notice to us, a holder may from time to time increase or decrease the maximum percentage to any other percentage not in excess of 9.99% as specified in such notice; provided that (i) any such increase in the maximum percentage will not be effective until the 61st day after such notice is delivered to us and (ii) any such increase or decrease will apply only to such holder and the other attribution parties and not to any other holder that is not an attribution party of the holder delivering such notice.

If we receive a conversion notice from a holder at a time when the actual number of outstanding shares of common stock is less than the reported outstanding share number, we shall (i) notify the holder in writing of the number of shares of common stock then outstanding and, to the extent that such conversion notice would otherwise cause the holder's beneficial ownership to exceed the maximum percentage, the holder must notify us of a reduced number of shares of common stock to be acquired pursuant to such conversion notice (the number of shares by which such purchase is reduced, the “reduction shares”) and (ii) as soon as reasonably practicable, we shall return to the holder the notes that were to be converted into the reduction shares.

In any case, the number of outstanding shares of common stock shall be determined after giving effect to the conversion or exercise of securities of the Company, including any warrants and notes, by the holder and any other attribution party since the date as of which the reported outstanding share number was reported. In the event that the issuance of shares of common stock to the holder upon conversion of a note results in the holder and the other attribution parties being deemed to beneficially own, in the aggregate, more than the maximum percentage of the number of outstanding shares of common stock (as determined under Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act), the number of shares so issued by which the holder's and the other attribution parties' aggregate beneficial ownership exceeds the maximum percentage (the “excess shares”) shall be deemed null and void and shall be cancelled ab initio, and the holder shall not have the power to vote or to transfer the excess shares. As soon as reasonably practicable after the issuance of the excess shares has been deemed null and void, we shall return to the holder the notes that were to be converted into the excess shares.

#### ***Conversion rate adjustments***

The conversion rate will be adjusted as described below, except that we will not make any adjustments to the conversion rate if holders of the notes participate (other than in the case of a share split or share combination), at the same time and upon the same terms as holders of shares of our common stock and solely as a result of holding the notes, in any of the transactions described below, without having to convert their notes, as if they held a number of shares of our common stock equal to the applicable conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the adjustment thereof in respect of such transaction, *multiplied* by the principal amount of notes held by such holders, divided by \$1,000 (but the adjustment shall never result in our having to issue shares below their par value).

- (1) If we issue shares of our common stock as a dividend or distribution on our common stock, or if we effect a share split or share combination, the conversion rate will be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_1}{OS_0}$$

where,

$CR_0$  = the conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the open of business on the ex-dividend date of such dividend or distribution, or immediately prior to the open of business on the effective date of such share split or share combination, as applicable;

$CR_1$  = the conversion rate in effect immediately after the open of business on such ex-dividend date or effective date;

$OS_0$  = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately prior to the open of business on such ex-dividend date or effective date; and

$OS_1$  = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to such dividend, distribution, share split or share combination.

Any adjustment made pursuant to this clause (1) will become effective immediately after the open of business on the ex-dividend date for such dividend or distribution, or immediately after the open of business on the effective date for such share split or share combination, as applicable. If any dividend or distribution of the type described in this clause (1) is declared but not so paid or made, the conversion rate will be immediately readjusted, effective as of the date our board of directors determines not to pay such dividend or distribution, to the conversion rate that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared or announced. For the avoidance of doubt, if the application of the foregoing formula would result in a decrease in the conversion rate, no adjustment to the conversion rate will be made (other than (i) as a result of a reverse share split or share combination or (ii) with respect to our right to readjust the conversion rate as described in the immediately preceding sentence).

- (2) If we issue and sell shares of our common stock in a qualified financing at a price per share less than the applicable conversion price in effect on the trading day immediately preceding the date of such issuance or sale, the conversion rate will be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{(OS_0 + X)}{(OS_0 + Y)}$$

where,

$CR_0$  = the conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the open of business on the date of such issuance or sale (or deemed issuance);

$CR_1$  = the conversion rate in effect immediately after the open of business on the date of such issuance or sale (or deemed issuance);

$OS$  = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately prior to the open of business on the date of such issuance or sale (or deemed issuance);

$X$  = the total number of shares of our common stock issued or sold (or deemed issued) on such date; and

$Y$  = the number of shares of our common stock equal to the quotient of (A) the aggregate purchase price of the shares of common stock issued or sold (or deemed issued) and (B) the conversion price of the notes on the trading day immediately preceding such issuance or sale (or deemed issuance).

For purposes of the conversion price adjustment described in this clause (2), the term “qualified financing” means the sale by us of shares of our common stock or securities convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, our common stock, provided that a qualified financing shall not include any of the following issuances by us: (i) shares of our common stock or options to purchase shares of our common stock issued to directors, officers, employees of or consultants of the Company or our subsidiaries for services rendered to the Company pursuant to an approved stock plan, provided that the exercise price of any such options is not lowered, none of such options are amended to increase the number of shares issuable thereunder and none of the terms or conditions of any such options are otherwise materially changed in any manner that adversely affects any of the holders’ interests in the notes; (ii) shares of our common stock issued upon the conversion or exercise of convertible securities or warrants (other than options covered by clause (i) above) issued prior to the issue date, provided that the conversion price of any such convertible securities or warrants (other than options covered by clause (i) above) is not lowered other than pursuant to anti-dilution (including price-based anti-dilution) features that are currently in existence as of the issue date and are not amended after the issue date, none of such convertible securities or warrants (other than options covered by clause (i) above) are amended to increase the number of shares issuable thereunder and none of the terms or conditions of any such convertible securities or warrants (other than options covered by clause (i) above) are otherwise materially changed in any manner that adversely affects any of the holders’ interests in the notes; (iii) the shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of the notes or otherwise pursuant to the terms of the notes; (iv) the shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants; and (v) shares of our common stock, options, warrants and convertible securities issued pursuant to equipment purchases, strategic mergers or acquisitions of other assets or businesses, or strategic licensing or development transactions; provided that (x) the primary purpose of such issuance is not to raise capital as determined in good faith by our Board of Directors, (y) the purchaser or acquirer of such shares of our common stock in such issuance solely consists of either (1) the actual participants in such strategic licensing or development transactions, (2) the actual owners of such assets or securities acquired in such merger or acquisition or (3) the shareholders, partners or members of the foregoing persons, and (z) the number or amount (as the case may be) of such shares of our common stock issued to such person by us shall not be disproportionate to such person’s actual participation in such strategic licensing or development transactions or ownership of such assets or securities to be acquired by us (as applicable).

“approved stock plan” means any and all currently existing or future equity incentive plans or agreements providing for issuance, upon approval by our board of directors or a duly authorized committee or delegee thereof, of shares of our common stock, options to purchase our common stock or other securities of, or exchangeable for, the Company to the employees, officers, directors and/or consultants of the Company or its subsidiaries, in each case, that are approved by shareholders or are inducement plans under the rules and regulations of the principal market. For the purpose of the above calculation, the number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately prior to the opening of business on the date of such issuance or sale will be calculated on a fully diluted basis, as if all then outstanding options, warrants and other convertible securities had been fully exercised or converted (and the resulting securities fully converted into shares of common stock, if so convertible) as of such date.

Any adjustment made pursuant to the above calculation will become effective immediately following the opening of business on the date of such issuance or sale.

In the event we issue any options or convertible securities or fix a record date for the determination of holders of any class of securities then entitled to receive any such options or convertible securities, then the maximum number of shares (as set forth in the instrument relating thereto without regard to any provisions contained therein designed to protect against dilution) of common stock issuable upon the exercise of such options or, in the case of convertible securities and options therefor, the conversion or exchange of such convertible securities, will be deemed to be shares of common stock issued as of the time of such issuance or, in case such a record date will have been fixed, as of the close of business on such record date provided, however, that in any such case in which shares of common stock are deemed to be issued no further adjustments to the applicable conversion rate will be made upon the subsequent issue of convertible securities or shares of common stock upon the exercise of such options or conversion or exchange of such convertible securities. The consideration per share received by us for shares of common stock deemed to have been issued pursuant to this paragraph relating to options and convertible securities will be determined by dividing:

(a) the total amount, if any, received or receivable by us as consideration for the issuance of such options or convertible securities, plus the minimum aggregate amount of additional consideration (as set forth in the instruments relating thereto, without regard to any provision contained therein designed to protect against dilution) payable to us upon the exercise of such options or the conversion or exchange of such convertible securities, or in the case of options for convertible securities, the exercise of such options for convertible securities and the conversion or exchange of such convertible securities, by

(b) the maximum number of shares of common stock (as set forth in the instruments relating thereto, without regard to any provision contained therein designed to protect against the dilution) issuable upon the exercise of such options or conversion or exchange of such convertible securities, or in the case of options for convertible securities, the exercise of such options for convertible securities and the conversion or exchange of such convertible securities.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the terms of any option or convertible security, the issuance of which resulted in an adjustment to the conversion rate of the notes pursuant to this clause (2), are revised as a result of an amendment to such terms or any other adjustment excluding automatic adjustments to such terms pursuant to anti-dilution or similar provisions of such option or convertible security) to provide for either (i) any increase or decrease in the number of shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise, conversion and/or exchange of any such option or convertible security or (ii) any increase or decrease in the consideration payable to us upon such exercise, conversion and/or exchange, then effective upon such increase or decrease becoming effective, the conversion rate of the notes computed upon the original issue of such option or convertible security (or upon the occurrence of a record date with respect thereto) will be readjusted to such conversion rate as would have obtained had such revised terms been in effect upon the original date of issuance of such option or convertible security; provided, however, that any adjustments to the conversion rate pursuant to this paragraph will not be effective with respect to any notes that have been converted prior to the date of any of the actions described in this paragraph.

(3) If we distribute to all or substantially all holders of shares of our common stock any rights, options or warrants entitling them for a period of not more than 60 calendar days after the date of such distribution to subscribe for or purchase shares of our common stock, at a price per share less than the average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading-day period ending on, and including, the trading day immediately preceding the date of announcement of such distribution, the conversion rate will be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_0 + X}{OS_0 + Y}$$

where,

$CR_0$  = the conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the open of business on the ex-dividend date for such distribution;

- CR<sub>1</sub> = the conversion rate in effect immediately after the open of business on such ex-dividend date;
- OS = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately prior to the open of business on such ex-dividend date;
- X = the total number of shares of our common stock issuable pursuant to such rights, options or warrants; and
- Y = the number of shares of our common stock equal to the aggregate price payable to exercise such rights, options or warrants divided by the average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading-day period ending on, and including, the trading day immediately preceding the date of announcement of the distribution of such rights, options or warrants.

The foregoing increase in the conversion rate will be successively made whenever any such rights, options or warrants are distributed and will become effective immediately after the open of business on the ex-dividend date for such distribution. If such rights, options or warrants are not so distributed, the conversion rate will be immediately decreased to the conversion rate that would then be in effect if such ex-dividend date for such distribution had not occurred. In addition, to the extent that shares of our common stock are not delivered after the expiration of such rights, options or warrants, the conversion rate will be immediately decreased to the conversion rate that would then be in effect had the increase made for the distribution of such rights, options or warrants been made on the basis of delivery of only the number of shares of our common stock actually delivered. For the avoidance of doubt, if the application of the foregoing formula would result in a decrease in the conversion rate, no adjustment to the conversion rate will be made (other than with respect to our right to readjust the conversion rate as described in the two immediately preceding sentences).

In determining whether any rights, options or warrants entitle the holders of shares of our common stock to subscribe for or purchase shares of our common stock at less than such average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock for the 10 consecutive trading day period ending on, and including, the trading day immediately preceding the date of announcement of such distribution, and in determining the aggregate offering price of such shares of our common stock, there will be taken into account any consideration received by us for such rights, options or warrants and any amount payable upon exercise or conversion thereof, the value of such consideration, if other than cash, to be determined by our board of directors.

(4) If we distribute shares of our capital stock, evidences of our indebtedness, other assets or property of ours or rights, options or warrants to acquire our capital stock or other securities (the “distributed property”), to all or substantially all holders of shares of our common stock, excluding

- dividends or distributions of our common stock or rights, options or warrants as to which an adjustment was effected pursuant to clause (1) or (2) above;
- dividends or distributions paid exclusively in cash as to which an adjustment was effected pursuant to clause (5) below; and
- spin-offs to which the provisions set forth below in this clause (4) will apply; then the conversion rate will be increased based on the following formula

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{SP_0}{SP_0 - FMV}$$

where,

CR<sub>0</sub> = the conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the open of business on the ex-dividend date for such distribution;

CR<sub>1</sub> = the conversion rate in effect immediately after the open of business on such ex-dividend date;

SP<sub>0</sub> = the average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading-day period ending on, and including, the trading day immediately preceding the ex-dividend date for such distribution; and

FMV = the fair market value (as determined by our board of directors) of the distributed property distributed with respect to each outstanding share of our common stock on the ex-dividend date for such distribution;

*provided* that if “FMV” as set forth above is equal to or greater than “SP<sub>0</sub>” as set forth above, in lieu of the foregoing increase, adequate provision will be made so that each holder of a note will receive on the date on which the distributed property is distributed to holders of shares of our common stock, for each \$1,000 principal amount of notes, the amount and kind of distributed property that such holder would have received had such holder owned a number of shares of our common stock equal to the conversion rate on the ex-dividend date for such distribution; *provided, further* that if our board of directors determines for purposes of the foregoing increase by reference to the actual or when-issued trading market for any securities, it must in doing so consider the prices in such market over the same period used in computing the average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock for purposes of determining “SP<sub>0</sub>” as set forth above.

An increase in the conversion rate made pursuant to the immediately preceding paragraph will become effective immediately after the open of business on the ex-dividend date for such distribution. If such distribution is not so paid or made, the conversion rate will be decreased to be the conversion rate that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared. For the avoidance of doubt, if the application of the foregoing formula would result in a decrease in the conversion rate, no adjustment to the conversion rate will be made (other than with respect to our right to readjust the conversion rate as described in the immediately preceding sentence).

With respect to an adjustment pursuant to this clause (4) where there has been a payment of a dividend or other distribution on shares of our common stock of capital stock of any class or series, or similar equity interest, of or relating to a subsidiary, or other business unit or affiliate, of ours where such capital stock or similar equity interest is listed or quoted (or will be listed or quoted upon consummation of the spin-off) on a major U.S. or non-U.S. securities exchange, which we refer to as a “spin-off,” the conversion rate will be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{FMV_0 + MP_0}{MP_0}$$

where,

CR<sub>0</sub> = the conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the end of the valuation period (as defined below);

CR<sub>1</sub> = the conversion rate in effect immediately after the end of the valuation period;

FMV<sub>0</sub> = the average of the last reported sale prices of the capital stock or similar equity interest distributed to holders of shares of our common stock applicable to one share of our common stock (determined for purposes of the definition of “last reported sale price” (i) as if such capital stock or similar equity interest were our common stock, (ii) by reference to such major non-U.S. securities exchange, if applicable, and (iii) by converting such last reported sales price into U.S. dollars, if applicable) over the first 10 consecutive trading-day period after, and including, the ex-dividend date of the spin-off (the “valuation period”); and

MP<sub>0</sub> = the average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock over the valuation period.

The adjustment to the conversion rate under the preceding paragraph will occur on the last trading day of the valuation period; *provided* that in respect of any conversion during the valuation period, references with respect to 10 consecutive trading days will be deemed replaced with such lesser number of trading days as have elapsed from, and including, the ex-dividend date of such spin-off to, and including, the conversion date in determining the applicable conversion rate. If any dividend or distribution that constitutes a spin-off is declared but not so paid or made, the conversion rate will be immediately decreased, effective as of the date our board of directors or a committee thereof determines not to pay such dividend or distribution, to the conversion rate that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared. For the avoidance of doubt, if the application of the foregoing formula would result in a decrease in the conversion rate, no adjustment to the conversion rate will be made (other than with respect to our right to readjust the conversion rate as described in the immediately preceding sentence).

- (5) If any cash dividend or distribution is paid or made to all or substantially all holders of shares of our common stock, the conversion rate will be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{SP_0}{SP_0 - C}$$

where,

$CR_0$  = the conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the open of business on the ex-dividend date for such dividend or distribution;

$CR_1$  = the conversion rate in effect immediately after the open of business on the ex-dividend date for such dividend or distribution;

$SP_0$  = the average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading-day period ending on, and including, the trading day immediately preceding the ex-dividend date for such dividend or distribution; and

$C$  = the amount in cash per share we distribute to holders of shares of our common stock.

The increase in the conversion rate under the preceding paragraph will become effective immediately after the open of business on the ex-dividend date for such dividend or distribution. If such dividend or distribution is not so paid or made, the conversion rate will be immediately decreased, effective as of the date our board of directors determined not to pay or make such dividend or distribution, to the conversion rate that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared. For the avoidance of doubt, if the application of the foregoing formula would result in a decrease in the conversion rate, no adjustment to the conversion rate will be made (other than with respect to our right to readjust the conversion rate as described in the immediately preceding sentence).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if “C” (as defined above) is equal to or greater than “SP0” (as defined above), in lieu of the foregoing increase, each holder of a note will receive, for each \$1,000 principal amount of notes, at the same time and upon the same terms as holders of shares of our common stock, the amount of cash that such holder would have received if such holder owned a number of shares of our common stock equal to the conversion rate in effect on the ex-dividend date for such dividend or distribution.

- (6) If we or any of our subsidiaries make a payment in respect of a tender offer or exchange offer for shares of our common stock, to the extent that the cash and value of any other consideration included in the payment per share of our common stock exceeds the average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock over the first 10 consecutive trading-day period immediately following, and including, the trading day next succeeding the last date on which tenders or exchanges may be made pursuant to such tender offer or exchange offer, the conversion rate will be increased based on the following formula: on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{AC + (SP_1 \times OS_1)}{OS_0 \times SP_1}$$

- $CR_0$  = the conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the close of business on the 10th trading day immediately following, and including, the trading day next succeeding the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires;
- $CR_1$  = the conversion rate in effect immediately after the close of business on the 10th trading day immediately following, and including, the trading day next succeeding the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires;
- $AC$  = the aggregate value of all cash and any other consideration (as determined by our board of directors) paid or payable for shares of our common stock purchased in such tender offer or exchange offer;
- $OS_0$  = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately prior to the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires (prior to giving effect to the purchase of all shares of our common stock accepted for purchase or exchange in such tender offer or exchange offer);
- $OS_1$  = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately after the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires (after giving effect to the purchase of all shares of our common stock accepted for purchase or exchange in such tender offer or exchange offer);and
- $SP_1$  = the average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock over the first 10 consecutive trading-day period immediately following, and including, the trading day next succeeding the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires.

The increase in the conversion rate under the preceding paragraph will occur at the close of business on the 10th trading day immediately following, and including, the trading day next succeeding the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires but will be given effect immediately after the close of business on date such tender offer or exchange offer expires; *provided* that in respect of any conversion within the first 10 consecutive trading-day period immediately following, and including, the date any such tender offer or exchange offer expires, references to 10 consecutive trading days will be deemed replaced with such lesser number of trading days as have elapsed from, and including, the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires to, and including, the conversion date in determining the applicable conversion rate.

If we are obligated to purchase shares of our common stock pursuant to any such tender offer or exchange offer, but we are ultimately prevented by applicable law from effecting all or any portion of such purchases or all such purchases are rescinded, the conversion rate will immediately be readjusted to the conversion rate that would then be in effect if such tender offer or exchange offer had not been made or had been made only in respect of the purchases that had been effected. For the avoidance of doubt, if the application of the foregoing formula would result in a decrease in the conversion rate, no adjustment to the conversion rate will be made (other than with respect to our right to readjust the conversion rate as described in the immediately preceding sentence).



Except as stated herein, we will not adjust the conversion rate for the issuance of shares of our common stock or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of our common stock or the right to purchase shares of our common stock or such convertible or exchangeable securities.

As used in this section, “ex-dividend date” means the first date on which the shares of our common stock trade on the applicable exchange or in the applicable market, regular way, without the right to receive the issuance, dividend or distribution in question, from us or, if applicable, from the seller of our common stock on such exchange or market (in the form of due bills or otherwise) as determined by such exchange or market and “effective date” means the first date on which the shares of our common stock trade on the applicable exchange or applicable market, regular way, reflecting the relevant share split or share combination, as applicable.

Notwithstanding the above, we may be limited by the exchange cap and by any other rules imposed by the NASDAQ Capital Market and, if applicable, any other securities exchange on which any of our securities are then listed in the amount by which we may increase the conversion rate pursuant to the events described in clauses (2) through (6) above and as described in “—Adjustment to shares of our common stock delivered upon conversion upon a make-whole fundamental change” below. See also “Issuance and Beneficial Ownership Limitations.”

To the extent permitted by law and subject to the “Issuance and Beneficial Ownership Limitations” (see above) and any other rules imposed by the NASDAQ Capital Market and, if applicable, any other securities exchange on which any of our securities are then listed, we are permitted to increase the conversion rate of the notes by any amount for a period of at least 20 business days if our board of directors determines that such increase would be in our best interest. To the extent permitted by law and the rules of the NASDAQ Capital Market and, if applicable, any other securities exchange on which any of our securities are then listed, we may also (but are not required to) increase the conversion rate to avoid or diminish income tax to holders of shares of our common stock or rights to purchase shares of our common stock in connection with a dividend or distribution of shares of our common stock (or rights to acquire shares of our common stock) or similar event.

A holder of notes may, in some circumstances, including a distribution of cash dividends to holders of shares of our common stock, be deemed to have received a distribution subject to U.S. federal income tax as a result of an adjustment or the nonoccurrence of an adjustment to the conversion rate. For a discussion of the U.S. federal income tax treatment of an adjustment to the conversion rate, see “Certain United States Federal Income Tax Considerations.”

If we have a rights plan in effect upon conversion of the notes into shares of our common stock, a converting holder will receive, in addition to the shares of our common stock the converting holder will receive in connection with such conversion, the rights under the rights plan with respect to such shares of our common stock, unless prior to any conversion, the rights have separated from our common stock, in which case, and only in such case, the conversion rate will be adjusted at the time of separation as if we distributed, to all holders of shares of our common stock, distributed property as described in clause (4) above, subject to readjustment in the event of the expiration, termination or redemption of such rights.

The applicable conversion rate will not be adjusted, among other things:

- upon the issuance of any of shares of our common stock pursuant to any present or future plan providing for the reinvestment of dividends or interest payable on our securities and the investment of additional optional amounts in shares of our common stock under any plan;
- upon the issuance of any of shares of our common stock or options or rights to purchase shares of our common stock pursuant to any present or future employee or director benefit plan or program of ours, or assumed by us, or any of our subsidiaries;
- upon the issuance of any of shares of our common stock pursuant to any option, warrant, right or exercisable, exchangeable or convertible security not described in the immediately preceding bullet and outstanding as of the date the notes were first issued, except as described in the immediately preceding paragraph;

- upon the repurchase of any shares of our common stock pursuant to an open-market share repurchase program or other buy-back transaction that is not a tender offer or exchange offer of the nature described under clause (6) above;
- for a change in the par value of our common stock; or
- for accrued and unpaid interest, and additional interest, if any.

Adjustments to the applicable conversion rate will be calculated to the nearest 1/10,000th of a share of our common stock. No adjustment to the conversion rate will be required unless the adjustment would require an increase or decrease of at least 1% of the conversion rate. If an adjustment is not made because the adjustment does not change the conversion rate by at least 1%, then such adjustment will be carried forward and taken into account in any future adjustment. Notwithstanding the foregoing, upon any conversion of notes (solely with respect to the notes to be converted), we will give effect to all adjustments that we have otherwise deferred pursuant to the immediately preceding sentence, and those adjustments will no longer be carried forward and taken into account in any future adjustment.

### ***Recapitalizations, Reclassifications and Changes of Our Common Stock***

In the case of:

- any recapitalization, reclassification or change of our common stock (other than changes resulting from a subdivision or combination);
- any consolidation, merger or combination involving us;
- any sale, lease or other transfer to a third party of the consolidated assets of ours and our subsidiaries substantially as an entirety; or
- any statutory share exchange;

in each case as a result of which our common stock would be converted into, or exchanged for, stock, other securities, other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) (each, a “specified corporate event”), then, at the effective time of the transaction, we or the successor or purchasing company, as the case may be, will enter into a supplemental indenture to provide that the right to convert a note will be changed into, with respect to each \$1,000 in principal amount of notes, a right to convert such note into the kind and amount of shares of stock, other securities or other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) that a holder of a number of shares of our common stock equal to the conversion rate immediately prior to such transaction would have owned or been entitled to receive (the “reference property”) upon such transaction. If the transaction causes our common stock to be converted into the right to receive more than a single type of consideration (determined based in part upon any form of stockholder election), the reference property into which the notes will be convertible will be deemed to be (i) the weighted average of the types and amounts of consideration received by the holders of shares of our common stock that affirmatively make such an election or (ii) if no holders of our common stock affirmatively make such an election, the types and amounts of consideration actually received by holders of our common stock. We will notify holders of the notes of such weighted average as soon as practicable after such determination is made. We agreed in the indenture not to become a party to any such transaction unless its terms are consistent with the foregoing.

### ***Adjustments of prices***

Whenever any provision of the indenture requires us to calculate last reported sale prices or the daily VWAP over a span of multiple days (including, if applicable, the share price with respect to a make-whole fundamental change), we will make appropriate adjustments (to the extent no corresponding adjustment is otherwise made pursuant to the provisions described under “—Conversion rate adjustments” above) to account for any adjustment to the conversion rate that becomes effective, or any event requiring an adjustment to the conversion rate where the ex-dividend date, record date, effective date or expiration date, as the case may be, of the event occurs, at any time during the period during the period when last reported sales prices or the daily VWAP are to be calculated. Such adjustments will be effective as of the ex-dividend date, record date, effective date or expiration date, as the case may be, of the event causing the adjustment to the conversion rate.

***Adjustment to shares of our common stock delivered upon conversion upon a make-whole fundamental change***

If a “fundamental change” described in clause (1), clause (2) or clause (4) of such definition (determined after giving effect to any exceptions or exclusions to such definition, but without regard to the proviso in clause (2) of the definition thereof, a “make -whole fundamental change”) occurs and a holder elects to convert its notes in connection with such make-whole fundamental change, we will, under certain circumstances, increase the conversion rate for the notes so surrendered for conversion by a number of additional shares of our common stock (the “additional shares”), as described below. A conversion of notes will be deemed for these purposes to be “in connection with” such make -whole fundamental change if the notice of conversion of the notes is received by the conversion agent during the period from, and including, the effective date of the make -whole fundamental change up to, and including, the business day immediately prior to the related fundamental change purchase date (or, in the case of a make-whole fundamental change that would have been a fundamental change but for the proviso in clause (2) of the definition thereof, the 35th trading day immediately following the effective date of such make -whole fundamental change).

Upon surrender of notes for conversion in connection with a make-whole fundamental change, we will deliver shares of our common stock, including the additional shares of our common stock, as described under “—Conversion rights—Delivery upon conversion.” If the consideration for shares of our common stock in any make-whole fundamental change described in clause (2)(A) of the definition of fundamental change is comprised entirely of cash, for any conversion of notes following the effective date of such make-whole fundamental change, the conversion obligation will be calculated based solely on the “share price” (as defined below) for the transaction and will be deemed to be, per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, an amount equal to the applicable conversion rate (including any adjustment as described in this section) multiplied by such share price.

We will notify holders of the effective date of any make -whole fundamental change and issue a press release announcing such effective date no later than five business days after such effective date.

The number of additional shares by which the conversion rate will be increased will be determined by reference to the table below, based on the date on which the make -whole fundamental change occurs or becomes effective (the “effective date”) and the price (the “share price”) paid (or deemed paid) per share of our common stock in the make-whole fundamental change. If the holders of shares of our common stock receive only cash in a make-whole fundamental change described in clause (2)(A) of the definition of fundamental change, the share price will be the cash amount paid per share of our common stock. Otherwise, the share price will be the average of the last reported sale prices of our common stock over the five consecutive trading-day period ending on, and including, the trading day immediately preceding the effective date of the make-whole fundamental change.

The share prices set forth in the column headings of the table below will be adjusted as of any date on which the conversion rate of the notes is otherwise adjusted. The adjusted share prices will equal the share prices immediately prior to such adjustment, multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the conversion rate immediately prior to the adjustment giving rise to the share price adjustment and the denominator of which is the conversion rate as so adjusted. The number of additional shares will be adjusted in the same manner as the conversion rate as set forth under “—Conversion rate adjustments.”

The following table sets forth the number of additional shares of our common stock to be received per \$1,000 principal amount of notes for each share price and effective date set forth below:

Effective Date	\$ 1.25	\$ 1.56	\$ 2.00	\$ 2.50	\$ 3.00	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.00	\$ 5.00	\$ 7.50	\$ 10.00	\$ 15.00	\$ 20.00
23-Sep-16	160.000	137.528	122.927	110.849	100.840	85.207	73.564	57.386	36.135	25.770	15.844	11.222
23-Sep-17	132.007	110.253	98.225	88.380	80.288	67.747	58.465	45.616	28.734	20.461	12.485	8.770
23-Sep-18	104.013	80.313	70.355	62.570	56.399	47.172	40.545	31.544	19.806	14.016	8.358	5.711
23-Sep-19	76.020	44.327	34.464	28.428	24.566	19.866	16.941	13.181	8.313	5.887	3.468	2.287
23-Sep-20	48.027	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

The exact share prices and effective dates may not be set forth in the table above, in which case the following will apply:

- If the share price is between two share prices in the table or the effective date is between two effective dates in the table, the number of additional shares by which the conversion rate will be increased will be determined by a straight-line interpolation between the number of additional shares set forth for the higher and lower share prices and the earlier and later effective dates, as applicable, based on a 365-day year;
- If the share price is greater than \$20.00 per share (subject to adjustment in the same manner as the share prices set forth in the column headings in the table above), no additional shares will be added to the conversion rate; and
- If the share price is less than \$1.25 per share (subject to adjustment in the same manner as the share prices set forth in the column headings in the table above), no additional shares will be added to the conversion rate.

In addition, if a holder of notes elects to convert its notes prior to the effective date of any make-whole fundamental change, such holder will not be entitled to an increased conversion rate in connection with such conversion.

Our obligation to satisfy the additional shares requirement could be considered a penalty, in which case the enforceability thereof would be subject to general principles of reasonableness and equitable remedies.

#### **Fundamental change permits holders to require us to purchase notes**

If a “fundamental change” (as defined below in this section) occurs at any time, each holder will have the right, at that holder’s option, to require us to purchase for cash any or all of such holder’s notes, or any portion of the principal amount thereof, that is equal to \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof. The price we are required to pay (the “fundamental change purchase price”) will be paid in cash and is equal to 120% of the principal amount of the notes to be purchased plus accrued and unpaid interest, including additional interest, if any, to, but excluding, the fundamental change purchase date (unless the fundamental change purchase date occurs after a regular record date and on or prior to the interest payment date to which such regular record date relates, in which case we will pay accrued and unpaid interest, including additional interest, if any, to the holder of record on such regular record date and the fundamental change purchase price will be equal to 120% of the principal amount of the notes to be purchased) or, in the case of a default by us in the payment of the fundamental change purchase price with respect to such notes, the day on which such default is no longer continuing. The fundamental change purchase date will be a date specified by us that is no earlier than the 15th and not later than the 35th calendar day following the date of our fundamental change notice as described below. Any notes purchased by us will be paid for in cash. Any of the following constitutes a “fundamental change”:

- (1) a “person” or “group” within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act other than us, our subsidiaries or our or their employee benefit plans files a Schedule TO or any schedule, form or report under the Exchange Act disclosing that such person or group has become the direct or indirect “beneficial owner,” as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, of our common equity representing more than 50% of the voting power of all outstanding classes of our common equity entitled to vote generally in the election of our directors;

- (2) consummation of (A) any share exchange, consolidation or merger involving us pursuant to which our common stock will be converted into cash, securities or other property or (B) any sale, lease or other transfer in one transaction or a series of transactions of all or substantially all of the consolidated assets of us and our subsidiaries, taken as a whole, to any person other than one or more of our subsidiaries; provided, however, that a share exchange, consolidation or merger transaction described in clause (A) above in which the holders of more than 50% of all shares of our common stock entitled to vote generally in the election of our directors immediately prior to such transaction own, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of all shares of common stock entitled to vote generally in the election of the directors of the continuing or surviving entity or the parent entity thereof immediately after such transaction in substantially the same proportions (relative to each other) as such ownership immediately prior to such transaction will not be a fundamental change;
- (3) our stockholders approve any plan or proposal for the liquidation or dissolution of us;
- (4) our common stock (or other capital stock into which the notes are then convertible pursuant to the terms of the indenture) ceases to be listed on any of the New York Stock Exchange, the NASDAQ Global Select Market, the NASDAQ Global Market or the NASDAQ Capital Market (or their respective successors).

If a transaction occurs that constitutes a fundamental change under both clause (1) and clause (2) above, such transaction will be treated solely as a fundamental change under clause (2) above.

On or before the 20th day after the occurrence of a fundamental change, we will provide to all holders of the notes and the trustee and paying agent a notice of the occurrence of the fundamental change and of the resulting purchase right. Such notice will state, among other things:

- the events causing a fundamental change;
- the date of the fundamental change;
- the last date on which a holder may exercise the purchase right;
- the fundamental change purchase price;
- the fundamental change purchase date;
- the name and address of the paying agent and the conversion agent, if applicable;
- if applicable, the applicable conversion rate and any adjustments to the applicable conversion rate;
- if applicable, that the notes with respect to which a fundamental change purchase notice has been delivered by a holder may be converted only if the holder withdraws the fundamental change purchase notice in accordance with the terms of the indenture; and
- the procedures that holders must follow to require us to purchase their notes.

Simultaneously with providing such notice, we will publish a notice containing this information in a newspaper of general circulation in The City of New York or publish the information on our website or through such other public medium as we may use at that time.

To exercise the purchase right, a holder must deliver, on or before the business day immediately preceding the fundamental change purchase date, subject to extension to comply with applicable law, the notes to be purchased, duly endorsed for transfer, together with a written purchase notice in the form entitled "Form of Fundamental Change Purchase Notice" on the reverse side of the notes duly completed, to the paying agent. If the notes are not in certificated form, the holder must comply with appropriate DTC procedures. The purchase notice must include the following information:

- if certificated, the certificate numbers of the holder's notes to be delivered for purchase;
- the portion of the principal amount of the holder's notes to be purchased, which must be \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof; and
- that the holder's notes are to be purchased by us pursuant to the applicable provisions of the notes and the indenture.

A holder may withdraw any purchase notice (in whole or in part) by a written notice of withdrawal delivered to the paying agent prior to the close of business on (i) the business day immediately preceding the relevant fundamental change purchase date or (ii) in the case of a default by us in the payment of the fundamental change purchase price with respect to such notes, the business day immediately preceding the day on which such default is no longer continuing. If the notes are in global form, the holder must comply with appropriate DTC procedures. The notice of withdrawal will include the following information:

- the principal amount of the withdrawn notes;
- if certificated notes have been issued, the certificate numbers of the withdrawn notes; and
- the principal amount, if any, which remains subject to the purchase notice, which must be \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

We will be required to purchase the notes properly surrendered for purchase and not withdrawn on the fundamental change purchase date, subject to extension to comply with applicable law. A holder of notes that has exercised the purchase right will receive payment of the fundamental change purchase price promptly following the later of the fundamental change purchase date or the time of book-entry transfer or the delivery of the notes. If the paying agent holds money sufficient to pay the fundamental change purchase price of the notes on the fundamental change purchase date, then the following will occur:

- the notes surrendered for purchase and not withdrawn will cease to be outstanding and interest, including additional interest, if any, will cease to accrue on such notes on the fundamental change purchase date (whether or not book-entry transfer of the notes is made or whether or not the note is delivered to the paying agent); and
- all other rights of the holders with respect to the notes surrendered for purchase and not withdrawn will terminate on the fundamental change purchase date (other than the right to receive the fundamental change purchase price and previously accrued and unpaid interest, including additional interest, if any, upon delivery or transfer of the notes).

In connection with any purchase offer pursuant to a fundamental change purchase notice, we will, if required, do the following:

- comply with the provisions of the tender offer rules under the Exchange Act that may then be applicable;
- file a Schedule TO or any other required schedule under the Exchange Act; and
- otherwise comply with all federal and state securities laws in connection with any offer by us to repurchase the notes.

No notes may be purchased at the option of holders upon a fundamental change if the principal amount of the notes has been accelerated, and such acceleration has not been rescinded, on or prior to such date (except in the case of an acceleration resulting from a default by us in the payment of the fundamental change purchase price with respect to such notes).

The purchase rights of the holders could discourage a potential acquirer of us. The fundamental change purchase feature, however, is not the result of management's knowledge of any specific effort to obtain control of us by any means or part of a plan by management to adopt a series of anti -takeover provisions.

The term fundamental change is limited to specified transactions and may not include other events that might adversely affect our financial condition or the value of the notes. In addition, the requirement that we offer to purchase the notes upon a fundamental change may not protect holders in the event of a highly leveraged transaction, reorganization, merger or similar transaction involving us.

The definition of fundamental change includes a phrase relating to the conveyance, transfer, sale, lease or disposition of "all or substantially all" of our consolidated assets. There is no precise, established definition of the phrase "substantially all" under applicable law. Accordingly, the ability of a holder of the notes to require us to purchase its notes as a result of the conveyance, transfer, sale, lease or other disposition of less than all of our assets may be uncertain.

If a fundamental change were to occur, we may not have enough funds to pay the fundamental change purchase price or be able to arrange for financing to pay the fundamental change purchase price in connection with a surrender of notes for purchase. Our ability to repurchase the notes for cash may be limited by the terms of our then -existing borrowing arrangements or otherwise. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to an Investment in the notes and warrants — The notes do not contain restrictive financial covenants, other than debt incurrence and restrictions on payments, and we may take actions which may affect our ability to satisfy our obligations under the notes." If we fail to purchase the notes when required following a fundamental change, we will be in default under the indenture. In addition, we may in the future incur other indebtedness with similar change in control provisions permitting our holders to accelerate or to require us to purchase our indebtedness upon the occurrence of similar events or on some specific dates.

#### **Limitation on indebtedness**

We are subject to limitations on our ability to incur Secured Debt and Unsecured Debt. We and our subsidiaries may not incur:

- (1) Secured Debt (other than Permitted Debt, as defined below) in any amount; and
- (2) Unsecured Debt (other than Permitted Debt) in any amount.

The limitations on the ability to incur Secured Debt or Unsecured Debt may be waived by the holders of two-thirds of the aggregate principal amount of notes then outstanding.

"Secured Debt" means indebtedness for borrowed money incurred by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (or guaranties thereof by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries), that is secured by a lien or security interest on the Company's assets or the assets of any of the Company's Subsidiaries. "Secured Debt" shall not include trade accounts and accrued expenses payable (including accrued revenue share and accrued license fees), obligations in respect of licenses and operating leases, payroll liabilities, deferred compensation and any purchase price adjustments, royalties, earn-outs, milestone payments, contingent payments of a similar nature in connection with any acquisition, license or collaboration agreement, and obligations for any taxes, fees, assessments or other governmental charges or levies being contesting in good faith.

"Unsecured Debt" means (i) indebtedness for borrowed money incurred by the Company any of its Subsidiaries (or guaranties thereof by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries), that is unsecured and is pari passu or senior in right of payment to the Notes, and (ii) preferred stock issued by the Company that is mandatorily redeemable, or redeemable at the option of the holder, on a date that is prior to the Maturity Date. "Unsecured Debt" shall not include trade accounts and accrued expenses payable (including accrued revenue share and accrued license fees), obligations in respect of licenses and operating leases, payroll liabilities, deferred compensation and any purchase price adjustments, royalties, earn-outs, milestone payments, contingent payments of a similar nature in connection with any acquisition, license or collaboration agreement, and obligations for any taxes, fees, assessments or other governmental charges or levies being contested in good faith.

“Permitted Debt” means:

- a) the notes and any guarantees thereof, including the note guarantees;
- b) indebtedness already existing in an acquired entity at the time of acquisition of such entity by the Company or any of its subsidiaries, so long as such debt was not incurred in order to effect such acquisition, and neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries shall guarantee such debt following such acquisition;
- c) any unsecured guarantees by the Company or any of its subsidiaries of the Company’s indebtedness or indebtedness of any of the Company’s subsidiaries not otherwise prohibited under the indenture;
- d) indebtedness in respect of capital leases and synthetic lease obligations;
- e) unsecured intercompany indebtedness among the Company and any of its subsidiaries, or between two or more of the subsidiaries of the Company;
- f) current liabilities which are incurred in the ordinary course of business and which are not incurred through the borrowing of money, including credit incurred in the ordinary course of business with corporate credit cards by the Company and its subsidiaries;
- g) indebtedness incurred as a result of endorsing negotiable instruments received in the ordinary course of business;
- h) purchase money indebtedness (i) for equipment acquired or held by the Company or its subsidiaries incurred for financing the acquisition of the equipment, or (ii) existing on equipment when acquired;
- i) a letter of credit issued by Silicon Valley Bank used to satisfy a security deposit to the landlord of the Company’s office in Australia, in the aggregate amount of not more than \$350,000; and
- j) extensions, refinancings and renewals of indebtedness set forth above in this definition.

We and our subsidiaries will not make Restricted Payments.

“Restricted Payment” means:

- a) any dividend or other distribution declared or paid on any of our capital stock (other than dividends or distributions payable solely in capital stock), subject to clause (b) of this definition;
- b) any payment to purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire or retire for value any of our capital stock (other than the repurchase of unvested shares held by employees, former employees or consultants at a price not greater than the price paid for the shares by such employees, former employees or consultants); and
- c) any payment to purchase, repay, redeem, or otherwise acquire or retire for value any of indebtedness for borrowed money incurred by us or any of our subsidiaries that is subordinated in right of payment to the notes (other than with the proceeds of indebtedness that is incurred substantially concurrently with such purchase, repayment, redemption, acquisition or retirement and that is subordinated in right of payment to the notes on terms no less favorable to the than the indebtedness being purchased, repaid, redeemed, acquired or retired).



## Equity Conditions

Where the indenture requires that we have complied with certain equity conditions in order to satisfy obligations by issuing our stock, the following definitions shall in substance apply:

“Equity Conditions” means, with respect to an given date of determination: (i) on each day during the period beginning thirty (30) calendar days prior to such applicable date of determination and ending on and including such applicable date of determination (the “Equity Conditions Measuring Period”) either (x) one or more registration statements filed pursuant to the registration rights agreement shall be effective and the prospectus contained therein shall be available on such applicable date of determination (with, for the avoidance of doubt, any shares of Common Stock previously sold pursuant to such prospectus deemed unavailable) for the resale of all shares of Common Stock to be issued in connection with the event requiring this determination (or, in connection with a redemption, issuable upon conversion of the notes being redeemed in the event requiring this determination at the conversion price then in effect (without regard to any limitations on conversion set forth herein)) (the “Required Minimum Securities Amount”), in each case, in accordance with the terms of the registration rights agreement (it being understood that any day that, under the registration rights agreement, the registration statement or prospectus contained therein is not required to be available shall be disregarded for purposes of measuring compliance during the Equity Conditions Measuring Period of this clause (x)) or (y) the Required Minimum Securities Amount shall be eligible for sale pursuant to Rule 144 without the need for registration under any applicable federal or state securities laws (in each case, disregarding any limitation on conversion of the notes, other issuance of securities with respect to the notes and exercise of the warrants) and the company is in compliance with the requirements of Rule 144(c)(1), including, without limitation, satisfying the current public information requirement under Rule 144(c); (ii) on each day during the Equity Conditions Measuring Period, the Common Stock (including all Required Minimum Securities Amount) is listed or designated for quotation (as applicable) on the Nasdaq Capital Market or other eligible market and shall not have been suspended from trading on the Nasdaq Capital Market or other eligible market (other than suspensions of not more than two (2) days and occurring prior to the applicable date of determination due to business announcements by the Company) nor shall delisting or suspension by an eligible market have been threatened in writing (with a reasonable prospect of delisting occurring after giving effect to all applicable notice, appeal, compliance and hearing periods) or reasonably likely to occur or pending as evidenced by (A) a writing by the Nasdaq Capital Market or other eligible market or (B) the Company falling below the minimum listing maintenance requirements of the Nasdaq Capital Market or other eligible market on which the Common Stock is then listed or designated for quotation (as applicable) (provided, at any time that the Nasdaq Capital Market or other eligible market shall have accepted a plan of remediation or plan to regain compliance, then so long as such acceptance is in effect, then a delisting or suspension by an eligible market shall not be deemed to exist); (iii) during the Equity Conditions Measuring Period, the Company shall, in all material respects, have delivered all shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of this note on a timely basis and all other shares of capital stock required to be delivered by the Company on a timely basis as set forth in the warrant agreement; (iv) on each day during the Equity Conditions Measuring Period, no public announcement of a pending, proposed or intended fundamental change shall have occurred which has not been abandoned, terminated or consummated; (v) on each day during the Equity Conditions Measuring Period, there shall not have occurred and there shall not exist an event of default or an event that with the passage of time or giving of notice would constitute an event of default; (vi) the shares of Common Stock issuable pursuant the event requiring the satisfaction of the Equity Conditions are duly authorized and listed and eligible for trading without restriction on the Nasdaq Capital Market or other eligible market, (vii) any shares of Common Stock to be issued in connection with the event requiring determination (or, in connection with a redemption, issuable upon conversion of the notes to be redeemed in the event requiring this determination at the conversion price then in effect (without regard to any limitations on conversion set forth herein)) may be issued in full without violating the exchange cap and, assuming solely for the purpose of this clause (vii), that such holder together with the other attribution parties do not then hold any shares of Common Stock “long” (as defined in Regulation SHO of the Exchange Act), would not result in a violation of the maximum percentage hereof (provided (A) satisfaction of this clause (vii) shall be measured on a holder by holder basis, such that failure of this condition as to one holder shall not be deemed failure of this condition as to any other holder and (B) in connection with a redemption, if the Company elects in its sole discretion to deliver notice of such redemption to the affected holder and all other holders (whether or not affected) in accordance with the indenture at least 65 calendar days prior to the applicable date of redemption, the Company may assume for purposes of determining whether a violation of the maximum percentage would occur that, in addition to the assumption regarding not holding shares “long” noted above, that the maximum percentage of every holder is 9.99%); (viii) such applicable holder shall not be in possession of any material, non-public information provided to any of them by the Company, any of its subsidiaries or any of their respective affiliates, employees, officers, representatives, agents or the like (provided, satisfaction of this clause (viii) shall be measured on a holder by holder basis, such that failure of this condition as to one holder shall not be deemed failure of this condition as to any other holder), (ix) on the applicable date of determination (A) no failure to have the applicable Required Minimum Securities Amount of shares of Common Stock reserved by the Company and available to be issued pursuant to the indenture shall exist or be continuing (an “Authorized Share Failure”) and (B) all shares of Common Stock to be issued in connection with the event requiring this determination (or, in connection with a redemption, issuable conversion of the notes to be redeemed in the event requiring this determination at the conversion price then in effect (without regard to any limitations on conversion set forth herein)) may be issued in full without resulting in an Authorized Share Failure; (x) the Company shall have no knowledge of any fact that would reasonably be expected to cause both (1) any registration statement required to be filed pursuant to the registration rights agreement to not be effective or the prospectus contained therein to not be available for the resale of the applicable Required Minimum Securities Amount of shares of Common Stock in accordance with the terms of the registration rights agreement and (2) any shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the notes or exercise of the warrants (without regard to any limitations on conversion or exercise with respect thereto) to not be eligible for sale pursuant to Rule 144 without the need for registration under any applicable federal or state securities laws (in each case, disregarding any limitation on conversion of the notes, other issuance of securities with respect to the notes and exercise of the warrants) or the Company to not be in compliance with the requirements of Rule 144(c)(1), including, without limitation, satisfying the current public information requirement under Rule 144(c) and (xi) no Volume Failure Exists.

“Volume Failure” means, with respect to a particular date of determination, the aggregate daily dollar trading volume (as reported on Bloomberg) of the Common Stock on the Principal Market on any Trading Day during the five (5) Trading Day period ending on the Trading Day immediately preceding such date of determination (such period, the “Volume Failure Measuring Period”), is less than \$400,000 (as adjusted for any stock splits, stock dividends, stock combinations, recapitalizations or other similar transactions occurring after the Issue Date). All such determinations to be appropriately adjusted for any stock splits, stock dividends, stock combinations, recapitalizations or other similar transactions during such Volume Failure Measuring Period.

#### **Merger, consolidation or sale of assets**

The Company will not, in a single transaction or through a series of related transactions, consolidate or merge with or into any other person, or, directly or indirectly, sell, convey, transfer, lease or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its assets to another person or group of affiliated persons, except that the Company may consolidate or merge with, or sell, convey, transfer, lease or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its assets to another person if (i) we are the surviving person or the resulting, surviving or successor person (if other than the Company) is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, any State of the United States of America or the District of Columbia and such person (if not the Company) expressly assumes by supplemental indenture all obligations of the Company under the indenture, including payment of the principal and interest on the notes, and the performance and observance of all of the covenants and conditions of the indenture to be performed by the Company, (ii) immediately after giving effect to such transaction, no default under the indenture has occurred and is continuing, (iii) if, upon the occurrence of any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer, lease or other disposal, (x) the notes would become convertible pursuant to the terms of the indenture into securities issued by an issuer other than the resulting, surviving, transferee or successor corporation, and (y) such resulting, surviving, transferee or successor corporation is a wholly owned subsidiary of the issuer of such securities into which the notes have become convertible, such other issuer will fully and unconditionally guarantee on a senior basis the resulting, surviving, transferee or successor corporation’s obligations under the notes, and (iv) other conditions specified in the indenture are met. Upon any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer, lease or other disposal, the resulting, surviving, transferee or successor person will succeed to, and may exercise every right and power of, the Company under the indenture. If the predecessor is still in existence after the transaction, it will be released from its obligations and covenants under the indenture and the notes, except in the case of a lease of all or substantially all of its properties and assets.

Although these types of transactions are permitted under the indenture, certain of the foregoing transactions could constitute a fundamental change (as defined above) permitting each holder to require us to purchase the notes of such holder as described above.

#### **Events of default**

Each of the following is an event of default under the indenture:

- (1) default by us in any payment of interest, including additional interest, if any, on the notes when due and payable and the default continues for 15 days;
- (2) default by us in the payment of principal of any note when due and payable at its stated maturity, upon required purchase in connection with a fundamental change, upon declaration of acceleration or otherwise;
- (3) failure by us to comply with our obligation to convert the notes in accordance with the indenture upon exercise of a holder's conversion right, including the delivery of shares and payment of the Early Conversion Payment, if applicable, and the default continues for three business days;
- (4) failure by us to give a fundamental change notice as described under "—Fundamental change permits holders to require us to purchase notes" when due and the default continues for five business days;
- (5) failure by us to comply with the covenants described under the caption "— Merger, consolidation or sale of assets;"
- (6) failure by us in the performance of any other covenant or agreement in the notes or in the indenture that continues for a period of 60 days after we receive written notice from the trustee or from holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the outstanding notes as provided in the indenture;
- (7) default by us or any of our subsidiaries with respect to any mortgage, indenture or instrument under which there may be issued or by which there may be secured or evidenced any indebtedness for money borrowed (or the payment of which is guaranteed by the us or any of our subsidiaries, whether such indebtedness or guarantee now exists, or will hereafter be created, which default (a) is caused by a failure to pay principal of or premium, if any, or interest on such indebtedness prior to the expiration of the grace period provided in such indebtedness on the date of such default or (b) results in the acceleration of such indebtedness prior to its express maturity and, in each case in clause (a) or (b), the principal amount of any such indebtedness, together with the principal amount of any other such indebtedness that has not been paid when due, or the maturity of which has been so accelerated, aggregates \$1.5 million or more;
- (8) a final judgment for the payment of \$1.5 million or more (excluding any amounts covered by insurance or bond) rendered against us or any of our subsidiaries by a court of competent jurisdiction, which judgment is not discharged, stayed, vacated, paid or otherwise satisfied within 30 days after (i) the date on which the right to appeal thereof has expired if no such appeal has commenced, or (ii) the date on which all rights to appeal have been extinguished; and

- (9) certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency, or reorganization relating to us or any of our significant subsidiaries (as defined in Regulation S-X under the Exchange Act) or any group of our subsidiaries that, in the aggregate, would constitute such a significant subsidiary.

The trustee will not be charged with knowledge of any fact, default or event of default with respect to the notes unless either (i) a responsible officer of the trustee will have actual knowledge of such default or event of default or (ii) written notice of such fact, default or event of default will have been given by us or by the holders of at least 25% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes and received by a responsible officer of the trustee and references the indenture and the notes. Delivery of reports to the trustee will not constitute knowledge of, or notice to, the trustee of the information contained therein.

If an event of default occurs and is continuing, the trustee by notice to the Company, or the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the outstanding notes by notice to the Company and the trustee, may declare 100% of the principal of, and accrued and unpaid interest, including additional interest, if any, on, all the notes to be due and payable plus, except to the extent prohibited by applicable law, a payment equal to the remaining scheduled payments of interest that would have been made on the notes from the date of the event of default until the first to occur of the maturity date and September 23, 2019. Upon such a declaration, such principal and accrued and unpaid interest, including additional interest, if any, will be due and payable immediately. In case of an event of default with respect to us (but not with respect to any of our significant subsidiaries or any group of subsidiaries that, in the aggregate, would constitute a significant subsidiary) described in clause (9) above, 100% of the principal of and accrued and unpaid interest, including any additional interest, on the notes will automatically become due and payable plus the same additional payment noted above for other defaults.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the indenture provides that, to the extent elected by us, the sole remedy for an event of default relating to the failure to comply with the reporting obligations in the indenture, which are described below under “—Reports” will, (i) for the first 180 days after the occurrence of such an event of default (which, for the avoidance of doubt, will not occur until the notice of default has been provided, and the related 60-day period has passed) consist exclusively of the right to receive additional interest on the notes at an annual rate equal to 0.25% of the principal amount of the notes and (ii) for the next 180 days after the expiration of such 180-day period, consist exclusively of the right to receive additional interest on the notes at an annual rate equal to 0.50% of the principal amount of the notes. If we so elect, such additional interest will be payable on all outstanding notes from, and including, the date on which such event of default first occurs to, but excluding, the 360th day thereafter (or such earlier date on which the event of default relating to a failure to comply with such requirements has been cured or waived or ceases to exist). On the 361st day following the event of default relating to the reporting obligations under the indenture, if such event of default has not been cured or waived prior to such 361st day, the notes will be subject to acceleration as provided above. The provisions of the indenture described in this paragraph will not affect the rights of holders of notes in the event of the occurrence of any other event of default, and are separate and distinct from, and in addition to, the obligation to pay additional interest in the circumstances described below under “—Registration rights.” To the extent we elect to pay additional interest, it will be payable in arrears on each interest payment date following accrual in the same manner as regular interest on the notes.

In order to elect to pay additional interest on the notes as the sole remedy during the first 360 days after the occurrence of an event of default relating to the failure to comply with the reporting obligations in the indenture in accordance with the immediately preceding paragraph, we must notify all holders of notes and the trustee and paying agent in writing of such election on or before the close of business on the date on which such event of default first occurs (which, for the avoidance of doubt, will not occur until the notice of default has been provided, and the related 60-day period has passed). If we fail to timely give such notice, the notes will be immediately subject to acceleration as provided above.

The holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding notes may waive all past defaults (except with respect to (i) nonpayment of principal of, or interest on, including additional interest, if any, any note or in the payment of amounts due upon required purchase in connection with a fundamental change of any note; (ii) our failure to comply with our obligation to convert the notes in accordance with the indenture upon exercise of a holder’s conversion right; or (iii) any provision under the indenture that cannot be modified or amended without the consent of the holders of each outstanding note affected) and rescind any such acceleration with respect to the notes and its consequences if (x) rescission would not conflict with any judgment or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction and (y) all existing events of default have been cured or waived.

In addition, each holder of notes will have the right to receive payment or delivery, as the case may be, of:

- the principal (including the fundamental change purchase price on the fundamental change purchase date, if applicable) of;
- accrued and unpaid interest, including additional interest, if any, on; and
- the consideration due upon conversion of such holder's notes, on or after the respective due dates expressed or provided for in the indenture, or to institute suit for the enforcement of any such payment or delivery, as the case may be, and such right to receive such payment or delivery, as the case may be, on or after such respective dates will not be impaired or affected without the consent of such holder.

If an event of default occurs and is continuing, the trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers under the indenture at the request or direction of any of the holders of the notes unless such holders have offered to the trustee indemnity or security satisfactory to it against any loss, liability or expense. Except to enforce the right to receive payment of principal or interest, including additional interest, if any, when due, or to enforce the right to receive delivery of the consideration due upon conversion, no holder may pursue any remedy with respect to the indenture or the notes unless:

- (10) such holder has previously given the trustee written notice that an event of default is continuing;
- (11) holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the outstanding notes have requested that the trustee pursue the remedy;
- (12) such holders have offered the trustee security or indemnity satisfactory to it against any loss, liability or expense;
- (13) the trustee has not complied with such request within 60 days after the receipt of the request and the offer of security or indemnity; and
- (14) the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding notes have not given the trustee a direction that, in the opinion of the trustee, is inconsistent with such request within such 60-day period.

Subject to certain restrictions, the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding notes are given the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee or of exercising any trust or power conferred on the trustee. The indenture provides that if an event of default has occurred and is continuing, the trustee will be required in the exercise of its powers to use the degree of care and skill that a prudent person would use under the circumstances in the conduct of its own affairs. The trustee, however, may refuse to follow any direction that conflicts with law or the indenture or that the trustee determines is unduly prejudicial to the rights of any other holder or that would involve the trustee in personal liability. Prior to taking any action under the indenture, the trustee will be entitled to indemnification satisfactory to it against all losses, liability and expenses caused by taking or not taking such action.

The indenture provides that if a default occurs and is continuing and is known to a responsible officer of the trustee, the trustee must deliver to each holder notice of the default within 90 days after it is known to the trustee. Except in the case of a default in the payment of principal of, or interest on, any note, or a default in the delivery of the consideration due upon conversion, the trustee may withhold notice if and so long as the trustee in good faith determines that withholding notice is in the interests of the holders. In addition, we are required to deliver to the trustee, within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year, a certificate indicating whether the signers thereof know of any default that occurred during the previous year. We are also required to deliver to the trustee, within 30 days after the occurrence thereof, written notice of any events which would constitute certain defaults, their status and what action we are taking or propose to take in respect thereof.

Payments of the fundamental change repurchase price, principal and interest that are not made when due will accrue interest per annum at the then-applicable interest rate for the notes from the required payment date.

#### **Modification and amendment**

Subject to certain exceptions, the indenture or the notes may be amended with the consent of the holders of at least two-thirds of the aggregate principal amount of the notes then outstanding (including without limitation, consents obtained in connection with a purchase of, or tender offer or exchange offer for, notes) and, subject to certain exceptions, any past default or compliance with any provisions may be waived with the consent of the holders of a majority in principal amount of the notes then outstanding (including, without limitation, consents obtained in connection with a purchase of, or tender offer or exchange offer for, notes). However, without the consent of each holder of an outstanding note affected, no amendment may, among other things:

- (1) reduce the percentage in principal amount of notes whose holders must consent to an amendment of the indenture or to waive any past default;
- (2) reduce the rate of, or extend the stated time for payment of, interest, including additional interest, if any, on any note;
- (3) reduce the principal of, or extend the stated maturity of, any note;
- (4) make any change that impairs or adversely affects the conversion rights of any note as determined in good faith by us;
- (5) reduce the fundamental change purchase price of any note or amend or modify in any manner adverse to the holders of notes our obligation to make such payment, whether through an amendment or waiver of provisions in the covenants, definitions or otherwise;
- (6) make any note payable in a currency other than that stated in the note;
- (7) impair the right of any holder to receive payment of principal of, and interest, including additional interest, if any, on, such holder's notes on or after the due dates therefor or to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on or with respect to such holder's notes;
- (8) change the ranking of the notes; or
- (9) make any change in the amendment provisions which require each holder's consent or in the waiver provisions of the indenture.

#### **Without the consent of any holder, we and the trustee may amend the indenture to:**

- (10) cure any ambiguity, omission, defect or inconsistency determined in good faith by us as evidenced in an Officer's Certificate;
- (11) provide for the assumption by a successor corporation of the obligations of the Company under the indenture;
- (12) add guarantees with respect to the notes;
- (13) secure the notes;

- (14) add to our covenants for the benefit of the holders or surrender any right or power conferred upon us;
- (15) make any change that does not adversely affect the rights of any holder determined in good faith by us as evidenced in an Officer's Certificate;
- (16) increase the conversion rate or provide for a change to reference property as provided in the indenture;
- (17) provide for the acceptance of appointment by a successor trustee or facilitate the administration of the trusts under the indenture by more than one trustee; or
- (18) conform the provisions of the indenture to the "Description of Notes" section in the private placement memorandum used in connection with the original issuance of the Notes as evidenced in an Officer's Certificate.

In addition, the limitations in the indenture on our ability to incur Secured Debt or Unsecured Debt, or make Restricted Payments, may not be amended or waived without the prior consent of the holders of at least two-thirds of the aggregate principal amount of notes then outstanding.

Amendments regarding the maximum percentage are not permitted, and amendments regarding the exchange cap are only permitted under limited circumstances, and require the approval of Nasdaq.

The consent of the holders is not necessary under the indenture to approve the particular form of any proposed amendment. It is sufficient if such consent approves the substance of the proposed amendment. After an amendment under the indenture becomes effective, we are required to deliver to the holders a notice briefly describing such amendment. However, the failure to give such notice to all the holders, or any defect in the notice, will not impair or affect the validity of the amendment.

#### **Discharge**

We may satisfy and discharge our obligations under the indenture and the notes by delivering to the trustee for cancellation all outstanding notes or by depositing with the trustee or delivering to the holders, as applicable, after the notes have become due and payable, whether at stated maturity, on any fundamental change purchase date, upon conversion or otherwise, cash or shares of our common stock (in the case of any conversion) sufficient to pay all of the outstanding notes and paying all other sums payable under the indenture by us. Such discharge is subject to terms contained in the indenture.

#### **Calculations in respect of notes**

We or our agents will be responsible for making all calculations called for under the notes or the indenture except as otherwise provided for above. These calculations include, but are not limited to, determinations of the last reported sale prices of our common stock, VWAPs, the exchange cap, accrued interest payable on the notes, any additional interest payments on the notes, the Early Conversion Payment and the conversion rate of the notes. We or our agents will make all these calculations in good faith and, absent manifest error, our calculations will be final and binding on the holders of the notes. We or our agents will provide a schedule of our calculations to each of the trustee and the conversion agent, and each of the trustee and the conversion agent is entitled to rely conclusively upon the accuracy of our calculations without independent verification. The trustee will forward our calculations to any holder of the notes upon the written request of that holder.

#### **Reports**

The indenture governing the notes provides that any documents or reports that we are required to file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act (other than any portion thereof subject to confidential treatment pursuant to applicable SEC rules and regulations) must be filed by us with the trustee within 15 days after the same are filed with the SEC pursuant to its rules and regulations (giving effect to any grace period provided by Rule 12b-25 under the Exchange Act). Documents filed by us with the SEC via the EDGAR system will be deemed to be filed with the trustee as of the time such documents are filed via EDGAR.

Delivery of reports, information and documents to the trustee is for informational purposes only and its receipt of such reports will not constitute constructive notice of any information contained therein or determinable from information contained therein, including the Company's compliance with any of its covenants under the indenture or the notes (as to which the trustee is entitled to rely exclusively on Officer's Certificates). The trustee will not be obligated to monitor or confirm, on a continuing basis or otherwise, our compliance with the covenants or with respect to any reports or other documents filed with the SEC or website under the indenture, or participate in any conference calls.

#### **Rule 144A information**

At any time we are not subject to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, we will, so long as any of the notes or the shares of our common stock delivered upon conversion of the notes will, at such time, constitute "restricted securities" within the meaning of Rule 144(a)(3) under the Securities Act, promptly provide to the trustee and will, upon written request, provide to any holder, beneficial owner or prospective purchaser of such notes or such shares of our common stock the information required to be delivered pursuant to Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act to facilitate the resale of such notes or such shares of our common stock pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act. We will take such further action as any holder or beneficial owner of such notes or such shares of our common stock may reasonably request from time to time to enable such holder or beneficial owner to sell such notes or such shares of our common stock in accordance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act, as such rule may be amended from time to time.

#### **Trustee**

U.S. Bank National Association is the initial trustee, registrar, paying agent and conversion agent for the notes. U.S. Bank National Association, in each of its capacities, including without limitation as trustee, registrar, paying agent and conversion agent, assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the information concerning us or our affiliates or any other party contained in this document or the related documents or for any failure by us or any other party to disclose events that may have occurred and may affect the significance or accuracy of such information.

We may maintain banking relationships in the ordinary course of business with the trustee and its affiliates.

#### **Governing law**

The indenture provides that it and the notes, and any claim, controversy or dispute arising under or related to the indenture or the notes, will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

#### **Paying and paying agents**

The paying agent means any person (including the Company) authorized by the Company to pay the principal amount of, interest on, including additional interest, or the fundamental change purchase price of, any notes on behalf of the Company. U.S. Bank National Association shall initially be the paying agent. We may designate additional paying agents or rescind the designation of any paying agent or approve a change in the office through which any paying agent acts.

The principal amount of certificated notes shall be payable at the corporate trust office and at any other office or agency maintained by the Company for such purpose. Interest on certificated notes will be payable (1) to holders holding certificated notes having an aggregate principal amount of \$1,000,000 or less, by check mailed to the holders of such notes and (2) to holders holding certificated notes having an aggregate principal amount of more than \$1,000,000, either by check mailed to each holder or, upon application by a holder to the registrar not later than the relevant record date, by wire transfer in immediately available funds to that holder's account within the United States, which application will remain in effect until the holder notifies, in writing, the registrar to the contrary. We will pay principal of, and interest on, notes in global form registered in the name of or held by The Depository Trust Company or its nominee in immediately available funds to The Depository Trust Company or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered holder of such global note.



Subject to the requirements of any applicable abandoned property laws, regardless of who acts as the paying agent, all money paid by us to a paying agent that remains unclaimed at the end of two years after the amount is due to note holders will be repaid to us. After that two-year period, the note holders may look only to us for payment and not to the trustee, any other paying agent or anyone else and the trustee shall be relieved of any liability.

### **Transfer and exchange**

A holder of notes may transfer or exchange notes at the office of the registrar in accordance with the indenture. The registrar and the trustee may require a holder, among other things, to furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents. No service charge will be imposed by us, the trustee or the registrar for any registration of transfer or exchange of notes. A holder of notes may not sell or otherwise transfer notes or shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of notes except in compliance with the provisions set forth below under “Transfer Restrictions.” We are not required to transfer or exchange any note surrendered for conversion or repurchase by us in the circumstances described under “—Fundamental change permits holders to require us to purchase notes.”

### **Registration rights**

As a former shell company under SEC’s Rule 144(i), in order for Rule 144 to be used to resell our securities, we are subject to the current public information requirement on an evergreen basis for the 12 months preceding the date of sale, even if the sale occurs more than one year after the closing of this offering. In addition, Rule 144(i) requires that Form 10 information would need to be filed with the SEC with respect to the notes in order for such securities to be eligible for Rule 144(b)(i) resales. Accordingly, since Rule 144(b)(i) is not expected to be available (nor DTC’s “Mandatory Exchange Platform” under such rule), we agreed to file, and have declared effective under the Securities Act of 1933, this resale registration statement as described below to enable resales of the notes and to enable an unrestricted CUSIP to be assigned after the effectiveness of such registration statement. We will be required to pay additional interest in connection with certain failures to keep a registration statement available for resales, as described below.

In addition to resales pursuant to an effective registration statement, you may also resell your notes and warrants pursuant to applicable exemptions from the registration requirements of the Securities Act, including Rule 144A; however, as noted, we do not expect that Rule 144 will be available for resales of notes (resales of underlying common stock can be made under Rule 144, subject to compliance with the added Rule 144(i) restrictions, since we have filed Form 10 information with respect to our common stock).

#### *Registration Rights Agreement*

We, the guarantors and the initial purchaser have entered into a registration rights agreement for the benefit of the holders of the notes and warrants. Pursuant to the registration rights agreement, we have agreed to file this registration statement to cover the resale of the notes, the shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of the notes, the warrants and the shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants, or in connection with an Early Conversion Payment on the notes (collectively, the “Registrable Securities”).

If we fail to comply with certain of our obligations under the registration rights agreement, additional interest will be payable on the notes at a rate equal to 1.00% per annum of the principal amount of notes outstanding. This includes failing to comply with the filing and effectiveness dates for the registration statement, if the registration statement ceases to be useable other than during a permitted deferral period or due to updates relating to the holders or warrant holders, failing after the six-month anniversary of the closing to file any document or report that is required to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act (other than reports to be filed on Form 8-K). We shall notify the trustee in writing of any additional interest due prior to the applicable interest payment date. If the trustee does not receive such notice, the trustee shall assume no additional interest is due.

We will use our reasonable best efforts to keep this or a successor registration statement effective until the earlier of (i) the date on which there are no outstanding Registrable Securities, (ii) the date on which all of the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each have been sold pursuant to this registration statement or pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act, or (iii) March 28, 2021.

We will provide to each holder of Registrable Securities copies of the prospectus that is part of the shelf registration statement, notify each holder when this shelf registration statement has become effective and take certain other actions required to permit public resales of the Registrable Securities.

Upon written notice to all the holders of Registrable Securities, we will be permitted to suspend the use of the prospectus that is part of the shelf registration statement in connection with sales of Registrable Securities during prescribed periods of time if we possess material non-public information the disclosure of which would have a material adverse effect on us. The periods during which we can suspend the use of the prospectus may not exceed a total of 20 consecutive days or more than 60 days, in aggregate, during any 360-day period. Upon receipt of such notice, the holders of notes will be required to cease disposing of securities under the prospectus and to keep the notice confidential.

A holder who elects to sell any Registrable Securities pursuant to the shelf registration statement is required to be named as a selling security holder in the related prospectus, may be required to deliver a prospectus to purchasers, may be subject to certain civil liability provisions under the Securities Act in connection with those sales and will be bound by the provisions of the registration rights agreement that apply to a holder making such an election, including certain indemnification provisions.

We will mail a notice and questionnaire to the holders of Registrable Securities not fewer than 30 calendar days prior to the time we intend in good faith to have the shelf registration statement declared effective. No holder of Registrable Securities will be entitled to be named as a selling security holder in the shelf registration statement, and no holder of Registrable Securities will be entitled to use the prospectus that is part of the shelf registration statement for offers and resales of Registrable Securities at any time, unless such holder has returned a completed and signed notice and questionnaire to us by the deadline for response set forth in the notice and questionnaire. Holders of Registrable Securities will, however, have at least ten business days from the date on which the notice and questionnaire is first mailed to them to return a completed and signed notice and questionnaire to us.

The restrictions on transfer described above that apply to the notes, the warrants or to common stock issuable upon conversion of such notes apply to shares of common stock issued in connection with an Early Conversion Payment with respect to the notes, and upon the common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants.

We will not, and will not permit any of our subsidiaries to, resell any of the notes or warrants that have been reacquired by us or any of them.

The notes and warrants will each be issued with a restricted CUSIP number. Until such time as we notify the trustee in writing to remove the restrictive legends from the notes and the warrants, the restricted CUSIP numbers will be the CUSIP numbers for the notes and the warrants. At such time as we notify the trustee to remove the restrictive legends from the notes and the warrants, such legends will be deemed removed from any global note and any global warrant, and unrestricted CUSIP numbers will be deemed to be the CUSIP numbers for the notes and the warrants, subject to the procedures of DTC.

The provisions of the registration rights agreement described in this paragraph are separate and distinct from, and in addition to, the obligation to pay additional interest if we so elect under the circumstances described above under “—Events of default”; *provided, however,* that in no event will the aggregate amount of additional interest payable pursuant to the second paragraph under “—Registration Rights” and the provisions described above under “—Events of default” exceed 1.00% per annum. Any additional interest payable pursuant to the provisions of the indenture described in this paragraph will be payable in arrears on each interest payment date following accrual in the same manner as regular interest on the notes.

## Global notes, book-entry form

The notes (other than notes issued to the affiliated investors) are evidenced by a global note. We have deposited the global note with DTC's custodian and registered the global note in the name of Cede & Co. as DTC's nominee. Except as set forth below, a global note may be transferred, in whole or in part, only to another nominee of DTC or to a successor of DTC or its nominee. Beneficial interests in a global note may be held directly through DTC if such holder is a participant in DTC, or indirectly through organizations that are participants in DTC, whom we refer to as participants. Transfers between participants will be effected in the ordinary way in accordance with DTC rules and will be settled in clearing house funds.

Holders who are not participants may beneficially own interests in a global note held by DTC only through participants, or some banks, brokers, dealers, trust companies and other parties that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant, either directly or indirectly, who we refer to as indirect participants. So long as Cede & Co. as the nominee of DTC is the registered owner of a global note, Cede & Co. for all purposes will be considered the sole holder of such global note. Except as provided below, owners of beneficial interests in a global note will:

- not be entitled to have certificates registered in their names;
- not receive physical delivery of certificates in definitive registered form; and
- not be considered holders of the global note.

We will pay interest on, or the purchase price of, a global note to Cede & Co., as the registered owner of the global note, by wire transfer of immediately available funds on each interest payment date or the fundamental change purchase date, as the case may be. Neither we, the trustee, the registrar, custodian, conversion agent nor any paying agent will be responsible or liable:

- for the records relating to, or payments made on account of, beneficial ownership interests in a global note; or
- for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to the beneficial ownership interests.

We have been informed that DTC's practice is to credit participants' accounts upon receipt of funds on that payment date with payments in amounts proportionate to their respective beneficial interests in the principal amount represented by a global note as shown in the records of DTC. Payments by participants to owners of beneficial interests in the principal amount represented by a global note held through participants will be the responsibility of the participants, as is now the case with securities held for the accounts of customers registered in "street name."

Because DTC can only act on behalf of participants, who in turn act on behalf of indirect participants, the ability of a person having a beneficial interest in the principal amount represented by the global note to pledge such interest to persons or entities that do not participate in the DTC system, or otherwise take actions in respect of such interest, may be affected by the lack of a physical certificate evidencing its interest.

Neither we, the trustee, registrar, custodian, paying agent nor conversion agent will have any responsibility for the performance by DTC or its participants or indirect participants of their respective obligations under the rules and procedures governing their operations. DTC has advised us that it will take any action permitted to be taken by a holder of notes, including the presentation of notes for exchange, only at the direction of one or more participants to whose account with DTC interests in the global note are credited, and only in respect of the principal amount of the notes represented by the global note as to which the participant or participants has or have given such direction. DTC has advised us that it is:

- a limited purpose trust company organized under the laws of the State of New York;
- a “banking organization” within the meaning of the New York State Banking Law;
- a member of the Federal Reserve System;
- a “clearing corporation” within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code; and
- a “clearing agency” registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act.

DTC was created to hold securities for its participants and to facilitate the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between participants through electronic book-entry changes to the accounts of its participants. Participants include securities brokers, dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations and other organizations. Some of the participants or their representatives, together with other entities, own DTC. Indirect access to the DTC system is available to others such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant, either directly or indirectly. Investors who are not DTC participants may beneficially own securities held by or on behalf of DTC participants or indirect participants in DTC.

DTC has agreed to the foregoing procedures to facilitate transfers of interests in a global note among participants. However, DTC is under no obligation to perform or continue to perform these procedures, and may discontinue these procedures at any time. Notes in physical, certificated form will be issued and delivered to each person that DTC identifies as a beneficial owner of the related global notes in accordance with procedures of DTC only if:

- DTC notifies us at any time that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depository for the global notes and a successor depository is not appointed within 90 days;
- DTC ceases to be registered as a clearing agency under the Exchange Act and a successor depository is not appointed within 90 days;
- we in our sole discretion determine that that global note will be exchangeable for physical, certificated securities and notify the trustee in writing of our decision; or
- an event of default with respect to the notes has occurred and is continuing and such beneficial owner requests that its notes be issues in physical, certified form.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE WARRANTS

*We issued the warrants under a warrant agreement dated as of the first date of original issuance of the warrants, September 28, 2016 (the “warrant agreement”) between us and U.S. Bank National Association, as warrant agent (the “warrant agent”). The terms of the warrants include those expressly set forth in the warrant agreement. You may read the warrant agreement and the registration rights agreement at the SEC’s website at <http://www.sec.gov> or at the SEC’s office mentioned under the heading “Where You Can Find More Information” above.*

*The following description is a summary of the material provisions of the warrants and the warrant agreement and does not purport to be complete. This summary is subject to and is qualified by reference to all the provisions of the warrants and the warrant agreement, including the definitions of certain terms used in the warrant agreement. We urge you to read the warrant agreement and the registration rights agreement because they, and not this description, define the rights as a holder of the warrants.*

*Unless context otherwise requires, for purposes of this description of warrants, references to “the Company,” “Digital Turbine, Inc.,” “we,” “our” and “us” refer only to Digital Turbine, Inc. and not to its subsidiaries.*

### General

Each of the 4,355,600 warrants offered hereby represents the right to purchase one share of our common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, at an initial exercise price of \$1.364 per share, subject to the net share settlement provisions described below under the heading “—Exercise and Settlement of the warrants.” The exercise price of the warrants is subject to adjustment from time to time as described below under the heading “—Adjustments to the warrants.”

We and U.S. Bank National Association, as warrant agent, are parties to a warrant agreement dated as of September 28, 2016 related to the warrants offered under this prospectus.

The warrants were originally issued in the form of a global warrant, but in certain limited circumstances may be represented by warrants in certificated form; additionally, the warrants are DTC eligible and will have an unrestricted CUSIP number in connection with the effectiveness of this registration statement.

### Exercise and Settlement of the warrants

The initial exercise price applicable to each warrant is \$1.364 per share of our common stock, subject to adjustment as described below under the heading “—Adjustments to the warrants.” The warrants may be exercised, in whole or in part, at any time prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on September 23, 2020 (the “expiration date”). Any warrants not exercised prior to such time will expire unexercised and worthless.

If the warrants are in certificated form, to exercise a warrant, the warrant holder must surrender the warrant certificate evidencing such warrant to the warrant agent, complete and manually sign the exercise notice on the back of the warrant, deliver such notice to the warrant agent and pay any applicable transfer taxes. If the warrants are in global form, any exercise notice will be delivered to the warrant agent through and in accordance with the procedures of DTC. The date on which a warrant holder complies with the requirements for exercise in respect of a warrant is the “exercise date” for such warrant, unless such day is not a trading day in which case it will be the next trading day or, if such date is after the expiration date, the immediately preceding trading day.

For each warrant exercised for cash, the warrant holder shall pay the related exercise price by federal wire or other immediately available funds payable to the order of the Company to the account maintained by the warrant agent prior to the settlement date. Following receipt by the warrant agent of such exercise price, the Company shall cause to be delivered to the warrant holder one share of our common stock, together with cash in respect of any fractional warrant. All funds received by the warrant agent upon exercise of a warrant shall be deposited by the warrant agent for the account of the Company.

The warrant holder may elect at any time to exercise such warrant on a “net share settlement” basis rather than on a cash exercise basis. In the event of such a net share settlement, the exercise price will be paid by the withholding by us of that number of shares of our common stock equal to the related exercise and the issuance of only the net number of remaining shares issuable under the related warrants. As a result, an exercising warrant holder will be entitled to receive on the settlement date for each warrant being exercised a number of shares of our common stock (the “net share amount”) (which in no event will be less than zero) equal to (A) the net share settlement price (as defined below) on the relevant exercise date, *minus* the exercise price, *divided by* (B) such net share settlement price. We will pay cash in lieu of delivering fractional shares of our common stock as described below. The settlement date for an exercised warrant will be the third trading day immediately following the exercise date for such warrant.

The “net share settlement price” means, as of any date, the volume weighted average price per share of our common stock for the 20 trading days prior to the date of determination of the net share settlement price for the regular trading session (including any extensions thereof, without regard to pre-open or after hours trading outside of such regular trading session) as reported on the NASDAQ Capital Market, or if our common stock or such other security is not listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market, as reported by the principal U.S. national securities exchange or quotation system on which our common stock or such other security is then listed or quoted, whichever is applicable, as published by Bloomberg at 4:15 p.m., New York City time (or 15 minutes following the end of any extension of the regular trading session), on such trading day, or if such volume weighted average price is unavailable or in manifest error, the market value of one share of our common stock during such 20 trading day period determined using a volume weighted average price method by an independent nationally recognized investment bank or other qualified financial institution selected by our Board of Directors. If our common stock is not traded on the NASDAQ Capital Market or any U.S. national securities exchange or quotation system, the “net share settlement price” will be the price per share of our common stock that we could obtain from a willing buyer for shares of our common stock sold by us from authorized but unissued shares of our common stock, as such prices are reasonably determined in good faith by our Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee thereof.

A “trading day” means (i) if the applicable security is listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market, a day on which trades may be made thereon or (ii) if the applicable security is listed or admitted for trading on the NYSE, NYSE MKT, the NASDAQ Global Select Market, the NASDAQ Global Market or other national securities exchange or market, a day on which the NYSE, NYSE MKT, the NASDAQ Global Select Market, the NASDAQ Global Market or such other national securities exchange or market is open for business or (iii) if the applicable security is not so listed, admitted for trading or quoted, any business day.

A “business day” any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a day on which the Federal Reserve Bank of New York or the warrant agent is authorized or required by law or executive order to close or be closed.

We will not issue fractional shares of our common stock upon any exercise of the warrants. If any fractional share of our common stock would be issuable upon exercise of any warrant or warrants by any warrant holder, we will pay the warrant holder cash in lieu of such fractional share valued at the net share settlement price as of the relevant exercise date. If more than one warrant is exercised at one time by the same warrant holder, the number of full shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise thereof will be computed on the basis of all warrants (including any fractional warrants) so exercised.

In connection with the delivery of shares of our common stock to an exercising warrant holder:

- if such shares of our common stock are in book-entry form at DTC, we will (or will cause the transfer agent to) deliver such shares of our common stock by electronic transfer to such warrant holder’s account, or any other account as such warrant holder may designate, at DTC or the relevant DTC participant; or
- if such shares of our common stock are not in book-entry form at DTC, we will (or will cause the transfer agent to) deliver to or upon the order of such warrant holder a certificate or certificates, in each case for the number of full shares of our common stock to which such warrant holder is entitled, registered in such name or names as may be directed by such warrant holder.

A warrant holder will not be required to pay any documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer taxes that may be payable upon the issuance of our common stock upon the exercise of warrants and the issuance of stock certificates in respect thereof in the respective names of, or in such names as may be directed by, the exercising warrant holders; *provided, however*, that a warrant holder will be required to pay any tax that may be payable in respect of any transfer involved in the issuance and delivery of any such stock certificate, any warrant certificates or other securities in a name other than that of the registered holder of the warrant certificate surrendered upon exercise of the warrant. We will not be required to issue or deliver such certificates or other securities unless and until all taxes, if any, payable by a warrant holder have been paid.

We have no plans to list the warrants on any trading market.

### **Issuance and Beneficial Ownership Limitations**

*Stock Exchange Cap on Issuances.* No warrant holder shall have the right to exercise any warrant, to the extent that after giving effect to such exercise, the issuance of shares of common stock pursuant to such exercise would exceed that aggregate number of shares of common stock which we may issue, in aggregate, pursuant to the terms of all notes and warrants without breaching our obligations under the rules or regulations of our principal market (the “exchange cap”).

The term “principal market” means, as of the date hereof, the NASDAQ Capital Market or from time to time the principal national securities exchange or over-the-counter market where the common stock is then traded.

The exchange cap will not apply in the event we obtain (i) the approval of our stockholders in accordance with the applicable rules of the principal market for issuances of shares of common stock in excess of such amount or (ii) a written determination from such principal market that such approval is not required. We have agreed to call and hold a stockholders’ meeting to seek such stockholder approval not later than January 15, 2017 and are further obligated to seek an approval if approval is not obtained at such meeting. However, we cannot be certain that our stockholders will grant the stockholder approval. Until such approval is obtained, no warrant holder shall be issued in the aggregate, upon conversion of any notes or exercise of any of the warrants or otherwise pursuant to the terms of the indenture or under the warrant agreement, shares of our common stock in an amount greater than the product of (i) the exchange cap multiplied by (ii) the quotient of (A) the aggregate number of shares of our common stock underlying the notes and warrants initially purchased by such warrant holder from the initial purchaser on, and determined as of, the issue date (for clarity, as if the Notes and Warrants had been converted and exercised in full on the original issuance date, prior to any adjustments that may later occur with respect to the applicable conversion or exercise price) divided by (B) the aggregate number of shares of our common stock underlying the all notes and all warrants initially purchased by all warrant holders from the initial purchaser on, and determined as of, the issue date (for clarity, as if the Notes and Warrants had been converted and exercised in full on the original issuance date, prior to any adjustments that may later occur with respect to the applicable conversion or exercise price) (with respect to each warrant holder, the “exchange cap allocation”).

In the event that any warrant holder shall sell or otherwise transfer any of such warrant holder’s notes and/or warrants, the transferee shall be allocated a pro rata portion of such warrant holder’s exchange cap allocation based on the relative number of underlying shares determined as of the issue date with respect to such portion of such notes and warrants so transferred, and the restrictions of the prior sentence shall apply to such transferee with respect to the portion of the exchange cap allocation so allocated to such transferee. Upon conversion and exercise in full of a warrant holder’s notes and warrants, the difference (if any) between such warrant holder’s exchange cap allocation and the number of shares of our common stock actually issued to such warrant holder upon such warrant holder’s conversion in full of such warrant holder’s notes and exercise in full of such warrants shall be allocated to the respective exchange cap allocations of the remaining holders of notes and warrant holders of warrants on a pro rata basis in proportion to the shares of our common stock then underlying the notes and warrants held by each such holder and warrant holders at such time.

In the event that we are prohibited from issuing shares of our common stock pursuant to the exchange cap (the “exchange cap shares”), we shall pay cash in exchange for the cancellation of such shares of our common stock at a price equal to the product of (x) such number of exchange cap shares and (y) the simple average of the daily VWAP for our common stock for the 10 consecutive VWAP trading days ending on and included the VWAP trading day immediately prior to the conversion date (the “exchange cap share cancellation amount”); provided, that no exchange cap share cancellation amount shall be due and payable to the warrant holder to the extent that (x) on or prior to the third trading day immediately following the conversion date, the exchange cap allocation of a warrant holder is increased (whether by assignment by a warrant holder of notes and/or warrants or all, or any portion, of such warrant holder’s exchange cap allocation or otherwise) (an “exchange cap allocation increase”) and (y) after giving effect to such exchange cap allocation increase, we deliver the applicable exchange cap shares to the holder (or its designee) on or prior to the third trading day immediately following the conversion date.

*Beneficial Ownership Limitation on Exercises.* No warrant holder shall have the right to exercise any warrant to the extent that after giving effect to such exercise, and pursuant to the terms of all notes and warrants, the warrant holder together with the other attribution parties collectively would beneficially own in excess of 4.99% (the “maximum percentage”) of the number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to such exercise. For purposes of the foregoing sentence, the aggregate number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by the warrant holder and the other attribution parties shall include the number of shares of common stock held by the warrant holder and all other attribution parties plus the number of shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants proposed to be exercised by such warrant holder, but shall exclude the number of shares of common stock which would be issuable upon the exercise of any other warrant or upon the conversion of any notes beneficially owned by the warrant holder or any of the other attribution parties to the extent subject to a limitation on conversion or exercise analogous to this limitation. The term “beneficial ownership” shall be as calculated in accordance with Section 13(d) the Exchange Act and the term “attribution party” means, collectively, (i) any investment vehicle, including, any funds, feeder funds or managed accounts, directly or indirectly managed or advised by the warrant holder's investment manager or any of its affiliates or principals, (ii) any direct or indirect affiliates of the warrant holder or any of the foregoing, and (iii) any other persons whose beneficial ownership of our common stock would or could be aggregated with the warrant holder's and the other attribution parties for purposes of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act.

Upon delivery of a written notice to us, a warrant holder may from time to time increase or decrease the maximum percentage to any other percentage not in excess of 9.99% as specified in such notice; provided that (i) any such increase in the maximum percentage will not be effective until the 61st day after such notice is delivered to us and (ii) any such increase or decrease will apply only to such warrant holder and the other attribution parties and not to any other warrant holder that is not an attribution party of the warrant holder delivering such notice.

If we receive an exercise notice from a warrant holder at a time when the actual number of outstanding shares of common stock is less than the reported outstanding share number, we shall (i) notify the warrant holder in writing of the number of shares of common stock then outstanding and, to the extent that such exercise notice would otherwise cause the warrant holder's beneficial ownership to exceed the maximum percentage, the warrant holder must notify us of a reduced number of shares of common stock to be acquired pursuant to such exercise notice (the number of shares by which such purchase is reduced, the “reduction shares”) and (ii) as soon as reasonably practicable, we shall return to the warrant holder any exercise price paid by the warrant holder for the reduction shares.

In any case, the number of outstanding shares of common stock shall be determined after giving effect to the conversion or exercise of securities of the Company, including any warrants and notes, by the warrant holder and any other attribution party since the date as of which the reported outstanding share number was reported. In the event that the issuance of shares of common stock to the warrant holder upon exercise of a warrant results in the warrant holder and the other attribution parties being deemed to beneficially own, in the aggregate, more than the maximum percentage of the number of outstanding shares of common stock (as determined under Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act), the number of shares so issued by which the warrant holder's and the other attribution parties' aggregate beneficial ownership exceeds the maximum percentage (the “excess shares”) shall be deemed null and void and shall be cancelled ab initio, and the warrant holder shall not have the power to vote or to transfer the excess shares. As soon as reasonably practicable after the issuance of the excess shares has been deemed null and void, we shall return to the warrant holder the exercise price paid by the warrant holder for the excess shares.

#### **No Rights as Stockholders**

Warrant holders will not be entitled, by virtue of holding warrants, to vote, to consent, to receive dividends, if any, to receive notice as stockholders with respect to any meeting of stockholders for the election of our directors or any other matter, or to exercise any rights whatsoever as our stockholders until (and then only to the extent) such holders become holders of record of the shares of our common stock issued upon settlement of the warrants.



Each person in whose name any shares of common stock are issued will be deemed to have become the holder of record of such shares as of the exercise date. However, if any such date is a date when our stock transfer books are closed, such person will be deemed to have become the record holder of such shares as of 5:00 p.m. New York City time on the next succeeding date on which our stock transfer books are open.

### Adjustments to the warrants

#### *Adjustments to the Exercise Price*

The exercise price for the warrants will be subject to adjustment (without duplication) upon the occurrence of any of the following events:

(a) The issuance of our common stock as a dividend or distribution to all holders of our common stock, or a subdivision or combination of our common stock, in which event the exercise price will be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$EP_1 = EP_0 \times \frac{OS_0}{OS_1}$$

where:

- EP<sub>0</sub> = the exercise price in effect immediately prior to the open of business on the ex-date (as defined below) for such dividend or distribution, or immediately prior to the open of business on the effective date for such subdivision or combination, as the case may be;
- EP<sub>1</sub> = the exercise price in effect immediately after the open of business on the ex-date for such dividend or distribution, or immediately after the open of business on the effective date for such subdivision or combination, as the case may be;
- OS<sub>0</sub> = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately prior to the open of business on the ex-date for such dividend or distribution, or immediately prior to the open of business on the effective date for such subdivision or combination, as the case may be; and
- OS<sub>1</sub> = the number of shares of our common stock that would be outstanding immediately after, and solely as a result of, such dividend, distribution, subdivision or combination.

Such adjustment will become effective immediately after the open of business on the ex-date for such dividend or distribution, or immediately after the open of business on the effective date for such subdivision or combination, as the case may be. If any dividend or distribution or subdivision or combination of the type described in this clause (a) is declared or announced but not so paid or made, the exercise price will again be adjusted to the exercise price that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution or subdivision or combination had not been declared or announced, as the case may be.

(b) The dividend or distribution to all holders of our common stock of shares of our capital stock (other than our common stock), evidences of our indebtedness, rights or warrants to purchase our securities or our assets or property or cash (excluding any ordinary cash dividends declared by our Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee thereof and excluding any dividend, distribution or issuance covered by clauses (a) or (b) above), in which event the exercise price will be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$EP_1 = EP_0 \times \frac{SP_0 - FMV}{SP_0}$$

where:

- EP<sub>0</sub> = the exercise price in effect immediately prior to the open of business on the ex-date for such dividend or distribution;
- EP<sub>1</sub> = the exercise price in effect immediately after the open of business on the ex-date for such dividend or distribution;
- SP<sub>0</sub> = the current market price; and
- FMV = the fair market value (as determined in good faith by our Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee thereof), on the ex-date for such dividend or distribution, of the shares of capital stock, evidences of indebtedness or property, rights or warrants so distributed or the amount of cash (other than in the case of ordinary cash dividends declared by our Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee thereof) expressed as an amount per share of our outstanding common stock.

Such decrease will become effective immediately after the open of business on the ex-date for such dividend or distribution. In the event that such dividend or distribution is declared or announced but not so paid or made, the exercise price will again be adjusted to be the exercise price which would then be in effect if such distribution had not been declared or announced.

However, if the transaction that gives rise to an adjustment pursuant to this clause (b) is one pursuant to which the payment of a dividend or other distribution on our common stock consists of shares of capital stock of, or similar equity interests in, a subsidiary or other business unit of ours (*i.e.*, a spin-off) that are, or, when issued, will be, traded or quoted on the NASDAQ Capital Market or any other national securities exchange or market, then the exercise price will instead be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$EP_1 = EP_0 \times \frac{MP_0}{MP_0 + FMV_0}$$

where:

- $EP_0$  = the exercise price in effect immediately prior to the open of business on the ex-date for such dividend or distribution;
- $EP_1$  = the exercise price in effect immediately after the open of business on the ex-date for such dividend or distribution;
- $FMV_0$  = the average of the closing sale prices (as defined below) of the capital stock or similar equity interests distributed to holders of our common stock applicable to one share of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading days commencing on, and including, the third trading day after the ex-date for such dividend or distribution; and
- $MP_0$  = the average of the closing sale prices of our common stock over 10 consecutive trading days commencing on, and including, the third trading day after the ex-date for such dividend or distribution.

Such decrease will become effective immediately after the open of business on the ex-date for such dividend or distribution. In the event that such dividend or distribution is declared or announced but not so paid or made, the exercise price will again be adjusted to be the exercise price which would then be in effect if such distribution had not been declared or announced.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if an exercise price adjustment becomes effective on any ex-date as described above and a warrant holder that has exercised its warrants on or after such ex-date and on or prior to the related record date (as defined below) would be treated as the record holder of the shares of our common stock as of the related exercise date as described under “—No Rights as Stockholders” above based on an adjusted exercise price for such ex-date, then, notwithstanding the foregoing exercise price adjustment provisions, the exercise price adjustment relating to such ex-date will not be made for such exercising warrant holder. Instead, such warrant holder will be treated as if such warrant holder were the record owner of the shares of our common stock on an unadjusted basis and participate in the related dividend, distribution or other event giving rise to such adjustment.

The “current market price” means, in connection with a dividend, issuance or distribution, the volume weighted average price per share of our common stock for the 20 trading days ending on, but excluding, the earlier of the date in question and the trading day immediately preceding the ex-date for such dividend, issuance or distribution, in each case, for the regular trading session (including any extensions thereof, without regard to pre-open or after hours trading outside of such regular trading session) as reported on the NASDAQ Capital Market, or if our common stock or such other security is not listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market, as reported by the principal U.S. national securities exchange or quotation system on which our common stock or such other security is then listed or quoted, whichever is applicable, as published by Bloomberg at 4:15 p.m., New York City time (or 15 minutes following the end of any extension of the regular trading session), on such trading day, or if such volume weighted average price is unavailable or in manifest error, the market value of one share of our common stock during such 20 trading day period determined using a volume weighted average price method by an independent nationally recognized investment bank or other qualified financial institution selected by our Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee thereof and reasonably acceptable to the warrant agent. If our common stock is not traded on the NASDAQ Capital Market or any U.S. national securities exchange or quotation system, the “current market price” will be the price per share of our common stock that we could obtain from a willing buyer for shares of our common stock sold by us from authorized but unissued shares of our common stock, as such price is reasonably determined in good faith by our Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee thereof.

The “ex-date” means, in connection with any dividend, issuance or distribution, the first date on which the shares of our common stock trade on the applicable exchange or in the applicable market, regular way, without the right to receive such dividend, issuance or distribution.

The “closing sale price” means, as of any date, the last reported per share sales price of a share of our common stock or any other security on such date (or, if no last reported sale price is reported, the average of the bid and ask prices or, if more than one in either case, the average of the average bid and the average ask prices on such date) as reported on the NASDAQ Capital Market, or if our common stock or such other security is not listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market, as reported by the principal U.S. national securities exchange or quotation system on which our common stock or such other security is then listed or quoted; *provided, however*, that in the absence of such quotations, our Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee thereof will make a good faith determination of the closing sale price.

(c) If we issue or sell shares of our common stock in a qualified financing at a price per share less than the applicable exercise price on the trading day immediately preceding such issuance or sale, the Exercise Price will be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$EP_1 = EP_0 \times \frac{(OS_0 + Y)}{(OS_0 + X)}$$

where:

$EP_0$  = the exercise price in effect immediately prior to the open of business on the date of such issuance or sale (or deemed issuance);

$EP_1$  = the exercise price in effect immediately after the open of business on the date of such issuance or sale (or deemed issuance);

$OS$  = the number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately prior to the open of business on the date of such issuance or sale (or deemed issuance);

$X$  = the total number of shares of common stock issued or sold (or deemed issued) on such date; and

$Y$  = the number of shares of common stock equal to the quotient of (A) the aggregate purchase price of the shares of common stock issued or sold (or deemed issued) and (B) the exercise price of the warrants on the trading day immediately preceding such issuance or sale (or deemed issuance).

The term “qualified financing” means the sale by us of shares of our common stock or securities convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, our common stock, provided that a qualified financing shall not include any of the following issuances by us: (i) shares of our common stock or options to purchase shares of our common stock issued to directors, officers, employees of or consultants of the Company or our subsidiaries for services rendered to the Company as described in the warrant agreement, provided that the exercise price of any such options is not lowered, none of such options are amended to increase the number of shares issuable thereunder and none of the terms or conditions of any such options are otherwise materially changed in any manner that adversely affects any of the warrantholders’ interests in the warrants; (ii) shares of our common stock issued upon the conversion or exercise of convertible securities or warrants (other than options covered by clause (i) above) issued prior to the issue date, provided that the conversion price of any such convertible securities or warrants (other than options covered by clause (i) above) is not lowered other than pursuant to anti-dilution (including price-based anti-dilution) features that are currently in existence as of the issue date and are not amended after the issue date, none of such convertible securities or warrants (other than options covered by clause (i) above) are amended to increase the number of shares issuable thereunder and none of the terms or conditions of any such convertible securities or warrants (other than options covered by clause (i) above) are otherwise materially changed in any manner that adversely affects any of the warrantholders’ interests in the warrants; (iii) the shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of the notes or otherwise pursuant to the terms of the notes; (iv) the shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants; and (v) shares of our common stock, options, warrants and convertible securities issued pursuant to equipment purchases, strategic mergers or acquisitions of other assets or businesses, or strategic licensing or development transactions; provided that (x) the primary purpose of such issuance is not to raise capital as determined in good faith by our Board of Directors, (y) the purchaser or acquirer of such shares of our common stock in such issuance solely consists of either (1) the actual participants in such strategic licensing or development transactions, (2) the actual owners of such assets or securities acquired in such merger or acquisition or (3) the shareholders, partners or members of the foregoing persons, and (z) the number or amount (as the case may be) of such shares of our common stock issued to such person by us shall not be disproportionate to such person’s actual participation in such strategic licensing or development transactions or ownership of such assets or securities to be acquired by us (as applicable).

“approved stock plan” means any and all currently existing or future equity incentive plans or agreements providing for issuance, upon approval by our board of directors or a duly authorized committee or delegate thereof, of shares of our common stock, options to purchase our common stock or other securities of, or exchangeable for, the Company to the employees, officers, directors and/or consultants of the Company or its subsidiaries, in each case, that are approved by shareholders or are inducement plans under the rules and regulations of the principal market.

For the purpose of the above calculation, the number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately prior to the open of business on the date of such issuance or sale shall be calculated on a fully diluted basis, as if all then outstanding options, warrants and other convertible securities had been fully exercised or converted (and the resulting securities fully converted into shares of common stock, if so convertible) as of such date.

In the event we issue any options or convertible securities or fix a record date for the determination of holders of any class of securities then entitled to receive any such options or convertible securities, then the maximum number of shares (as set forth in the instrument relating thereto without regard to any provisions contained therein designed to protect against dilution) of common stock issuable upon the exercise of such options or, in the case of convertible securities and options therefor, the conversion or exchange of such convertible securities, shall be deemed to be shares of common stock issued as of the time of such issuance or, in case such a record date shall have been fixed, as of the close of business on such record date. The consideration per share received by us for shares of Common Stock deemed to have been issued pursuant to this paragraph relating to options and convertible securities shall be determined by dividing:

(1) the total amount, if any, received or receivable by us as consideration for the issuance of such options or convertible securities, plus the minimum aggregate amount of additional consideration (as set forth in the instruments relating thereto, without regard to any provision contained therein designed to protect against dilution) payable to us upon the exercise of such options or the conversion or exchange of such convertible securities, or in the case of options for convertible securities, the exercise of such options for convertible securities and the conversion or exchange of such convertible securities, by

(2) the maximum number of shares of common stock (as set forth in the instruments relating thereto, without regard to any provision contained therein designed to protect against the dilution) issuable upon the exercise of such options or conversion or exchange of such convertible securities, or in the case of options for convertible securities, the exercise of such options for convertible securities and the conversion or exchange of such convertible securities.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the terms of any option or convertible security, the issuance of which resulted in an adjustment to the exercise price of the warrants, are revised as a result of an amendment to such terms or any other adjustment pursuant to the provisions of such option or convertible security (but excluding automatic adjustments to such terms pursuant to anti-dilution or similar provisions of such option or convertible security) to provide for either (i) any increase or decrease in the number of shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise, conversion and/or exchange of any such option or convertible security or (ii) any increase or decrease in the consideration payable to us upon such exercise, conversion and/or exchange, then effective upon such increase or decrease becoming effective, the exercise price of the warrants computed upon the original issue of such option or convertible security (or upon the occurrence of a record date with respect thereto) shall be readjusted to such exercise price as would have obtained had such revised terms been in effect upon the original date of issuance of such option or convertible security other than with respect to any warrants that have been exercised prior to the date of any such actions.

#### *Prohibition on Variable Rate Transactions*

Prior to September 23, 2017, we have agreed not to issue or sell or enter into any agreement to issue or sell, any common stock, options, warrants or convertible securities, after September 28, 2016, that are issuable pursuant to such agreement or convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for shares of common stock at a price which varies or may vary with the market price of the shares of common stock, including by way of one or more reset(s) to a fixed price, but exclusive of such formulations reflecting customary anti-dilution provisions (such as share splits, share combinations, share dividends and similar transactions) and also exclusive of such formulations reflecting customary price-based anti-dilution provisions.

#### *Adjustments to the Number of warrants*

Concurrently with any adjustment to the exercise price described in paragraphs (a) to (b) under “—Adjustments to the Exercise Price” above, the number of warrants will be adjusted such that the number of warrants in effect immediately following the effectiveness of such adjustment will be equal to the number of warrants in effect immediately prior to such adjustment, *multiplied by* a fraction, (i) the numerator of which is the exercise price in effect immediately prior to such adjustment and (ii) the denominator of which is the exercise price in effect immediately following such adjustment.

#### *Discretionary Adjustments*

We may from time to time, to the extent permitted by law and subject to applicable rules of the NASDAQ Capital Market, decrease the exercise price and/or increase the number of warrants by any amount for any period of at least 20 days. In that case, we will give the warrant holders at least 15 days’ prior notice of such increase or decrease, and such notice will state the decreased exercise price and/or increased number of warrants and the period during which the decrease and/or increase will be in effect. We may make such decreases in the exercise price and/or increases in the number of warrants, in addition to those set forth above, as our Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee thereof deems advisable, including to avoid or diminish any income tax to holders of our common stock resulting from any dividend or distribution of stock (or rights to acquire stock) or from any event treated as such for income tax purposes.

#### *Restrictions on Adjustments*

Except in accordance with the exercise price adjustment provisions above, the exercise price and the number of warrants for any warrant certificate will not be adjusted for the issuance by us of our common stock or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for our common stock or carrying the right to purchase any of the foregoing.

In addition, neither the exercise price nor the number of warrants will be adjusted:

- upon the issuance of any shares of our common stock pursuant to any present or future plan providing for the reinvestment of dividends or interest payable on our securities and the investment of additional optional amounts in shares of our common stock under any plan;

- for a change in the par value of our common stock;
- to the extent that the adjustment would reduce the exercise price below the par value per share of our common stock; or
- if we make provisions for the warrant holders to participate in any transaction described above under the heading “—Adjustments to the Exercise Price” without exercising their warrants on the same basis as holders of our common stock and with notice that our Board of Directors or a duly authorized committee thereof determines in good faith to be fair and appropriate.

No adjustment will be made to the exercise price, nor will any corresponding adjustment be made to the number of warrants, unless the adjustment would result in a change of at least 1% of the exercise price; *provided* that any adjustments that are less than 1% of the exercise price will be carried forward and such carried forward adjustments, regardless of whether the aggregate adjustment is less than 1% of the exercise price, will be made (i) annually, on July 10 of each year, (ii) immediately prior to the time of any exercise of warrants and (iii) five business days prior to the expiration date, unless, in each case, such adjustment has already been made.

If we take a record of the holders of our common stock for the purpose of entitling them to receive a dividend or other distribution, and thereafter (and before the dividend or distribution has been paid or delivered to stockholders) legally abandon our plan to pay or deliver such dividend or distribution, then thereafter no adjustment to the exercise price or the number of warrants then in effect will be required by reason of the taking of such record.

#### *Certain Distributions of Rights and warrants; Stockholder Rights Plan*

Rights or warrants distributed by us to all holders of our common stock, including under any stockholder rights plan (*i.e.*, a poison pill), entitling the holders of our common stock to subscribe for or purchase shares of our capital stock, which rights or warrants, until the occurrence of a trigger event (a “trigger event”):

- are deemed to be transferred with such shares of our common stock;
- are not exercisable; and
- are also issued in respect of future issuances of our common stock;

shall be deemed not to have been distributed for the purposes of the adjustments described above (and no adjustment to the exercise price or the number of warrants will be made) until the occurrence of the earliest trigger event, whereupon such rights and warrants shall be deemed to have been distributed and an appropriate adjustment (if required) to the exercise price and the number of warrants shall be made (subject in all respects to the restrictions described in the last paragraph of this subsection).

If any such right or warrant is subject to events, upon the occurrence of which such rights or warrants become exercisable to purchase different securities, evidences of indebtedness or other assets, then the date of the occurrence of any and each such event shall be deemed to be the date of distribution and record date with respect to new rights or warrants with such rights (subject in all respects to the restrictions described in the last paragraph of this subsection).

In addition, except as set forth in the last paragraph of this subsection, in the event of any distribution (or deemed distribution) of rights or warrants, or any trigger event or other event (of the type described in the immediately preceding paragraph) with respect thereto that was counted for purposes of calculating a distribution amount for which an adjustment to the exercise price and the number of warrants under “—Adjustment of the warrants” was made (including any adjustment contemplated in the last paragraph of this subsection): (i) in the case of any such rights or warrants that will all have been redeemed or repurchased without exercise by the holders thereof, the exercise price and the number of warrants will be readjusted upon such final redemption or repurchase to give effect to such distribution or trigger event, as the case may be, as though it were a cash distribution, equal to the per share redemption or repurchase price received by a holder or holders of our common stock with respect to such rights or warrants (assuming such holder had retained such rights or warrants), made to all holders of our common stock as of the date of such redemption or repurchase; and (ii) in the case of such rights or warrants that will have expired or been terminated without exercise by the holders thereof, the exercise price and the number of warrants will be readjusted as if such rights and warrants had not been issued.

If we have a stockholder rights plan under which any rights are issued and it provides that each share of our common stock issued upon exercise of warrants at any time prior to the distribution of separate certificates representing such rights will be entitled to receive such rights, then, prior to the separation of such rights from our common stock, the exercise price and the number of warrants will not be adjusted as described above. If, however, prior to any exercise of a warrant, such rights have separated from our common stock, the exercise price and the number of warrants will be adjusted at the time of separation as if we dividended or distributed to all holders of our common stock, our capital stock, evidences of our indebtedness, certain rights or warrants to purchase our securities or our other assets as described in paragraph (c) under “—Adjustments to the Exercise Price” above, subject to readjustment in the event of the expiration, termination or redemption of such rights.

#### *Deferral of Adjustments*

In any case in which an adjustment to the exercise price under paragraphs (a) to (b) under “—Adjustments to the Exercise Price” above provides that an adjustment will become effective immediately after (i) the open of business on the ex-date for an event or (ii) the effective date (in the case of a subdivision or combination of our common stock) (each a “determination date”), we may elect to defer, until the later of the date the adjustment to the exercise price and number of warrants can be definitively determined and the occurrence of the applicable adjustment event (as defined below), (A) issuing to the warrant holder of any warrant exercised after such determination date and before the occurrence of such adjustment event, the additional shares of our common stock or other securities or assets issuable upon such exercise by reason of the adjustment required by such adjustment event over and above our common stock issuable upon such exercise before giving effect to such adjustment and (B) paying to such warrant holder any amount in cash in lieu of any fractional share of our common stock or fractional warrant. For purpose of this paragraph, “adjustment event” means in any case referred to in clause (i) or clause (ii) hereof, the occurrence of such event.

#### *Notice of Adjustments; Calculations Final*

Whenever the exercise price or the number of warrants is adjusted, we will promptly notify the warrant holders of such adjustment.

We will be responsible for making all calculations called for under the warrants. These calculations include, but are not limited to, the exercise date, the current market price, the closing sale price, the net share settlement price, the exercise price, the number of warrants and the number of shares of our common stock or units of reference property (as defined below), if any, to be issued upon exercise of any warrants. We will make the foregoing calculations in good faith and, absent manifest error, our calculations will be final and binding on the warrant holders. We will provide a schedule of our calculations to the warrant agent.

#### **Failure to have Sufficient Authorized Shares**

We have agreed to keep reserved for issuance a number of shares of our common stock at least equal to 100% of the maximum number of shares of common stock as shall be necessary to satisfy the number of shares under the warrants then outstanding (without regard to any limitations on exercise). This required reserve amount (including, without limitation, each increase in the number of shares so reserved) shall be allocated pro rata among the warrant holders based on number of shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of warrants held by each warrant holder on the closing date. In the event that a warrant holder shall sell or otherwise transfer any of such warrant holder’s warrants, each transferee shall be allocated a pro rata portion of such warrant holder’s authorized share allocation.

If we fail to maintain sufficient authorized shares, then we have agreed to immediately take all action necessary to increase the authorized shares and, upon any exercise of a warrant to the extent as would be limited as to the issuance of common stock due to such authorized share failure, we have agreed, in addition to a settlement of the warrant in common stock to the extent not limited by an authorized share failure, to pay, within three (3) business days of the exercise date, an amount of cash in exchange for the cancellation of such warrants for shares of Common Stock that cannot be issued to the warrant holder at a price equal to the sum of the product of (x) such number of common stock that cannot be issued due to the authorized share failure and (y) the simple average of the daily VWAP for common stock for the ten consecutive VWAP trading days ending on and included the VWAP trading day immediately prior to the exercise date net of the related exercise price for such related shares of common stock that would have otherwise been issued (as may be adjusted to give effect for any related net share settlement in lieu of a full exercise of such warrant). We have also agreed to hold a meeting of our stockholders within sixty (60) days of the occurrence of such failure for the approval of an increase in the number of authorized shares of common stock.

“daily VWAP” means the per share volume-weighted average price of the common stock as displayed under the heading “Bloomberg VWAP” on Bloomberg page “[APPS <equity> AQR]” (or any successor thereto if such page is not available) in respect of the period from the scheduled open of trading until the scheduled close of trading of the primary trading session on such VWAP trading day (or if such volume-weighted average price is unavailable, the market value of one share of the Common Stock on such VWAP trading day, determined, if practicable, using a volume-weighted average method, by an independent, nationally recognized investment banking firm retained by the Company for this purpose). The daily VWAP shall be determined without regard to after-hours trading or any other trading outside of the regular trading session trading hours.

“VWAP trading day” means (a) a day on which (i) there is no VWAP market disruption event and (ii) trading in the common stock generally occurs on the relevant stock exchange or (b) if the common stock (or any other security for which a daily VWAP must be determined) is not listed or traded on any exchange or other market, a business day.

“VWAP market disruption event” means (a) the relevant stock exchange fails to open for trading or (b) the occurrence or existence prior to 1:00 p.m., New York City time, on any scheduled trading day for the common stock for more than a one half-hour period in the aggregate during regular trading hours, of any suspension or limitation imposed on trading (by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the relevant stock exchange or otherwise) in the common stock or in any options contracts or future contracts relating to the common stock.

#### **Consolidation, Merger and Sale of Assets**

Subject to the rights of the warrant holders (see “Fundamental Transactions” below), we may, without the consent of the warrant holders, consolidate with, merge into or sell, lease or otherwise transfer in one transaction or a series of related transactions the consolidated assets of us and our subsidiaries substantially as an entirety to any corporation, limited liability company, partnership or trust organized under the laws of the United States or any of its political subdivisions so long as:

- the successor assumes all of our obligations under the warrant agreement and the warrants; and
- we provide written notice of such assumption to the warrant agent.

#### **Fundamental Transactions**

If, at any time while any warrants remain outstanding and unexercised a “fundamental transaction” occurs, then, and in such event only if such fundamental transaction is consummated and in full satisfaction of any and all amounts otherwise payable upon exercise of such unexercised warrant, we or any successor entity (as the case may be) shall be obligated to redeem, and the warrant holder shall have the right to receive, an amount equal to the Black Scholes value of such unexercised warrant less the exercise price. Payment of such amounts shall be made by us or such successor entity (or at their direction) to the warrant holder on or prior to the third business day after the later to occur of (x) the date of the consummation of such fundamental transaction or (y) the date that the Black Scholes value has been determined in accordance with the terms of the warrant agreement (but in no event later than ten business days after the date of the consummation of such fundamental transaction).



A “fundamental transaction” means (i) a “person” or “group” within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act other than the Company, the Company’s subsidiaries or the Company’s or the Company’s subsidiaries’ employee benefit plans files a Schedule TO or any schedule, form or report under the Exchange Act disclosing that such person or group has become the direct or indirect “beneficial owner,” as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, of the Company’s common equity representing more than 50% of the voting power of all outstanding classes of the Company’s common equity entitled to vote generally in the election of the Company’s directors; (ii) the consummation of (A) any share exchange, consolidation or merger involving the Company pursuant to which the common stock will be converted into cash, securities or other property or (B) any sale, lease or other transfer in one transaction or a series of transactions of all or substantially all of the consolidated assets of the Company and the Company’s Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, to any person other than one or more of the Company’s subsidiaries; *provided, however*, that a share exchange, consolidation or merger transaction described in clause (A) above in which the holders of more than 50% of all shares of common stock entitled to vote generally in the election of the Company’s directors immediately prior to such transaction own, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of all shares of common stock entitled to vote generally in the election of the directors of the continuing or surviving entity or the parent entity thereof immediately after such transaction in substantially the same proportions (relative to each other) as such ownership immediately prior to such transaction will not, in either case, be a Fundamental Transaction (*provided, however*, that if a transaction occurs that constitutes a Fundamental Transaction under both clause (i) and clause (ii) above, such transaction will be treated solely as a Fundamental Transaction under clause (ii) above) or (iii) the Company’s stockholders approve any plan or proposal for the liquidation or dissolution of the Company.

The “Black Scholes value” means the value of the unexercised portion of a warrant remaining on the date of a warrant holder’s request pursuant to the warrant agreement, which value shall be determined by an independent nationally recognized investment bank or other qualified financial institution selected by the Board of Directors and shall be calculated using the Black Scholes Option Pricing Model obtained from the “OV” function on Bloomberg utilizing (i) an underlying price per share of common stock equal to the greater of (1) the weighted average closing sale price of the common stock during the period beginning on the trading day immediately preceding the public announcement of the applicable fundamental transaction and ending on the third trading day immediately prior to the date of the consummation of the applicable fundamental transaction (*provided, however*, that if the consummation of the applicable fundamental transaction occurs prior to any public announcement of the applicable fundamental transaction, then such period shall be the 20 trading day period immediately preceding the third trading day prior to the consummation of the applicable fundamental transaction) and (2) the sum of the price per share being offered in cash in the applicable fundamental transaction (if any) plus the value of the non-cash consideration being offered in the applicable fundamental transaction (if any), (ii) a strike price equal to the exercise price in effect on the first business day immediately following the period referenced in the foregoing clause (i), (iii) a risk-free interest rate corresponding to the U.S. Treasury rate for a period equal to seven years, (iv) a zero cost of borrowing; (v) an expected volatility equal to the 100 day volatility obtained from the “HVT” function on Bloomberg (determined utilizing a 365 day annualization factor) as of the trading day immediately following the earliest to occur of (A) the public disclosure of the applicable fundamental transaction or (B) the consummation of the applicable fundamental transaction and (vi) such other assumptions as may be determined by such independent investment bank.

We are required to provide each warrant holder with written notice of any fundamental Transaction no later than 20 days prior to the anticipated closing date of such fundamental transaction.

If holders of common stock are given any choice as to the securities, cash or property to be received in a fundamental transaction, then the warrant holder, if such warrant holder does timely exercise a warrant on or prior to the closing of such fundamental transaction shall be given the same choice as to the consideration available to holders of common stock, subject to the same terms and conditions, if any, otherwise applicable to holders of common stock.

#### **Modification and Waiver**

The warrant agreement may be modified or amended by us and the warrant agent, without the consent of the holder of any warrant, for the purposes of curing any ambiguity or correcting or supplementing any defective provision contained in the warrant agreement; *provided that* such modification or amendment does not adversely affect the interests of the warrant holders in any respect.

Modifications and amendments to the warrant agreement or to the terms and conditions of warrants may also be made by us and the warrant agent, and noncompliance with any provision of the warrant agreement or warrants may be waived, with the written consent of the warrant holders of warrants representing at least two-thirds of the aggregate number of warrants at the time outstanding.

However, no such modification, amendment or waiver may, without the written consent or the affirmative vote of each warrant holder affected:

- change the expiration date;
- increase the exercise price or decrease the number of warrants (except as explicitly set forth under “—Adjustments to the warrants”);
- impair the right to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment or delivery with respect to the exercise and settlement of any warrant;
- impair or adversely affect the exercise rights of warrant holders, including any change to the calculation or payment of the net share amount;
- deprive any warrant holder of any economic rights that are expressly provided pursuant to the warrant agreement and/or the warrants; or
- reduce the percentage of warrants outstanding necessary to modify or amend the warrant agreement.

In addition, there are additional restrictions on the modification of the exchange cap and maximum percentage, similar to those that apply to the notes. See “Description of Notes.”

#### **We May Acquire warrants**

We may, except as limited by applicable law, at any time purchase or otherwise acquire warrants at such times, in such manner and for such consideration as we may deem appropriate and will have agreed with the holder of such warrants provided that we have agreed that we will not reissue or resell such reacquired warrants.

#### **Governing Law**

The validity, interpretation and performance of warrants and the warrant agreement are governed by New York law without giving effect to the principles of conflicts of laws thereof.

#### **Information Regarding the warrant agent**

Under the warrant agreement, U.S. Bank National Association is appointed to act as the warrant agent on our behalf in connection with the transfer, exchange, substitution, exercise and cancellation of the warrants and required to maintain a register recording the names and addresses of all registered holders of warrants. The warrant agent received a fee in exchange for performing these duties under the warrant agreement and will be indemnified by us for liabilities not involving willful misconduct or gross negligence and arising out of its service as warrant agent. The warrant agent and its affiliates may from time to time in the future provide banking and other services to us in the ordinary course of their business.

#### **Global warrants, Book-Entry, Settlement and Clearance**

##### *The Global warrants*

The warrants (other than the warrants issued to the affiliated investors) are in the form of one or more global warrants registered as specified in the warrant agreement. Each of the global warrants have been deposited with the warrant agent as custodian for DTC and registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of DTC.

Except as set forth below, a global warrant may be transferred, in whole or in part, only to another nominee of DTC or to a successor of DTC or its nominee. Beneficial interests in a global warrant may be held directly through DTC if such holder is a participant in DTC, or indirectly through organizations that are participants in DTC, whom we refer to as participants. Transfers between participants will be effected in the ordinary way in accordance with DTC rules and will be settled in clearing house funds. We expect that under procedures established by DTC:

- upon deposit of a global warrant with DTC's custodian, DTC will credit portions of the aggregate number of warrants of the global warrant to the accounts of the DTC participants designated by the depositor; and
- ownership of beneficial interests in a global warrant will be shown on, and transfer of ownership of those interests will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC (with respect to interests of DTC participants) and the records of DTC participants (with respect to other owners of beneficial interests in the global warrant).

Beneficial interests in a global warrant may not be exchanged for warrants in physical, certificated form except in the limited circumstances described below.

#### *Book-Entry Procedures for the Global warrants*

All interests in the global warrants will be subject to the operations and procedures of DTC. We provide the following summary of those operations and procedures solely for the convenience of investors. The operations and procedures of DTC are controlled by that settlement system and may be changed at any time. Neither we nor the initial purchaser is responsible for those operations or procedures.

DTC has advised us that it is:

- a limited purpose trust company organized under the laws of the State of New York;
- a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York State Banking Law;
- a member of the Federal Reserve System;
- a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the Uniform Commercial Code; and
- a "clearing agency" registered under Section 17A of the Exchange Act.

DTC was created to hold securities for its participants and to facilitate the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between its participants through electronic book-entry changes to the accounts of its participants. DTC's participants include securities brokers and dealers, including the underwriter; banks and trust companies; clearing corporations and other organizations. Indirect access to DTC's system is also available to others such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies; these indirect participants clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a DTC participant, either directly or indirectly. Investors who are not DTC participants may beneficially own securities held by or on behalf of DTC only through DTC participants or indirect participants in DTC.

So long as DTC's nominee is the registered owner of a global warrant, that nominee will be considered the sole owner or holder of such global warrant for all purposes under the warrant agreement. Except as provided below, owners of beneficial interests in a global warrant will:

- will not be entitled to have warrant certificates registered in their names;
- will not receive or be entitled to receive a physical, certificated warrant; and
- will not be considered the owners or holders of the global warrant

As a result, each investor who owns a beneficial interest in a global warrant must rely on the procedures of DTC to exercise any rights of a holder of a warrant under the warrant agreement (and, if the investor is not a participant or an indirect participant in DTC, on the procedures of the DTC participant through which the investor owns its interest).

Payments with respect to the warrants represented by a global warrant will be made by the warrant agent to DTC's nominee as the registered holder of the global warrant. Neither we nor the warrant agent will have any responsibility or liability for the payment of amounts to owners of beneficial interests in a global warrant, for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of those interests by DTC, or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records of DTC relating to those interests.

Payments by participants and indirect participants in DTC to the owners of beneficial interests in a global warrant will be governed by standing instructions and customary industry practice and will be the responsibility of those participants or indirect participants and DTC.

Transfers between participants in DTC will be effected under DTC's procedures and will be settled in same-day funds. Because DTC can only act on behalf of participants, who in turn act on behalf of indirect participants, the ability of a person having a beneficial interest in the number of warrants represented by the global warrant to pledge such interest to persons or entities that do not participate in the DTC system, or otherwise take actions in respect of such interest, may be affected by the lack of a physical certificate evidencing its interest.

#### *Certificated warrants*

A global warrant registered in the name of DTC or its nominee will be exchanged for certificated warrants only if (i) DTC (A) has notified us that it is unwilling or unable to continue as or ceases to be a clearing agency registered under Section 17A of the Exchange Act and (B) a successor to DTC registered as a clearing agency under Section 17A of the Exchange Act is not able to be appointed by us within 90 days; or (ii) DTC is at any time unwilling or unable to continue as depository and a successor to DTC is not able to be appointed by us within 90 days; or (iii) we in our sole discretion determine that a global warrant will be exchangeable for physical, certificated securities and notify the warrant agent in writing of our decision.

## SELLING SECURITY HOLDERS

The registration statement, of which this prospectus forms a part, relates to the possible resale of the notes, warrants, and common stock underlying each of the notes and the warrants, by the selling security holders named below. The notes and warrants were originally issued to BTIG, LLC (the “initial purchaser”) pursuant to an Initial Purchaser Agreement, dated September 23, 2016 (the “initial purchaser agreement”). Pursuant to the initial purchaser agreement, we sold \$16 million aggregate principal amount of the notes and also issued warrants expiring in 2020 to purchase 4,355,600 shares of our common stock. Such notes and warrants are convertible or exercisable, respectively, into an aggregate of 16,085,840 shares of common stock. We have also included up to an additional 6,432,475 shares of common stock that may be issued as part of an early conversion payment in the event of an early conversion of the notes in the event we are permitted to, and elect to, make such payment in the form of shares of our common stock in lieu of cash. Such additional number of shares is calculated based upon the Indenture and an assumed early conversion in full on December 19, 2016. Pursuant to the registration rights agreement entered into between us and the initial purchaser for the benefit of the selling security holders, we agreed to file a registration statement, of which this prospectus forms a part, for the purpose of registering for resale the notes, warrants, and common stock underlying each of the notes and the warrants issued to the initial purchaser.

The tables and footnotes below sets forth certain information known to us, based upon written representations from the selling security holders, with respect to the selling security holders and the beneficial ownership of our notes, warrants and shares of common stock underlying each held by the selling security holders as of December 19, 2016. The “Shares of Common Stock Beneficially Owned Prior to Offering” column includes the outstanding shares of common stock offered by this prospectus and the maximum number of shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of the notes and warrants in full for cash. Because the selling security holders may sell, transfer, or otherwise dispose of all, some, or none of the shares of our common stock covered by this prospectus, we cannot determine the number of such shares that will be sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of by the selling security holders, or the amount or percentage of shares of our common stock that will be held by the selling security holders upon termination of any particular offering. Registration of the shares under the Securities Act does not require the selling security holders to sell any of the shares. See “Plan of Distribution.” For purposes of the table below, we assume that the selling security holders will sell all of their respective shares of common stock offered by this prospectus.

We have determined beneficial ownership in accordance with the rules of the SEC. Except as indicated by the footnotes below, we believe, based on the information furnished to us, that the selling security holders have sole voting and investment power with respect to all notes, warrants, and shares of common stock that it beneficially owns, subject to applicable community property laws. Unless otherwise described in this prospectus, to our knowledge, the selling security holders have not held any position or office or had any other material relationship with us or our affiliates during the three years prior to the date of this prospectus. In addition, except as otherwise described below, based on the information provided to us by the selling security holders, none of the selling security holders is a broker-dealer or an affiliate of a broker-dealer.

### Notes and Warrants Offered

Selling Security Holder	Principal Amount of Notes Owned	% of Outstanding Notes	Number of Warrants Offered	% of Outstanding Warrants
BTIG, LLC (1)	0	*	250,000	5.74%
Heights Capital Management, Inc. (2)	\$ 1,750,000	10.94%	449,050	10.31%
Equitec Proprietary Markets, LLC (3)	\$ 500,000	3.12%	128,300	2.94%
Intracoastal Capital, LLC (4)	\$ 500,000	3.12%	128,300	2.94%
Pine River Master Fund Ltd. (5)	\$ 6,000,000	37.50%	1,539,600	35.35%
Talkot Fund, L.P. (6)	\$ 1,000,000	6.25%	256,600	5.89%
Wolverine Flagship Fund Trading Limited (7)	\$ 2,000,000	12.50%	513,200	11.78%
Daiwa America Strategic Advisors Corporation (8)	\$ 3,000,000	18.75%	769,800	17.67%
BRC Partners Opportunity Fund (9)	\$ 500,000	3.12%	128,300	2.94%
Punch Micro Cap Partners, LLC (10)	\$ 750,000	4.69%	192,450	4.42%

\* Denotes less than 1%.

(1) BTIG, LLC is a broker-dealer managed by Condor Trading LP, a limited partnership, which is managed by Condor GP LLC, a limited liability company. BTIG, LLC was the sole book runner in the private placement of the \$16 million aggregate principal amount of the notes and the accompanying warrants and received the 250,000 warrants as compensation for such services. Scott Kovalik and Steven Starker have voting or investment control with respect to the 250,000 warrants.

(2) Heights Capital Management, Inc., the authorized agent of CVI Investments, Inc. (“CVI”), has discretionary authority to vote and dispose of the securities held by CVI and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities. Martin Kobinger, in his capacity as Investment Manager of Heights Capital Management, Inc., may also be deemed to have investment discretion and voting power over the securities held by CVI. Mr. Kobinger disclaims any such beneficial ownership of the securities. Heights Capital Management, Inc. is an affiliate of a broker-dealer. We understand that Heights Capital Management, Inc. acquired the securities being registered hereunder in the ordinary course of business, and at the time of the acquisition of the securities described herein, Heights Capital Management, Inc. did not have any arrangements or understanding with any person to distribute such securities.

(3) Equitec Proprietary Markets, LLC (“EPM”) is a broker-dealer managed by Equitec Group, LLC. Daniel Asher (“Mr. Asher”) has voting control and investment discretion over the securities held by EPM. Mr. Asher is also a manager of Intracoastal Capital LLC (“Intracoastal”), and has shared voting control and investment discretion over the securities reported herein that are held by Intracoastal. Mr. Asher may be deemed to have beneficial ownership (as determined under Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act) of the securities reported herein that are held by Intracoastal. In the aggregate, Mr. Asher may be deemed to have beneficial ownership (as determined under Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act) of 2,974,709 of the Company’s ordinary shares, which consists of (i) 1,582,939 of the Company’s ordinary shares held by EPM (ii) 366,570 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of Convertible Debenture held by EPM (\$500,000 principal), (iii) 201,015 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon payment of interest of the Convertible Debenture held by EPM, (iv) 128,300 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of warrants held by EPM, (v) 366,570 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of a Convertible Debenture held by Intracoastal (\$500,000 principal), (vi) 201,015 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon payment of interest of the Convertible Debenture held by Intracoastal, (vii) 128,300 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of warrants held by Intracoastal. We understand that EPM acquired the securities being registered hereunder in the ordinary course of business, and at the time of acquisition of the securities described herein EPM did not have any arrangements or understanding with any person to distribute such securities.

(4) Mitchell P. Kopin (“Mr. Kopin”) and Mr. Asher, each of whom are managers of Intracoastal Capital LLC (“Intracoastal”), have shared voting control and investment discretion over the securities reported herein that are held by Intracoastal. As a result, each of Mr. Kopin and Mr. Asher may be deemed to have beneficial ownership (as determined under Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act) of the securities reported herein that are held by Intracoastal. Mr. Asher also has voting control and investment discretion over the securities held by EPM. In the aggregate, Mr. Asher may be deemed to have beneficial ownership (as determined under Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act) of 2,974,709 of the Company’s ordinary shares, which consists of (i) 1,582,939 of the Company’s ordinary shares held by EPM (ii) 366,570 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of a Convertible Debenture held by EPM (\$500,000 principal), (iii) 201,015 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon payment of interest of the Convertible Debenture held by EPM, (iv) 128,300 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of warrants held by EPM, (v) 366,570 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of the Convertible Debenture held by Intracoastal (\$500,000 principal), (vi) 201,015 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon payment of interest of the Convertible Debenture held by Intracoastal, (vii) 128,300 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of warrants held by Intracoastal. In the aggregate, Mr. Kopin may be deemed to have beneficial ownership (as determined under Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act) of 695,885 of the Company’s ordinary shares, which consists of (i) 366,570 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of a Convertible Debenture held by Intracoastal (\$500,000 principal), (ii) 201,015 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon payment of interest of the Convertible Debenture held by Intracoastal, (iii) 128,300 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of warrants held by Intracoastal. Mr. Asher, who is manager of Intracoastal, is also a control person of a broker-dealer. As a result of such common control, Intracoastal may be deemed to be an affiliate of a broker-dealer. We understand that Intracoastal acquired the ordinary shares being registered hereunder in the ordinary course of business, and at the time of the acquisition of the ordinary shares and warrants described herein, Intracoastal did not have any arrangements or understanding with any person to distribute such securities.

(5) Pine River Master Fund Ltd. is managed by Pine River Capital Management L.P. Brian Taylor, Manager and President of Pine River Capital Management LLC, the general partner of Pine River Capital Management L.P., the investment manager of Pine River Master Fund Ltd., has voting or investment power over the securities reported herein that are held by Pine River Master Fund Ltd.

(6) Talkot Fund, L.P. is managed by Talkot Capital, LLC. Thomas B. Akin is the Managing Member of the General Partner (Talkot Capital, LLC). Accordingly, Thomas B. Akin holds investment control over the shares held by Talkot Fund, LP.

(7) Wolverine Flagship Fund Trading Limited is managed by Wolverine Asset Management, LLC as its investment manager, which is wholly owned by Wolverine Holdings, L.P. Voting or investment control over the securities held by Wolverine Flagship Fund Trading Limited is held by Christopher Gust, managing director of Wolverine Trading Partners, Inc., which is the general partner of Wolverine Holding, L.P. Mr. Gust is one of the two controlling shareholders of Wolverine Trading Partners, Inc. Wolverine Flagship Fund Trading Limited is an affiliate of a broker-dealer and we understand that Wolverine Flagship Fund Trading Limited acquired the securities being registered hereunder in the ordinary course of business, and at the time of acquisition of the securities described herein Wolverine Flagship Fund Trading Limited did not have any arrangements or understanding with any person to distribute such securities.

(8) Voting or investment control over the securities held by Daiwa America Strategic Advisors Corporation (“Daiwa”) are held by the following directors and executive officers of Daiwa: Takayuki Sawano, Chairman and CEO, Naoki Suzuki, President and COO, and H. Lake Wise, Vice Chairman. Daiwa is an affiliate of a broker-dealer and we understand that Daiwa acquired the securities being registered hereunder in the ordinary course of business, and at the time of acquisition of the securities described herein Daiwa did not have any arrangements or understanding with any person to distribute such securities.

(9) BRC Partners Opportunity Fund is an affiliate of a broker-dealer. We understand that BRC Partners Opportunity Fund acquired the securities being registered hereunder in the ordinary course of business, and at the time of the acquisition of the securities described herein, BRC Partners Opportunity Fund did not have any arrangements or understanding with any person to distribute such securities.

(10) Punch Micro Cap Partners, LLC is managed by Punch & Associates Investment Management, Inc., which is managed by Howard D. Punch, Jr. Voting or investment control over the securities held by Punch Micro Cap Partners, LLC is held by Howard D. Punch, Jr. and John C. Carraux.

**Shares of Our Common Stock Offered (underlying the Notes and Warrants)**

Selling Security Holder	Shares of Common Stock Beneficially Owned Prior to this Offering		Number of Shares Offered <sup>(1)</sup>	Shares Owned After Offering <sup>(2)</sup>	
	Shares	%		Shares	%
BTIG, LLC (3)	250,000	*	250,000	0	*
Heights Capital Management, Inc. (4)	2,435,597	3.66	2,435,597	0	*
Equitec Proprietary Markets, LLC (5)	2,974,709	4.46	695,885	1,582,939	2.37
Intracoastal Capital, LLC (6)	2,974,709	4.46	695,885	1,582,939	2.37
Pine River Master Fund Ltd. (7)	8,350,618	12.53	8,350,618	0	*
Talkot Fund, L.P. (8)	1,391,770	2.09	1,391,770	0	*
Wolverine Flagship Fund Trading Limited (9)	2,783,539	4.18	2,783,539	0	*
Daiwa America Strategic Advisors Corporation (10)	4,225,309	6.34	4,175,309	50,000	*
BRC Partners Opportunity Fund (11)	695,885	1.04	695,885	0	*
Punch Micro Cap Partners, LLC (12)	1,043,827	1.57	1,043,827	0	*

\* Denotes less than 1%.

- (1) The amounts set forth in this column are the numbers of shares of common stock that may be offered by the selling security holder using this prospectus including shares underlying the notes and warrants owned by the selling security holder. These amounts do not represent any other shares of our common stock that the selling security holder may own beneficially or otherwise.
- (2) Assumes the sale of all of the shares offered by the selling security holder pursuant to this prospectus, including all of the shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of the notes and warrants. Based on 66,634,006 shares, which is the total number of shares of our common stock outstanding as of September 30, 2016.
- (3) BTIG, LLC is a broker-dealer managed by Condor Trading LP, a limited partnership, which is managed by Condor GP LLC, a limited liability company. BTIG, LLC was the sole book runner in the private placement of the \$16 million aggregate principal amount of the notes and the accompanying warrants and received the 250,000 warrants as compensation for such services. Scott Kovalik and Steven Starker have voting or investment control with respect to the 250,000 shares of common stock.
- (4) Heights Capital Management, Inc., the authorized agent of CVI Investments, Inc. ("CVI"), has discretionary authority to vote and dispose of the securities held by CVI and may be deemed to be the beneficial owner of these securities. Martin Kobinger, in his capacity as Investment Manager of Heights Capital Management, Inc., may also be deemed to have investment discretion and voting power over the securities held by CVI. Mr. Kobinger disclaims any such beneficial ownership of the securities. Heights Capital Management, Inc. is an affiliate of a broker-dealer. We understand that Heights Capital Management, Inc. acquired the securities being registered hereunder in the ordinary course of business, and at the time of the acquisition of the securities described herein, Heights Capital Management, Inc. did not have any arrangements or understanding with any person to distribute such securities. The amount of shares of common stock beneficially owned prior to this offering also includes 703,552 shares of common stock that may be issued upon the early conversion of the notes based upon calculations that assumed an early conversion on December 19, 2016, as calculated under the Indenture.

- (5) Equitec Proprietary Markets, LLC (“EPM”) is a broker-dealer managed by Equitec Group, LLC. Daniel Asher (“Mr. Asher”) has voting control and investment discretion over the securities held by EPM. Mr. Asher is also a manager of Intracoastal Capital LLC (“Intracoastal”), and has shared voting control and investment discretion over the securities reported herein that are held by Intracoastal. Mr. Asher may be deemed to have beneficial ownership (as determined under Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act) of the securities reported herein that are held by Intracoastal. In the aggregate, Mr. Asher may be deemed to have beneficial ownership (as determined under Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act) of 2,974,709 of the Company’s ordinary shares, which consists of (i) 1,582,939 of the Company’s ordinary shares held by EPM (ii) 366,570 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of Convertible Debenture held by EPM (\$500,000 principal), (iii) 201,015 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon payment of interest of the Convertible Debenture held by EPM, (iv) 128,300 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of warrants held by EPM, (v) 366,570 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of a Convertible Debenture held by Intracoastal (\$500,000 principal), (vi) 201,015 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon payment of interest of the Convertible Debenture held by Intracoastal, (vii) 128,300 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of warrants held by Intracoastal. We understand that EPM acquired the securities being registered hereunder in the ordinary course of business, and at the time of acquisition of the securities described herein EPM did not have any arrangements or understanding with any person to distribute such securities. The amount of shares of common stock beneficially owned prior to this offering also includes 402,030 shares of common stock that may be issued upon the early conversion of the notes by EPM and Intracoastal based upon calculations that assumed an early conversion on December 19, 2016, as calculated under the Indenture.
- (6) Mitchell P. Kopin (“Mr. Kopin”) and Mr. Asher, each of whom are managers of Intracoastal Capital LLC (“Intracoastal”), have shared voting control and investment discretion over the securities reported herein that are held by Intracoastal. As a result, each of Mr. Kopin and Mr. Asher may be deemed to have beneficial ownership (as determined under Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act) of the securities reported herein that are held by Intracoastal. Mr. Asher also has voting control and investment discretion over the securities held by EPM. In the aggregate, Mr. Asher may be deemed to have beneficial ownership (as determined under Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act) of 2,974,709 of the Company’s ordinary shares, which consists of (i) 1,582,939 of the Company’s ordinary shares held by EPM (ii) 366,570 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of a Convertible Debenture held by EPM (\$500,000 principal), (iii) 201,015 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon payment of interest of the Convertible Debenture held by EPM, (iv) 128,300 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of warrants held by EPM, (v) 366,570 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of the Convertible Debenture held by Intracoastal (\$500,000 principal), (vi) 201,015 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon payment of interest of the Convertible Debenture held by Intracoastal, (vii) 128,300 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of warrants held by Intracoastal. In the aggregate, Mr. Kopin may be deemed to have beneficial ownership (as determined under Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act) of 695,885 of the Company’s ordinary shares, which consists of (i) 366,570 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of a Convertible Debenture held by Intracoastal (\$500,000 principal), (ii) 201,015 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon payment of interest of the Convertible Debenture held by Intracoastal, (iii) 128,300 of the Company’s ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of warrants held by Intracoastal. Mr. Asher, who is manager of Intracoastal, is also a control person of a broker-dealer. As a result of such common control, Intracoastal may be deemed to be an affiliate of a broker-dealer. We understand that Intracoastal acquired the ordinary shares being registered hereunder in the ordinary course of business, and at the time of the acquisition of the ordinary shares and warrants described herein, Intracoastal did not have any arrangements or understanding with any person to distribute such securities. The amount of shares of common stock beneficially owned prior to this offering also includes 402,030 shares of common stock that may be issued upon the early conversion of the notes by Intracoastal and EPM based upon calculations that assumed an early conversion on December 19, 2016, as calculated under the Indenture.
- (7) Pine River Master Fund Ltd. is managed by Pine River Capital Management L.P. Brian Taylor, Manager and President of Pine River Capital Management LLC, the general partner of Pine River Capital Management L.P., the investment manager of Pine River Master Fund Ltd., has voting or investment power over the securities reported herein that are held by Pine River Master Fund Ltd. The amount of shares of common stock beneficially owned prior to this offering also includes 2,412,178 shares of common stock that may be issued upon the early conversion of the notes based upon calculations that assumed an early conversion on December 19, 2016, as calculated under the Indenture.
- (8) Talkot Fund, L.P. is managed by Talkot Capital, LLC. Thomas B. Akin is the Managing Member of the General Partner (Talkot Capital, LLC). Accordingly, Thomas B. Akin holds investment control over the shares held by Talkot Fund, LP. The amount of shares of common stock beneficially owned prior to this offering also includes 402,030 shares of common stock that may be issued upon the early conversion of the notes based upon calculations that assumed an early conversion on December 19, 2016, as calculated under the Indenture.
- (9) Wolverine Flagship Fund Trading Limited is managed by Wolverine Asset Management, LLC as its investment manager, which is wholly owned by Wolverine Holdings, L.P. Voting or investment control over the securities held by Wolverine Flagship Fund Trading Limited is held by Christopher Gust, managing director of Wolverine Trading Partners, Inc., which is the general partner of Wolverine Holding, L.P. Mr. Gust is one of the two controlling shareholders of Wolverine Trading Partners, Inc. Wolverine Flagship Fund Trading Limited is an affiliate of a broker-dealer and we understand that Wolverine Flagship Fund Trading Limited acquired the securities being registered hereunder in the ordinary course of business, and at the time of acquisition of the securities described herein Wolverine Flagship Fund Trading Limited did not have any arrangements or understanding with any person to distribute such securities. The amount of shares of common stock beneficially owned prior to this offering also includes 804,059 shares of common stock that may be issued upon the early conversion of the notes based upon calculations that assumed an early conversion on December 19, 2016, as calculated under the Indenture.
- (10) Voting or investment control over the securities held by Daiwa America Strategic Advisors Corporation (“Daiwa”) are held by the following directors and executive officers of Daiwa: Takayuki Sawano, Chairman and CEO, Naoki Suzuki, President and COO, and H. Lake Wise, Vice Chairman. Daiwa is an affiliate of a broker-dealer and we understand that Daiwa acquired the securities being registered hereunder in the ordinary course of business, and at the time of acquisition of the securities described herein Daiwa did not have any arrangements or understanding with any person to distribute such securities. The amount of shares of common stock



beneficially owned prior to this offering also includes 1,206,089 shares of common stock that may be issued upon the early conversion of the notes based upon calculations that assumed an early conversion on December 19, 2016, as calculated under the Indenture.

- (11) BRC Partners Opportunity Fund is an affiliate of a broker-dealer. We understand that BRC Partners Opportunity Fund acquired the securities being registered hereunder in the ordinary course of business, and at the time of the acquisition of the securities described herein, BRC Partners Opportunity Fund did not have any arrangements or understanding with any person to distribute such securities. The amount of shares of common stock beneficially owned prior to this offering also includes 201,015 shares of common stock that may be issued upon the early conversion of the notes based upon calculations that assumed an early conversion on December 19, 2016, as calculated under the Indenture.
- (12) Punch Micro Cap Partners, LLC is managed by Punch & Associates Investment Management, Inc., which is managed by Howard D. Punch, Jr. Voting or investment control over the securities held by Punch Micro Cap Partners, LLC is held by Howard D. Punch, Jr. and John C. Carraux. The amount of shares of common stock beneficially owned prior to this offering also includes 301,522 shares of common stock that may be issued upon the early conversion of the notes based upon calculations that assumed an early conversion on December 19, 2016, as calculated under the Indenture.

## CERTAIN UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion describes the material U.S. federal income tax consequences associated with the purchase, ownership, and disposition of the notes, the warrants and the shares of the common stock underlying the notes and the warrants. This summary is based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), administrative pronouncements, judicial decisions and final, temporary and proposed Treasury Regulations. Changes to, or differing interpretations of, any of the foregoing authorities subsequent to the date of this prospectus may affect the tax consequences described herein. There can be no assurance that the IRS will not challenge one or more of the tax consequences described herein, and we have not obtained, nor do we intend to obtain, a ruling from the IRS with respect to any matters discussed in this section. This discussion does not describe all of the U.S. federal income tax consequences that may be relevant to you in light of your particular circumstances. If you are considering the purchase of the offered securities, you should consult your tax advisor with regard to the application of the U.S. federal tax laws to your particular situation, as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

This discussion applies only to notes that you purchase at the original “issue price.” Further, this discussion is limited to investors who hold securities as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code (generally, property held for investment).

This discussion does not address any alternative minimum tax considerations; the potential application of the Medicare contribution tax on net investment income; any U.S. federal tax consequences other than income tax consequences discussed herein or any U.S. federal estate, gift or generation skipping tax considerations; any state, local or foreign tax law; or any differing tax consequences applicable to special classes of investors, including but not limited to:

- banks, thrifts or other financial institutions;
- regulated investment companies or real estate investment trusts;
- dealers or traders in securities;
- insurance companies;
- retirement plans;
- persons holding the offered securities as part of a “*straddle*”, hedge, conversion or other integrated transaction;
- persons deemed to sell notes or common stock under constructive sale provisions of the Code;
- partnerships or other entities classified as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, or a partner in such partnership;
- tax-exempt entities;
- U.S. holders (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar;
- certain former citizens or residents of the U.S.;
- foreign corporations that are classified as “*passive foreign investment companies*” or “*controlled foreign corporations*” for U.S. federal income tax purposes; or

- Non-U.S. holders (as defined below) that own, or are deemed to own, more than 5% of the common stock, or Non-U.S. holders that, on the date of any acquisition of any notes, own notes with a fair market value of more than 5% of the fair market value of the common stock.

As used herein, you are a “U.S. holder” if you hold any offering security and are:

- an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States;
- a corporation, or other entity taxable as a corporation, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or any state thereof or the District of Columbia;
- an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or
- a trust, if it is subject to primary supervision of a U.S. court and the control of one or more U.S. persons, or has a valid election in effect under applicable Treasury Regulations to be treated as a U.S. person.

As used herein, you are a “Non-U.S. holder” if you are not a U.S. holder and hold any offering security. Special rules apply to certain Non-U.S. Holders (or their owners), such as:

- a nonresident alien individual;
- a foreign corporation;
- a partnership or other pass-through entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes; or
- a foreign estate or trust.

You may not be a Non-U.S. holder if you are a nonresident alien individual present in the United States for 183 days or more in a taxable year, or if you are a former citizen or former long term resident of the United States, in any of which cases you should consult your tax advisor regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of owning or disposing of a note, warrant or share of the common stock.

If a partnership (or any other entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) holds any of the offered securities, the U.S. federal income tax treatment of a partner will generally depend upon the status of the partner and upon the activities of the partnership. Partners of partnerships holding such securities should consult their tax advisors.

THIS SUMMARY OF CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS IS FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ONLY AND IS NOT TAX ADVICE. YOU SHOULD CONSULT YOUR TAX ADVISOR WITH RESPECT TO THE APPLICATION OF U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX LAWS TO YOUR PARTICULAR SITUATION, INCLUDING ANY TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP, AND DISPOSITION OF THE NOTES, THE WARRANTS, OR THE SHARES OF OUR COMMON STOCK UNDERLYING THE NOTES AND THE WARRANTS ARISING UNDER U.S. FEDERAL ESTATE OR GIFT TAX LAWS OR UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY STATE, LOCAL, FOREIGN OR OTHER TAXING JURISDICTION OR UNDER ANY APPLICABLE TAX TREATY.

#### **Certain Tax Considerations of the notes**

##### **Characterization of the notes**

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, we intend to treat the notes as indebtedness that is subject to the “*contingent debt regulations*,” as described below. We intend to apply the contingent debt regulations to the notes because of the possibility of our making contingent payments on the notes that we believe are neither “remote” nor “incidental” within the meaning of the contingent debt regulations, including payments of contingent interest resulting from our election to pay interest in shares of our common stock. No assurances, however, can be provided that such characterization as contingent payment debt or our determination of the “*projected payment schedule*” (as described below) will be respected by the IRS or a court.

Certain aspects of the application of the contingent debt regulations are uncertain and holders should be aware that a different treatment from that described below could affect the amount, timing, source and character of income, gain or loss with respect to an investment in the notes. For example, pursuant to a different treatment, a holder may be required to accrue interest income at a higher or lower rate, may not recognize income, gain or loss upon conversion of a note into common stock, and may recognize capital gain or loss upon a taxable disposition of a note.

The remainder of this discussion assumes the treatment set forth above will apply to the notes.

## **U.S. Holders of notes**

### ***Interest Accruals on the notes***

Pursuant to the contingent debt regulations, each year a U.S. holder will be required to include in income original issue discount adjusted in the manner described below, regardless of such U.S. holder's usual method of tax accounting. Such original issue discount will be based on the comparable yield to maturity of the notes. This amount will differ from the interest payments actually received by a U.S. holder.

Pursuant to the contingent debt regulations the amount of original issue discount for each accrual period prior to and including the maturity date of the notes equals:

- the product of (a) the adjusted issue price (as defined below) of the notes as of the beginning of the accrual period and (b) the comparable yield to maturity (as defined below) of the notes, adjusted for the length of the accrual period;
- divided by the number of days in the accrual period; and
- multiplied by the number of days during the accrual period that the U.S. holder held the notes.

The "issue price" of a note is the first price at which a substantial amount of the notes is sold for money to the public. The "adjusted issue price" of a note is its issue price increased by any interest income previously accrued, determined without regard to any adjustments to interest accruals described below, and decreased by the projected amount of any payments (in accordance with the projected payment schedule described below) previously made with respect to the notes.

The term "comparable yield" as used in the contingent debt regulations means the annual yield we would pay, as of the issue date, on a fixed-rate, nonconvertible debt instrument with no contingent payments, but with terms and conditions otherwise comparable to those of the notes. We have determined, solely for U.S. federal income tax purposes, that the comparable yield for the notes is 15%, compounded semi-annually. The precise manner of calculating the comparable yield is not entirely clear. If our determination of the comparable yield were successfully challenged by the IRS, the actual yield could be materially greater or less than the comparable yield determined by us.

The contingent debt regulations require that we provide to U.S. holders, solely for U.S. federal income tax purposes, a schedule of the projected amounts of payments (which we refer to as the projected payment schedule) on the notes. This schedule must produce a yield to maturity that equals the comparable yield to maturity. The projected payment schedule includes estimates for contingent interest payments (including additional payments resulting from our ability to pay interest in shares of our stock) and an estimate for a payment at maturity taking into account the conversion feature. In this regard, the fair market value of any common stock (and the amount of any cash) received by a U.S. holder upon conversion will be treated as a contingent payment. U.S. holders may obtain the comparable yield and projected payment schedule by submitting a written request for such information to us at: Digital Turbine, Inc. 5885 Hollis Street, Suite 100, Emeryville, California 94608, Attention: Investor Relations.

A U.S. holder generally will be required to follow our determination of the comparable yield and projected payment schedule in determining its interest accruals and the adjustments thereto in respect of the notes for U.S. federal income tax purposes. However, if a U.S. holder believes that the projected payment schedule is unreasonable, a U.S. holder may determine its own projected payment schedule provided that the holder satisfies certain income tax return disclosure and other requirements set forth in the contingent debt regulations.

**The comparable yield and the projected payment schedule are not used for any purpose other than to determine a U.S. holder's interest accruals and adjustments to interest accruals with respect of the notes for U.S. federal income tax purposes. The comparable yield and projected payment schedule do not constitute a projection or representation by us regarding the actual amounts that will be paid on the notes, or the value at any time of the common stock into which the notes may be converted.**

#### *Adjustments to Interest Accruals on the notes*

If, during any taxable year, a U.S. holder of notes receives actual payments with respect to the notes that, in the aggregate, exceed the total amount of projected payments for that taxable year, the U.S. holder will incur a "net positive adjustment" under the contingent debt regulations equal to the amount of such excess. The U.S. holder will treat a net positive adjustment as additional interest income in that taxable year. For these purposes, the payments in a taxable year include the fair market value of property (including our common stock) received in that year.

If a U.S. holder receives in a taxable year actual payments with respect to the notes that, in the aggregate, are less than the amount of projected payments for that taxable year, the U.S. holder will incur a "net negative adjustment" under the contingent debt regulations equal to the amount of such deficit. This net negative adjustment will (a) reduce the U.S. holders interest on the notes for that taxable year, and (b) to the extent of any excess after the application of (a), give rise to an ordinary loss to the extent of the U.S. holder's total interest income on the notes during prior taxable years, reduced to the extent such interest was offset by prior net negative adjustments. Any net negative adjustment in excess of the amounts described in (a) and (b) will be carried forward as a negative adjustment to offset future interest income with respect to the notes or to reduce the amount realized on a sale, exchange, conversion, redemption or repurchase of the notes.

Certain U.S. holders will receive IRS Forms 1099—OID, which report interest accruals on their notes. U.S. holders should be aware that these information statements may not take net negative or positive adjustments into account, and thus may understate or overstate the holders' interest inclusions. U.S. holders are urged to consult their tax advisors as to whether, and how, such adjustments should be made to the amounts reported on any IRS Form 1099—OID.

#### *Sale, Exchange, Conversion, Redemption or Repurchase of the notes*

Generally the sale, exchange, conversion, redemption or repurchase of a note will result in taxable gain or loss to a U.S. holder. The amount of gain or loss on a sale, exchange, conversion, redemption or repurchase of a note will be equal to the difference between:

- the amount of cash plus the fair market value of any other property received by the U.S. holder, including the fair market value of any common stock received; and
- the U.S. holder's adjusted tax basis in the note. A U.S. holder's adjusted tax basis in a note generally will be equal to the U.S. holder's original purchase price for the note, increased by any interest income previously accrued by the U.S. holder (determined without regard to any adjustments to interest accruals described above) and decreased by the amount of any projected payments that previously have been scheduled to be made in respect of the notes pursuant to the projected payment schedule (without regard to the actual amount paid).

As previously discussed under “—Adjustments to Interest Accruals on the notes,” to the extent that a U.S. holder has any net negative adjustment carried forward, the U.S. holder may use such net negative adjustment from a previous year to reduce the amount realized on the sale, exchange, conversion, redemption or repurchase of the notes.

Gain recognized by a U.S. holder upon a sale, exchange, conversion, redemption or repurchase of a note generally will be treated as ordinary interest income. Any loss will be ordinary loss to the extent of the excess of previous interest inclusions over the total net negative adjustments previously taken into account as ordinary losses in respect of the note, and thereafter as capital loss (which will be long-term if the note has been held for more than one year). The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations. A U.S. holder who sells notes at a loss that meets certain thresholds may be required to file a disclosure statement with the IRS.

A U.S. holder’s tax basis in common stock received upon conversion of a note will equal the then current fair market value of such common stock. The U.S. holder’s holding period for the common stock received will commence on the day immediately following the date of conversion.

### ***Constructive Distributions***

We may adjust the conversion rate of the notes in certain circumstances. Under the Code and applicable Treasury Regulations, adjustments that have the effect of increasing your proportionate interest in our assets or earnings and profits may, in some circumstances, result in a deemed distribution to you.

If we were to make a distribution of cash or property (such as evidences of indebtedness or assets) to stockholders and the conversion rate of the notes were increased pursuant to the anti-dilution provisions of the indenture, such increase would be deemed to be a distribution to you. In addition, any other increase in the conversion rate of the notes (including an adjustment to the conversion rate in connection with a make-whole fundamental change) may, depending on the circumstances, be deemed to be a distribution to you.

In certain circumstances, the failure to make an adjustment of the conversion rate may result in a taxable distribution to holders of shares of the common stock or to holders of the notes, if as a result of such failure the proportionate interest of our stockholders or the holders of the notes (as the case may be) in our assets or earnings and profits is increased, notwithstanding the fact that the U.S. holder does not receive a cash payment.

Any deemed distribution will be taxed in the same manner as an actual distribution. See “—Taxation of Distributions” below. However, it is unclear whether any such deemed distribution would be eligible for the reduced tax rate applicable to certain dividends paid to non-corporate holders or for the dividends-received deduction applicable to certain dividends paid to corporate holders. Additionally, because a constructive dividend deemed received by a U.S. holder would not give rise to any cash from which any applicable withholding could be satisfied, if we backup withhold on behalf of a U.S. holder (because such U.S. holder failed to establish any exemption from backup withholding), the withholding agent may set off any such payment against payments of cash and common stock payable on the notes. You should consult your tax advisor as to the tax consequences of receiving constructive dividends.

### ***Possible Effect of a Consolidation or Merger***

In certain situations, we may consolidate with or merge into another entity (as described above under “Description of Notes—Merger, consolidation or sale of assets”). Depending on the circumstances, a change in the obligor of the notes as a result of the consolidation or merger or a sale of all or substantially all of our assets could result in a deemed taxable exchange of a note to you and the modified note could be treated as newly issued at that time, potentially resulting in the recognition of taxable gain or loss.

## Non-U.S. Holders of notes

### *Payments on the notes*

Subject to the discussion below in this section of the information reporting and backup withholding rules as applied to Non-U.S. holders, no withholding of U.S. federal income tax will apply to interest paid on a note to a Non-U.S. holder under the “portfolio interest exemption,” provided that:

- you do not own, actually or constructively, ten percent (10%) or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock entitled to vote;
- you are not a controlled foreign corporation related, directly or indirectly, to us through stock ownership;
- you are not a bank whose receipt of interest on the notes in connection with an extension of credit made pursuant to a loan agreement entered into in the ordinary course of your trade or business;
- you certify on a properly completed and duly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or successor form), under penalties of perjury, that you are not a United States person;
- such payments are not effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States or, if a treaty applies, are not attributable to a permanent establishment maintained by you within the United States (see discussion below under “Certain Tax Considerations Applicable to the notes and the warrants—Effectively Connected Income”); and
- our common stock continues to be actively traded within the meaning of section 871(h)(4)(C)(v)(I) of the Code and we have not been a U.S. real property holding corporation, as defined in the Code, at any time within the five-year period preceding the disposition or your holding period, whichever is shorter. We believe that we have not been during the past five years, are not, and do not anticipate becoming, a U.S. real property holding corporation; however, no assurance can be given in this regard.

If you cannot satisfy all of these requirements, a 30% withholding tax will apply to interest income on the notes, which will be withheld from payments on the notes, to the extent thereof, unless either (i) an applicable income tax treaty reduces or eliminates such tax and you certify on a properly completed and duly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E (or successor form), under penalties of perjury, that you are not a United States person and are entitled to the benefits of such treaty or (ii) interest on the notes is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States as described below under “—Certain Tax Considerations Applicable to the notes and the warrants—Effectively Connected Income” (in which case you will be subject to tax with respect to interest on the notes as described below under “—Certain Tax Considerations Applicable to the notes and the warrants—Effectively Connected Income”). Non-U.S. holders should consult their tax advisors as to the impact of these withholding regulations.

### *Conversion, Sale, Exchange or Other Disposition of Notes or Shares of our Common Stock*

Subject to the discussions below under “—Certain Tax Considerations Applicable to the notes and the warrants—Information Reporting and Backup Withholding” and “—Certain Tax Considerations Applicable to the notes and the warrants— FATCA Withholding,” you generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax on gain realized upon conversion, sale, exchange or other disposition of the notes or upon a sale, exchange or other disposition of shares of the common stock received upon a conversion of the notes, unless:

- the gain is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States as described below under “—Certain Tax Considerations Applicable to the Notes and the Warrants—Effectively Connected Income,” or, if a treaty applies, such gain is attributable to a permanent establishment maintained by you in the United States;

- in the case that you are a nonresident alien individual, you have been present in the United States for 183 or more days in the taxable year of the disposition and certain other conditions are met; or
- we are or have been a U.S. real property holding corporation, as defined in the Code, at any time within the five-year period preceding the disposition or your holding period, whichever period is shorter, and our common stock has ceased to be traded on an established securities market prior to the beginning of the calendar year in which the sale or disposition occurs.

In the case of the second bullet point, above, an individual Non-U.S. holder will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at a 30% rate, or at a lower rate specified in an applicable income tax treaty, on the gain derived from the sale or exchange, which gain may be offset by U.S. source capital losses, even though the holder is not otherwise considered a resident of the United States. In the case of the third bullet point, and as discussed above under “Payments on the notes,” we believe that we are not, and do not anticipate becoming, a U.S. real property holding corporation.

### ***Constructive Distributions***

As discussed above in relation to U.S. holders, in certain circumstances, you may be deemed to receive a dividend as a result of an adjustment that has the effect of increasing your proportionate interest in our assets or earnings and profits. Any deemed dividend will be taxed in the same manner as an actual dividend. That is, such dividends generally will be subject to withholding tax at a 30% rate or a reduced rate specified by an applicable income tax treaty, subject to the discussions below under “—Certain Tax Considerations Applicable to the notes and the warrants—Effectively Warrants—Effectively Connected Income,” “—Certain Tax Considerations Applicable to the notes and the warrants—Information Reporting and Backup Withholding” and “—Certain Tax Considerations Applicable to the notes and the warrants—FATCA Warrants—FATCA Withholding.” In the case of deemed dividends, any such withholding tax may be withheld from subsequent payments of cash or stock on the notes. In order to obtain a reduced rate of withholding under an applicable income tax treaty, you will be required to provide a properly completed and duly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or Form W-8BEN-E (or other applicable form) certifying your entitlement to benefits under a treaty. You should consult your tax advisor as to the tax consequences of receiving constructive dividends.

## **Certain Tax Considerations of the warrants**

### **U.S. Holders of warrants**

#### ***Conversion, Sale, Exchange or Other Disposition of warrants***

In general, a U.S. holder of the warrants will recognize gain or loss upon the sale or exchange of a warrant in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized (i.e., the amount of cash plus the fair market value of any other property received by the U.S. holder) on the sale or exchange and such holder’s adjusted tax basis in the warrant. In the case of a U.S. holder that acquires a note and warrant(s) as an investment unit, the issue price of the note must be allocated to the note and warrant(s) in proportion to their respective fair market values. Gain or loss attributable to the sale or exchange of the warrants will generally be capital gain or loss, and will be long-term capital gain or loss if such holder’s holding period in respect of the warrants is more than one year. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

#### ***Exercise of the warrants***

The tax consequences of a net share settlement exercise, or cashless exercise, of the warrants are not free from doubt. We expect that the exercise of warrants will be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a recapitalization. In that case, a U.S. holder generally will not recognize gain or loss upon cashless exercise of the warrants except that the receipt of cash in lieu of a fractional share of common stock will generally be treated as if the holder received the fractional share and then received such cash in redemption of such fractional share. Such redemption will generally result in capital gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount of cash received and the holder’s adjusted tax basis in the common stock that is allocable to the fractional share. A U.S. holder will have a tax basis in the common stock received upon the exercise of the warrants equal to its tax basis in the warrants, less any amount attributable to any fractional share. See “Sale of warrants” above for a discussion of a U.S. holder’s initial tax basis in the warrants. If the cashless exercise is treated as a recapitalization, the holding period of common stock received upon the exercise of the warrants is expected to include the holder’s holding period for the warrants.



Despite the foregoing, the IRS could take the position that the cashless exercise of the warrants is not a recapitalization, but rather a taxable exchange resulting in gain or loss. The amount of gain or loss recognized on such deemed exchange and its character as short-term or long-term would depend on the position taken by the IRS regarding the nature of that exchange. As an example, if the IRS takes the position that the U.S. holder is treated as selling a portion of the warrants for cash that is used to pay the exercise price for the warrant, the amount of gain or loss will be the difference between that exercise price deemed paid and such U.S. holder's basis attributable to the warrants deemed to have been sold. If the U.S. holder is treated as selling warrants, such U.S. holder would have long-term capital gain or loss if it has held the warrants for more than one year. Alternatively, if the U.S. holder is treated as selling underlying shares of our common stock, such U.S. holder would have short-term capital gain or loss. In either case, the holder would also recognize capital gain or loss in respect of the cash received in lieu of a fractional share of our common stock otherwise issuable upon exercise in an amount equal to the difference between the amount of cash received and the portion of such U.S. holder's tax basis attributable to such fractional share. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

Rather than the above, the IRS could treat the U.S. holder as exchanging the warrants for shares of our common stock received on exercise in a fully taxable transaction, in which case the amount of gain or loss will be the difference between (i) the fair market value of our common stock (plus any cash in lieu of fractional shares) received on exercise and (ii) the holder's basis in the warrants. In that case, the U.S. holder would have long-term capital gain or loss if it has held the warrants for more than one year, and would have a tax basis in the shares of our common stock received equal to their fair market value. Long-term capital gain recognized by an individual U.S. holder generally is taxed at preferential rates.

Please consult your tax advisor concerning these and other possible characterizations of the cashless exercise of the warrants.

#### ***Expiration of the warrants***

Upon the expiration of the warrants, a U.S. holder will recognize a loss equal to the holder's adjusted tax basis in the warrants. Such loss will generally be a capital loss, and will be a long-term capital loss if the warrant has been held for more than one year on the date of expiration. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

#### ***Adjustments Under the warrants***

Pursuant to the terms of the warrants, the exercise price at which the common stock may be purchased and/or the number of warrants represented by each certificate is subject to adjustment from time to time upon the occurrence of certain events. Under Section 305 of the Code, a change in conversion ratio or any transaction having a similar effect on the interest of the holder of warrants may be treated as a distribution with respect to any U.S. holder of warrants whose proportionate interest in our earnings and profits is increased by such change or transaction. Thus, under certain circumstances, an adjustment pursuant to the terms of the warrants may be treated as a taxable distribution to the holder to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, even if the holder does not receive any cash (or other property). In the event of such a deemed taxable distribution, a U.S. holder's basis in its warrants will be increased by an amount equal to the deemed taxable distribution.

The rules with respect to adjustments are complex, and U.S. holders should consult their tax advisors in the event of an adjustment.

## Non-U.S. Holders of warrants

### *Conversion, Sale, Exchange or Other Disposition of warrants*

Subject to the discussions below under “—Certain Tax Considerations Applicable to the Notes and the Warrants—Information Reporting and Backup Withholding” and “—Certain Tax Considerations Applicable to the notes and the warrants— FATCA Withholding,” you generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax on gain realized upon sale, exchange or other disposition of the warrants (including any gain potentially recognizable on an exercise) unless:

- the gain is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States as described below under “—Certain Tax Considerations Applicable to the Notes and the Warrants—Effectively Connected Income,” or, if a treaty applies, such gain is attributable to a permanent establishment maintained by you in the United States;
- in the case that you are a nonresident alien individual, you have been present in the United States for 183 or more days in the taxable year of the disposition and certain other conditions are met; or
- we are or have been a U.S. real property holding corporation, as defined in the Code, at any time within the five-year period preceding the disposition or your holding period, whichever period is shorter, and (a) our common stock has ceased to be traded on an established securities market prior to the beginning of the calendar year in which the sale or disposition occurs or (b) you have held, directly or indirectly, at any time during such period, more than 5% of the common stock and (c) you are not eligible for any treaty exemption.

If the Non-U.S. holder is an individual and is described in the first bullet above, such Non-U.S. holder will be subject to tax on the net gain derived from the sale under regular graduated U.S. federal income tax rates in the same manner as if such Non-U.S. holder was a U.S. holder, as described in “—U.S. holders of warrants—warrants” above. If the Non-U.S. Holder is an individual and is described in the second bullet above, such Non-U.S. holder will be subject to a flat 30% tax on the gain derived from the sale, which may be offset by U.S.-source capital losses (even though such Non-U.S. holder is not considered a resident of the U.S.). If the Non-U.S. holder is a corporate Non-U.S. holder and is described in the first bullet above, it will be subject to tax on its gain under regular graduated U.S. federal income tax rates in the same manner as if it was a U.S. holder and, in addition, may be subject to the branch profits tax on its effectively connected earnings and profits at a rate of 30% (or at such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty).

We believe we are not and do not anticipate becoming a “U.S. real property holding corporation” for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

### *Adjustments Under the warrants*

To the extent an adjustment to the exercise price at which the common stock may be purchased and/or the number of warrants is treated as a taxable distribution as described under “—U.S. holders of Warrants—Adjustments Under the warrants,” a Non-U.S. holder will be subject to U.S. withholding tax at a rate of 30% of the gross amount of the deemed taxable distribution (even though no cash will be received), unless the Non-U.S. holder is eligible for a reduced rate of withholding tax under an applicable treaty. In order to obtain a reduced rate of withholding under an applicable income tax treaty, you will be required to provide a properly completed and duly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or Form W-8BEN-E (or other applicable form) certifying your entitlement to benefits under a treaty. You should consult your tax advisor as to the tax consequences of receiving constructive dividends

Taxable distributions that are effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business within the U.S. or, if certain tax treaties apply, are attributable to your U.S. permanent establishment, are generally not subject to withholding tax, but instead are subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net income basis in the same manner as if you were a U.S. resident. Special certification and disclosure requirements, including the proper completion and due execution of IRS Form W-8ECI (or any successor form), must be satisfied for effectively connected income to be exempt from withholding (but not U.S. income taxation generally). If a Non-U.S. holder is a foreign corporation, any such effectively connected distributions received by such Non-U.S. holder may be subject to an additional branch profits tax at a 30% rate (or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty).

If you are eligible for a reduced rate of U.S. withholding tax pursuant to an income tax treaty, you may obtain a refund of any excess amounts withheld by timely filing an appropriate claim for refund with the IRS.

If withholding tax applies, such tax may be set off against shares of our common stock to be delivered upon the exercise of warrants.

## **U.S. Holders of Shares**

### ***Taxation of Distributions***

Distributions, if any, paid on shares of our common stock, other than certain pro rata distributions of common shares, will be treated as a dividend to the extent paid out of our current or accumulated earnings and profits and will be includible in your income and taxable as ordinary income when received. If a distribution exceeds our current and accumulated earnings and profits, the excess will be first treated as a tax-free return of your investment, up to your tax basis in your shares of the common stock. Any remaining excess will be treated as a capital gain. If you are a non-corporate U.S. holder, dividends received by you will be eligible to be taxed at reduced rates if you meet certain holding period and other applicable requirements. If you are a corporate U.S. holder, dividends received by you will be eligible for the dividends-received deduction if you meet certain holding period and other applicable requirements.

### ***Sale, Exchange or Other Taxable Disposition of common stock***

Upon the sale, exchange or other taxable disposition of shares of our common stock, you will recognize taxable gain or loss equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale or other taxable disposition and your tax basis in the shares of the common stock. Gain or loss realized on the sale or other taxable disposition of shares of the common stock will generally be capital gain or loss and will be long-term capital gain or loss if at the time of the sale or other taxable disposition the shares have been held for more than one year. Long-term capital gains recognized by non-corporate taxpayers are subject to reduced tax rates, with currently a maximum rate of 20%. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to limitations.

## **Non-U.S. Holders of our common stock**

### ***Taxation of Distributions***

A Non-U.S. holder will be subject to U.S. withholding tax at a rate of 30% of the gross amount of the taxable distribution, unless the Non-U.S. holder is eligible for a reduced rate of withholding tax under an applicable treaty. The taxable portion of a distribution, i.e., the part that constitutes a dividend, is determined in the same manner for both U.S. and non-U.S. holders, except that distributions in excess of the sum of our earnings and profits and your adjusted tax basis in the common stock, will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax as a capital gain or otherwise.

In order to obtain a reduced rate of withholding under an applicable income tax treaty, you will be required to provide a properly completed and duly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or Form W-8BEN-E (or other applicable form) certifying your entitlement to benefits under a treaty. You should consult your tax advisor as to the tax consequences of receiving constructive dividends.

Taxable distributions that are effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business within the U.S. or, if certain tax treaties apply, are attributable to your U.S. permanent establishment, are generally not subject to withholding tax, but instead are subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net income basis in the same manner as if you were a U.S. resident. Special certification and disclosure requirements, including the proper completion and due execution of IRS Form W-8ECI (or any successor form), must be satisfied for effectively connected income to be exempt from withholding (but not U.S. income taxation generally). If a Non-U.S. holder is a foreign corporation, any such effectively connected distributions received by such Non-U.S. holder may be subject to an additional branch profits tax at a 30% rate (or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable income tax treaty).

If you are eligible for a reduced rate of U.S. withholding tax pursuant to an income tax treaty, you may obtain a refund of any excess amounts withheld by timely filing an appropriate claim for refund with the IRS.

### ***Sale, Exchange or Other Taxable Disposition of our common stock***

Subject to the discussions below under “—Certain Tax Considerations Applicable to Non-U.S. holders of notes, warrants and our common stock—Information Reporting and Backup Withholding” and “—Certain Tax Considerations Applicable to Non-U.S. holders of notes, warrants and our common stock— FATCA Withholding,” you generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax on gain realized upon the sale, exchange or other disposition of shares of the common stock, unless:

- the gain is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States as described below under “— Certain Tax Considerations Applicable to the Notes and the Warrants—Effectively Connected Income,” or, if a treaty applies, such gain is attributable to a permanent establishment maintained by you in the United States;
- in the case that you are a nonresident alien individual, you have been present in the United States for 183 or more days in the taxable year of the disposition and certain other conditions are met; or
- we are or have been a U.S. real property holding corporation, as defined in the Code, at any time within the five-year period preceding the disposition or your holding period, whichever period is shorter, and our common stock has ceased to be traded on an established securities market prior to the beginning of the calendar year in which the sale or disposition occurs.

In the case of the second bullet point, above, an individual Non-U.S. holder will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at a 30% rate, or at a lower rate specified in an applicable income tax treaty, on the gain derived from the sale or exchange, which gain may be offset by U.S. source capital losses, even though the holder is not otherwise considered a resident of the United States. In the case of the third bullet point, and as discussed above under “Payments on the notes,” we believe that we are not, and do not anticipate becoming, a U.S. real property holding corporation.

### **Certain Tax Considerations Applicable to Non-U.S. Holders of notes, warrants and our common stock**

#### ***FATCA Withholding***

Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code (commonly referred to as “*FATCA*”) and applicable Treasury Regulations impose a 30% U.S. federal withholding tax on withholdable payments (as defined below) made to a foreign financial institution, unless such institution enters into an agreement with the Department of Treasury to, among other things, collect and provide to it substantial information regarding such institution’s United States financial account holders, including certain account holders that are foreign entities with United States owners. FATCA also generally imposes a 30% U.S. federal withholding tax on withholdable payments to a nonfinancial foreign entity unless such entity provides the paying agent with a certification that it does not have any substantial United States owners or a certification identifying the direct and indirect substantial United States owners of the entity. Such certification is provided on a properly completed and duly executed IRS Form W-8BEN-E (or successor form) under penalties of perjury.

“Withholdable payments” include payments of interest and dividend payments from sources within the United States, as well as gross proceeds from the sale of any property of a type which can produce interest or dividends from sources within the United States, unless the payments of interest, dividends or gross proceeds are effectively connected with the conduct of a United States trade or business and taxed as such. These withholding and reporting requirements currently apply with respect to interest (including OID) on the notes and dividends on the common stock and will apply to gross proceeds on the sale or other taxable disposition of the notes, warrants or common stock occurring after December 31, 2018. A foreign financial institution located in a jurisdiction that has an intergovernmental agreement with the United States governing FATCA may be subject to different rules. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the application of withholding under FATCA to the notes and common stock.

Under certain circumstances, a Non-U.S. holder may be eligible for a refund or credit of such taxes. Prospective holders are encouraged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the possible implications of these rules and implementation of related Treasury Regulations on their investment in the offered securities.

### ***Information Reporting and Backup Withholding***

Information returns are required to be filed with the IRS in connection with payments on the notes, dividends on shares of the common stock and proceeds received from a sale or other taxable disposition of the notes, warrants or shares of the common stock, unless you are an exempt recipient. The reporting requirements apply regardless of whether withholding was reduced or eliminated by any applicable income tax treaty. Copies of the information returns reflecting income in respect of the notes, warrants or shares of our common stock may also be made available to the tax authorities in the country in which you are a resident under the provisions of an applicable income tax treaty or information sharing agreement.

As a Non-U.S. holder of notes, warrants and/or shares, you may be subject to backup withholding on payments of interest and dividends. U.S. backup withholding (currently at a rate of 28%) is imposed on certain payments to U.S. persons that fail to furnish a taxpayer identification number and to provide the information required under the U.S. information reporting requirements, but also applies to non-U.S. persons in certain cases. As a Non-U.S. holder, you can avoid backup withholding with respect to payments on the notes, distributions on shares of the common stock and proceeds received from a sale or other taxable disposition of the notes, warrants or shares of the common stock if you:

- furnish to the payor or broker a properly completed and duly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E, as applicable, or other applicable and/or successor forms, certifying, under penalties of perjury, your status as a non-U.S. person;
- furnish to the payor or broker other documentation, satisfactory in form and content to such person and upon which it may rely to treat the payments as made to a non-U.S. person in accordance with applicable Treasury Regulations; or
- you otherwise establish an exemption to the satisfaction of the payor or broker.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld from a payment to a holder under the backup withholding rules will be allowed as a credit against the holder's U.S. federal income tax liability, if any, and may entitle the holder to a refund, provided that the required information or returns are timely filed by the holder with the IRS.

### ***Effectively Connected Income***

If you are engaged in a trade or business in the U.S. (or if you maintain a permanent establishment in the U.S. under an applicable tax treaty) and the payments on the notes, distributions on shares of the common stock and proceeds received from a sale, exchange or other taxable disposition of the notes, warrants and/or shares of the common stock are effectively connected with the conduct of that trade or business (or is attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment under an applicable tax treaty), you will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the interest, dividends and gains on a net income basis in the same manner as if you were a U.S. holder. In that case, you will be exempt from withholding tax on interest, dividends, and certain other payments discussed above, but you must furnish a properly completed and duly executed IRS Form W-8ECI in order to claim the exemption from withholding. You are urged to consult your tax advisor with respect to other U.S. tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of notes, warrants and shares of the common stock, including the possible imposition of a branch profits tax at a rate of 30% (or a lower treaty rate) if you are a Non-U.S. holder that is a corporation.

## PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

The selling security holders and their successors, which term includes their transferees, pledgees or donees or their successors, may sell our notes, warrants, and the shares of our common stock underlying each directly to purchasers or through underwriters, broker-dealers or agents, who may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the selling security holders or the purchasers. These discounts, concessions or commissions as to any particular underwriter, broker-dealer or agent may be in excess of those customary in the types of transactions involved.

The notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each may be sold in one or more transactions at:

- fixed prices;
- prevailing market prices at the time of sale;
- prices related to the prevailing market prices;
- varying prices determined at the time of sale; or
- negotiated prices.

These sales may be effected in transactions:

- that are privately-negotiated;
- in the over-the-counter market;
- otherwise than on such exchanges or services or in the over-the-counter market;
- through the writing of options, whether the options are listed on an options exchange or otherwise (including the issuance by the selling security holders of derivative securities);
- through the settlement of short sales;
- in the case of shares of our common stock, on any national securities exchange or quotation service on which our common stock may be listed or quoted at the time of sale, including NASDAQ;
- any other method permitted by applicable law; or
- any combination of the foregoing.

These transactions may include block transactions or crosses. Crosses are transactions in which the same broker acts as agent on both sides of the trade.

In connection with sales of the notes, warrants and the shares of common stock underlying each or otherwise, the selling security holders may (i) enter into hedging transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions, which may in turn engage in short sales of the notes, warrants and the shares of common stock underlying each in the course of hedging positions they assume, (ii) sell the notes, warrants and the shares of common stock underlying each short and deliver the notes, warrants and the shares of common stock underlying each to close out short positions, (iii) loan or pledge the notes, warrants and the shares of common stock underlying each to broker-dealers or other financial institutions that in turn may sell the notes, warrants and the shares of common stock underlying each, (iv) enter into option or other transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions that require the delivery to the broker-dealer or other financial institution of the notes, warrants and the shares of common stock underlying each, which the broker-dealer or other financial institution may resell pursuant to this registration statement, or (v) enter into transactions in which a broker-dealer makes purchases as a principal for resale for its own account or through other types of transactions.

The aggregate proceeds to the selling security holders from the sale of the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each offered by them hereby will be the purchase price of the relevant notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each less discounts and commissions, if any. Each of the selling security holders reserves the right to accept and, together with their agents from time to time, to reject, in whole or in part, any proposed purchase of the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each to be made directly or through agents. We will not receive any of the proceeds from this offering. However, we may receive up to approximately \$5.9 million in gross proceeds from the exercise of the warrants offered under this prospectus.

Our common stock is listed for trading on NASDAQ under the symbol "APPS". There is no public market for the notes or the warrants and we do not intend to list the notes or the warrants on any securities exchange or any quotation system.

In order to comply with the securities laws of some states, if applicable, the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each may be sold in these jurisdictions only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers. In addition, in some states, the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each may not be sold unless (i) the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each to be sold have been registered or qualified for sale, or (ii) an exemption from such registration or qualification requirements with respect to such notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each is available and is complied with.

The selling security holders and any broker-dealers or agents that participate in the sale of the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of Section 2(a)(11) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Profits on the sale of the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each by selling security holders and any discounts, commissions or concessions received by any broker-dealers or agents might be deemed to be underwriting discounts and commissions under the Securities Act. The aggregate amount of compensation in the form of underwriting discounts, concessions, commissions or fees and any profit on the resale of the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each by the selling security holders that may be deemed to be underwriting compensation pursuant to Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. Rule 5110 must not be unfair or unreasonable as determined pursuant to such rule. Selling security holders who are deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of Section 2(a)(11) of the Securities Act will be subject to the prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act. To the extent the selling security holders may be deemed to be "underwriters," they may be subject to statutory liabilities, including, but not limited to, Sections 11, 12 and 17 of the Securities Act.

The selling security holders may indemnify any broker-dealer that participates in transactions involving the sale of the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each against certain liabilities, including liabilities arising under the Securities Act.

We have agreed to indemnify the selling security holders against certain liabilities, including liabilities caused by any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in this registration statement.

The selling security holders and any other person participating in a distribution will be subject to applicable provisions of the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") and the rules and regulations thereunder. Regulation M of the Exchange Act may limit the timing of purchases and sales of any of the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each by the selling security holders and any other person. In addition, Regulation M may restrict the ability of any person engaged in the distribution of the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each to engage in market-making activities with respect to the particular notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each being distributed for a period of up to five business days before the distribution.

To our knowledge, there are currently no plans, arrangements or understandings between any selling security holder and any underwriter, broker-dealer or agent regarding the sale of the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each by the selling security holders.

A selling security holder may decide not to sell any of the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each described in this registration statement. We cannot make any assurances that any selling security holder will use this registration statement to sell any or all of the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each. Any notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each which qualify for sale pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act, including Rules 144 or 144A thereunder, may be sold pursuant to such exemptions rather than pursuant to this registration statement. In addition, a selling security holder may transfer, devise or gift the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each by other means not described in this registration statement to the extent such other means are permitted by the applicable law.

With respect to a particular offering of any of the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each, to the extent required, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement will be prepared and will set forth the following information:

- the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each to be offered and sold;
- the names of the selling security holders;
- the respective purchase prices and public offering prices and other material terms of the offering;
- the names of any participating agents, broker-dealers or underwriters; and
- any applicable commissions, discounts, concessions and other items constituting compensation from the selling security holders.

We will pay all of our expenses and certain expenses incurred by the selling security holders incidental to the registration, offering and sale of the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each, but each selling security holder will be responsible for its respective share of the payment of any commissions, concessions, fees and discounts of underwriters, broker-dealers and agents.

We have agreed with the selling security holders to keep this registration statement effective until the earlier of (i) the date on which there are no outstanding notes, warrants, or shares of common stock underlying each, (ii) the date on which all of the notes, warrants, and the shares of common stock underlying each have been sold pursuant to this registration statement or pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act, or (iii) March 28, 2021.

#### **LEGAL MATTERS**

The validity of the securities registered hereunder will be passed upon for us by Manatt, Phelps & Phillips, LLP, Los Angeles, California. Manatt, Phelps & Phillips, LLP owns 402,144 shares of common stock and warrants to purchase an additional 23,214 shares of common stock of the Company. Certain matters under Australian law will be passed upon for us by Corrs Chambers Westgarth. Certain matters under Israeli law will be passed upon for us by Herzog Fox & Neeman.

#### **EXPERTS**

Our consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2015 and 2016, and for each of the three years in the period ended March 31, 2016 have been incorporated by reference herein in reliance upon the reports of SingerLewak LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, incorporated by reference herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting.



**PART II**  
**INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN THE PROSPECTUS**

**Item 13. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution**

The following table sets forth various expenses that will be incurred in connection with this offering as it relates to this Registration Statement. All the amounts shown are estimates, except for the SEC registration fee.

	<b>Amount</b>
SEC registration fee	\$ 3,559.87
Accounting fees and expenses	\$ 12,000
Legal fees and expenses	\$ 75,000
Printing and miscellaneous fees and expenses	\$ 5,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 95,559.87</b>

**Item 14. Indemnification of Directors and Officers**

We are a Delaware corporation. Section 102(b)(7) of the Delaware General Corporation Law permits a corporation to eliminate the personal liability of its directors or its stockholders for monetary damages for a breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except where the director breached his or her duty of loyalty, failed to act in good faith, engaged in intentional misconduct or knowingly violated a law, authorized the payment of a dividend or approved a stock repurchase in violation of Delaware corporate law or obtained an improper personal benefit. Our certificate of incorporation provides that no director shall be personally liable to us or our stockholders for monetary damages for any breach of fiduciary duty as director, notwithstanding any provision of law imposing such liability, except to the extent that the Delaware General Corporation Law prohibits the elimination or limitation of liability of directors for breaches of fiduciary duty. Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law provides that a corporation has the power to indemnify a director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation and certain other persons serving at the request of the corporation in related capacities against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlements actually and reasonably incurred by the person in connection with an action, suit or proceeding to which he or she is or is threatened to be made a party by reason of such position, if such person acted in good faith and in a manner he or she reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, and, in any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his or her conduct was unlawful, except that, in the case of actions brought by or in the right of the corporation, no indemnification shall be made with respect to any claim, issue or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable to the corporation unless and only to the extent that the Court of Chancery or other adjudicating court determines that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all of the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which the Court of Chancery or such other court shall deem proper. Section 145 of the Delaware Law provides that the provisions are not exclusive of other indemnification that may be granted by a corporation's charter, bylaws, disinterested director vote, stockholders vote, agreement or otherwise. The limitation of liability contained in our certificate of incorporation, as amended, and the indemnification provision included in our bylaws, as amended, are consistent with Delaware Law Sections 102(b)(7) and 145. We have purchased directors and officers liability insurance.

Section 145 of the Delaware Law authorizes courts to award, or a corporation's board of directors to grant, indemnity to directors and officers in terms sufficiently broad to permit such indemnification under certain circumstances for liabilities (including reimbursement for expenses incurred) arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Our certificate of incorporation, as amended, and our bylaws, as amended, provide for indemnification of our directors, officers, employees and other agents to the maximum extent permitted by the Delaware Law. In addition, we enter into indemnification agreements with our officers and directors in the ordinary course.

## **Item 15. Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities**

On September 28, 2016, the Company closed the private placement of \$16 million aggregate principal amount of the notes. BTIG, LLC was the initial purchaser under the Initial Purchaser Agreement described below. The net proceeds of the offering, after deducting the initial purchaser's discounts and commissions and the estimated offering expenses payable by Digital Turbine, were approximately \$14.3 million. The net proceeds from the private placement were used to repay approximately \$11 million of secured indebtedness, consisting of approximately \$3 million to Silicon Valley Bank and \$8 million to North Atlantic Capital, retiring both such debts in their entirety, and will otherwise be used for general corporate purposes.

### *Initial Purchaser Agreement*

The offer and sale of the notes and the accompanying warrants (as detailed below) were made pursuant to an Initial Purchaser Agreement, dated September 23, 2016, among the Company, certain subsidiary guarantors of the Company and BTIG, LLC, as initial purchaser. The Initial Purchaser Agreement includes customary representations, warranties and covenants by Digital Turbine and such subsidiary guarantors.

The Company sold the notes to the initial purchaser at a purchase price of 92.75% of the principal amount thereof. The initial purchaser also received an additional 250,000 warrants on the same terms as the warrants issued with the notes (as detailed below under "Warrant Agreement") and has the right to receive 2.5% of any cash consideration received by the Company in connection with a future exercise of any of the warrants issued with the notes.

### *Indenture*

The notes were issued under the indenture. The notes are senior unsecured obligations of the Company, and bear interest at a rate of 8.75% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on September 15th and March 15th of each year, beginning on March 15, 2017. The notes are unconditionally guaranteed by certain of the Company's wholly-owned domestic and foreign subsidiaries, and will mature on September 23, 2020, unless converted, repurchased or redeemed in accordance with their terms prior to such date.

The notes are convertible by the holders at their option at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the stated maturity date, and upon conversion, the holders will receive shares of the Company's common stock. The initial conversion rate for the notes is 733.14 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of \$1.364 per share of common stock. The conversion rate and the conversion price is subject to adjustment in certain events as outlined in the indenture.

With respect to any conversion prior to September 23, 2019, in addition to the shares deliverable upon conversion, holders of the notes will be entitled to receive a payment equal to the remaining scheduled payments of interest that would have been made on the notes being converted from the date of conversion until September 23, 2019 (an "Early Conversion Payment"). We may pay the Early Conversion Payment in cash or, subject to certain equity-related conditions set forth in the indenture, in shares of our common stock.

We may redeem the notes, for cash, in whole or in part, at any time after September 23, 2018, at a redemption price equal to \$1,000 per \$1,000 principal amount of the notes to be redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the date of redemption, plus an additional payment (payable in cash or stock) equivalent to the amount of, and subject to equivalent terms and conditions applicable for, an Early Conversion Payment had the notes been converted on the date of redemption, if (1) the closing price of our common shares on the NASDAQ Capital Market has exceeded 200% of the conversion price then in effect (but disregarding the effect on such price from certain anti-dilution adjustments) for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during any 30 consecutive trading day period (including the last trading day of such period) ending within the five trading days immediately preceding the date on which we provide the redemption notice, (2) for the 15 consecutive trading days following the last trading day on which the closing price of our common shares was equal to or greater than 200% of the conversion price in effect (but disregarding the effect on such price from certain anti-dilution adjustments) on such trading day for the purpose of the foregoing clause, the closing price of our common shares remains equal to or greater than 150% of the conversion price in effect (but disregarding the effect on such price from certain anti-dilution adjustments) on the given trading day and (3) we are in compliance with certain other equity-related conditions as set forth in the indenture.

If we undergo a fundamental change, as described in the Indenture, holders may require us to purchase the notes in whole or in part for cash at a price equal to 120% of the principal amount of the notes to be purchased plus any accrued and unpaid interest, including additional interest, if any, to, but excluding, the repurchase date. Conversions that occur in connection with a fundamental changes may entitle the holder to receive an increased number of shares of common stock issuable upon such conversion, depending on the date of such fundamental change and the valuation of the Company's common stock related thereto.

Subject to limited exceptions, the Indenture prohibits us from incurring additional indebtedness at any time while the notes remain outstanding.

The Company has also agreed to hold a special or annual meeting of its stockholders not later than January 15, 2017 to consider resolutions approving the issuance of the shares of common stock underlying the notes and the warrants such that such future issuances shall not be subject to any issuance limitation cap required by The Nasdaq Capital Market in the absence of such stockholder approval. We are required to hold additional meetings if such approval is not obtained.

#### *Warrant Agreement*

Each purchaser of the notes also received warrants to purchase 256.60 shares of the Company's common stock for each \$1,000 in notes purchased, or up to 4,105,600 warrants in aggregate, in addition to the 250,000 warrants issued to the initial purchaser, as described above. The warrants were issued under a Warrant Agreement, dated as of September 28, 2016, between Digital Turbine, Inc. and US Bank National Association, as warrant agent.

The warrants are immediately exercisable on the date of issuance at an initial exercise price of \$1.364 per share and will expire on September 23, 2020. The exercise price is subject to adjustment in certain events as outlined in the Warrant Agreement.

In the event of a fundamental change, as set forth in the Warrant Agreements, the holders can elect to exercise their warrants or to receive an amount of cash under a Black-Scholes calculation of the value of such warrants.

The offer and sale of the notes and the warrants detailed above were made in reliance on an exemption from registration pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act.

In July 2015, the Company issued 117,000 shares of common stock for the settlement of a liability.

In April 2015, the Company issued 452,974 shares of common stock of the Company to Peter Guber, in his capacity as a trustee of the Guber Family Trust, for the cashless exercise of 666,667 warrants granted in June 2010. The securities were issued in reliance upon the exemptions provided in Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act since, among other things, the transaction did not involve a public offering.

On March 6, 2015, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with Appia, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Appia") and North Atlantic SBIC IV, L.P. ("North Atlantic") whereby Appia issued to North Atlantic a subordinated debenture in the aggregate principal amount of \$8.0 million ("North Atlantic Debt"), retiring a like amount of outstanding debt to North Atlantic and, the Company issued a secured guaranty of the North Atlantic Debt whereby it guaranteed all of Appia's and the Company's obligations in connection with the North Atlantic Debt and pledged substantially all of its assets, including its intellectual property, to North Atlantic in support of the North Atlantic Debt. The Company also issued to North Atlantic 200,000 shares of its common stock and a common stock warrant to purchase 400,000 shares of common stock. The warrant has an exercise price of \$0.01 per share exercisable for 10 years, but it is not exercisable until the one year anniversary of the closing date of the merger between the Company and Appia and will terminate if the Company repays the North Atlantic Debt prior to such one year anniversary. The securities were issued in reliance upon the exemptions provided in Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act since, among other things, the transaction did not involve a public offering.

In March 2015, the Company issued 15,000 shares of common stock of the Company to the sellers of DT EMEA as part of the settlement of its contingent liability to sellers pursuant to the Logia Settlement Agreement. The fair value of the shares on the date of issuance was \$60 thousand. The shares were issued to an accredited investor without any general solicitation pursuant to the exemption from registration afforded by Section 4(a)(2) under the Securities Act and/or Regulation D and/or Regulation S promulgated thereunder.

In September 2014, the Company issued 300,000 shares of common stock of the Company to a service provider for the exercise of 300,000 warrants granted in January 2011. We relied on Section 4(a)(2) and/or Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act, as providing an exemption from registering the sale of these shares of common stock under the Securities Act because, among other reasons, the offerees/issuees were accredited investors who were not subject to any general solicitation and/or the transactions met the requirements of Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act.

In April 2014, the Company issued 50,000 shares of common stock of the Company to the sellers of DT EMEA as part of the settlement of its contingent liability to sellers pursuant to the Logia Settlement Agreement. The fair value of the shares on the date of issuance was \$188 thousand. We relied on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act, as providing an exemption from registering the sale of these shares of common stock under the Securities Act because, among other reasons, the offerees/issuees were accredited investors who were not subject to any general solicitation.

In December 2013, the Company issued 86,020 shares of common stock of the Company to directors of the Company for services. We relied on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act, as providing an exemption from registering the sale of these shares of common stock under the Securities Act because, among other reasons, the offerees/issuees were accredited investors who were not subject to any general solicitation.

In December 2013, the Company issued 9,750 shares of common stock of the Company to a vendor. The shares were issued as settlement for services. We relied on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act, as providing an exemption from registering the sale of these shares of common stock under the Securities Act because, among other reasons, the offerees/issuees were accredited investors who were not subject to any general solicitation.

In August 2013, the Company converted \$1,000 of a noteholder's convertible debt into 285,714 shares of common stock of the Company. We relied on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act, as providing an exemption from registering the sale of these shares of common stock under the Securities Act.

In September 2013, the Company issued 504,880 shares of common stock of the Company as consideration for the acquisition of MIA. We relied on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act, as providing an exemption from registering the sale of these shares of common stock under the Securities Act.

In August 2013, the Company issued 7,632 shares of common stock of the Company as part of the cashless exercise of a warrant issued to a service provider in April 2011 to purchase 15,000 shares of common stock of the Company at a price of \$1.25. We relied on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act, as providing an exemption from registering the sale of these shares of common stock under the Securities Act.

In August 2013, the Company issued 80,000 shares of common stock of the Company and 120,000 warrants to purchase shares of common stock of the Company to a noteholder as inducement to modify a debt. We relied on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act, as providing an exemption from registering the sale of these shares of common stock under the Securities Act.

In July 2013, the Company issued 59,964 shares of common stock of the Company to a noteholder as consideration to extend the term of certain of the Company's debt. We relied on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act, as providing an exemption from registering the sale of these shares of common stock under the Securities Act.

**Item 16. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules**

See the Exhibit Index which is incorporated herein by reference.

**Item 17. Undertakings**

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

- (1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
  - (a) To include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933;
  - (b) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) that, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement.
  - (c) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement;
- (2) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered that remain unsold at the termination of the offering.
- (4) That each prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) as part of a registration statement relating to an offering, other than registration statements relying on Rule 430B or other than prospectuses filed in reliance on Rule 430A, shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the date it is first used after effectiveness. *Provided, however,* that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such first use, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such date of first use.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the indemnification provisions described herein, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Austin, State of Texas, on December 23, 2016.

### DIGITAL TURBINE, INC.

By: /s/ William Stone  
William Stone  
Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Name and Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ William Stone</u> William Stone	Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	December 23, 2016
<u>/s/ Barrett Garrison</u> Barrett Garrison	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	December 23, 2016
<u>/s/ *</u> David Wesch	Principal Financial Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)	December 23, 2016
<u>/s/ *</u> Rob Deutschman	Chairman of the Board	December 23, 2016
<u>/s/ *</u> Paul Schaeffer	Director	December 23, 2016
<u>/s/ *</u> Christopher Rogers	Director	December 23, 2016
<u>/s/ *</u> Mohan S. Gyani	Director	December 23, 2016
<u>/s/ *</u> Jeff Karish	Director	December 23, 2016
<u>/s/ *</u> Craig I. Forman	Director	December 23, 2016

\*By: /s/ William Stone  
William Stone  
Attorney-in-fact

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**SIGNATURES OF GUARANTORS**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement on Form S-1 to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Austin, State of Texas, on December 23, 2016.

**DIGITAL TURBINE USA, INC.  
DIGITAL TURBINE MEDIA, INC.  
DIGITAL TURBINE ASIA PACIFIC PTY LTD.**

By: /s/ William Stone  
William Stone  
Chief Executive Officer

**DIGITAL TURBINE (EMEA) LTD.**  
By: /s/ William Stone  
William Stone  
Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ Revital Musalem  
Revital Musalem  
Controller

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement has been signed below by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<b>Name and Signature</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Date</b>
<u>/s/ William Stone</u> William Stone	(1)	December 23, 2016
<u>/s/ Barrett Garrison</u> Barrett Garrison	(2)	December 23, 2016
<u>/s/ *</u> Jon Mooney	(3)	December 23, 2016
<u>/s/ *</u> Kristie Brown	(4)	December 23, 2016

\*By: /s/ William Stone  
William Stone  
Attorney-in-fact

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- (1) In his capacity as a director of Digital Turbine USA, Inc., Digital Turbine Media, Inc., Digital Turbine (EMEA) Ltd. and Digital Turbine Asia Pacific Pty Ltd.
  - (2) In his capacity as a director of Digital Turbine USA, Inc. and Digital Turbine Asia Pacific Pty Ltd.
  - (3) In his capacity as a director of Digital Turbine Asia Pacific Pty Ltd.
  - (4) In her capacity as a director of Digital Turbine Asia Pacific Pty Ltd.
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## EXHIBIT INDEX

<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description</b>
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of December 31, 2007, by and among NeuMedia Media, Inc., Twistbox Acquisition, Inc., Twistbox Entertainment, Inc. and Adi McAbian and Spark Capital, L.P., incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on January 2, 2008.
2.2	Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of February 12, 2008, by and among NeuMedia Media, Inc., Twistbox Acquisition, Inc., Twistbox Entertainment, Inc. and Adi McAbian and Spark Capital, L.P., incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on February 12, 2008.
2.3	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated November 13, 2014, by and among Mandalay Digital Group, Inc., DTM Merger Sub, Inc., and Appia, Inc., incorporated by reference to our Amended Current Report on Form 8-K/A (File No. 001-35958), filed with the Commission on November 18, 2014.
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on November 14, 2007.
3.2	Certificate of Merger merging Mediavest, Inc., a New Jersey corporation, with and into NeuMedia Media, Inc., a Delaware corporation, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on November 14, 2007.
3.3	Certificate of Ownership merging Mandalay Digital Group, Inc. into Neumedia, Inc., dated February 2, 2012, incorporated by reference to our Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on June 29, 2012.
3.4	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation, dated August 14, 2012, incorporated by reference to Appendix B of the Registrant's Definitive Information Statement on Schedule 14C (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on July 10, 2012.
3.5	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation, dated March 28, 2013, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on April 18, 2013.
3.6	Certificate of Correction of Certificate of Amendment, dated April 9, 2013, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on April 18, 2013.
3.7	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on January 13, 2015, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-35958), filed with the Commission on January 16, 2015.
3.8	Bylaws, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on November 14, 2007.
3.9	Certificate of Amendment of the Bylaws of NeuMedia, Inc., dated February 2, 2012, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on February 7, 2012.
3.10	Certificate of Amendment of the Bylaws dated March 6, 2015, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-35958) filed with the Commission on March 11, 2015.

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- 3.11 Amendment of Bylaws of Digital Turbine, Inc., adopted March 17, 2015, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-35958), filed with the Commission on March 20, 2015.
  - 4.1 Form of Warrant Relating to Equity Financing Binding Term Sheet, dated as of March 1, 2012, incorporated by reference to our Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on June 29, 2012.
  - 4.2 Form of Warrant Relating to Equity Financing Binding Term Sheets, dated as of March 5, 2012, incorporated by reference to our Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on June 29, 2012.
  - 4.3 Indenture, dated as of September 28, 2016. ❖
  - 4.4 Supplemental Indenture.\*\*
  - 4.5 Form of 8.75% Convertible Notes due 2020 (included in the Indenture referenced as Exhibit 4.3 above).
  - 4.6 Warrant Agreement, dated as of September 28, 2016, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-35958) filed with the Commission on September 29, 2016.
  - 4.7 Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of September 28, 2016, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-35958) filed with the Commission on September 29, 2016.
  - 4.8 Form of Common Stock Certificate. ❖
  - 5.1 Opinion of Manatt, Phelps & Phillips, LLP. ❖
  - 5.2 Opinion of Corrs Chambers Westgarth. ❖
  - 5.3 Opinion of Herzog Fox & Neeman. ❖
  - 10.1 2007 Employee, Director and Consultant Stock Plan, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on November 14, 2007. †
  - 10.1.1 Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on November 14, 2007. †
  - 10.1.2 Amendment to 2007 Employee, Director and Consultant Stock Plan, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on February 12, 2008. †
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- 10.1.3 Second Amendment to 2007 Employee, Director and Consultant Stock Plan., incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on March 28, 2008. †
  - 10.2 Warrant, dated December 23, 2011, made by NeuMedia, Inc. in favor of Adage Capital Management L.P., incorporated by reference to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on February 24, 2012. †
  - 10.3 Form of Indemnification with Directors and Executive Officers, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on May 10, 2012. †
  - 10.4 Amended and Restated 2011 Equity Incentive Plan of Mandalay Digital Group, Inc., incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on May 30, 2012.
  - 10.4.1 Amended and Restated 2011 Equity Incentive Plan Notice of Grant and Restricted Stock Agreement of Mandalay Digital Group, Inc, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on May 30, 2012.
  - 10.4.2 Amended and Restated 2011 Equity Incentive Plan Notice of Grant and Stock Option Agreement of Mandalay Digital Group, Inc., incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on May 30, 2012.
  - 10.5 Share Purchase Agreement, dated August 11, 2012, as amended by a first amendment thereto, dated September 13, 2012 among Mandalay Digital Group, Inc., MDG Logia Holdings, Ltd., Logia Group, Ltd., and S.M.B.P. IGLOO Ltd., incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 000-10039), filed with the Commission on November 19, 2012.
  - 10.6 Share Sale Agreement, dated April 12, 2013, among Digital Turbine Australia Pty Ltd, Digital Turbine, Inc., the Company, and certain other parties set forth therein, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K/A (File No. 000-10039) filed with the Commission on April 17, 2013.
  - 10.7 Registration Rights & Lock Up Agreement, dated April 12, 2013 between the Company and various shareholders set forth therein, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K/A (File No. 000-10039) filed with the Commission on April 17, 2013.
  - 10.8 Form of Equity Financing Binding Term Sheet dated May 23, 2013 with Windsor Media, Inc., incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 001-35958) filed with the Commission on August 14, 2013.
  - 10.9 Support Agreement, dated November 13, 2014, between Mandalay Digital Group, Inc. and its Stockholders, incorporated by reference Registrant's Amended Current Report on Form 8-K/A (File No. 001-35958), filed with the Commission on November 18, 2014.
-

- 10.10 Unconditional Secured Guaranty and Pledge Agreement entered into by Digital Turbine, Inc. in favor of Silicon Valley Bank as of March 6, 2015, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-35958) filed with the Commission on March 11, 2015.
- 10.11 API Service Agreement dated July 5, 2011 with Vodafone Hutchison Australia Pty Limited, incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to our Registration Statement on Form S-4/A (File No. 333-200695) filed with the Commission on January 27, 2015.
- 10.12 IT & Content Services Agreement dated October 11, 2011 with Telstra Corporation Limited, incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to our Registration Statement on Form S-4/A (File No. 333-200695) filed with the Commission on January 27, 2015.
- 10.13 Employment Agreement, effective July 8, 2014, between the Company and Andrew Schleimer, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-35958), filed with the Commission on July 9, 2014. †
- 10.14 Employment Agreement, effective September 9, 2014, between the Company and William Stone, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-35958), filed with the Commission on September 15, 2014. †
- 10.14.1 Amendment, effective May 26, 2016, to Employment Agreement between the Company and William Stone, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-35988), filed with the Commission on June 1, 2016. †
- 10.15 Employment Agreement, effective February 10, 2015, between the Company and James Alejandro, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-35988), filed with the Commission on February 11, 2015. †
- 10.16 Employment Agreement, effective August 31, 2016, between the Company and Barrett Garrison, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-35958), filed with the Commission on August 31, 2016. †
- 10.17 Separation Agreement between Mandalay Digital Group, Inc. and Peter A. Adderton, dated January 15, 2015, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-35958), filed with the Commission on January 16, 2015.
- 10.18 Board Equity Ownership Policy, as amended, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-35958) filed with the Commission on June 25, 2014. †
- 10.19 Commercial Lease Agreement commencing on October 1, 2015, and ending on December 31, 2022 between Thomas C. Calhoun (Landlord) and Digital Turbine, Inc. (Tenant), incorporated by reference to our Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 001-35958), filed with the Commission on June 15, 2015.
- 10.20 Third Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement effective June 11, 2015 between Digital Turbine Media and Silicon Valley Bank, incorporated by reference to our Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 001-35958), filed with the Commission on June 15, 2015.
-

- 10.20.1 First Amendment dated November 30, 2015 to Third Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Silicon Valley Bank, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 000-35958), filed with the Commission on December 4, 2015.
- 10.20.2 Consent and Second Amendment dated March 1, 2016 to Third Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Silicon Valley Bank, incorporated by reference to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 001-35958), filed with the Commission on August 9, 2016.
- 10.20.3 Third Amendment dated June 28, 2016 to Third Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Silicon Valley Bank, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-35958), filed with the Commission on June 30, 2016.
- 10.21 Intellectual Property License Agreement dated as of December 28, 2015 between Digital Turbine Media, Inc. and Sift Media, Inc., incorporated by reference to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 000-35958), filed with the Commission on February 9, 2016.
- 10.22 Publisher Agreement dated as of December 28, 2015 between Digital Turbine Media, Inc. and Sift Media, Inc., incorporated by reference to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 000-35958), filed with the Commission on February 9, 2016.
- 10.23 Sift Media, Inc. Series Seed Convertible Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of December 28, 2015, incorporated by reference to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 000-35958), filed with the Commission on February 9, 2016.
- 10.24 Employment Agreement between Sift Media, Inc. and Judson S. Bowman dated as of December 28, 2015, incorporated by reference to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 000-35958), filed with the Commission on February 9, 2016.
- 10.25 Restricted Stock Purchase Agreement between Sift Media, Inc. and Judson S. Bowman dated as of December 28, 2015, incorporated by reference to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 000-35958), filed with the Commission on February 9, 2016.
- 10.26 2008 Equity Incentive Plan for Appia, Inc., incorporated by reference to our Registration Statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-202863), filed with the Commission on March 19, 2015.
- 10.27 Initial Purchaser Agreement, dated as of September 23, 2016, incorporated by reference to our Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-35958) filed with the Commission on September 29, 2016.
- 12.1 Statement Regarding Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges. ❖
- 21.1 List of Subsidiaries, incorporated by reference to our Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 001-35958), filed with the Commission on June 14, 2016.
- 23.1 Consent of SingerLewak LLP. ❖
- 23.2 Consent of Manatt, Phelps & Phillips, LLP is contained in Exhibit 5.1 to this Registration Statement. ❖
- 23.3 Consent of Corrs Chambers Westgarth is contained in Exhibit 5.2 to this Registration Statement. ❖
- 23.4 Consent of Herzog Fox & Neeman is contained in Exhibit 5.3 to this Registration Statement. ❖
- 24 Powers of Attorney is contained on the signature page. \*
- 25 Form T-1 of U.S. Bank, N.A. (with respect to the indenture governing the notes). ❖

❖ Filed herewith.

\* Previously filed.

\*\* To be filed by amendment.

† Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

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DIGITAL TURBINE, INC.

as issuer,

the Guarantors party hereto

AND

U.S. Bank National Association

as Trustee

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**Indenture**

Dated as of September 28,  
2016

8.75% Convertible Senior  
Notes due 2020

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**TABLE OF CONTENTS**  
[TIA CROSS REFERENCE TO BE ADDED WHEN FILED WITH SEC]

		<b>Page</b>
<b>ARTICLE 1.</b>	<b>DEFINITIONS AND OTHER PROVISIONS OF GENERAL APPLICATION</b>	<b>1</b>
Section 1.01	Definitions	1
Section 1.02	Compliance Certificates and Opinions	17
Section 1.03	Form of Documents Delivered to Trustee	18
Section 1.04	Acts of Holders; Record Dates	18
Section 1.05	Notices, Etc., to Trustee and Company	19
Section 1.06	Notice to Holders; Waiver	19
Section 1.07	Effect of Headings and Table of Contents	20
Section 1.08	Successors and Assigns	20
Section 1.09	Severability Clause	20
Section 1.10	Benefits of Indenture	20
Section 1.11	No Recourse Against Others	20
<b>ARTICLE 2.</b>	<b>SECURITY FORMS</b>	<b>20</b>
Section 2.01	Forms Generally	20
Section 2.02	Form of Face of Note	21
Section 2.03	Form of Reverse of Note	26
<b>ARTICLE 3.</b>	<b>THE SECURITIES</b>	<b>37</b>
Section 3.01	Title and Terms; Payments	37
Section 3.02	Ranking	38
Section 3.03	Denominations	38
Section 3.04	Execution, Authentication, Delivery and Dating	38
Section 3.05	Temporary Notes	39
Section 3.06	Registration; Registration of Transfer and Exchange	39
Section 3.07	Transfer Restrictions	41
Section 3.08	Expiration of Restrictions	44
Section 3.09	Mutilated, Destroyed, Lost and Stolen Notes	45
Section 3.10	Persons Deemed Owners	46
Section 3.11	Transfer and Exchange	46
Section 3.12	Cancellation	49
Section 3.13	CUSIP Numbers	49
<b>ARTICLE 4.</b>	<b>PARTICULAR COVENANTS OF THE COMPANY</b>	<b>50</b>
Section 4.01	Payment of Principal and Interest	50
Section 4.02	Maintenance of Office or Agency	50
Section 4.03	Appointments to Fill Vacancies in Trustee's Office	50
Section 4.04	Provisions as to Paying Agent	51
Section 4.05	Existence	52
Section 4.06	Rule 144A Information Requirement	52
Section 4.07	Resale of Certain Notes	52
Section 4.08	Commission Filings and Reports	52

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**  
(continued)

	<b>Page</b>	
Section 4.09	Book-Entry System	52
Section 4.10	Additional Interest	53
Section 4.11	Stay; Extension and Usury Laws	53
Section 4.12	Compliance Certificate	53
Section 4.13	Limitation on Indebtedness and Restricted Payments	53
Section 4.14	Additional Note Guarantees	54
Section 4.15	Prohibition on Variable Rate Transactions	54
<b>ARTICLE 5.</b>	<b>OPTIONAL REDEMPTION</b>	<b>54</b>
Section 5.01	Optional Redemption	54
Section 5.02	Notice of Optional Redemption; Selection of Notes	55
Section 5.03	Payment of Notes Called for Redemption	56
Section 5.04	Restrictions on Redemption	57
<b>ARTICLE 6.</b>	<b>CONVERSION</b>	<b>57</b>
Section 6.01	Right to Convert; Early Conversion Payment	57
Section 6.02	Conversion Procedure	58
Section 6.03	Settlement upon Conversion	60
Section 6.04	Limitations on Issuance of Shares Due to Market Regulation	60
Section 6.05	Adjustment of Conversion Rate	65
Section 6.06	Effect of Reclassification, Consolidation, Merger or Sale	75
Section 6.07	Adjustments of Prices	76
Section 6.08	Adjustment upon a Make-Whole Fundamental Change	76
Section 6.09	Taxes on Shares Issued	78
Section 6.10	Reservation of Shares; Shares to be Fully Paid; Compliance with Governmental Requirements	78
Section 6.11	Responsibility of Trustee and Conversion Agent	78
Section 6.12	Notice to Holders Prior to Certain Actions	79
Section 6.13	Shareholder Rights Plan	80
Section 6.14	Company Determination Final	80
<b>ARTICLE 7.</b>	<b>PURCHASE AT OPTION OF HOLDERS UPON A FUNDAMENTAL CHANGE</b>	<b>80</b>
Section 7.01	Purchase at Option of Holders upon a Fundamental Change	80
Section 7.02	Effect of Fundamental Change Purchase Notice	82
Section 7.03	Withdrawal of Fundamental Change Purchase Notice	83
Section 7.04	Deposit of Fundamental Change Purchase Price	83
Section 7.05	Notes Purchased in Whole or in Part	84
Section 7.06	Covenant to Comply With Securities Laws upon Purchase of Notes	84
Section 7.07	Repayment to the Company	84
<b>ARTICLE 8.</b>	<b>EVENTS OF DEFAULT; REMEDIES</b>	<b>84</b>
Section 8.01	Events of Default	84



**TABLE OF CONTENTS**  
(continued)

	<b>Page</b>	
Section 8.02	Acceleration of Maturity: Waiver of Past Defaults and Rescission	86
Section 8.03	Additional Interest	87
Section 8.04	Collection of Indebtedness and Suits for Enforcement by Trustee	89
Section 8.05	Trustee May File Proofs of Claim	89
Section 8.06	Application of Money Collected	89
Section 8.07	Limitation on Suits	90
Section 8.08	Unconditional Right of Holders to Receive Payment	90
Section 8.09	Restoration of Rights and Remedies	90
Section 8.10	Rights and Remedies Cumulative	91
Section 8.11	Delay or Omission Not Waiver	91
Section 8.12	Control by Holders	91
Section 8.13	Undertaking for Costs	91
Section 8.14	Violations of Certain Covenants	92
<b>ARTICLE 9.</b>	<b>MERGER, CONSOLIDATION OR SALE OF ASSETS</b>	<b>92</b>
Section 9.01	Company May Consolidate, etc., only on Certain Terms	92
Section 9.02	Successor Substituted	92
<b>ARTICLE 10.</b>	<b>THE TRUSTEE</b>	<b>93</b>
Section 10.01	Duties and Responsibilities of Trustee	93
Section 10.02	Notice of Defaults	95
Section 10.03	Reliance on Documents, Opinions, Etc	95
Section 10.04	No Responsibility for Recitals, Etc	96
Section 10.05	Trustee, Paying Agents, Conversion Agents or Registrar May Own Notes	97
Section 10.06	Monies to be Held in Trust	97
Section 10.07	Compensation and Expenses of Trustee	97
Section 10.08	Officers' Certificate as Evidence	97
Section 10.09	Conflicting Interests of Trustee	98
Section 10.10	Eligibility of Trustee	98
Section 10.11	Resignation or Removal of Trustee	98
Section 10.12	Acceptance by Successor Trustee	99
Section 10.13	Succession by Merger, Etc	100
Section 10.14	Preferential Collection of Claims	100
Section 10.15	Trustee's Application for Instructions from the Company	100
<b>ARTICLE 11.</b>	<b>HOLDERS' LISTS AND REPORTS BY TRUSTEE</b>	<b>101</b>
Section 11.01	Company to Furnish Trustee Names and Addresses of Holders	101
Section 11.02	Preservation of Information; Communications to Holders	101
<b>ARTICLE 12.</b>	<b>SATISFACTION AND DISCHARGE</b>	<b>102</b>
Section 12.01	Discharge of Indenture	102

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**  
(continued)

	<b>Page</b>	
Section 12.02	Deposited Monies to be Held in Trust by Trustee	102
Section 12.03	Paying Agent to Repay Monies Held	102
Section 12.04	Return of Unclaimed Monies	102
Section 12.05	Reinstatement	103
<b>ARTICLE 13.</b>	<b>SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURES</b>	<b>103</b>
Section 13.01	Supplemental Indentures without Consent of Holders	103
Section 13.02	Supplemental Indentures with Consent of Holders	104
Section 13.03	Execution of Supplemental Indentures	105
Section 13.04	Effect of Supplemental Indentures	105
Section 13.05	Reference in Notes to Supplemental Indentures	105
Section 13.06	Notice to Holders of Supplemental Indentures	106
<b>ARTICLE 14.</b>	<b>MISCELLANEOUS</b>	<b>106</b>
Section 14.01	Notices	106
Section 14.02	Certificate and Opinion as to Conditions Precedent	107
Section 14.03	When Notes Are Disregarded	107
Section 14.04	Rules by Trustee, Paying Agent and Registrar	107
Section 14.05	Legal Holidays	107
Section 14.06	Governing Law	107
Section 14.07	No Recourse against Others	108
Section 14.08	Successors	108
Section 14.09	Multiple Originals	108
Section 14.10	Table of Contents; Headings	108
Section 14.11	Severability Clause	108
Section 14.12	Calculations	108
Section 14.13	Waiver of Jury Trial	108
Section 14.14	Consent to Jurisdiction	109
Section 14.15	Force Majeure	109
Section 14.16	U.S.A. Patriot Act	109
<b>ARTICLE 15.</b>	<b>NOTE GUARANTEES</b>	<b>109</b>
Section 15.01	Guarantee	109
Section 15.02	Limitation on Guarantor Liability	111
Section 15.03	Execution and Delivery of Note Guarantee	111
Section 15.04	Guarantors May Consolidate, etc., on Certain Terms	111
Section 15.05	Releases	112

INDENTURE, dated as of September 28, 2016 between Digital Turbine, Inc., a company duly incorporated and existing under the laws of Delaware, United States of America, and having its principal office at 300 GUADALUPE STREET, SUITE 302, AUSTIN TX 78701, as Issuer (the “**Company**”), the Guarantors (as defined) and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee (the “**Trustee**”).

### RECITALS OF THE COMPANY

WHEREAS, the Company has duly authorized the creation of an issue of 8.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 (each a “**Note**” and collectively, the “**Notes**”) of the tenor and amount hereinafter set forth, and to provide therefor the Company has duly authorized the execution and delivery of this Indenture;

WHEREAS, the Guarantors have duly authorized the creation of the Note Guarantees (as defined), and to provide therefor the Guarantors have duly authorized the execution and delivery of this Indenture; and

WHEREAS, all things necessary to make the Notes and the Note Guarantees, when executed by the Company and the Guarantors, respectively, and authenticated and delivered hereunder and duly issued by the Company and the Guarantors, respectively, the valid and legally binding obligations of the Company and the Guarantors, respectively, and to make this Indenture a valid and legally binding agreement of the Company and the Guarantors, respectively, in accordance with the terms of the Notes, the Note Guarantees and this Indenture, have been done.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS INDENTURE WITNESSETH, for and in consideration of the premises and the purchases of the Notes by the Holders thereof, it is mutually agreed, for the benefit of the Company and the equal and proportionate benefit of all Holders of the Notes, as follows:

#### ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS AND OTHER PROVISIONS OF GENERAL APPLICATION

Section 1.01 *Definitions.* For all purposes of this Indenture, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires: (i) the terms defined in this Article 1 have the meanings assigned to them in this Article and include the plural as well as the singular;

(i) all accounting terms not otherwise defined herein have the meanings assigned to them in accordance with GAAP; and

(ii) the words “herein,” “hereof” and “hereunder” and other words of similar import refer to this Indenture as a whole and not to any particular Article, Section or other subdivision.

“**Act,**” when used with respect to any Holder, has the meaning specified in Section 1.04.

“**Additional Interest**” means all amounts, if any, payable pursuant to Section 8.03 hereof and Section 6 of the Registration Rights Agreement. Unless the context otherwise requires, all references in this Indenture to interest include Additional Interest, if any. Any express reference to Additional Interest in this Indenture shall not be construed as excluding Additional Interest in any other text where no such express reference is made.

“**Additional Shares**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.08(a).

“**Affiliate**” of any specified Person means any other Person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with such specified Person. For the purposes of this definition, “control” when used with respect to any specified Person means the power to direct the management and policies of such Person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and the terms “controlling” and “controlled” have meanings correlative to the foregoing.

“**Affiliate Notes**” means Notes owned by a Holder that is an affiliate of the Company (within the meaning of Rule 144) as of the applicable date of determination or has been an affiliate of the Company (within the meaning of Rule 144) within the preceding three months.

“**Agent Members**” has the meaning specified in Section 3.06(b).

“**Applicable Conversion Price**” means the Conversion Price in effect at any given time.

“**Applicable Conversion Rate**” means the Conversion Rate in effect at any given time.

“**Applicable Procedures**” means, with respect to any transfer or transaction involving a Global Note or any beneficial interest therein, the rules and procedures of the Depository for such Note, in each case to the extent applicable to such transfer or transaction and as in effect from time to time.

“**Approved Stock Plan**” means any and all currently existing or future equity incentive plans or agreements providing for issuance, upon approval by the Board or a duly authorized committee or delegee thereof, of shares of Common Stock, options to purchase Common Stock or other securities of, or exchangeable for, the Company to the employees, officers, directors and/or consultants of the Company or its Subsidiaries, in each case, that are approved by shareholders or are inducement plans under the rules and regulations of the Principal Market. For clarity, the Company’s 2011 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended to date, and all shares issued and issuable thereunder now or in the future, is included as an Approved Stock Plan.

“**Attribution Parties**” means, collectively, the following Persons and entities: (i) any investment vehicle, including, any funds, feeder funds or managed accounts, directly or indirectly managed or advised by the Holder’s investment manager or any of its Affiliates or principals, (ii) any direct or indirect Affiliates of the Holder’s or any of the foregoing, and (iii) any other Persons whose beneficial ownership of the Company’s Common Stock would or could be aggregated with the Holder’s and the other Attribution Parties for purposes of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act. For clarity, the purpose of the foregoing is to subject, collectively, the Holder and all other Attribution Parties to the Maximum Percentage.

“**Authorized Capital Increase**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.04.

“**Authorized Share Failure**” has the meaning specified in the definition of “Equity Conditions.”

“**Board of Directors**” means, with respect to any Person, either the board of directors of such Person or any duly authorized committee of that board.

“**Board Resolution**” means, with respect to any Person, a copy of a resolution certified by the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary or the General Counsel of such Person to have been duly adopted by the Board of Directors and to be in full force and effect on the date of such certification, and delivered to the Trustee.

“**Business Day**” means any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a day on which the Federal Reserve Bank of New York or the Corporate Trust Office is authorized or required by law or executive order to close or be closed.

“**Capital Stock**” means any and all shares, interests, participations, rights or other equivalents (however designated) of corporate stock and, with respect to partnerships, partnership interests (whether general or limited) and any other interest or participation that confers on a Person the right to receive a share of the profits and losses of, or distributions of assets of, such partnership.

“**Clause A Distribution**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.05(d).

“**Clause B Distribution**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.05(d).

“**Clause C Distribution**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.05(d).

“**Close of Business**” means 5:00 p.m. New York City time.

“**Code**” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

“**Commission**” means the Securities and Exchange Commission, as from time to time constituted, created under the Exchange Act.

“**Common Stock**” means the shares of common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share, of the Company as they exist on the date of this Indenture, subject to the provisions of Section 6.06.

“**Company**” means the Person named as the “Company” in the first paragraph of this instrument until a successor Person shall have become such pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Indenture, and thereafter “Company” shall mean such successor Person.

“**Company Order**” or “**Company Request**” means a written request or order signed in the name of the Company (a) by its Chief Executive Officer, its President, or its Chief Financial Officer or any of its Vice Presidents, and (b) by its Treasurer, any Assistant Treasurer, its Secretary, any Assistant Secretary or any of its Vice Presidents, and delivered to the Trustee.

“**Conversion Agent**” means the Trustee or such other office or agency designated by the Company where Notes may be presented for conversion.

“**Conversion Date**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.02(b).

“**Conversion Notice**” shall have the meaning specified in Section 6.02(b).

“**Conversion Price**” means, per share of Common Stock, \$1,000 *divided by* the Applicable Conversion Rate.

“**Conversion Rate**” means initially 733.14 shares of Common Stock per \$1,000 Principal Amount of Notes, subject to adjustment as set forth herein.

“**Conversion Shares**” means shares of Common Stock received pursuant to conversion of Notes in accordance with Article 6 hereof.

“**Conversion Share Delivery Date**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.02(c)

“**Corporate Trust Office**” means the office of the Trustee at which this Indenture shall, at any particular time, be principally administered, which office is, at the date as of which this Indenture is dated, located at U.S. Bank National Association, 633 West Fifth Street, 24th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90071, Attention: B. Scarbrough (Digital Turbine Administrator), Facsimile No.: (213) 615-6197, or such other address in the United States as the Trustee may designate from time to time by notice to the Holders and the Company, or the principal corporate trust office in the United States of any successor Trustee (or such other address in the United States as such successor Trustee may designate from time to time by notice to the Holders and the Company). With respect to presentation of notes for Registration of transfer or exchange or Maturity, such address shall be the address set forth above.

“**Daily VWAP**” means the per share volume-weighted average price of the Common Stock as displayed under the heading “Bloomberg VWAP” on Bloomberg page “APPS <equity> AQR” (or any successor thereto if such page is not available) in respect of the period from the scheduled open of trading until the scheduled close of trading of the primary trading session on such VWAP Trading Day (or if such volume-weighted average price is unavailable, the market value of one share of the Common Stock on such VWAP Trading Day, determined, if practicable, using a volume-weighted average method, by an independent, nationally recognized investment banking firm retained by the Company for this purpose). The Daily VWAP shall be determined without regard to after-hours trading or any other trading outside of the regular trading session trading hours.

“**Default**” means any event that is or with the passage of time or the giving of notice or both would become an Event of Default.

“**Depository**” means DTC until a successor Depository shall have become such pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Indenture, and thereafter “Depository” shall mean such successor Depository.

“**Distributed Property**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.05(d).

“**DTC**” means The Depository Trust Company.

**“Early Conversion Payment”** means, with respect to any conversion of the Notes prior to September 23, 2019, a payment equal to the remaining scheduled payments of interest that would have been made on the Notes being converted from the date of conversion (or, in the case of conversion between a Regular Record Date and the following Interest Payment Date, from such Interest Payment Date) until the September 23, 2019.

**“Effective Date”** has the meaning specified in Section 6.08(c).

**“effective date”** for purposes of Section 6.05, means the first date on which the shares of Common Stock trade on the applicable exchange or applicable market, regular way, reflecting the relevant share split or share combination, as applicable.

**“Eligible Market”** has the meaning specified in the definition of “Fundamental Change.”

“**Equity Conditions**” means, with respect to an given date of determination: (i) on each day during the period beginning thirty (30) calendar days prior to such applicable date of determination and ending on and including such applicable date of determination (the “**Equity Conditions Measuring Period**”) either (x) one or more Registration Statements filed pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement shall be effective and the prospectus contained therein shall be available on such applicable date of determination (with, for the avoidance of doubt, any shares of Common Stock previously sold pursuant to such prospectus deemed unavailable) for the resale of all shares of Common Stock to be issued in connection with the event requiring this determination (or, in connection with a redemption, issuable upon conversion of the Notes being redeemed in the event requiring this determination at the Conversion Price then in effect (without regard to any limitations on conversion set forth herein)) (the “**Required Minimum Securities Amount**”), in each case, in accordance with the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement (it being understood that any day that, under the Registration Rights Agreement, the Registration Statement or prospectus contained therein is not required to be available shall be disregarded for purposes of measuring compliance during the Equity Conditions Measuring Period of this clause (x) or (y) the Required Minimum Securities Amount shall be eligible for sale pursuant to Rule 144 without the need for registration under any applicable federal or state securities laws (in each case, disregarding any limitation on conversion of the Notes, other issuance of securities with respect to the Notes and exercise of the Warrants) and the Company is in compliance with the requirements of Rule 144(c)(1), including, without limitation, satisfying the current public information requirement under Rule 144(c); (ii) on each day during the Equity Conditions Measuring Period, the Common Stock (including all Required Minimum Securities Amount) is listed or designated for quotation (as applicable) on the Nasdaq Capital Market or other Eligible Market and shall not have been suspended from trading on the Nasdaq Capital Market or other Eligible Market (other than suspensions of not more than two (2) days and occurring prior to the applicable date of determination due to business announcements by the Company) nor shall delisting or suspension by an Eligible Market have been threatened in writing (with a reasonable prospect of delisting occurring after giving effect to all applicable notice, appeal, compliance and hearing periods) or reasonably likely to occur or pending as evidenced by (A) a writing by the Nasdaq Capital Market or other Eligible Market or (B) the Company falling below the minimum listing maintenance requirements of the Nasdaq Capital Market or other Eligible Market on which the Common Stock is then listed or designated for quotation (as applicable) (provided, at any time that the Nasdaq Capital Market or other Eligible Market shall have accepted a plan of remediation or plan to regain compliance, then so long as such acceptance is in effect, then a delisting or suspension by an Eligible Market shall not be deemed to exist); (iii) during the Equity Conditions Measuring Period, the Company shall, in all material respects, have delivered all shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of this Note on a timely basis and all other shares of capital stock required to be delivered by the Company on a timely basis as set forth in the Warrant Agreement; (iv) on each day during the Equity Conditions Measuring Period, no public announcement of a pending, proposed or intended Fundamental Change shall have occurred which has not been abandoned, terminated or consummated; (v) on each day during the Equity Conditions Measuring Period, there shall not have occurred and there shall not exist an Event of Default or an event that with the passage of time or giving of notice would constitute an Event of Default; (vi) the shares of Common Stock issuable pursuant the event requiring the satisfaction of the Equity Conditions are duly authorized and listed and eligible for trading without restriction on the Nasdaq Capital Market or other Eligible Market, (vii) any shares of Common Stock to be issued in connection with the event requiring determination (or, in connection with a redemption, issuable upon conversion of the Notes to be redeemed in the event requiring this determination at the Conversion Price then in effect (without regard to any limitations on conversion set forth herein)) may be issued in full without violating Section 6.04(a) hereof and, assuming solely for the purpose of this clause (vii), that such Holder together with the other Attribution Parties do not then hold any shares of Common Stock “long” (as defined in Regulation SHO of the Exchange Act), would not result in a violation of Section 6.04(c) hereof (provided (A) satisfaction of this clause (vii) shall be measured on a Holder by Holder basis, such that failure of this condition as to one Holder shall not be deemed failure of this condition as to any other Holder and (B) in connection with a redemption, if the Company elects in its sole discretion to deliver notice of such redemption to the affected Holder and all other Holders (whether or not affected) in accordance with this Indenture at least 65 calendar days prior to the applicable date of redemption, the Company may assume for purposes of determining whether a violation of Section 6.04(c) would occur that, in addition to the assumption regarding not holding shares “long” noted above, that the Maximum Percentage of every Holder is 9.99%); (viii) such applicable Holder shall not be in possession of any material, non-public information provided to any of them by the Company, any of its Subsidiaries or any of their respective affiliates, employees, officers, representatives, agents or the like (provided, satisfaction of this clause (viii) shall be measured on a Holder by Holder basis, such that failure of this condition as to one Holder shall not be deemed failure of this condition as to any other Holder) , (ix) on the applicable date of determination (A) no failure to have the applicable Required Minimum Securities Amount of shares of Common Stock reserved by the Company and available to be issued pursuant to this Indenture shall exist or be continuing (an “**Authorized Share Failure**”) and (B) all shares of Common Stock to be issued in connection with the event requiring this determination (or, in connection with a redemption, issuable conversion of the Notes to be redeemed in the event requiring this determination at the Conversion Price then in effect (without regard to any limitations on conversion set forth herein)) may be issued in full without resulting in an Authorized Share Failure; (x) the Company shall have no knowledge of any fact that would reasonably be expected to cause both (1) any Registration Statement required to be filed pursuant to the Registration Rights Agreement to not be effective or the prospectus contained therein to not be available for the resale of the applicable Required Minimum Securities Amount of shares of Common Stock in accordance with the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement and (2) any shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes or exercise of the Warrants (without regard to any limitations on conversion or exercise with respect thereto) to not be eligible for sale pursuant to Rule 144 without the need for registration under any applicable federal or state securities laws (in each case, disregarding any limitation on conversion of the Notes, other issuance of securities with respect to the Notes and exercise of the Warrants) or the Company to not be in compliance with the requirements of Rule 144(c)(1), including, without limitation, satisfying the current public information requirement under Rule 144(c) and (xi) no Volume Failure Exists.



“**Equity Conditions Failure**” means that as of any given date of determination, the Equity Conditions have not been satisfied (or waived in writing by the Holders to the extent required by Article 13).

“**Equity Conditions Measuring Period**” has the meaning in the definition “Equity Conditions” above.

“**Event**” has the meaning specified in the Registration Rights Agreement.

“**Event Date**” has the meaning specified in the Registration Rights Agreement.

“**Event of Default**” has the meaning specified in Section 8.01.

“**Ex-Dividend Date**” means the first date on which the shares of Common Stock trade on the applicable exchange or in the applicable market, regular way, without the right to receive the issuance, dividend or distribution in question, from the Company or, if applicable, from the seller of the shares of Common Stock on such exchange or market (in the form of due bills or otherwise) as determined by such exchange or market.

“**Exchange Act**” means the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

“**Exchange Cap**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.04.

“**Exchange Cap Share Cancellation Amount**” has the meaning specified in Section 2.03.

“**Exchange Cap Allocation Increase**” has the meaning specified in Section 2.03.

“**Exchange Cap/Underauthorized Shares**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.04.

“**Exchange Cap Share Cancellation Amount**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.04.

“**Exchange Cap Allocation Increase**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.04.

“**Freely Tradable**” means, with respect to any Notes, that such Notes are eligible to be sold by a Person who is not an Affiliate of the Company (within the meaning of Rule 144) and has not been an Affiliate of the Company (within the meaning of Rule 144) during the immediately preceding three months either (1) without any volume or manner of sale restrictions under the Securities Act or (2) because a registration statement under the Securities Act with respect to the resale of such Notes has been declared effective under the Securities Act.

“**Free Transferability Certificate**” means a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit B.

“**Fundamental Change**” means the occurrence of any of the following events at any time after the Notes are originally issued:

(1) a “person” or “group” within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act other than the Company, the Company’s Subsidiaries or the Company’s or the Company’s Subsidiaries’ employee benefit plans files a Schedule TO or any schedule, form or report under the Exchange Act disclosing that such person or group has become the direct or indirect “beneficial owner,” as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, of the Company’s common equity representing more than 50% of the voting power of all outstanding classes of the Company’s common equity entitled to vote generally in the election of the Company’s directors;

(2) consummation of (A) any share exchange, consolidation or merger involving the Company pursuant to which the Common Stock will be converted into cash, securities or other property or (B) any sale, lease or other transfer in one transaction or a series of transactions of all or substantially all of the consolidated assets of the Company and the Company’s Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, to any person other than one or more of the Company’s Subsidiaries; *provided, however*, that a share exchange, consolidation or merger transaction described in clause (A) above in which the holders of more than 50% of all shares of Common Stock entitled to vote generally in the election of the Company’s directors immediately prior to such transaction own, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of all shares of Common Stock entitled to vote generally in the election of the directors of the continuing or surviving entity or the parent entity thereof immediately after such transaction in substantially the same proportions (relative to each other) as such ownership immediately prior to such transaction will not, in either case, be a Fundamental Change;

(3) the Company’s shareholders approve any plan or proposal for the liquidation or dissolution of the Company; or

(4) the Common Stock (or other Capital Stock into which the Notes are then convertible pursuant to the terms of this Indenture) ceases to be listed on any of The New York Stock Exchange, The NASDAQ Global Select Market, The NASDAQ Global Market, The NASDAQ Capital Market or The NYSE MKT (or their respective successors) (each, an “**Eligible Market**”).

If a transaction occurs that constitutes a Fundamental Change under both clause (1) and clause (2) above, such transaction will be treated solely as a Fundamental Change under clause (2) above.

“**Fundamental Change Company Notice**” has the meaning specified in Section 7.01(b).

“**Fundamental Change Purchase Date**” has the meaning specified in Section 7.01(a).

“**Fundamental Change Purchase Notice**” has the meaning specified in Section 7.01(a)(i).

“**Fundamental Change Purchase Price**” has the meaning specified in Section 7.01(a).

“**GAAP**” means generally accepted accounting principles set forth in the opinions and pronouncements of the Accounting Principles Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and statements and pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board or in such other statements by such other entity as have been approved by a significant segment of the accounting profession, in each case, as in effect in the United States on the date hereof.

“**Global Note**” means a Note in global form registered in the Register in the name of a Depository or a nominee thereof.

“**Guarantors**” means any Significant Subsidiary of the Company that executes a Note Guarantee in accordance with the provisions of this Indenture, and their respective successors and assigns, in each case, until the Note Guarantee of such Person has been released in accordance with the provisions of this Indenture.

“**Holder**” means a Person in whose name a Note is registered in the Register.

“**Indenture**” means this instrument as originally executed or as it may from time to time be supplemented or amended by one or more indentures supplemental hereto entered into pursuant to the applicable provisions hereof, including, for all purposes of this instrument and any such supplemental indenture.

“**Initial Purchaser Agreement**” means the Initial Purchaser Agreement, dated September 23, 2016, entered into by the Company, the Guarantors and the Purchaser in connection with the sale of the Notes.

“**Interest Payment Date**” means each September 15 and March 15 of each year, beginning March 15, 2017.

“**Issue Date**” means the date the Notes are originally issued as set forth on the face of the Note under this Indenture.

“**Last Reported Sale Price**” means, on any Trading Day, the closing sale price per share of Common Stock (or if no closing sale price is reported, the average of the bid and ask prices or, if more than one in either case, the average of the average bid and/or the average ask prices) of the Common Stock on that Trading Day as reported in composite transactions for the principal United States national or regional securities exchange on which the Common Stock is traded. If the Common Stock is not listed for trading on a United States national or regional securities exchange on the relevant Trading Day, the “Last Reported Sale Price” will be the last quoted bid price per share of Common Stock in the over-the-counter market on the relevant Trading Day as reported by OTC Markets Group Inc. or similar organization selected by the Company. If the Common Stock is not so quoted, the “Last Reported Sale Price” will be the average of the mid-point of the last bid and ask prices per share of Common Stock on the relevant date from a nationally recognized independent investment banking firm selected by the Company for this purpose.

“**Legal Holiday**” is a Saturday, a Sunday or other day on which the Federal Reserve Bank of New York or the Corporate Trust Office is authorized or required by law or executive order to close or be closed.

“**Maturity Date**” means September 23, 2020.

“**Make-Whole Fundamental Change**” means any transaction or event that would constitute a Fundamental Change pursuant to clause (1), clause (2) or clause (4) of the definition thereof (determined after giving effect to any exceptions or exclusions to such definition, but without regard to the proviso in clause (2) of the definition thereof).

“**Merger Event**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.06.

“**Note Guarantee**” means the guarantee by each Guarantor of the Company’s obligations under this Indenture and the Notes, executed pursuant to the provisions of this Indenture.

“**Notes**” has the meaning specified in the first paragraph of the Recitals of the Company, and includes any Note or Notes, as the case may be, authenticated and delivered under this Indenture, including any Global Note.

“**Notice of Default**” means written notice provided to the Company by the Trustee or to the Company and the Trustee by the Holders of not less than 25% in aggregate Principal Amount of Notes outstanding of a Default by the Company, which notice must specify the Default, demand that it be remedied and expressly state that such notice is a “Notice of Default.”

“**Offering Memorandum**” means the preliminary offering memorandum dated September 23, 2016, relating to the offering and sale of the Notes.

“**Officers’ Certificate**” means a certificate signed (a) by the Chief Executive Officer, the President, the Chief Financial Officer or any of the Vice Presidents of the Company, and (b) by the Treasurer, any Assistant Treasurer, the Secretary, any Assistant Secretary or any of the Vice Presidents of the Company, and delivered to the Trustee. An Officers’ Certificate provided under Section 4.12 of this Indenture shall be signed by the Principal Executive, Principal Financial or Principal Accounting Officer.

“**Open of Business**” means 9:00 a.m., New York City time.

“**Opinion of Counsel**” means a written opinion of counsel, who may be external or in-house counsel for the Company and who is reasonably acceptable to the Trustee.

“**outstanding**” when used with reference to Notes, shall, subject to the provisions of Section 14.03, mean, as of any particular time, all Notes authenticated and delivered by the Trustee under this Indenture, except:

(i) Notes theretofore canceled by the Trustee or accepted by the Trustee for cancellation;

(ii) Notes, or portions thereof, that have become due and payable and in respect of which monies in the necessary amount shall have been deposited in trust with the Trustee or with any Paying Agent (other than the Company) or shall have been set aside and segregated in trust by the Company (if the Company shall act as its own Paying Agent);

(iii) Notes that have been paid pursuant to Section 3.09 and Notes in lieu of which, or in substitution for which, other Notes shall have been authenticated and delivered pursuant to the terms of Section 3.09 unless proof satisfactory to the Trustee is presented that any such Notes are held by protected purchasers in whose hands such Notes are valid obligations of the Company; and

(iv) Notes converted pursuant to Article 6 and required to be cancelled pursuant to Section 3.12.

“**Paying Agent**” means any Person (including the Company) authorized by the Company to pay the Principal Amount of, interest on, including Additional Interest, or the Fundamental Change Purchase Price of, any Notes on behalf of the Company. U.S. Bank, National Association shall initially be the Paying Agent.

“**Permitted Debt**” means:

(a) the Notes and any guarantees thereof, including the Note Guarantees;

(b) indebtedness already existing in an acquired entity at the time of acquisition of such entity by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, so long as such debt was not incurred in order to effect such acquisition, and neither the Company nor any of its Subsidiaries shall guarantee such debt following such acquisition;

(c) any unsecured guarantees by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries of the Company’s indebtedness or indebtedness of any of the Company’s Subsidiaries not otherwise prohibited under this Indenture;

(d) indebtedness in respect of capital leases and synthetic lease obligations;

(e) unsecured intercompany indebtedness among the Company and any of its Subsidiaries, or between two or more of the Subsidiaries of the Company;

(f) current liabilities which are incurred in the ordinary course of business and which are not incurred through the borrowing of money, including credit incurred in the ordinary course of business with corporate credit cards by the Company and its Subsidiaries;

(g) indebtedness incurred as a result of endorsing negotiable instruments received in the ordinary course of business;

(h) purchase money indebtedness (i) for equipment acquired or held by the Company or its Subsidiaries incurred for financing the acquisition of the equipment, or (ii) existing on equipment when acquired;

(i) a letter of credit issued by Silicon Valley Bank used to satisfy a security deposit to the landlord of the Company's office in Australia, in the aggregate amount of not more than \$350,000; and

(j) extensions, refinancings and renewals of indebtedness set forth above in this definition.

**"Person"** means any individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, unincorporated organization or government or any agency or political subdivision thereof.

**"Physical Notes"** means certificated Notes in registered form issued in minimum denominations of integral \$1,000 Principal Amount and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

**"Principal Amount"** of a Note means the principal amount as set forth on the face of the Note.

**"Principal Market"** means, as of the date hereof, the Nasdaq Capital Market or from time to time the principal national securities exchange or over-the-counter market where the Common Stock is then traded.

**"Publicly Traded Securities"** means shares of Capital Stock traded on an Eligible Market, or, with respect to a transaction that otherwise would be a Fundamental Change, which will be so traded when issued or exchanged in connection with such transaction.

**"Purchaser"** means BTIG, LLC, the initial purchaser of the Notes pursuant to the Initial Purchaser Agreement.

“**Qualified Financing**” means the sale by the Company of shares of Common Stock or securities convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, Common Stock, provided that a Qualified Financing shall not include any of the following issuances by the Company: (i) shares of Common Stock or options to purchase Common Stock issued to directors, officers, employees of or consultants to the Company or its Subsidiaries for services rendered to the Company in their capacity as such pursuant to an Approved Stock Plan (as defined above), provided that the exercise price of any such options is not lowered, none of such options are amended to increase the number of shares issuable thereunder and none of the terms or conditions of any such options are otherwise materially changed in any manner that adversely affects any of the Holders’ interests in the Notes; (ii) shares of Common Stock issued upon the conversion or exercise of convertible securities or warrants (other than options to purchase Common Stock issued pursuant to an Approved Stock Plan that are covered by clause (i) above) issued prior to the Issue Date, provided that the conversion price of any such convertible securities or warrants (other than options to purchase Common Stock issued pursuant to an Approved Stock Plan that are covered by clause (i) above) is not lowered other than pursuant to anti-dilution (including price-based anti-dilution) features that are currently in existence as of the Issue Date and are not amended after the Issue Date, none of such convertible securities or warrants (other than options to purchase Common Stock issued pursuant to an Approved Stock Plan that are covered by clause (i) above) are amended to increase the number of shares issuable thereunder and none of the terms or conditions of any such convertible securities or warrants (other than options to purchase Common Stock issued pursuant to an Approved Stock Plan that are covered by clause (i) above) are otherwise materially changed in any manner that adversely affects any of the Holders’ interests in the Notes; (iii) the shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes or otherwise pursuant to the terms of the Notes; (iv) the shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the Warrants; and (v) shares of Common Stock, options, warrants and convertible securities issued pursuant to equipment purchases, strategic mergers or acquisitions of other assets or businesses, or strategic licensing or development transactions; provided that (x) the primary purpose of such issuance is not to raise capital as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors of the Company, (y) the purchaser or acquirer of such shares of Common Stock in such issuance solely consists of either (1) the actual participants in such strategic licensing or development transactions, (2) the actual owners of such assets or securities acquired in such merger or acquisition or (3) the shareholders, partners or members of the foregoing Persons, and (z) the number or amount (as the case may be) of such shares of Common Stock issued to such Person by the Company shall not be disproportionate to such Person’s actual participation in such strategic licensing or development transactions or ownership of such assets or securities to be acquired by the Company (as applicable).

“**Qualified Institutional Buyer**” shall have the meaning specified in Rule 144A.

“**Reference Property**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.06.

“**Redemption Date**” shall have the meaning specified in Section 5.02(a).

“**Redemption Notice**” shall have the meaning specified in Section 5.02(a).

“**Redemption Price**” means, for any Notes to be redeemed pursuant to Section 5.01, 100% of the principal amount of such Notes, *plus* accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the Redemption Date (unless the Redemption Date falls after a Regular Record Date but on or prior to the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date, in which case interest accrued to the Interest Payment Date will be paid to Holders of record of such Notes on such Regular Record Date, and the “**Redemption Price**” will be equal to 100% of the principal amount of such Notes), *plus* an additional amount equal to the same Early Conversion Payment (if any) that would have been due with respect to the Notes to be redeemed pursuant to Section 5.01 had they been converted on the Redemption Date and an Early Conversion Payment had been due with respect to such hypothetical conversion, with the additional amount under this clause being subject to the same terms and conditions applicable (including the rights and conditions on the Company’s election to pay in Common Stock, and to the extent so paid, a “**Redemption/Early Exercise Share Payment**”) had an Early Conversion Payment been made in connection with an actual conversion (for added clarity, the *maximum* amount payable under this clause is equal to one year of interest that would have been due with respect to the Notes).

“**Register**” and “**Registrar**” have the respective meanings specified in Section 3.06.

“**Registrable Securities**” has the meaning specified in the Registration Rights Agreement.

“**Registration Default**” has the meaning specified in Section 2.03.

“**Registration Rights Agreement**” means the Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of September 28, 2016, among the Company, the Guarantors and the Purchaser, as such agreement may be amended, modified or supplemented from time to time.

“**Registration Statement**” means, with respect to any Registrable Securities, as defined in the Registration Rights Agreement, including in connection with an Early Conversion Payment, the “Registration Statement” referenced in the Registration Rights Agreement applicable to such shares.

“**Regular Record Date**” means, with respect to the payment of interest on the Notes (including Additional Interest, if any) Close of Business on March 1 or September 1, as the case may be, immediately preceding the relevant Interest Payment Date.

“**Required Minimum Securities Amount**” has the meaning in the definition “Equity Conditions” above.

“**Resale Restriction Termination Date**” has the meaning specified in Section 3.08(b)(ii).

“**Restricted Global Note**” has the meaning specified in Section 3.08(b)(i).

“**Restricted Note**” has the meaning specified in Section 3.07(a)(i).

“**Restricted Payment**” means:

(a) any dividend or other distribution declared or paid on any of the Company’s Capital Stock (other than dividends or distributions payable solely in Capital Stock), subject to clause (b) of this definition;

(b) any payment to purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire or retire for value any of the Company’s Capital Stock (other than the repurchase of unvested shares held by employees, former employees or consultants at a price not greater than the price paid for the shares by such employees, former employees or consultants); and

(c) any payment to purchase, repay, redeem, or otherwise acquire or retire for value any of indebtedness for borrowed money incurred by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries that is subordinated in right of payment to the Notes (other than with the proceeds of indebtedness that is incurred substantially concurrently with such purchase, repayment, redemption, acquisition or retirement and that is subordinated in right of payment to the Notes on terms no less favorable to the Holders than the indebtedness being purchased, repaid, redeemed, acquired or retired).

“**Restricted Stock**” has the meaning specified in Section 3.07(b)(i).



“**Restricted Stock Legend**” means a legend substantially in the form set forth in Exhibit A hereto.

“**Rule 144**” means Rule 144 under the Securities Act (including any successor rule thereto), as the same may be amended from time to time.

“**Rule 144A**” means Rule 144A under the Securities Act (including any successor rule thereto), as the same may be amended from time to time.

“**Rule 144A Information**” has the meaning specified in the Notes.

“**Secured Debt**” means indebtedness for borrowed money incurred by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries (or guarantees thereof by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries), that is secured by a lien or security interest on the Company’s assets or the assets of any of the Company’s Subsidiaries. “Secured Debt” shall not include trade accounts and accrued expenses payable (including accrued revenue share and accrued license fees), obligations in respect of licenses and operating leases, payroll liabilities, deferred compensation and any purchase price adjustments, royalties, earn-outs, milestone payments, contingent payments of a similar nature in connection with any acquisition, license or collaboration agreement, and obligations for any taxes, fees, assessments or other governmental charges or levies being contesting in good faith .

“**Securities Act**” means the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the Commission promulgated thereunder.

“**Share Price**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.08(c).

“**Significant Subsidiary**” shall have the meaning given to such term in Rule 1-02(w) of Regulation S-X under the Exchange Act as in effect on the Issue Date of the Notes.

“**Spin-Off**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.05(d).

“**Subsidiary**” means, with respect to any Person, any corporation, association, partnership or other business entity of which more than 50% of the total voting power of shares of Capital Stock or other interests (including partnership interests) entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors, managers, general partners or trustees thereof is at the time owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by (i) such Person; (ii) such Person and one or more Subsidiaries of such Person; or (iii) one or more Subsidiaries of such Person.

“**Successor Company**” has the meaning specified in Section 9.01.

“**Trading Day**” means any day on which the Company’s Common Stock is traded on the NASDAQ Capital Market, or, if the NASDAQ Capital Market is not the principal trading market for the Common Stock, then on the principal securities exchange or securities market on which its Common Stock is then traded; *provided* that “Trading Day” shall not include any day on which the Company’s Common Stock is scheduled to trade on such exchange or market for less than 4.5 hours or any day that its Common Stock is suspended from trading during the final hour of trading on such exchange or market (or if such exchange or market does not designate in advance the closing time of trading on such exchange or market, then during the hour ending at 4:00:00 p.m., New York time).

“**Transfer Agent**” means American Stock Transfer in its capacity as transfer agent and registrar of the Common Stock and any successor Transfer Agent.

“**Trigger Event**” has the meaning specified in Section 6.05(d).

“**Trustee**” means the Person named as the “**Trustee**” in the first paragraph of this Indenture until a successor Trustee shall have become such pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Indenture, and thereafter “**Trustee**” shall mean such successor Trustee.

“**Trust Indenture Act**” means the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, as it was in force at the date of execution of this Indenture; *provided, however*, that in the event the Trust Indenture Act of 1939 is amended after the date hereof, the term “Trust Indenture Act” shall mean, to the extent required by such amendment, the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as so amended.

“**Trust Officer**” means any officer of the Trustee within the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee with direct responsibility for the administration of this Indenture and also, with respect to a particular matter relating to this Indenture, any other officer of the Trustee to whom such matter is referred because of such officer’s knowledge and familiarity with the particular subject.

“**U.S.**” means the United States of America.

“**Unsecured Debt**” means (i) indebtedness for borrowed money incurred by the Company any of its Subsidiaries (or guarantees thereof by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries), that is unsecured and is *pari passu* or senior in right of payment to the Notes, and (ii) preferred stock issued by the Company that is mandatorily redeemable, or redeemable at the option of the holder, on a date that is prior to the Maturity Date. “Unsecured Debt” shall not include trade accounts and accrued expenses payable (including accrued revenue share and accrued license fees), obligations in respect of licenses and operating leases, payroll liabilities, deferred compensation and any purchase price adjustments, royalties, earn-outs, milestone payments, contingent payments of a similar nature in connection with any acquisition, license or collaboration agreement, and obligations for any taxes, fees, assessments or other governmental charges or levies being contested in good faith.

“**Valuation Period**” has the meaning set forth in Section 6.05(d).

“**Vice President**” means any vice president, whether or not designated by a number or a word or words added before or after the title “vice president.”

“**Volume Failure**” means, with respect to a particular date of determination, the aggregate daily dollar trading volume (as reported on Bloomberg) of the Common Stock on the Principal Market on any Trading Day during the five (5) Trading Day period ending on the Trading Day immediately preceding such date of determination (such period, the “Volume Failure Measuring Period”), is less than \$400,000 (as adjusted for any stock splits, stock dividends, stock combinations, recapitalizations or other similar transactions occurring after the Issue Date). All such determinations to be appropriately adjusted for any stock splits, stock dividends, stock combinations, recapitalizations or other similar transactions during such Volume Failure Measuring Period.

**“VWAP Market Disruption Event”** means (a) the relevant stock exchange fails to open for trading or (b) the occurrence or existence prior to 1:00 p.m., New York City time, on any scheduled Trading Day for the Common Stock for more than a one half-hour period in the aggregate during regular trading hours, of any suspension or limitation imposed on trading (by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the relevant stock exchange or otherwise) in the Common Stock or in any options contracts or future contracts relating to the Common Stock.

**“VWAP Trading Day”** means (a) a day on which (i) there is no VWAP Market Disruption Event and (ii) trading in the Common Stock generally occurs on the relevant stock exchange or (b) if the Common Stock (or any other security for which a Daily VWAP must be determined) is not listed or traded on any exchange or other market, a Business Day.

**“Warrants”** means those warrants issued pursuant to the Warrant Agreement.

**“Warrant Agreement”** means that certain Warrant Agreement of even date herewith between the Company and US Bank National Association as warrant agent.

Section 1.02 *Compliance Certificates and Opinions.* Upon any application or request by the Company to the Trustee to take any action under any provision of this Indenture, the Company shall furnish to the Trustee such certificates and opinions as may be required pursuant to Section 14.02, including each of (a) an Officers’ Certificate stating that, in the opinion of the signers, all conditions precedent, if any, provided for in this Indenture relating to the proposed action have been complied with; and (b) an Opinion of Counsel stating that all such conditions precedent relating to the proposed action have been complied with.

Every certificate or opinion with respect to compliance with a condition or covenant provided for in this Indenture shall include:

(a) a statement that each individual signing such certificate or opinion has read such covenant or condition and the definitions herein relating thereto;

(b) a brief statement as to the nature and scope of the examination or investigation upon which the statements or opinions contained in such certificate or opinion are based;

(c) a statement that, in the opinion of each such individual, such individual has made such examination or investigation as is necessary to enable such individual to express an informed opinion as to whether or not such covenant or condition has been complied with; and

(d) a statement as to whether, in the opinion of each such individual, such condition or covenant has been complied with.

In giving such Opinion of Counsel, counsel may rely as to factual matters on an Officers' Certificate or certificates of public officials.

Section 1.03 *Form of Documents Delivered to Trustee.* In any case where several matters are required to be certified by, or covered by an opinion of, any specified Person, it is not necessary that all such matters be certified by, or covered by the opinion of, only one such Person, or that they be so certified or covered by only one document, but one such Person may certify or give an opinion with respect to some matters and one or more other such Persons as to other matters, and any such Person may certify or give an opinion as to such matters in one or several documents.

Any certificate or opinion of an officer of the Company may be based, insofar as it relates to legal matters, upon a certificate or opinion of, or representations by, counsel, unless such officer knows, or in the exercise of reasonable care should know, that the certificate or opinion or representations with respect to the matters upon which his certificate or opinion is based are erroneous. Any such certificate or Opinion of Counsel may be based, insofar as it relates to factual matters, upon a certificate or opinion of, or representations by, an officer or officers of the Company stating that the information with respect to such factual matters is in the possession of the Company.

Where any Person is required to make, give or execute two or more applications, requests, consents, certificates, statements, opinions or other instruments under this Indenture, they may, but need not, be consolidated and form one instrument.

Section 1.04 *Acts of Holders; Record Dates.*

(a) Subject to Section 4.13, any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action provided by this Indenture to be given or taken by Holders may be embodied in and evidenced by one or more instruments of substantially similar tenor signed by such Holders in person or by their agents duly appointed in writing and, except as herein otherwise expressly provided, such action shall become effective when such instrument or instruments are delivered to the Trustee and, where it is hereby expressly required, to the Company. Such instrument or instruments (and the action embodied therein and evidenced thereby) are herein sometimes referred to as an "**Act**" of the Holders signing such instrument or instruments. Proof of execution of any such instrument or of a writing appointing any such agent shall be sufficient for any purpose of this Indenture and (subject to Section 10.01) conclusive in favor of the Trustee and the Company, if made in the manner provided in this Section.

(b) The fact and date of the execution by any Person of any such instrument or writing may be proved by the affidavit of a witness of such execution or by a certificate of a notary public or other officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments of deeds, certifying that the individual signing such instrument or writing acknowledged to him the execution thereof. Where such execution is by a signer acting in a capacity other than his individual capacity, such certificate or affidavit shall also constitute sufficient proof of his authority. The fact and date of the execution of any such instrument or writing, or the authority of the Person executing the same, may also be proved in any other manner which the Trustee reasonably deems sufficient.

(c) The Company may, in the circumstances permitted by this Indenture, fix any day as the record date for the purpose of determining the Holders entitled to give or take any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or other action, or to vote on any action, authorized or permitted to be given or taken by Holders. If not set by the Company prior to the first solicitation of a Holder made by any Person in respect of any such action, or, in the case of any such vote, prior to such vote, the record date for any such action or vote shall be the 30th day (or, if later, the date of the most recent list of Holders required to be provided pursuant to Section 11.01) prior to such first solicitation or vote, as the case may be. With regard to any record date, only the Holders on such date (or their duly designated proxies) shall be entitled to give or take, or vote on, the relevant action.

(d) The ownership of Notes shall be proved by the Register.

(e) Any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent (or deemed consent pursuant to Section 4.13), waiver or other Act of the Holder of any Note shall bind every future Holder of the same Note and the Holder of every Note issued upon the registration of transfer thereof or in exchange therefor or in lieu thereof in respect of anything done, omitted or suffered to be done by the Trustee or the Company in reliance thereon, whether or not notation of such action is made upon such Note.

Section 1.05 *Notices, Etc., to Trustee and Company.* Any request, demand, authorization, direction, notice, consent, waiver or Act of Holders or other document provided or permitted by this Indenture to be made upon, given or furnished to, or filed with:

(i) the Trustee by any Holder or by the Company shall be sufficient for every purpose hereunder if actually received by the Trustee at its applicable Corporate Trust Office; or

(ii) the Company by the Trustee or by any Holder shall be sufficient for every purpose hereunder (unless otherwise herein expressly provided) if in writing and either (a) emailed to the following email address without a “bounce back” or rejection notice having been received, with the subject line stating in substance “FORMAL NOTICE UNDER DIGITAL TURBINE INDENTURE”: [indentureandwarrantnotices@digitalturbine.com](mailto:indentureandwarrantnotices@digitalturbine.com) or (b) mailed, first-class postage prepaid, to the Company addressed to it at the address of its principal office specified in the first paragraph of this instrument, with a copy to the address specified in Section 14.01, or at any other address previously furnished in writing to the Trustee by the Company, Attention: Chief Financial Officer.

Section 1.06 *Notice to Holders; Waiver.* Where this Indenture provides for notice to Holders of any event, such notice shall be sufficiently given (unless otherwise herein expressly provided) if in writing and mailed, first-class postage prepaid, to each Holder affected by such event, at such Holder’s address as it appears in the Register, not later than the latest date (if any), and not earlier than the earliest date (if any), prescribed for the giving of such notice. In any case where notice to Holders is given by mail, neither the failure to mail such notice, nor any defect in any notice so mailed, to any particular Holder shall affect the sufficiency of such notice with respect to other Holders. Where this Indenture provides for notice in any manner, such notice may be waived in writing by the Person entitled to receive such notice, either before or after the event, and such waiver shall be the equivalent of such notice. Waivers of notice by Holders shall be filed with the Trustee, but such filing shall not be a condition precedent to the validity of any action taken in reliance upon such waiver.

In case by reason of the suspension of regular mail service or by reason of any other cause it shall be impracticable to give such notice by mail, then such notification as shall be made with the approval of the Trustee shall constitute a sufficient notification for every purpose hereunder.

Whenever under this Indenture the Trustee is required to provide any notice by mail, in all cases the Trustee may alternatively provide notice by overnight courier, by facsimile, with confirmation of transmission, or by electronic means.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Indenture or any Note, where this Indenture or any Note provides for notice of any event (including any notice of redemption or purchase) to a Holder of a Global Note (whether by mail or otherwise), such notice shall be sufficiently given if given to the Depository for such Note (or its designee) pursuant to the standing instructions from such Depository.

Section 1.07 *Effect of Headings and Table of Contents.* The Article and Section headings herein and the Table of Contents are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof, and all Article and Section references are to Articles and Sections, respectively, of this Indenture unless otherwise expressly stated.

Section 1.08 *Successors and Assigns.* All covenants and agreements in this Indenture by the Company and the Guarantors shall bind their respective successors and assigns, whether so expressed or not.

Section 1.09 *Severability Clause.* In case any provision in this Indenture or in the Notes shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.

Section 1.10 *Benefits of Indenture.* Nothing in this Indenture or in the Notes, express or implied, shall give to any Person, other than the parties hereto and their respective successors hereunder and the Holders of Notes, any benefit or any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under this Indenture

Section 1.11 *No Recourse Against Others.* No director, officer, employee, shareholder or Affiliate of the Company from time to time shall have any liability for any obligations of the Company under the Notes or this Indenture. Each Holder by accepting a Note waives and releases such liability.

## ARTICLE 2. SECURITY FORMS

Section 2.01 *Forms Generally.* The Notes and the Trustee's certificates of authentication shall be in substantially the forms set forth in this Article, with such appropriate insertions, omissions, substitutions and other variations as are required or permitted by this Indenture, and may have such letters, numbers or other marks of identification and such legends or endorsements placed thereon as may be required to comply with the rules of any securities exchange or Depository therefor, the Code and regulations thereunder, or as may, consistently herewith, be determined by the officers executing such Notes, as evidenced by their execution thereof.

The Notes (other than the Affiliate Notes) shall initially be issued in the form of permanent Global Notes in registered form in substantially the form set forth in this Article. The aggregate Principal Amount of the Global Notes may from time to time be increased or decreased by adjustments made on the records of the Trustee, as custodian for the Depository, as hereinafter provided.

All Affiliate Notes shall be issued in the form of one or more Physical Notes.

Section 2.02 *Form of Face of Note.*

*[Include the following legend for Global Notes only (the “Global Notes Legend”):]*

**[NO AFFILIATE (AS DEFINED IN RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OF THE COMPANY OR PERSON THAT HAS BEEN AN AFFILIATE (AS DEFINED IN RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OF THE COMPANY DURING THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THREE MONTHS MAY RESELL THIS NOTE OR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN.]**

**THIS SECURITY IS A GLOBAL SECURITY WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE INDENTURE HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AND IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF A DEPOSITARY OR A NOMINEE THEREOF. THIS SECURITY MAY NOT BE EXCHANGED IN WHOLE OR IN PART FOR A SECURITY REGISTERED, AND NO TRANSFER OF THIS SECURITY IN WHOLE OR IN PART MAY BE REGISTERED, IN THE NAME OF ANY PERSON OTHER THAN SUCH DEPOSITARY OR A NOMINEE THEREOF, EXCEPT IN THE LIMITED CIRCUMSTANCES DESCRIBED IN THE INDENTURE.**

**UNLESS THIS CERTIFICATE IS PRESENTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY (“DTC”), A NEW YORK CORPORATION, TO THE COMPANY OR ITS AGENT FOR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER, EXCHANGE OR PAYMENT, AND ANY CERTIFICATE ISSUED IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF CEDE & CO. OR IN SUCH OTHER NAME AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC (AND ANY PAYMENT IS MADE TO CEDE & CO. OR TO SUCH OTHER ENTITY AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF DTC), ANY TRANSFER, PLEDGE OR OTHER USE HEREOF FOR VALUE OR OTHERWISE BY OR TO ANY PERSON IS WRONGFUL IN AS MUCH AS THE REGISTERED OWNER HEREOF, CEDE & CO., HAS AN INTEREST HEREIN.]**

*[Include the following legend on all Notes that are Restricted Notes (the “Restricted Notes Legend”):]*

**[THIS SECURITY, THE ATTACHED GUARANTEE AND THE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK ISSUABLE UPON CONVERSION OF THIS SECURITY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE “SECURITIES ACT”), AND MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD, PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE. BY ITS ACQUISITION HEREOF OR OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN, THE ACQUIRER:**

- (1) REPRESENTS THAT IT AND ANY ACCOUNT FOR WHICH IT IS ACTING IS A “QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER” (WITHIN THE MEANING OF RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) AND THAT IT EXERCISES SOLE INVESTMENT DISCRETION WITH RESPECT TO EACH SUCH ACCOUNT, AND**
- (2) AGREES FOR THE BENEFIT OF DIGITAL TURBINE, INC. (THE “COMPANY”) THAT IT WILL NOT OFFER, SELL, PLEDGE OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THIS SECURITY OR ANY BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN PRIOR TO THE RESALE RESTRICTION TERMINATION DATE (AS DEFINED BELOW), EXCEPT:**
  - (A) TO THE COMPANY OR ANY SUBSIDIARY THEREOF, OR**
  - (B) PURSUANT TO A REGISTRATION STATEMENT WHICH HAS BECOME EFFECTIVE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR**
  - (C) TO A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER IN COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR**
  - (D) PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION PROVIDED BY RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR ANY OTHER AVAILABLE EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT.**

**THE “RESALE RESTRICTION TERMINATION DATE” MEANS THE LATER OF: (1) THE DATE THAT A REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT WITH RESPECT TO THIS SECURITY AND BENEFICIAL INTERESTS HEREIN HAS BECOME EFFECTIVE; AND (2) SUCH OTHER DATE AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW.**

**PRIOR TO THE REGISTRATION OF ANY TRANSFER IN ACCORDANCE WITH CLAUSE (2)(D) ABOVE, THE COMPANY AND THE TRUSTEE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REQUIRE THE DELIVERY OF SUCH LEGAL OPINIONS, CERTIFICATIONS OR OTHER EVIDENCE AS MAY REASONABLY BE REQUIRED IN ORDER TO DETERMINE THAT THE PROPOSED TRANSFER IS BEING MADE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS. NO REPRESENTATION IS MADE AS TO THE AVAILABILITY OF ANY EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT.]<sup>1</sup>**

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<sup>1</sup> The restricted legend shall be deemed removed from the face of this security without further action of the Company, the Trustee, or the Holders of this security at such time as the Company instructs the Trustee to remove such legend pursuant to Section 3.08 of the Indenture and upon such removal, the CUSIP number shall be 25400W AB8.



[Include the following legend on all Notes that are Affiliate Notes (the “*Affiliate Notes Legend*”):]

**[THIS SECURITY, THE ATTACHED GUARANTEE AND THE SHARES ISSUABLE UPON CONVERSION OF THIS SECURITY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE “SECURITIES ACT”), AND MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD, PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE. BY ITS ACQUISITION HEREOF, THE ACQUIRER:**

- (1) REPRESENTS THAT IT AND ANY ACCOUNT FOR WHICH IT IS ACTING IS A “QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER” (WITHIN THE MEANING OF RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) AND THAT IT EXERCISES SOLE INVESTMENT DISCRETION WITH RESPECT TO EACH SUCH ACCOUNT, AND
- (2) AGREES FOR THE BENEFIT OF DIGITAL TURBINE, INC. THAT IT WILL NOT OFFER, SELL, PLEDGE OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THIS SECURITY OR ANY BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN PRIOR TO THE RESALE RESTRICTION TERMINATION DATE (AS DEFINED BELOW), EXCEPT:
  - (A) DIGITAL TURBINE, INC. OR ANY SUBSIDIARY THEREOF, OR
  - (B) PURSUANT TO A REGISTRATION STATEMENT WHICH HAS BECOME EFFECTIVE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT.

**THE “RESALE RESTRICTION TERMINATION DATE” MEANS THE LATER OF: (1) THE DATE THAT A REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT WITH RESPECT TO THIS SECURITY AND BENEFICIAL INTERESTS HEREIN HAS BECOME EFFECTIVE; AND (2) SUCH OTHER DATE AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW.**

**THIS SECURITY AND THE COMMON STOCK ISSUABLE UPON CONVERSION OF THIS SECURITY ARE HELD BY AN AFFILIATE OF THE COMPANY AND ARE SUBJECT TO ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFER UNDER RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT.”<sup>2</sup>**

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<sup>2</sup> The restricted legend shall be deemed removed from the face of this security without further action of the Company, the Trustee, or the Holders of this security at such time as the Company instructs the Trustee to remove such legend pursuant to Section 3.08 of the Indenture.

**8.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020**

No. [ ] U.S. \$[ ]

CUSIP NO. 25400W AA0

Digital Turbine, Inc., a company duly incorporated and validly existing under the laws of the state of Delaware in the United States of America (herein called the “**Company**”), which term includes any successor corporation under the Indenture referred to on the reverse hereof, for value received hereby promises to pay to [\_\_\_\_], or registered assigns, the principal sum of [\_\_\_\_] UNITED STATES DOLLARS (U.S. \$[\_\_\_\_]) [(which amount may from time to time be increased or decreased by adjustments made on the records of the Trustee, as custodian for the Depository, in accordance with the rules and procedures of the Depository and in accordance with the below referred Indenture)]<sup>3</sup> on September 23, 2020. The Principal Amount of Physical Notes and interest thereon (to the extent paid in cash), as provided on the reverse hereof, shall be payable at the Corporate Trust Office and at any other office or agency maintained by the Company for such purpose. In the case of cash payment, the Paying Agent will pay principal of any Note and interest thereon, as provided on the reverse hereof, in immediately available funds to [The Depository Trust Company or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered holder of such global note,]<sup>4</sup> [the Holder]<sup>5</sup> on each Interest Payment Date, Fundamental Change Purchase Date or other payment date, as the case may be.

Reference is made to the further provisions of this Note set forth on the reverse hereof, including, without limitation, provisions giving the Holder the right to convert this Note into shares of Common Stock of the Company and to the ability and obligation of the Company to purchase this Note upon certain events, in each case, on the terms and subject to the limitations referred to on the reverse hereof and as more fully specified in the Indenture. Such further provisions shall for all purposes have the same effect as though fully set forth at this place. Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have such meanings as are ascribed to such terms in the Indenture. In the case of any conflict between this Note and the Indenture, the provisions of the Indenture shall control.

This Note shall not be valid or become obligatory for any purpose until the certificate of authentication hereon shall have been manually signed by the Trustee or a duly authorized authenticating agent under the Indenture.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this instrument to be duly executed.

DIGITAL TURBINE, INC.

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Name:

Title:

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<sup>3</sup> Include for Global Note.

<sup>4</sup> Include for Global Note.

<sup>5</sup> Include for Physical Note.

By:  
Name:  
Title:

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**DIGITAL TURBINE, INC.**

**8.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020**

This Note is one of a duly authorized issue of Notes of the Company, designated as its 8.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 (the “**Notes**”), limited in aggregate principal amount to Sixteen Million Dollars (\$16,000,000), which amount may from time to time be increased or decreased by adjustments made on the records of the Trustee, as custodian for the Depository, in accordance with the rules and procedures of the Depository and in accordance with the below referred Indenture) all issued or to be issued under and pursuant to an Indenture dated as of September 28, 2016 (the “**Indenture**”) between the Company and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee (the “**Trustee**”), to which the Indenture and all indentures supplemental thereto reference is hereby made for a description of the rights, limitations of rights, obligations, duties and immunities thereunder of the Trustee, the Company and the Holders of the Notes.

Interest. The Notes will bear interest at a rate of 8.75% per year. Interest on the Notes will accrue from, and including, September 28, 2016, or from the most recent date to which interest has been paid or duly provided for. Interest will be payable semiannually in arrears on each Interest Payment Date, beginning March 15, 2017.

Method of Payment. The Company shall pay interest entirely in cash in money of the United States of America that at the time of payment is legal tender for payment of public and private debts.

Pursuant to Section 8.03 of the Indenture and Section 6 of the Registration Rights Agreement, in certain circumstances, the Holders of Notes shall be entitled to receive Additional Interest. Payments of the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, principal and interest that are not made when due will accrue interest per annum at the then-applicable interest rate for the Notes from the required date of payment.

Interest will be paid to the person in whose name a Note is registered at the Close of Business on March 1 or September 1 (whether or not such date is a Business Day), as the case may be, immediately preceding the relevant Interest Payment Date. Interest on the Notes will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months.

Interest will cease to accrue on a Note upon its maturity, conversion or repurchase in connection with a Fundamental Change.

Ranking. The Notes constitute a general unsecured and unsubordinated obligation of the Company.

Redemption at the Option of the Company; No Sinking Fund. No sinking fund is provided for the Notes. The Company may redeem for cash all or any portion of the Notes, at the Redemption Price, if the Last Reported Sale Price of the Common Stock is equal to or greater than 200% of the Conversion Price in effect (but disregarding the effect on such price from certain anti-dilution adjustments) on the given Trading Day for at least 20 Trading Days (whether or not consecutive) during any 30 consecutive Trading Day period (including the last Trading Day of such period) ending within the five Trading Days immediately preceding the date on which the Company provides the Redemption Notice in accordance with Section 5.02(a) and for 15 consecutive Trading Days following the last Trading Day on which the Last Reported Sale Price of the Common Stock was equal to or greater than 200% of the Conversion Price in effect (but disregarding the effect on such price from certain anti-dilution adjustments) on such Trading Day for the purpose of the foregoing clause, the Last Reported Sale Price of the Common Stock remains equal to or greater than 150% of the Conversion Price in effect (but disregarding the effect on such price from certain anti-dilution adjustments) on the given Trading Day.

Make-Whole Fundamental Change. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Indenture, if a Make-Whole Fundamental Change occurs and a Holder elects to convert its Notes in connection with such Make-Whole Fundamental Change, the Company shall increase the Conversion Rate for the Notes so surrendered for conversion by a number of additional shares of Common Stock in accordance with Section 6.08 and Schedule A of the Indenture.

Purchase at the Option of the Holder Upon a Fundamental Change. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Indenture, the Company shall become obligated, at the option of the Holder, to repurchase the Notes if a Fundamental Change occurs at any time prior to the Maturity Date at 120% of the Principal Amount together with accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the Fundamental Change Purchase Date, which amount will be paid in cash.

Withdrawal of Fundamental Change Purchase Notice. Holders have the right to withdraw, in whole or in part, any Fundamental Change Purchase Notice by delivering to the Paying Agent a written notice of withdrawal in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture, or in the case of Notes held in book entry form, in accordance with the Applicable Procedures of DTC. The right to withdraw the Fundamental Change Purchase Notice will terminate at the Close of Business on the Business Day immediately preceding the relevant Fundamental Change Purchase Date.

Payment of Fundamental Change Purchase Price. If money sufficient to pay the Fundamental Change Purchase Price of all Notes or portions thereof to be purchased on a Fundamental Change Purchase Date is deposited with the Paying Agent on the Fundamental Change Purchase Date, such Notes will cease to be outstanding and interest will cease to accrue on such Notes (or portions thereof) immediately after the Close of Business on such Fundamental Change Purchase Date, and the Holder thereof shall have no other rights as such (other than the right to receive the Fundamental Change Purchase Price upon surrender of such Note).

Conversion. Subject to and upon compliance with the provisions of the Indenture (including without limitation the conditions of conversion of this Note set forth in Article 6 thereof), the Holder hereof has the right, at its option, to convert the Principal Amount hereof or any portion of such principal which is \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof, into shares of Common Stock at the Applicable Conversion Rate. The Conversion Rate is initially 733.14 shares of Common Stock per \$1,000 Principal Amount of Notes (equivalent to an initial Conversion Price of approximately \$1.364), subject to adjustment in certain events described in the Indenture. Upon conversion, the Company will deliver shares of Common Stock, and the Early Conversion Payment, if applicable, as set forth in the Indenture. No fractional shares will be issued upon any conversion, but a payment in cash will be made, as provided in the Indenture, in respect of any fraction of a share which would otherwise be issuable upon the surrender of any Notes for conversion. Notes in respect of which a Holder is exercising its right to require repurchase on a Fundamental Change Purchase Date may be converted only if such Holder withdraws the related election to exercise such right in accordance with the terms of the Indenture.

In the event of a deposit or withdrawal of an interest in this Note, including an exchange, transfer, repurchase or conversion of this Note in part only, the Trustee, as custodian of the Depository, shall make an adjustment on its records to reflect such deposit or withdrawal in accordance with the rules and procedures of the Depository.

Limitations on Issuance due to Market Regulation. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Indenture or in the Notes, the Company shall not be obligated to issue shares of Common Stock upon conversion of the Notes in connection with an Early Conversion Payment or otherwise, and shall not be entitled to issue shares of Common Stock in connection with any anti-dilution terms described in the Indenture, to the extent (and only to the extent) the issuance of such shares of Common Stock, would exceed that aggregate number of shares of Common Stock which the Company may issue, in the aggregate, pursuant to the terms of all Notes and Warrants without breaching the Exchange Cap (subject to certain exceptions related to receiving shareholder approval or approval from the Principal Exchange). Until such approval is obtained, no Holder shall be issued in the aggregate, upon conversion or exercise (as the case may be) of any Notes or any of the Warrants or otherwise pursuant to the terms of this Note or under the Warrant Agreement, shares of Common Stock in an amount greater than the product of (i) the Exchange Cap multiplied by (ii) the quotient of (A) the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock underlying the Notes and Warrants initially purchased by such Holder from the Initial Purchaser on, and determined as of, the Issue Date divided by (B) the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock underlying the all Notes and all Warrants initially purchased by all Holders from the Initial Purchaser on, and determined as of, the Issue Date (with respect to each Holder, the “**Exchange Cap Allocation**”). In the event that any Holder shall sell or otherwise transfer any of such Holders Notes, the transferee shall be allocated a pro rata portion of such Holder’s Exchange Cap Allocation based on the relative number of underlying shares determined as of the Issue Date with respect to such portion of such Notes and any Warrants so transferred, and the restrictions of the prior sentence shall apply to such transferee with respect to the portion of the Exchange Cap Allocation so allocated to such transferee. Upon conversion and exercise in full of a holder’s Notes and Warrants, the difference (if any) between such holder’s Exchange Cap Allocation and the number of shares of Common Stock actually issued to such holder upon such holder’s conversion in full of such holder’s Notes and exercise in full of such Warrants shall be allocated to the respective Exchange Cap Allocations of the remaining holders of Notes and Warrants on a pro rata basis in proportion to the shares of Common Stock then underlying the Notes and Warrants held by each such Holder and holders of Warrants at such time. In the event that the Company is prohibited from issuing shares of Common Stock pursuant to Section 6.04 of the Indenture (the “**Exchange Cap Shares**”), the Company shall pay cash in exchange for the cancellation of such shares of Common Stock at a price equal to the product of (x) such number of Exchange Cap Shares and (y) the simple average of the daily VWAP for Common Stock for the ten consecutive VWAP Trading Days ending on and included the VWAP Trading Day immediately prior to the Conversion Date (the “**Exchange Cap Share Cancellation Amount**”); provided, that no Exchange Cap Share Cancellation Amount shall be due and payable to the Holder to the extent that (x) on or prior to the applicable Conversion Share Delivery Date, the Exchange Cap Allocation of a Holder is increased (whether by assignment by a holder of Notes and/or Warrants or all, or any portion, of such holder’s Exchange Cap Allocation or otherwise) (an “**Exchange Cap Allocation Increase**”) and (y) after giving effect to such Exchange Cap Allocation Increase, the Company delivers the applicable Exchange Cap Shares to the Holder (or its designee) on or prior to the applicable Conversion Share Delivery Date. For the avoidance of any doubt, the term Holder includes any beneficial interest holder in the case of any Notes represented by a Global Note and any Warrants represented by a Global Warrant where such instruments are registered in the name of a Depository or a nominee thereof. BY ITS ACQUISITION HEREOF OR OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN, THE ACQUIRER AGREES IT WILL NOT CONVERT OR EXERCISE THE NOTES OR WARRANTS IN CONTRAVENTION OF THIS PARAGRAPH.

Beneficial Ownership Cap. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, the Company shall not effect the exercise of any Note, and no Holder shall have the right to exercise any Note, and any such exercise shall be null and void and treated as if never made, and the Company shall not be entitled to issue shares of Common Stock in connection with any anti-dilution terms described hereunder, to the extent that after giving effect to such exercise, the Holder together with the other Attribution Parties collectively would beneficially own in excess of 4.99% (the “**Maximum Percentage**”) of the shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to such exercise. Upon delivery of a written notice to the Company, a Holder may from time to time increase (with such increase not effective until the sixty-first (61st) day after delivery of such notice) or decrease the Maximum Percentage to any other percentage not in excess of 9.99% as specified in such notice; provided that (i) any such increase in the Maximum Percentage will not be effective until the sixty-first (61st) day after such notice is delivered to the Company and (ii) any such increase or decrease will apply only to such Holder and the other Attribution Parties and not to any other Holder that is not an Attribution Party of the Holder delivering such notice. The Trustee shall have no obligation to monitor the Company and each Warrantholder’s compliance with this paragraph.

Acceleration of Maturity. Subject to certain exceptions in the Indenture, if an Event of Default shall occur and be continuing, the Principal Amount plus interest through such date on all the Notes may be declared due and payable in the manner and with the effect provided in the Indenture.

Supplement Indentures with Consent of Holders; Waiver of Past Defaults. The Indenture permits, with certain exceptions as therein provided, the amendment thereof and the modification of the rights and obligations of the Company and the rights of the Holders of the Notes under the Indenture at any time by the Company and the Trustee with the consent of the Holders (other than the Company and any Person controlled by the Company) of not less than a majority in aggregate Principal Amount of the outstanding Notes. The Indenture also contains provisions permitting the Holders (other than the Company and any Person controlled by the Company) of specified percentages in aggregate Principal Amount of the outstanding Notes, on behalf of the Holders of all the Notes, to waive compliance by the Company with certain provisions of the Indenture and certain past Defaults under the Indenture and their consequences. Any such consent or waiver by the Holder of any provision of or applicable to this Note shall be conclusive and binding upon such Holder and upon all future Holders of this Note and of any Note issued upon the registration of transfer hereof or in exchange herefor or in lieu hereof, whether or not notation of such consent or waiver is made upon this Note.

Registration of Transfer and Exchange. As provided in the Indenture and subject to certain limitations therein set forth, the transfer of this Note is registrable in the Register, upon surrender of this Note for registration of transfer at the office or agency of the Company in the United States, duly endorsed by, or accompanied by a written instrument of transfer in form satisfactory to the Company and the Registrar duly executed by, the Holder hereof or his attorney duly authorized in writing, and thereupon one or more new Notes, of authorized denominations and for the same aggregate Principal Amount, will be issued to the designated transferee or transferees.

No service charge shall be made for any such registration of transfer or exchange, but the Company and the Registrar may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection therewith.

Prior to due presentment of this Note for registration of transfer, the Company, the Trustee and the Registrar and any agent of the Company or the Trustee may treat the Person in whose name this Note is registered as the owner hereof for all purposes, whether or not this Note be overdue, and neither the Company, the Trustee nor any such agent shall be affected by notice to the contrary.

Registration Rights. Holders of this Note (including any Person that has a beneficial interest in this Note) are entitled to the benefits of the Registration Rights Agreement, which applies (among other securities) to shares of Common Stock issued or issuable upon conversion of the Notes, including in connection with an Early Conversion Payment.

In accordance with the terms of the Registration Rights Agreement, during any period in which an Event (each, a “**Registration Default**”) has occurred and is continuing, the Company will pay Additional Interest from and including the day of such Registration Default to but excluding the day on which such Registration Default has been cured. Additional Interest with respect to a Registration Default will be paid semiannually in arrears, with the first semiannual payment due on the first Interest Payment Date occurring after the Event Date and will accrue at a rate per annum equal to one percent (1.00%) of the principal amount of Notes outstanding.

Whenever in this Note there is a reference, in any context, to the payment of interest on, or in respect of, any Note as of any time, such reference shall be deemed to include reference to Additional Interest, if any, payable in respect of such Note to the extent that such Additional Interest, if any, is, was or would be so payable at such time, and express mention of Additional Interest, if any, in any provision of this Note shall not be construed as excluding Additional Interest, if any, so payable in those provisions of this Note when such express mention is not made.



Denominations. The Notes are issuable only in registered form in minimum denominations of \$1,000 and any integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof, as provided in the Indenture and subject to certain limitations therein set forth. Notes are exchangeable for a like aggregate Principal Amount of Notes of a different authorized denomination, as requested by the Holder surrendering the same.

**This Note and any claim, controversy or dispute arising under or related to this Note shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.**

All terms used in this Note that are defined in the Indenture shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.

ASSIGNMENT FORM

DIGITAL TURBINE, INC.

8.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020

For value received \_\_\_\_\_ hereby sell(s), assign(s) and transfer(s) unto \_\_\_\_\_ (Please insert social security or Taxpayer Identification Number of assignee) the within Note, and hereby irrevocably constitutes and appoints \_\_\_\_\_ attorney to transfer the said Note on the books of the Company, with full power of substitution in the premises.

In connection with any transfer of the within Note occurring prior to the Resale Restriction Termination Date, as defined in the Indenture governing such Note, the undersigned confirms that such Note is being transferred:

- To Digital Turbine, Inc. or a Subsidiary thereof; or
- Pursuant to a registration statement that has become or been declared effective under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended; or
- Pursuant to and in compliance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended; or
- Pursuant to and in compliance with Rule 144 (including Rule 144(i) and the current public information requirements thereof) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or any other available exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

TO BE COMPLETED BY PURCHASER IF THE THIRD BOX ABOVE IS CHECKED

The undersigned represents and warrants that it is purchasing this Note for its own account or an account with respect to which it exercises sole investment discretion and that it and any such account is a "qualified institutional buyer" within the meaning of Rule 144A under the Securities Act and is aware that the sale to it is being made in reliance on Rule 144A and acknowledges that it has received such information regarding the Company as the undersigned has requested pursuant to Rule 144A or has determined not to request such information and that it is aware that the transferor is relying upon the undersigned's foregoing representations in order to claim the exemption from registration provided by Rule 144A.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Signed: \_\_\_\_\_

Unless one of the above boxes is checked, the Trustee will refuse to register any of the Notes evidenced by this certificate in the name of any Person other than the registered Holder thereof, *provided that* if the fourth box is checked, the Company or the Trustee may require, prior to registering any such transfer of the Notes, in its sole discretion, such legal opinions, certifications and other information as the Company or the Trustee may reasonably request to confirm that such transfer is being made pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act.

If none of the foregoing boxes is checked, the Trustee or Registrar shall not be obligated to register this Note in the name of any Person other than the Holder hereof unless and until the conditions to any such transfer of registration set forth herein and in Section 3.11 of the Indenture shall have been satisfied.

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Signature(s)

\_\_\_\_\_

Signature Guarantee

Signature(s) must be guaranteed by an eligible Guarantor Institution (banks, stock brokers, savings and loan associations and credit unions) with membership in an approved signature guarantee medallion program pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission

Rule 17Ad-15 if Notes are to be delivered, other than to and in the name of the registered holder.

NOTICE: The signature on the assignment must correspond with the name as written upon the face of the Note in every particular without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.

AFFILIATE NOTE ASSIGNMENT FORM

DIGITAL TURBINE, INC.

8.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020

For value received \_\_\_\_\_ hereby sell(s), assign(s) and transfer(s) unto \_\_\_\_\_ (Please insert social security or Taxpayer Identification Number of assignee) the within Note, and hereby irrevocably constitutes and appoints \_\_\_\_\_ attorney to transfer the said Note on the books of the Company, with full power of substitution in the premises.

In connection with any transfer of the within Note occurring prior to the Resale Restriction Termination Date, as defined in the Indenture governing such Note, the undersigned confirms that such Note is being transferred:

To Digital Turbine, Inc. or a Subsidiary thereof; or

Pursuant to a registration statement that has become or been declared effective under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Signed: \_\_\_\_\_

Unless one of the above boxes is checked, the Trustee will refuse to register any of the Notes evidenced by this certificate in the name of any Person other than the registered Holder thereof.

If none of the foregoing boxes is checked, the Trustee or Registrar shall not be obligated to register this Note in the name of any Person other than the Holder hereof unless and until the conditions to any such transfer of registration set forth herein and in Section 3.11 of the Indenture shall have been satisfied.

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Signature(s)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature Guarantee

Signature(s) must be guaranteed by an eligible Guarantor Institution (banks, stock brokers, savings and loan associations and credit unions) with membership in an approved signature guarantee medallion program pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission

Rule 17Ad-15 if Notes are to be delivered, other than to and in the name of the registered holder.

NOTICE: The signature on the assignment must correspond with the name as written upon the face of the Note in every particular without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.

CONVERSION NOTICE

**DIGITAL TURBINE, INC.**

**8.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020**

If you want to convert this Note into Common Stock of the Company, check the box:

To convert only part of this Note, state the Principal Amount to be converted (which must be \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof):

\$ \_\_\_\_\_

If you want the share certificate, if any, made out in another person's name, fill in the form below:

---

(Insert other person's social security or tax ID no.)

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---

(Print or type other person's name, address and zip code)

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Signature Guarantee: \_\_\_\_\_

Note: Signatures must be guaranteed by an "eligible guarantor institution" meeting the requirements of the Registrar, which requirements include membership or participation in the Security Transfer Agent Medallion Program ("**STAMP**") or such other "signature guarantee program" as may be determined by the Registrar in addition to, or in substitution for, STAMP, all in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

[Form of Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice]

**DIGITAL TURBINE, INC.**

**8.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020**

To: U.S. Bank National Association  
633 West Fifth Street, 24<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Los Angeles, California 90071  
Attention: Bradley Scarbrough, Vice President  
Re: Digital Turbine Indenture  
Fax: (213) 615-6197

The undersigned registered owner of this Note hereby acknowledges receipt of a notice from Digital Turbine, Inc. (the “**Company**”) as to the occurrence of a Fundamental Change with respect to the Company and specifying the Fundamental Change Purchase Date and requests and instructs the Company to pay to the registered holder hereof in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Indenture referred to in this Note (1) the entire principal amount of this Note, or the portion thereof (that is \$1,000 principal amount or an integral multiple thereof) below designated, and (2) if such Fundamental Change Purchase Date does not fall during the period after a Regular Record Date and on or prior to the corresponding Interest Payment Date, accrued and unpaid interest, if any, thereon to, but excluding, such Fundamental Change Purchase Date.

In the case of Physical Notes, the certificate numbers of the Notes to be repurchased are as set forth below:

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature(s)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Social Security or Other Taxpayer  
Identification Number

Principal amount to be repaid (if less than all): \$\_\_\_\_\_,000

NOTICE: The above signature(s) of the Holder(s) hereof must correspond with the name as written upon the face of the Note in every particular without alteration or enlargement or any change whatever.

ARTICLE 3.  
THE SECURITIES

Section 3.01 *Title and Terms; Payments.* The aggregate Principal Amount of Notes that may be authenticated and delivered under this Indenture is limited to Sixteen Million Dollars (\$16,000,000), except for Notes authenticated and delivered upon registration or transfer of, or in exchange for, or in lieu of, other Notes pursuant to Sections 3.05, 3.06, 3.07, 3.08, 3.09, 3.11 or 3.12.

The Notes shall be known and designated as the “8.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020” of the Company. The Principal Amount shall be payable on the Maturity Date.

The Principal Amount of Physical Notes shall be payable at the Corporate Trust Office and at any other office or agency maintained by the Company for such purpose. The Company shall pay interest on the Notes (including Additional Interest) in cash. Interest on Physical Notes, will be payable (i) to Holders having an aggregate Principal Amount of \$1,000,000 or less of Notes, by check mailed to such Holders at the address set forth in the Register and (ii) to Holders having an aggregate Principal Amount of more than \$1,000,000 of Notes, either by check mailed to such Holders or, upon application by a Holder to the Registrar not later than the relevant Regular Record Date for such interest payment, by wire transfer in immediately available funds to such Holder’s account within the United States, which application shall remain in effect until the Holder notifies the Registrar to the contrary in writing. The Paying Agent will pay principal of, and interest on, Global Notes in immediately available funds to The Depository Trust Company or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered holder of such global note, on each Interest Payment Date, Fundamental Change Purchase Date or other payment date, as the case may be.

Any Notes repurchased by the Company will be retired and no longer outstanding hereunder.

Section 3.02 *Ranking.* The Notes constitute a general unsecured and unsubordinated obligation of the Company.

Section 3.03 *Denominations.* The Notes shall be issuable only in registered form without coupons and in minimum denominations of \$1,000 and any integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof.

Section 3.04 *Execution, Authentication, Delivery and Dating.* The Notes shall be executed on behalf of the Company (a) by its Chief Executive Officer, its President, its Chief Financial Officer or any of its Vice Presidents and (b) by its Treasurer, any Assistant Treasurer, the Secretary or any of its Vice Presidents.

Notes bearing the manual or facsimile signatures of individuals who were at any time the proper officers of the Company shall bind the Company, notwithstanding that such individuals or any of them have ceased to hold such offices prior to the authentication and delivery of such Notes or did not hold such offices at the date of such Notes.

At any time and from time to time after the execution and delivery of this Indenture, the Company may deliver Notes executed by the Company to the Trustee for authentication, together with a Company Order for the authentication and delivery of such Notes. The Company Order shall specify the amount of Notes to be authenticated, and shall further specify the amount of such Notes to be issued as a Global Notes or as Physical Notes, and whether any such Notes to be authenticated are Affiliate Notes. The Trustee in accordance with such Company Order shall authenticate and deliver such Notes as in this Indenture provided and not otherwise.



Each Note shall be dated the date of its authentication.

No Note shall be entitled to any benefit under this Indenture or be valid or obligatory for any purpose unless there appears on such Note a certificate of authentication substantially in the form provided for herein executed by the Trustee by manual signature, and such certificate upon any Note shall be conclusive evidence, and the only evidence, that such Note has been duly authenticated and delivered hereunder.

Section 3.05 *Temporary Notes.* Pending the preparation of definitive Notes, the Company may execute, and upon Company Order the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, temporary Notes that are printed, lithographed, typewritten, mimeographed or otherwise produced, in any authorized denomination, substantially of the tenor of the definitive Notes in lieu of which they are issued and with such appropriate insertions, omissions, substitutions and other variations as the officers executing such Notes may determine, as evidenced by their execution of such Notes; *provided*, that any such temporary Notes shall bear legends on the face of such Notes as set forth in Section 2.02.

If temporary Notes are issued, the Company will cause definitive Notes to be prepared without unreasonable delay. After the preparation of definitive Notes, the temporary Notes shall be exchangeable for definitive Notes upon surrender of the temporary Notes at any office or agency of the Company designated pursuant to Section 4.02, without charge to the Holder. Upon surrender for cancellation of any one or more temporary Notes, the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver in exchange therefor a like Principal Amount of Physical Notes of authorized denominations. Until so exchanged, the temporary Notes shall in all respects be entitled to the same benefits under this Indenture as Physical Notes.

Section 3.06 *Registration; Registration of Transfer and Exchange.*

(a) The Company shall cause to be kept at the applicable Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee a register (the register maintained in such office and in any other office or agency designated pursuant to Section 4.02 being herein sometimes collectively referred to as the “**Register**”) in which, subject to such reasonable regulations as it may prescribe, the Company shall provide for the registration of Notes and of transfers of Notes. The Trustee is hereby appointed “**Registrar**” (the “**Registrar**”) for the purpose of registering Notes and transfers of Notes as herein provided.

Upon surrender for registration of transfer of any Note at an office or agency of the Company designated pursuant to Section 4.02 for such purpose, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, in the name of the designated transferee or transferees, one or more new Notes of any authorized denominations and of a like aggregate Principal Amount and tenor, each such Note bearing such restrictive legends as may be required by this Indenture (including Sections 2.02, 3.07 and 3.11).

At the option of the Holder and subject to the other provisions of Section 3.07 and to Section 3.11, Notes may be exchanged for other Notes of any authorized denominations and of a like aggregate Principal Amount and tenor, upon surrender of the Notes to be exchanged at such office or agency. Whenever any Notes are so surrendered for exchange, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, the Notes which the Holder making the exchange is entitled to receive.

All Notes issued upon any registration of transfer or exchange of Notes shall be the valid obligations of the Company, evidencing the same debt, and entitled to the same benefits under this Indenture, as the Notes surrendered upon such registration of transfer or exchange.

Every Note presented or surrendered for registration of transfer or for exchange shall (if so required by the Company or the Trustee) be duly endorsed, or be accompanied by a written instrument of transfer in form satisfactory to the Company and the Registrar duly executed, by the Holder thereof or his attorney duly authorized in writing. As a condition to the registration of transfer of any Restricted Notes, the Company or the Trustee may require evidence satisfactory to them as to the compliance with the restrictions set forth in the legend on such Notes.

No service charge shall be made for any registration of transfer or exchange of Notes, but the Company and the Registrar may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in connection with any registration of transfer or exchange of Notes, other than exchanges pursuant to Section 3.05 not involving any transfer.

Neither the Company nor the Registrar shall be required to exchange or register a transfer of any Note in the circumstances set forth in Section 3.11(a)(iv).

(b) Neither any members of, or participants in, the Depositary (collectively, the “**Agent Members**”) nor any other Persons on whose behalf any Agent Member may act shall have any rights under this Indenture with respect to any Global Note registered in the name of the Depositary or any nominee thereof, or under any such Global Note, and the Depositary or such nominee, as the case may be, may be treated by the Company, the Trustee and any agent of the Company or the Trustee as the absolute owner and Holder of such Global Note for all purposes whatsoever. The Trustee shall have no responsibility or obligation to any Agent Members or any other Person on whose behalf Agent Members may act with respect to (i) any ownership interests in the Global Note, (ii) the accuracy of the records of the Depositary or its nominee, (iii) any notice required hereunder or (iv) any payments under or with respect to the Global Note. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing herein shall prevent the Company, the Trustee or any agent of the Company or the Trustee from giving effect to any written certification, proxy or other authorization furnished by the Depositary or such nominee, as the case may be, or impair, as between the Depositary, its Agent Members and any other Person on whose behalf an Agent Member may act, the operation of customary practices of such Persons governing the exercise of the rights of a Holder of any Note. The registered Holder of a Global Note may grant proxies and otherwise authorize any Person, including Agent Members and persons that may hold interests through Agent Members, to take any action that a Holder is entitled to take under this Indenture or the Notes.

Section 3.07 *Transfer Restrictions.*

(a) *Restricted Notes.*

(i) Every Note (and all securities issued in exchange therefor or substitution thereof, except any shares of Common Stock issued upon conversion thereof) that bears, or that is required under this Section 3.07 to bear, the Restricted Notes Legend will be deemed to be a “**Restricted Note**.” Each Restricted Note will be subject to the restrictions on transfer set forth in this Indenture (including in the Restricted Notes Legend) and will bear the restricted CUSIP number for the Notes unless such restrictions on transfer are eliminated or otherwise waived by written consent of the Company, and each Holder of a Restricted Note, by such Holder’s acceptance of such Restricted Note, will be deemed to be bound by the restrictions on transfer applicable to such Restricted Note.

(ii) Until the Resale Restriction Termination Date, any Note (or any security issued in exchange therefor or substitution thereof, except any shares of Common Stock issued upon the conversion thereof) will bear the Restricted Notes Legend unless:

(A) such Note, since last held by the Company or an affiliate of the Company (within the meaning of Rule 144), if ever, was transferred (1) to a Person other than (x) the Company or (y) an affiliate of the Company (within the meaning of Rule 144) or a Person that was an Affiliate of the Company within the three months immediately preceding such transfer and (2) pursuant to a registration statement that was effective under the Securities Act at the time of such transfer;

(B) such Note was transferred (1) to a Person other than (x) the Company or (y) an affiliate of the Company (within the meaning of Rule 144) or a Person that was an Affiliate of the Company within the three months immediately preceding such transfer and (2) pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Rule 144 or any similar provision then in force under the Securities Act; or

(C) the Company delivers written notice to the Trustee and the Registrar stating that the Restricted Notes Legend may be removed from such Note.

(iii) In addition, until the Resale Restriction Termination Date:

(A) no transfer of any Note will be registered by the Registrar prior to the Resale Restriction Termination Date unless the transferring Holder delivers the form of assignment set forth on the Note, with the appropriate box checked, to the Trustee; and

(B) the Registrar will not register any transfer of any Note that is a Restricted Note to a Person that is an affiliate of the Company (within the meaning of Rule 144) or has been an Affiliate of the Company within the three months immediately preceding the date of such proposed transfer.

(iv) On and after the Resale Restriction Termination Date, any Note (or any security issued in exchange therefor or substitution thereof, except any shares of Common Stock issued upon the conversion thereof) will bear the Restricted Notes Legend at any time the Company reasonably determines that, to comply with law, such Note (or such securities issued in exchange for or substitution of a Note) must bear the Restricted Notes Legend.

(b) *Restricted Stock.*

(i) Every share of Common Stock that bears, or that is required under this Section 3.07 to bear, the Restricted Stock Legend will be deemed to be “**Restricted Stock.**” Each share of Restricted Stock will be subject to the restrictions on transfer set forth in this Indenture (including in the Restricted Stock Legend) and will bear a restricted CUSIP number unless such restrictions on transfer are eliminated or otherwise waived by written consent of the Company, and each Holder of Restricted Stock, by such Holder’s acceptance of Restricted Stock, will be deemed to be bound by the restrictions on transfer applicable to such Restricted Stock.

(ii) Until the Resale Restriction Termination Date, any share of Common Stock issued upon the conversion of a Note will be issued in definitive form and will bear the Restricted Stock Legend unless:

(A) such share of Common Stock was transferred (1) to a Person other than (x) the Company or (y) an affiliate of the Company (within the meaning of Rule 144) or a Person that was an Affiliate of the Company within the three months immediately preceding such transfer and (2) pursuant to a registration statement that was effective under the Securities Act at the time of such conversion;

(B) such share of Common Stock was transferred (1) to a Person other than (x) the Company or (y) an affiliate of the Company (within the meaning of Rule 144) or a Person that was an Affiliate of the Company within the three months immediately preceding such transfer and (2) pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Rule 144 or any similar provision then in force under the Securities Act;

(C) such Note, regardless of whether bearing the Restricted Notes Legend, was not, at the time of its conversion, required to bear the Restricted Notes Legend pursuant to Section 3.07(a) and such Common Stock was issued to a Person other than (1) the Company or (2) an Affiliate of the Company; or

(D) the Company delivers written notice to the Trustee, the Registrar and the Transfer Agent for the Common Stock stating that such share of Common Stock need not bear the Restricted Stock Legend.

(iii) On and after the Resale Restriction Termination Date, any share of Common Stock will be issued in definitive form and will bear the Restricted Stock Legend at any time the Company reasonably determines that, to comply with law, such share of Common Stock must bear the Restricted Stock Legend, but shall not otherwise bear the Restricted Stock Legend, and in connection with any sale, assignment or transfer of any shares of Common Stock that is eligible to be sold, assigned or transferred under Rule 144, it shall be sufficient for a Holder to provide the Company with reasonable assurances that such Restricted Stock are eligible for sale, assignment or transfer under Rule 144 and will be resold prior to the filing of the earliest of the Company’s next Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Annual Report on Form 10-K, as applicable, and need not provide an opinion of a Holder’s counsel.

(c) *Affiliate Notes.*

(i) Every Affiliate Note (and all securities issued in exchange therefor or substitution thereof, except any shares of Common Stock issued upon conversion thereof) that bears, or that is required under this Section 3.07 to bear, the Affiliate Notes Legend will be deemed to be a “**Restricted Affiliate Note.**” Each Restricted Affiliate Note will be subject to the restrictions on transfer set forth in this Indenture (including in the Affiliate Notes Legend) and will be a Physical Note unless such restrictions on transfer are eliminated or otherwise waived by written consent of the Company, and each Holder of a Restricted Affiliate Note, by such Holder’s acceptance of such Restricted Affiliate Note, will be deemed to be bound by the restrictions on transfer applicable to such Restricted Affiliate Note.

(ii) Any Affiliate Note (or any security issued in exchange therefor or substitution thereof, except any shares of Common Stock issued upon the conversion thereof) will bear the Affiliate Notes Legend unless:

(A) such Affiliate Note, since last held by the Company or an affiliate of the Company (within the meaning of Rule 144), if ever, was transferred (1) to a Person other than (x) the Company or (y) an affiliate of the Company (within the meaning of Rule 144) or a Person that was an affiliate of the Company within the three months immediately preceding such transfer and (2) pursuant to a registration statement that was effective under the Securities Act at the time of such transfer;

(B) such Affiliate Note, since last held by the Company or an affiliate of the Company (within the meaning of Rule 144), if ever, was transferred (1) to a Person other than (x) the Company or (y) an affiliate of the Company (within the meaning of Rule 144) or a Person that was an affiliate of the Company within the three months immediately preceding such transfer and (2) pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Rule 144 or any similar provision then in force under the Securities Act; or

(C) the Company delivers written notice to the Trustee and the Registrar stating that the Restricted Notes Legend may be removed from such Note.

(iii) In addition no transfer of any Affiliate Note will be registered by the Registrar unless the transferring Holder delivers the form of assignment set forth on the Affiliate Note, with the appropriate box checked, to the Trustee.

(iv) Any Affiliate Note (or any security issued in exchange therefor or substitution thereof, except any shares of Common Stock issued upon the conversion thereof) will bear the Affiliate Notes Legend at any time the Company reasonably determines that, to comply with law, such Note (or such securities issued in exchange for or substitution of a Note) must bear the Restricted Notes Legend.

(v) Any share of Common Stock issued upon the conversion of an Affiliate Note will be issued in definitive form and will bear the Restricted Stock Legend unless:

(A) such share of Common Stock was transferred (1) to a Person other than (x) the Company or (y) an affiliate of the Company (within the meaning of Rule 144) or a Person that was an Affiliate of the Company within the three months immediately preceding such transfer and (2) pursuant to a registration statement that was effective under the Securities Act at the time of such conversion;

(B) such share of Common Stock was transferred (1) to a Person other than (x) the Company or (y) an affiliate of the Company (within the meaning of Rule 144) or a Person that was an affiliate of the Company within the three months immediately preceding such transfer and (2) pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Rule 144 or any similar provision then in force under the Securities Act; or

(C) the Company delivers written notice to the Trustee, the Registrar and the Transfer Agent for the Common Stock stating that such share of Common Stock need not bear the Restricted Stock Legend.

(d) As used in this Section 3.07, the term “**transfer**” means any sale, pledge, transfer, loan, hypothecation or other disposition whatsoever of any Restricted Note, any interest therein or any Restricted Stock.

Section 3.08 *Expiration of Restrictions.*

(a) *Physical Notes.* Any Physical Note (or any security issued in exchange or substitution therefor) (other than an Affiliate Note) that does not constitute a Restricted Note may be exchanged for a new Note or Notes of like tenor and aggregate Principal Amount that do not bear the Restricted Notes Legend required by Section 3.07. To exercise such right of exchange, the Holder of such Note must surrender such Note in accordance with the provisions of Section 3.11 and deliver any additional documentation reasonably required by the Company, the Trustee or the Registrar in connection with such exchange. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company will not be required to exchange a Restricted Note for a Note or Notes of like tenor and aggregate Principal Amount that do not bear the Restricted Notes Legend if, in the written opinion of counsel, removal of the Restricted Notes Legend or the changes to the CUSIP numbers for the Notes could result in or facilitate transfers of the Notes in violation of applicable law.

(b) *Global Notes; Resale Restriction Termination Date.*

(i) If, on the Resale Restriction Termination Date, or the next succeeding Business Day if the Resale Restriction Termination Date is not a Business Day, any Notes are represented by a Global Note that is a Restricted Note (any such Global Note, a “**Restricted Global Note**”), as promptly as practicable, the Company will automatically exchange every beneficial interest in each Restricted Global Note for beneficial interests in Global Notes that are not subject to the restrictions set forth in the Restricted Notes Legend and in Section 3.07 hereof.

(ii) To effect such automatic exchange, the Company will (A) deliver to the Depository an instruction letter for the Depository’s exchange process at least 15 days immediately prior to the Resale Restriction Termination Date and (B) deliver to each of the Trustee and the Registrar a duly completed Free Transferability Certificate promptly after the Resale Restriction Termination Date.

(A) Immediately upon receipt of the Free Transferability Certificate by each of the Trustee and the Registrar the Restricted Notes Legend will be deemed removed from each of the Global Notes specified in such Free Transferability Certificate and the restricted CUSIP number will be deemed removed from each of such Global Notes and deemed replaced with an unrestricted CUSIP number.

(B) Promptly after the Resale Restriction Termination Date, the Company will provide Bloomberg LLP with a copy of the Free Transferability Certificate and will use reasonable efforts to cause Bloomberg LLP to adjust its screen page for the Notes to indicate that the Notes are no longer Restricted Notes and are now identified by an unrestricted CUSIP number.

(iii) Prior to the Company's delivery of the Free Transferability Certificate and afterwards, the Company and the Trustee will comply with the Applicable Procedures and otherwise use reasonable efforts to cause each Global Note to be identified by an unrestricted CUSIP number in the facilities of the Depository by the date the Free Transferability Certificate is delivered to the Trustee and the Registrar or as promptly as possible thereafter.

(iv) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Sections 3.08(b)(i), (ii) or (iii), the Company will not be required to deliver the Free Transferability Certificate if, in the written opinion of counsel, removal of the Restricted Notes Legend or the changes to the CUSIP numbers for the Notes could result in or facilitate transfers of the Notes in violation of applicable law.

Section 3.09 *Mutilated, Destroyed, Lost and Stolen Notes.* If any mutilated Note is surrendered to the Trustee, the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver in exchange therefor a new Note of like tenor and Principal Amount and bearing a number not contemporaneously outstanding.

If there shall be delivered to the Company and the Trustee (i) evidence to their satisfaction of the destruction, loss or theft of any Note and (ii) such security or indemnity as may be required by them to save each of them and any agent of either of them harmless, then, in the absence of notice to the Company or the Trustee that such Note has been acquired by a bona fide purchaser, the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, in lieu of any such destroyed, lost or stolen Note, a new Note of like tenor and Principal Amount and bearing a number not contemporaneously outstanding.

In case any such mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Note has become or is about to become due and payable, the Company in its discretion may, instead of issuing a new Note, pay such Note.

Upon the issuance of any new Note under this Section 3.09, the Company may require payment by the Holder of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation thereto and any other expenses (including the fees and expenses of the Trustee) connected therewith.

Every new Note issued pursuant to this Section 3.09 in lieu of any destroyed, lost or stolen Note shall constitute an original additional contractual obligation of the Company, whether or not the destroyed, lost or stolen Note shall be at any time enforceable by anyone, and shall be entitled to all the benefits of this Indenture equally and proportionately with any and all other Notes duly issued hereunder.

The provisions of this Section are exclusive and shall preclude (to the extent lawful) all other rights and remedies with respect to the replacement or payment of mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Notes.

Section 3.10 *Persons Deemed Owners.* Prior to due presentment of a Note for registration of transfer, the Company, the Trustee, the Registrar and any agent of the Company, the Trustee or the Registrar may treat the Person in whose name such Note is registered as the owner of such Note for the purpose of receiving payment of the principal of such Note and for all other purposes whatsoever, whether or not such Note be overdue, and neither the Company, the Trustee, the Registrar nor any agent of the Company, the Trustee or the Registrar shall be affected by notice to the contrary.

Section 3.11 *Transfer and Exchange.*

(a) *Provisions Applicable to All Transfers and Exchanges.*

(i) Subject to the restrictions set forth in this Section 3.11, Physical Notes and beneficial interests in Global Notes may be transferred or exchanged from time to time as desired, and each such transfer or exchange will be noted by the Registrar in the Register.

(ii) All Notes issued upon any registration of transfer or exchange in accordance with this Indenture will be the valid obligations of the Company, evidencing the same debt, and entitled to the same benefits under this Indenture as the Notes surrendered upon such registration of transfer or exchange.

(iii) No service charge will be imposed on any Holder of a Physical Note or any owner of a beneficial interest in a Global Note for any exchange or registration of transfer, but each of the Company, the Trustee or the Registrar may require such Holder or owner of a beneficial interest to pay a sum sufficient to cover any transfer tax, assessment or other governmental charge imposed in connection with such registration of transfer or exchange.

(iv) Unless the Company specifies otherwise, none of the Company, the Trustee, the Registrar or any co-Registrar will be required to exchange or register a transfer of any Note (i) that has been surrendered for conversion, (ii) after the Company has delivered a Redemption Notice pursuant to Section 5.02 hereof, except to the extent the Company fails to pay the applicable Redemption Price when due or (iii) as to which a Fundamental Change Purchase Notice has been delivered and not withdrawn, in each case, except to the extent any portion of such Note is not subject to the foregoing.

(v) The Trustee will have no obligation or duty to monitor, determine or inquire as to compliance with any restrictions on transfer imposed under this Indenture or under applicable law with respect to any transfer of any interest in any Note (including any transfers between or among Depository participants or beneficial owners of interests in any Global Note) other than to require delivery of such certificates and other documentation or evidence as are expressly required by, and to do so if and when expressly required by the terms of, this Indenture, and to examine the same to determine substantial compliance as to form with the express requirements hereof.



(b) *In General; Transfer and Exchange of Beneficial Interests in Global Notes.* So long as the Notes are eligible for book-entry settlement with the Depositary, unless otherwise required by law, except to the extent required by Section 3.11(c):

(i) all Notes (other than Affiliate Notes) will be represented by one or more Global Notes;

(ii) every transfer and exchange of a beneficial interest in a Global Note will be effected through the Depositary in accordance with the Applicable Procedures and the provisions of this Indenture (including the restrictions on transfer set forth in Section 3.07); and

(iii) each Global Note may be transferred only as a whole and only (A) by the Depositary to a nominee of the Depositary, (B) by a nominee of the Depositary to the Depositary or to another nominee of the Depositary, or (C) by the Depositary or any such nominee to a successor Depositary or a nominee of such successor Depositary.

(c) *Transfer and Exchange of Global Notes.*

(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Indenture, each Global Note will be exchanged for Physical Notes if the Depositary delivers notice to the Company that:

(A) the Depositary is unwilling or unable to continue to act as Depositary; or

(B) the Depositary is no longer registered as a clearing agency under the Exchange Act;

and, in each case, the Company promptly delivers a copy of such notice to the Trustee and the Company fails to appoint a successor Depositary within 90 days after receiving notice from the Depositary.

In each such case, each Global Note will be deemed surrendered to the Trustee for cancellation, and the Trustee will cause each Global Note to be cancelled in accordance with the Applicable Procedures, and the Company, in accordance with Section 3.04, will promptly execute, and, upon receipt of a Company Order, the Trustee will, in accordance with Section 3.04, will promptly authenticate and deliver, for each beneficial interest in each Global Note so exchanged, an aggregate principal amount of Physical Notes equal to the aggregate principal amount of such beneficial interest, registered in such names and in such authorized denominations as the Depositary specifies, and bearing any legends that such Physical Notes are required to bear under Section 3.07.

(ii) In addition, if (x) the Company, in its sole discretion, determines that any Global Note will be exchangeable for Physical Notes or (y) an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, in each case, any owner of a beneficial interest in a Global Note may exchange such beneficial interest for Physical Notes by delivering a written request to the Registrar.

In such case, (A) the Depository will deliver notice of such request to the Company and the Trustee, which notice will identify the owner of the beneficial interest to be exchanged, the aggregate principal amount of such beneficial interest and the CUSIP of the relevant Global Note; (B) the Company will, in accordance with Section 3.04, promptly execute, and, upon receipt of a Company Order, the Trustee, in accordance with Section 3.04, will promptly authenticate and deliver, to such owner, for the beneficial interest so exchanged by such owner, Physical Notes registered in such owner's name having an aggregate principal amount equal to the aggregate principal amount of such beneficial interest and bearing any legends that such Physical Notes are required to bear under Section 3.07, and (C) the Registrar, in accordance with the Applicable Procedures, will cause the principal amount of such Global Note to be decreased by the aggregate principal amount of the beneficial interest so exchanged. If all of the beneficial interests in a Global Note are so exchanged, such Global Note will be deemed surrendered to the Trustee for cancellation, and the Trustee will cause such Global Note to be cancelled in accordance with the Applicable Procedures.

(d) *Transfer and Exchange of Physical Notes.*

(i) If Physical Notes are issued, a Holder may transfer a Physical Note by: (A) surrendering such Physical Note for registration of transfer to the Registrar, together with any endorsements or instruments of transfer required by any of the Company, the Trustee or the Registrar; (B) if such Physical Note is a Restricted Note or Affiliate Note, delivering any documentation that the Company, the Trustee or the Registrar reasonably require to ensure that such transfer complies with Section 3.07 and any applicable securities laws; and (C) satisfying all other requirements for such transfer set forth in this Section 3.11 and Section 3.07. Upon the satisfaction of conditions (A), (B) and (C), the Company, in accordance with Section 3.04, will promptly execute and deliver to the Trustee, and the Trustee, upon receipt of a Company Order, will, in accordance with Section 3.04, promptly authenticate and deliver, in the name of the designated transferee or transferees, one or more new Physical Notes, of any authorized denominations, having like aggregate Principal Amount and bearing any restrictive legends required by Section 3.07.

(ii) If Physical Notes are issued, a Holder may exchange a Physical Note for other Physical Notes of any authorized denominations and aggregate Principal Amount equal to the aggregate Principal Amount of the Notes to be exchanged by surrendering such Notes, together with any endorsements or instruments of transfer required by any of the Company, the Trustee or the Registrar, at any office or agency maintained by the Company for such purposes pursuant to Section 4.02. Whenever a Holder surrenders Notes for exchange, the Company, in accordance with Section 3.04, will promptly execute and deliver to the Trustee, and the Trustee, upon receipt of a Company Order, will, in accordance with Section 3.04, promptly authenticate and deliver the Notes that such Holder is entitled to receive, bearing registration numbers not contemporaneously outstanding and any restrictive legends that such Physical Notes are to bear under Section 3.07.

(iii) If Physical Notes are issued, a Holder may transfer or exchange a Physical Note for a beneficial interest in a Global Note by (A) surrendering such Physical Note for registration of transfer or exchange, together with any endorsements or instruments of transfer required by any of the Company, the Trustee or the Registrar, at any office or agency maintained by the Company for such purposes pursuant to Section 4.02; (B) if such Physical Note is a Restricted Note or Affiliate Note, delivering any documentation the Company, the Trustee or the Registrar reasonably require to ensure that such transfer complies with Section 3.07 and any applicable securities laws; (C) satisfying all other requirements for such transfer set forth in this Section 3.11 and Section 3.07; and (D) providing written instructions to the Trustee to make, or to direct the Registrar to make, an adjustment in its books and records with respect to the applicable Global Note to reflect an increase in the aggregate Principal Amount of the Notes represented by such Global Note, which instructions will contain information regarding the Depositary account to be credited with such increase. Upon the satisfaction of conditions (A), (B), (C) and (D), the Trustee will cancel such Physical Note and cause, or direct the Registrar to cause, in accordance with the Applicable Procedures, the aggregate Principal Amount of Notes represented by such Global Note to be increased by the aggregate Principal Amount of such Physical Note, and will credit or cause to be credited the account of the Person specified in the instructions provided by the exchanging Holder in an amount equal to the aggregate Principal Amount of such Physical Note. If no Global Notes are then outstanding, the Company, in accordance with Section 3.04, will promptly execute and deliver to the Trustee, and the Trustee, upon receipt of a Company Order, will, in accordance with Section 3.04, authenticate, a new Global Note in the appropriate aggregate Principal Amount.

Section 3.12 *Cancellation.* The Company at any time may deliver to the Trustee for cancellation any Notes previously authenticated and delivered hereunder that the Company may have acquired in any manner whatsoever, and may deliver to the Trustee for cancellation any Notes previously authenticated hereunder which the Company has not issued and sold. The Trustee shall cancel all Notes surrendered for registration of transfer, exchange, payment, purchase, repurchase, conversion (pursuant to Article 6 hereof) or cancellation in accordance with its customary practices. If the Company shall acquire any of the Notes, such acquisition shall not operate as a redemption or satisfaction of the indebtedness represented by such Notes unless and until the same are delivered to the Trustee for cancellation. The Notes so acquired, while held by or on behalf of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, shall not entitle the Holder thereof to convert the Notes. The Company may not issue new Notes to replace Notes it has paid in full or delivered to the Trustee for cancellation.

The Registrar shall retain, in accordance with its customary procedures, copies of all letters, notices and other written communications received pursuant to this Section 3.12. The Company shall have the right to inspect and make copies of all such letters, notices or other written communications at any reasonable time upon the giving of reasonable written notice to the Registrar.

Section 3.13 *CUSIP Numbers.* In issuing the Notes, the Company may use “CUSIP” numbers (if then generally in use), and, if so, the Trustee shall use “CUSIP” numbers in notices as a convenience to Holders; *provided* that any such notice may state that no representation is made as to the correctness of such numbers either as printed on the Notes or as contained in any notice and that reliance may be placed only on the other identification numbers printed on the Notes, and any such notice shall not be affected by any defect in or omission of such numbers. The Company will promptly notify the Trustee of any change in the “CUSIP” numbers.

ARTICLE 4.  
PARTICULAR COVENANTS OF THE COMPANY

Section 4.01 *Payment of Principal and Interest.* The Company covenants and agrees that it shall duly and punctually pay or cause to be paid the principal of and interest on each of the Notes at the places, at the respective times and in the manner provided herein and in the Notes. If any Interest Payment Date, the Maturity Date or any Fundamental Change Purchase Date is not a Business Day, payment will be made on the next succeeding Business Day, and no additional interest will accrue thereon in respect of such delay. The Company will pay all Additional Interest, if any, in the same manner on the dates and in the amounts set forth in Section 8.03 hereof and Section 2(c) of the Registration Rights Agreement.

Section 4.02 *Maintenance of Office or Agency.* The Company shall maintain an office or agency in the United States, where the Notes may be surrendered for registration of transfer or exchange or for presentation for payment or for conversion and where notices and demands to or upon the Company in respect of the Notes and this Indenture may be served. The Company shall give prompt written notice to the Trustee of the location, and any change in the location, of such office or agency not designated or appointed by the Trustee. If at any time the Company shall fail to maintain any such required office or agency or shall fail to furnish the Trustee with the address thereof, such presentations, surrenders, notices and demands may be made or served at the Corporate Trust Office, and the Company hereby appoints the Trustee as its agent to receive all such presentations, surrenders, notices and demands; *provided that*, the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee shall not be an office or agency of the Company for the purpose of effecting service of legal process on the Company.

The Company may also from time to time designate co-Registrars and one or more offices or agencies where the Notes may be presented or surrendered for any or all such purposes and may from time to time rescind such designations.

The Company will give prompt written notice of any such designation or rescission and of any change in the location of any such other office or agency.

The Company hereby initially designates the Trustee as Paying Agent, Registrar and Conversion Agent.

So long as the Trustee is the Registrar, the Trustee agrees to send, or cause to be sent, the notices set forth in Section 10.11(a) and the third paragraph of Section 10.12. If co-Registrars have been appointed in accordance with this Section, the Trustee shall send such notices only to the Company and the Holders of Notes it can identify from its records.

Section 4.03 *Appointments to Fill Vacancies in Trustee's Office.* The Company, whenever necessary to avoid or fill a vacancy in the office of Trustee, will appoint, in the manner provided in Section 10.12, a Trustee, so that there shall at all times be a Trustee hereunder.

Section 4.04 *Provisions as to Paying Agent.*

(a) The Company may designate additional Paying Agents, rescind the designation of any Paying Agent, or approve a change in the office through which any Paying Agent acts. If the Company shall appoint a Paying Agent other than the Trustee, or if the Trustee shall appoint such a Paying Agent, the Company will cause such Paying Agent to execute and deliver to the Trustee an instrument in which such agent shall agree with the Trustee, subject to the provisions of this Section 4.04:

(i) that it will hold all sums held by it as such agent for the payment of the principal of or interest on the Notes (whether such sums have been paid to it by the Company or by any other obligor on the Notes) in trust for the benefit of the Holders of the Notes;

(ii) that it will give the Trustee notice of any failure by the Company (or by any other obligor on the Notes) to make any payment of the principal of or interest on the Notes when the same shall be due and payable; and

(iii) that at any time during the continuance of an Event of Default, upon request of the Trustee, it will forthwith pay to the Trustee all sums so held in trust.

The Company shall, on or before each due date of the principal of or interest on the Notes, deposit with the Paying Agent a sum (in funds which are immediately available on the due date for such payment) sufficient to pay such principal or interest, and (unless such Paying Agent is the Trustee) the Company will promptly notify the Trustee of any failure to take such action; *provided, however*, that if such deposit is made on the due date, such deposit shall be received by the Paying Agent by 10:00 a.m. New York City time, on such date.

(b) If the Company shall act as its own Paying Agent, it will, on or before each due date of the principal of or interest on the Notes, set aside, segregate and hold in trust for the benefit of the Holders of the Notes a sum sufficient to pay such principal or interest so becoming due and will promptly notify the Trustee of any failure to take such action and of any failure by the Company (or any other obligor under the Notes) to make any payment of the principal of or interest on the Notes when the same shall become due and payable.

(c) Anything in this Section 4.04 to the contrary notwithstanding, the Company may, at any time, for the purpose of obtaining a satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture, or for any other reason, pay or cause to be paid to the Trustee all sums held in trust by the Company or any Paying Agent hereunder as required by this Section 4.04, such sums to be held by the Trustee upon the trusts herein contained and upon such payment by the Company or any Paying Agent to the Trustee, the Company or such Paying Agent shall be released from all further liability with respect to such sums.

(d) Anything in this Section 4.04 to the contrary notwithstanding, the agreement to hold sums in trust as provided in this Section 4.04 is subject to Section 12.03 and Section 12.04.

The Trustee shall not be responsible for the actions of any other Paying Agents (including the Company if acting as its own Paying Agent) and shall have no control of any funds held by such other Paying Agents.

Section 4.05 *Existence.* Subject to Article 9, the Company will do or cause to be done all things necessary to preserve and keep in full force and effect its existence and rights (charter and statutory); *provided, however,* that the Company shall not be required to preserve any such right if the Company shall determine that the preservation thereof is no longer desirable in the conduct of the business of the Company.

Section 4.06 *Rule 144A Information Requirement.* The Company covenants and agrees that it shall, during any period in which it is not subject to Section 13 or 15(d) under the Exchange Act, so long as any of the Notes or shares of Common Stock delivered upon conversion of the Notes will, at such time, constitute “restricted securities” within the meaning of Rule 144(a)(3) under the Securities Act, promptly provide to the Trustee and will, upon written request, provide to any Holder or beneficial owner of such Notes or such shares of Common Stock and any prospective purchaser of such Notes or such shares of Common Stock, the information required pursuant to Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act to facilitate the resale of such Notes or such shares of Common Stock pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act, and it will take such further action as any Holder or beneficial owner of such Notes or such shares of Common Stock may reasonably request from time to time to enable such Holder or beneficial owner to sell such Notes or such shares of Common Stock in accordance with Rule 144A, as such rule may be amended from time to time.

Section 4.07 *Resale of Certain Notes.* The Company shall not, and shall not permit any of its Subsidiaries to, resell any Notes that have been reacquired by the Company or any such Subsidiary. The Trustee shall have no responsibility in respect of the Company’s performance of its agreement in the preceding sentence.

Section 4.08 *Commission Filings and Reports.* The Company covenants that any documents or reports that the Company is required to file with the Commission pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act (other than any portion thereof subject to confidential treatment pursuant to applicable Commission rules and regulations) shall be filed by the Company with the Trustee within 15 calendar days after the same is filed with the Commission pursuant to its rules and regulations (giving effect to any grace period provided by Rule 12b-25 under the Exchange Act); *provided that* in each case the delivery of materials to the Trustee by electronic means or filing of documents pursuant to the Commission’s “EDGAR” system (or any successor electronic filing system) shall be deemed to constitute “filing” with the Trustee for purposes of this Section 4.08, it being understood that the Trustee shall not be responsible for determining whether such filings have been made. Delivery of such reports, information and documents to the Trustee is for informational purposes only and the Trustee’s receipt of such shall not constitute constructive notice of any information contained therein or determinable from information contained therein, including the Company’s compliance with any of its covenants hereunder (as to which the Trustee is entitled to rely exclusively on Officers’ Certificates).

Section 4.09 *Book-Entry System.* If the Notes cease to trade in the Depository’s book-entry settlement system, the Company covenants and agrees that it shall use reasonable efforts to make such other book entry arrangements that it determines are reasonable for the Notes.

Section 4.10 *Additional Interest*. If at any time Additional Interest become payable by the Company pursuant to Section 8.03 hereof or Section 6 of the Registration Rights Agreement, the Company shall promptly deliver to the Trustee a certificate to that effect and stating (i) the amount of such Additional Interest that is payable and (ii) the date on which such Additional Interest is payable. Unless and until a Trust Officer of the Trustee receives such a certificate, the Trustee may assume without inquiry that no Additional Interest is payable. If the Company has paid Additional Interest directly to the Persons entitled to such Additional Interest, the Company shall deliver to the Trustee a certificate setting forth the particulars of such payment.

Section 4.11 *Stay; Extension and Usury Laws*. The Company covenants (to the extent that it may lawfully do so) that it shall not at any time insist upon, plead, or in any manner whatsoever claim or take the benefit or advantage of, any stay, extension or usury law or other law which would prohibit or forgive the Company from paying all or any portion of the principal of or interest on the Notes as contemplated herein, wherever enacted, now or at any time hereafter in force, or which may affect the covenants or the performance of this Indenture and the Company (to the extent it may lawfully do so) hereby expressly waives all benefit or advantage of any such law, and covenants that it will not, by resort to any such law, hinder, delay or impede the execution of any power herein granted to the Trustee, but will suffer and permit the execution of every such power as though no such law had been enacted.

Section 4.12 *Compliance Certificate*. The Company shall deliver to the Trustee, within one hundred twenty (120) days after the end of each fiscal year of the Company (commencing with the fiscal year ending March 31, 2017), an Officers' Certificate, stating whether or not to the knowledge of the signer thereof the Company is in default in the performance and observance of any of the terms, provisions and conditions of this Indenture (without regard to any period of grace or requirement of notice provided hereunder) and, if the Company shall be in default, specifying all such defaults and the nature and the status thereof of which the signer may have knowledge.

The Company shall deliver to the Trustee, within 30 days after the Company becomes aware of the occurrence of any Event of Default or an event which, with notice or the lapse of time or both, would constitute an Event of Default, an Officers' Certificate setting forth the details of such Event of Default or Default, its status and the action which the Company proposes to take with respect thereto.

Any notice required to be given under this Section 4.12 shall be delivered to a Trust Officer of the Trustee at its Corporate Trust Office.

Section 4.13 *Limitation on Indebtedness and Restricted Payments*. For such time as there is any aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Notes, the Company and its Subsidiaries shall not incur:

- (1) Secured Debt (other than Permitted Debt); and
- (2) Unsecured Debt (other than Permitted Debt).

For such time as there is any aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Notes, the Company or its Subsidiaries may not make any Restricted Payments.

The limitations on the ability to incur Secured Debt or Unsecured Debt, or make Restricted Payments, may be waived by the Holders of two-thirds of the aggregate principal amount of Notes then outstanding.

Section 4.14 *Additional Note Guarantees.* If the Company or any Guarantor acquires or creates another Subsidiary after the date of this Indenture and that newly acquired or created Subsidiary is a wholly-owned Significant Subsidiary and is not prohibited by law or regulation from providing a Note Guarantee, such Subsidiary will become a Guarantor and execute a Note Guarantee pursuant to a supplemental indenture in form satisfactory to the Trustee and deliver an Opinion of Counsel to the Trustee within 10 Business Days of the date on which it was acquired or created to the effect that such supplemental indenture has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by that Subsidiary and constitutes a valid and binding agreement of that Subsidiary enforceable in accordance with its terms (subject to customary exceptions). The form of such Note Guarantee is attached as Exhibit C hereto.

Section 4.15 *Prohibition on Variable Rate Transactions.* Prior to September 23, 2017, the Company shall not in any manner issue or sell or enter into any agreement to issue or sell, any Common Stock, options, warrants or convertible securities, after the Issue Date, that are issuable pursuant to such agreement or convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for shares of Common Stock at a price which varies or may vary with the market price of the shares of Common Stock, including by way of one or more reset(s) to a fixed price, but exclusive of such formulations reflecting customary anti-dilution provisions (such as share splits, share combinations, share dividends and similar transactions) and also exclusive of such formulations reflecting customary price-based anti-dilution provisions. For avoidance of doubt, the Company's obligations to adjust the Conversion Price pursuant to the terms of this Indenture shall not be prohibited by this Section 4.15.

#### ARTICLE 5. OPTIONAL REDEMPTION

Section 5.01 *Optional Redemption.* No sinking fund is provided for the Notes. At any time after September 23, 2018, and from time to time, the Company may redeem (an "**Optional Redemption**") for cash all or any portion of the Notes, at the Redemption Price, if (i) the Last Reported Sale Price of the Common Stock is equal to or greater than 200% of the Conversion Price in effect (but without giving effect to any changes to the Conversion Price pursuant to Section 6.05(b) or 6.05(c)) on the given Trading Day for at least 20 Trading Days (whether or not consecutive) during any 30 consecutive Trading Day period (including the last Trading Day of such period) ending within the five Trading Days immediately preceding the date on which the Company provides the Redemption Notice in accordance with Section 5.03, (ii) for 15 consecutive Trading Days following the last Trading Day on which the Last Reported Sale Price of the Common Stock was equal to or greater than 200% of the Conversion Price in effect (but without giving effect to any changes to the Conversion Price pursuant to Section 6.05(b) or 6.05(c)) on such Trading Day for the purpose of the foregoing Section 5.01(i), the Last Reported Sale Price of the Common Stock remains equal to or greater than 150% of the Conversion Price in effect (but without giving effect to any changes to the Conversion Price pursuant to Section 6.05(b) or 6.05(c)) on the given Trading Day and (iii) there is no Equity Conditions Failure.



Section 5.02 *Notice of Optional Redemption; Selection of Notes.*

(a) In case the Company exercises its Optional Redemption right to redeem all or, as the case may be, any portion of the Notes pursuant to Section 5.01, it shall fix a date for redemption (each, a “**Redemption Date**”) and it shall deliver a notice of such Optional Redemption (a “**Redemption Notice**”) not less than 30 calendar days nor more than 70 calendar days prior to the Redemption Date to the Trustee, the Conversion Agent (if other than the Trustee), the Paying Agent (if other than the Trustee) and each Holder of Notes. The Redemption Date must be a Business Day.

(b) The Redemption Notice, if given in the manner herein provided, shall be conclusively presumed to have been duly given, whether or not the Holder receives such notice. In any case, failure to give such Redemption Notice or any defect in the Redemption Notice to the Holder of any Note designated for redemption as a whole or in part shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any other Note.

(c) Each Redemption Notice shall specify:

(i) the Redemption Date;

(ii) the Redemption Price, including any fraction thereof to be paid in shares of common stock as a Redemption/Early Exercise Share Payment;

(iii) that on the Redemption Date, the Redemption Price will become due and payable upon each Note to be redeemed, and that interest thereon, if any, shall cease to accrue on and after the Redemption Date;

(iv) the place or places where such Notes are to be surrendered for payment of the Redemption Price;

(v) that Holders may surrender their Notes for conversion at any time prior to the close of business on the Business Day immediately preceding the Redemption Date;

(vi) the current Applicable Conversion Rate;

(vii) the CUSIP, ISIN or other similar numbers, if any, assigned to such Notes; and

(viii) in case any Note is to be redeemed in part only, the portion of the principal amount thereof to be redeemed and on and after the Redemption Date, upon surrender of such Note, a new Note in principal amount equal to the unredeemed portion thereof shall be issued.

A Redemption Notice shall be irrevocable. After the Company has delivered a Redemption Notice, each Holder will have the right to receive payment of the Redemption Price for its Notes on the later of (i) the Redemption Date and (ii)(a) if the Notes are Physical Notes, delivery of its Notes to the Paying Agent or (b) if the Notes are Global Notes, compliance with the Applicable Procedures relating to the redemption and delivery of the beneficial interests to be redeemed to the Paying Agent; provided, however, that, until the Close of Business on the Business Day immediately preceding such Redemption Date, Holders may convert their Notes, regardless of whether they have been delivered to the Paying Agent for redemption, by complying with the requirements for conversion set forth in Article 6.

At the Company's request, the Trustee shall give the notice of redemption in the name of and at the Company's expense; *provided, however*, that the Company has delivered to the Trustee, at least five Business Days prior to the date that the Company requests such notice of redemption to be delivered to the Holders (unless a shorter notice period shall be agreed to by the Trustee), an Officer's Certificate requesting that the Trustee give such notice, setting forth the information to be stated in such notice as provided in the preceding paragraph and providing a form of such notice.

(d) If fewer than all of the Outstanding Notes are to be redeemed, the Notes to be redeemed shall be selected: (i) if the Notes are listed on any national securities exchange, in compliance with the requirements of the principal national securities exchange on which the Notes are listed; (ii) if the Notes are not so listed but are represented by a Global Note, then by lot or otherwise in accordance with the Depository's applicable procedures; or (iii) if the Notes are not so listed and are not represented by a Global Note, then (in principal amounts of \$1,000 or multiples thereof) on a *pro rata* basis, by lot or by such other method as the Trustee in its sole discretion shall deem fair and appropriate (it being understood that as long as Notes are held by DTC, notice will be given by the rules of the Depository). If any Note selected for partial redemption is submitted for conversion in part after such selection, the portion of the Note submitted for conversion shall be deemed (so far as may be possible) to be the portion selected for redemption.

(e) In the event of any redemption in part, neither the Company nor the Registrar shall be required to register the transfer of or exchange any Note so selected for redemption, in whole or in part, except the unredeemed portion of any Note being redeemed in part.

Section 5.03 *Payment of Notes Called for Redemption.*

(a) If any Redemption Notice has been given in respect of the Notes in accordance with Section 5.02, the Notes shall become due and payable on the Redemption Date at the place or places stated in the Redemption Notice and at the applicable Redemption Price. On presentation and surrender of the Notes at the place or places stated in the Redemption Notice, the Notes shall be paid and redeemed by the Company at the applicable Redemption Price.

(b) Prior to 11:00 a.m. New York City time on the Redemption Date, the Company shall deposit with the Paying Agent or, if the Company or a Subsidiary of the Company or an Affiliate of either of them is acting as the Paying Agent, shall segregate and hold in trust as provided in Section 7.04 an amount of cash (in immediately available funds if deposited on the Redemption Date), sufficient to pay the Redemption Price of all of the Notes to be redeemed on such Redemption Date. Subject to receipt of funds by the Paying Agent, payment for the Notes to be redeemed shall be made on the Redemption Date for such Notes. The Paying Agent shall, promptly after such payment and upon written demand by the Company, return to the Company any funds in excess of the Redemption Price.

(c) With respect to any portion of the Redemption Price that is a Redemption/Early Exercise Share Payment, the shares of Common Stock to be delivered in satisfaction of such amount shall be delivered as if the Company was making an Early Conversion Payment in shares of Common Stock, and using the same procedures as provided for such payment in shares as set forth in Section 6.01(c).

Section 5.04 *Restrictions on Redemption.* The Company may not redeem any Notes on any date if the principal amount of the Notes has been accelerated in accordance with the terms of the Indenture, and such acceleration has not been rescinded, on or prior to the Redemption Date (except in the case of an acceleration resulting from a Default by the Company in the payment of the Redemption Price with respect to such Notes).

## ARTICLE 6. CONVERSION

Section 6.01 *Right to Convert; Early Conversion Payment.*

(a) Subject to and upon compliance with the provisions of this Indenture, each Holder shall have the right, at such Holder's option, at any time prior to the Close of Business on the Business Day immediately preceding the Maturity Date, to convert the Principal Amount of any such Notes, or any portion of such Principal Amount, into shares of Common Stock, provided that any portion of such Principal Amount that a Holder elects to convert is equal to \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof. Upon any conversion, the Trustee shall provide to the Company notice of such conversion by electronic transmission, to such addresses as may be specified from time to time by the Company, promptly after the Conversion Notice is received.

(b) If a Holder has already delivered a Fundamental Change Purchase Notice with respect to a Note under Section 6.01, such Holder may convert such Note only if such Holder first withdraws the related Fundamental Change Purchase Notice pursuant to Section 6.03. If a Holder has surrendered such Holder's Note for required purchase in connection with a Fundamental Change, such Holder's right to withdraw the related Fundamental Change Purchase Note and convert each Note that is subject thereto will terminate at the Close of Business on (i) the Business Day immediately preceding the relevant Fundamental Change Purchase Date or (ii) in the case of a Default by the Company in the payment of the Fundamental Change Purchase Price with respect to such Note, the Business Day immediately preceding the day on which such Default is no longer continuing.

(c) Upon any conversion of Notes prior to September 23, 2019, in addition to the shares deliverable upon conversion, a Holder will be entitled to receive a payment equal to the Early Conversion Payment. Neither the Trustee nor the Conversion Agent shall have any duty to calculate or verify the calculation of the Early Conversion Payment. The Company may pay an Early Conversion Payment either in cash or in Common Stock, or a combination thereof, at its election; *provided*, that the Company may only make such payment in Common Stock if there is no Equity Conditions Failure. In the case of an Early Conversion Payment in shares of Common Stock, the number of shares issuable will be based upon a price equal to 92.5% of the simple average of the Daily VWAP per share for Common Stock for the 10 Trading Days ending on and including the Trading Day immediately preceding the Conversion Date. Five Trading Day following the applicable Conversion Date, the Company shall (X) provided that the Transfer Agent is participating in the DTC Fast Automated Securities Transfer Program and the Holder or its designee has an account with DTC, credit the number of shares to which each Holder is entitled to such Holder's or its designee's balance account with DTC through its Deposit/Withdrawal at Custodian system, or (Y) if the Transfer Agent is not participating in the DTC Fast Automated Securities Transfer Program or the Holder or its designee does not have an account with DTC, issue and dispatch by overnight courier to each Holder, a certificate, registered in the Company's share register in the name of such Holder or its designee, for the number of shares to which such Holder is entitled pursuant to such exercise. No fractional shares of Common Stock are to be issued upon the issuance of shares in connection with the Early Conversion Payment, but rather the number shares to be issued shall be rounded up or down to the nearest whole share. The Company shall pay any and all taxes which may be payable with respect to the issuance and delivery of Dividend Shares. Accrued interest on Notes surrendered for conversion in connection with an Early Conversion Payment shall be paid in the form of cash, regardless of the payment method chosen by the Company for the Early Conversion Payment. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a Holder elects to convert Notes on or after the effective time of a Make-Whole Fundamental Change, such Holder will not be entitled to receive the Early Conversion Payment but instead shall receive Additional Shares, if any, pursuant to Section 6.08. However, on conversion of the Notes prior to the effective time of the Make-Whole Fundamental Change, the Holder shall be entitled to receive the Early Conversion Payment.

(d) At or before each Interest Payment Date, the Company shall provide notice to the Trustee, the Conversion Agent and the Holders of its election to pay the Early Conversion Payment either in cash or in shares of Common Stock for future conversions of the Notes in the period between such Interest Payment Date and the next Interest Payment Date.

(e) Provisions of this Indenture that apply to conversion of all of a Note also apply to conversion of a portion of a Note.

(f) A Holder of Notes is not entitled to any rights of a holder of shares of Common Stock until such Holder has converted its Notes, and only to extent such Notes are deemed to have been converted into shares of Common Stock pursuant to this Article 6.

Section 6.02 *Conversion Procedure.*

(a) Each Note shall be convertible at the office of the Conversion Agent.

(b) In order to exercise the conversion right with respect to any interest in Global Notes, the Holder must complete the appropriate instruction form for conversion pursuant to the Depository's book-entry conversion program, furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents if required by the Company or the Trustee or Conversion Agent, and pay the funds, if any, required by Section 6.03(c) and any transfer taxes or duties if required pursuant to Section 6.09. However, no service charge will be imposed by the Company, the Trustee or the Registrar for any registration of transfer or exchange of notes except in compliance with the below provisions governing exercise of conversion rights. In order to exercise the conversion right with respect to any Physical Notes, the Holder of any such Notes to be converted, in whole or in part, shall:

(i) complete and manually sign the conversion notice provided on the back of the Note (the “**Conversion Notice**”) facsimile of the conversion notice, or an electronic version of the conversion notice, each of which shall be irrevocable, and deliver such notice to a Conversion Agent;

(ii) surrender the Note to a Conversion Agent;

(iii) furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents,

(iv) if required pursuant to Section 6.09, pay any transfer taxes or duties; and

(v) if required, pay funds equal to interest payable on the next Interest Payment Date to which the Holder is not entitled as required by Section 6.03(c).

The date on which the Holder satisfies all of the applicable requirements set forth above is the “**Conversion Date.**”

(c) On the third Trading Day immediately following the Conversion Date (the “**Conversion Share Delivery Date**”), the Company shall issue and shall deliver to the converting Holder, a certificate or certificates for the number of shares of Common Stock issuable in respect of such conversion in accordance with the provisions of this Article 6, the Early Conversion Payment, if applicable, and cash in lieu of any fractional share. In case any Notes of a denomination greater than \$1,000 shall be surrendered for partial conversion, the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver to the Holder of the Notes so surrendered, without charge to such Holder, new Notes in authorized denominations in an aggregate Principal Amount equal to the unconverted portion of the surrendered Notes.

Each conversion shall be deemed to have been effected as to any such Notes (or portion thereof) on the date on which the requirements set forth above in Section 6.01(b) have been satisfied as to such Notes (or portion thereof) and the Person in whose name any certificate or certificates for shares of Common Stock shall be issuable upon such conversion shall be deemed to have become, as of the Close of Business on the relevant Conversion Date that such Holder converted the Notes, the holder of record of the shares of Common Stock represented thereby.

(d) Upon the conversion of an interest in a Global Note, the Trustee shall make a notation on such Global Note as to the reduction in the Principal Amount represented thereby. The Company shall notify the Trustee in writing of any conversions of Notes effected through any Conversion Agent other than the Trustee.

(e) Each share certificate representing Common Stock issued upon conversion of the Notes that are Restricted Notes shall bear the Restricted Stock Legend as set forth in Section 3.07.

Section 6.03 *Settlement upon Conversion.*

(a) With respect to any conversion of Notes, if any, the Company shall, subject to the provisions of this Article 6 (including Section 6.04(a)), deliver to converting Holders, in respect of each \$1,000 Principal Amount of Notes being converted, a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the Applicable Conversion Rate, on the third Trading Day immediately following the relevant Conversion Date, together with the Early Conversion Payment, if applicable.

(b) Upon conversion, Holders shall receive a payment for accrued and unpaid interest, and Additional Interest, if any, on each Holder's Note to, but excluding, the Conversion Date (in the form of shares of Common Stock or cash based on the payment method chosen by the Company for the Early Conversion Payment).

(c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, the payment of accrued interest shall be made solely in cash (1) in connection with any Make-Whole Fundamental Change, if the related repurchase date is after a Regular Record Date and on or prior to the scheduled Trading Day immediately following the date on which the corresponding interest payment is made, (2) with respect to all Notes, if any, surrendered for conversion for which an Early Conversion Payment shall be received in the form of cash and (3) on the final Interest Payment Date. For the avoidance of doubt, all Holders on the Regular Record Date immediately preceding an Interest Payment Date (or any repurchase date related to a Make-Whole Fundamental Change ) will receive the full interest payment on the Interest Payment Date or date of repurchase related to a Make-Whole Fundamental Change regardless of whether their Notes have been converted following such Regular Record Date.

(d) The Company shall not issue fractional shares upon conversion of Notes. If multiple Notes shall be surrendered for conversion at one time by the same Holder, the number of full shares which shall be issuable upon conversion shall be computed on the basis of the aggregate Principal Amount of the Notes (or specified portions thereof to the extent permitted hereby) so surrendered. If any fractional share would be issuable upon the conversion of any Notes, the Company shall round up or down, as appropriate, to the nearest whole number.

(e) By delivery to the Holder of the full number of shares of Common Stock and the Early Conversion Payment, if applicable, issuable upon conversion, the Company will be deemed to satisfy in full its obligation to pay the Principal Amount of the Notes. In addition to the Early Conversion Payment, on conversion of a Note, the Holder will receive a payment of accrued and unpaid interest, and Additional Interest, if any, on such Holder's Note to, but excluding, the Conversion date (in the form of shares of Common Stock or cash based on the payment method chosen by the Company for the Early Conversion Payment).

Section 6.04 *Limitations on Issuance of Shares Due to Market Regulation.*

(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Indenture or in the Notes, the Company shall not be obligated to issue shares of Common Stock upon conversion of the Notes in connection with an Early Conversion Payment or otherwise, and shall not be entitled to issue shares of Common Stock in connection with any anti-dilution terms described hereunder, to the extent (and only to the extent) the issuance of such shares of Common Stock, would exceed that aggregate number of shares of Common Stock which the Company may issue, in the aggregate, pursuant to the terms of all Notes and Warrants without breaching the Company's obligations under the rules or regulations of the Principal Market (the number of shares which may be issued without violating such rules and regulations, including rules related to the aggregate of offerings under NASDAQ Listing Rule 5635(d), the "**Exchange Cap**"), except that such limitation shall not apply in the event that the Company (A) obtains and delivers written notice to the Trustee and the Conversion Agent of the approval of its stockholders as required by the applicable rules of the Principal Market for issuances of shares of Common Stock upon conversion or exercise (as the case may be) of the Notes and the Warrants or otherwise pursuant to the terms of this Indenture and the Warrant Agreement in excess of such amount or (B) obtains and delivers written notice to the Trustee and the Conversion Agent of a written confirmation from the Principal Market that such approval is not required. Until such approval or such written confirmation is obtained, no Holder shall be issued in the aggregate, upon conversion or exercise (as the case may be) of any Notes or any of the Warrants or otherwise pursuant to the terms of this Note or under the Warrant Agreement, shares of Common Stock in an amount greater than the product of (i) the Exchange Cap multiplied by (ii) the quotient of (A) the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock underlying the Notes and Warrants initially purchased by such Holder from the Initial Purchaser on, and determined as of, the Issue Date (for clarity, as if the Notes and Warrants had been converted and exercised in full on the Issue Date, prior to any adjustments that may later occur with respect to the applicable conversion or exercise price) divided by (B) the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock underlying the all Notes and all Warrants initially purchased by all Holders from the Initial Purchaser on, and determined as of, the Issue Date (for clarity, as if the Notes and Warrants had been converted and exercised in full on the Issue Date, prior to any adjustments that may later occur with respect to the applicable conversion or exercise price) (with respect to each Holder, the "**Exchange Cap Allocation**"). In the event that any Holder shall sell or otherwise transfer any of such Holders Notes, the transferee shall be allocated a pro rata portion of such Holder's Exchange Cap Allocation based on the relative number of underlying shares determined as of the Issue Date with respect to such portion of such Notes and any Warrants so transferred, and the restrictions of the prior sentence shall apply to such transferee with respect to the portion of the Exchange Cap Allocation so allocated to such transferee. Upon conversion and exercise in full of a Holder's Notes and Warrants, the difference (if any) between such Holder's Exchange Cap Allocation and the number of shares of Common Stock actually issued to such Holder upon such Holder's conversion in full of such Holder's Notes and exercise in full of such Warrants shall be allocated to the respective Exchange Cap Allocations of the remaining holders of Notes and Warrants on a pro rata basis in proportion to the shares of Common Stock then underlying the Notes and Warrants held by each such Holder and holders of Warrants at such time. In the event that the Company is prohibited from issuing shares of Common Stock pursuant to this Section 6.04 or as a result of lacking sufficient authorized capital stock (the "**Exchange Cap/Underauthorized Shares**"), the Company shall pay cash in exchange for the cancellation of such shares of Common Stock at a price equal to the product of (x) such number of Exchange Cap/Underauthorized Shares and (y) the simple average of the daily VWAP for Common Stock for the ten consecutive VWAP Trading Days ending on and included the VWAP Trading Day immediately prior to the Conversion Date (the "**Exchange Cap Share Cancellation Amount**"); provided, that no Exchange Cap Share Cancellation Amount shall be due and payable to the Holder to the extent that (x) (i) on or prior to the applicable Conversion Share Delivery Date in the case of an issuance being prohibited due to the Exchange Cap under this Section 6.04, the Exchange Cap Allocation of a Holder is increased (whether by assignment by a holder of Notes and/or Warrants or all, or any portion, of such holder's Exchange Cap Allocation or otherwise) (an "**Exchange Cap Allocation Increase**") or (ii) in the case of a failure to have sufficient authorized capital stock, such failure is cured ("**Authorized Capital Increase**"), (y) after giving effect to such Exchange Cap Allocation Increase or Authorized Capital Increase, as applicable, the Company delivers the applicable Exchange Cap/Underauthorized Shares to the Holder (or its designee) on or prior to the applicable Conversion Share Delivery Date or (z) in connection with an Early Conversion Payment (or a Redemption/Early Exercise Share Payment) that was required to be paid in cash because the Exchange Cap (or Redemption/Early Exercise Share Payment) precluded a payment in stock (and therefore the payment was due in cash pursuant to the Early Conversion Payment. For the avoidance of any doubt, the term Holder for the purposes of this Section 6.04(a) includes any beneficial interest holder in the case of any Notes represented by a Global Note and any Warrants represented by a Global Warrant where such instruments are registered in the name of a Depository or a nominee thereof. BY ITS ACQUISITION HEREOF OR OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN, THE ACQUIRER AGREES IT WILL NOT CONVERT OR EXERCISE THE NOTES OR WARRANTS IN CONTRAVENTION OF THIS PARAGRAPH.

(b) The Company shall provide each stockholder entitled to vote at a special or annual meeting of stockholders of the Company (the “**Stockholder Meeting**”), which shall be promptly called and held not later than January 15, 2017 (the “**Stockholder Meeting Deadline**”), a proxy statement soliciting each such stockholder’s affirmative vote at the Stockholder Meeting for approval of resolutions (“**Stockholder Resolutions**”) providing for issuance of the Conversion Shares and shares underlying the Warrants in compliance with the rules and regulations of the Principal Market (collectively, the “**Stockholder Approval**”, and the date the Stockholder Approval is obtained, the “**Stockholder Approval Date**”), and the Company shall use its reasonable best efforts to solicit its stockholders’ approval of such resolutions and to cause the Board of Directors of the Company to recommend to the stockholders that they approve such resolutions. The Company shall be obligated to seek to obtain the Stockholder Approval by the Stockholder Meeting Deadline. If, despite the Company’s reasonable best efforts the Stockholder Approval is not obtained on or prior to the Stockholder Meeting Deadline, the Company shall cause an additional Stockholder Meeting to be held on or prior to May 15, 2017. If, despite the Company’s reasonable best efforts the Stockholder Approval is not obtained after such subsequent stockholder meetings, the Company shall cause an additional Stockholder Meeting to be held annually thereafter until such Stockholder Approval is obtained.



(c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, the Company shall not effect the exercise of any Note, and no Holder shall have the right to exercise any Note, and any such exercise shall be null and void and treated as if never made, and the Company shall not be entitled to issue shares of Common Stock in connection with any anti-dilution terms described hereunder, to the extent that after giving effect to such exercise, the Holder together with the other Attribution Parties collectively would beneficially own in excess of 4.99% (the “**Maximum Percentage**”) of the shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to such exercise. For purposes of the foregoing sentence, the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock beneficially owned by such Holder and the other Attribution Parties shall include the number of shares of Common Stock held by the Holder and all other Attribution Parties plus the number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of all such Holder’s Notes with respect to which the determination of such sentence is being made, but shall exclude shares of Common Stock which would be issuable upon (A) exercise of the remaining, unconverted portion of this Note beneficially owned by the Holder or any of the other Attribution Parties and (B) exercise or conversion of the unexercised or unconverted portion of any Warrants or any other securities of the Company (including, without limitation, any convertible notes or convertible preferred stock or warrants, including other Notes) beneficially owned by the Holder or any other Attribution Party subject to a limitation on conversion or exercise analogous to the limitation contained in this Section 6.04(c). For purposes of this Section 6.04(c), beneficial ownership shall be calculated in accordance with Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act.

(d) For purposes of determining the number of outstanding shares of Common Stock the Holder may acquire upon the conversion of a Note without exceeding the Maximum Percentage, such Holder may rely on the number of outstanding shares of Common Stock as reflected in (x) the Company’s most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, Current Report on Form 8-K or other public filing with the SEC, as the case may be, or (y) any other written notice by the Company, if any, setting forth the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding (the “**Reported Outstanding Share Number**”). If the Company receives an Conversion Notice from a Holder at a time when the actual number of outstanding shares of Common Stock is less than the Reported Outstanding Share Number, the Company shall (i) notify the Holder in writing of the number of shares of Common Stock then outstanding and, to the extent that such Conversion Notice would otherwise cause the Holder’s beneficial ownership, as determined pursuant to this Section 6.04(d), to exceed the Maximum Percentage, the Holder must notify the Company of a reduced number of shares of Common Stock to be acquired pursuant to such Conversion Notice (the number of shares by which such purchase is reduced, the “**Reduction Shares**”) and (ii) as soon as reasonably practicable, the Company shall return to the Holder any Notes that were to be converted into the Reduction Shares. For any reason at any time, upon the written or oral request of a Holder the Company shall within one (1) Business Day confirm orally and in writing or by electronic mail to such Holder the number of shares of Common Stock then outstanding. In any case, the number of outstanding shares of Common Stock shall be determined after giving effect to the conversion or exercise of securities of the Company, including any Warrants and Notes, by the Holder and any other Attribution Party since the date as of which the Reported Outstanding Share Number was reported. In the event that the issuance of shares of Common Stock to the Holder upon conversion of a Note results in the Holder and the other Attribution Parties being deemed to beneficially own, in the aggregate, more than the Maximum Percentage of the number of outstanding shares of Common Stock (as determined under Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act), the number of shares so issued by which the Holder’s and the other Attribution Parties’ aggregate beneficial ownership exceeds the Maximum Percentage (the “**Excess Shares**”) shall be deemed null and void and shall be cancelled ab initio, and the Holder shall not have the power to vote or to transfer the Excess Shares. As soon as reasonably practicable after the issuance of the Excess Shares has been deemed null and void, the Company shall return to the Holder the Notes that were to be converted into the Excess Shares.

(e) Upon delivery of a written notice to the Company, a Holder may from time to time increase (with such increase not effective until the sixty-first (61st) day after delivery of such notice) or decrease the Maximum Percentage to any other percentage not in excess of 9.99% as specified in such notice; provided that (i) any such increase in the Maximum Percentage will not be effective until the sixty-first (61st) day after such notice is delivered to the Company and (ii) any such increase or decrease will apply only to such Holder and the other Attribution Parties and not to any other Holder that is not an Attribution Party of the Holder delivering such notice.

(f) For purposes of clarity, the shares of Common Stock issuable pursuant to the terms of any Warrant in excess of the Maximum Percentage shall not be deemed to be beneficially owned by the Holder for any purpose including for purposes of Section 13(d) or Rule 16a-1(a)(1) of the Exchange Act. No prior inability to convert this Note pursuant to this Section 6.04(c) through (g) shall have any effect on the applicability of the provisions of Section 6.04(c) through (g) with respect to any subsequent determination of exercisability. The provisions of Section 6.04(c) through (g) shall be construed and implemented in a manner otherwise than in strict conformity with the terms of this Section 6.04(c) through (g) to the extent necessary to correct this Section 6.04(c) through (g) or any portion of Section 6.04(c) through (g) which may be defective or inconsistent with the intended beneficial ownership limitation contained in this Section 6.04(c) through (g) or to make changes or supplements necessary or desirable to properly give effect to such limitation.

(g) For the avoidance of any doubt, the term Holder for the purposes of Section 6.04(a) includes any beneficial interest holder in the case of any Notes represented by a Global Note where such instrument is registered in the name of a Depositary or a nominee thereof.

(h) Neither the Trustee nor the Conversion Agent shall have any duty to monitor whether the Exchange Cap has been reached or to monitor the Company's or any Holder's compliance with this Section 6.04.

Section 6.05 *Adjustment of Conversion Rate.* The Conversion Rate shall be adjusted from time to time by the Company if any of the following events occurs as described below, except that the Company will not make any adjustment to the Conversion Rate if Holders of Notes participate (other than in the case of a share split or share combination), at the same time and on the same terms as holders of shares of Common Stock, solely as a result of holding the Notes, in any of the transactions described in this Section 6.05, without having to convert their Notes, as if such Holders held a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the Applicable Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the adjustment thereof in respect of such transaction, *multiplied by* the Principal Amount of Notes held by such Holders, *divided by* \$1,000; provided, in no case under this Section 6.05 will the Conversion Price be reduced to a price that would result in shares of Common Stock being issued below the par value per share thereof.

(a) If the Company issues shares of Common Stock as a dividend or distribution on the Common Stock, or the Company effects a share split or share combination, the Conversion Rate will be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_1}{OS_0}$$

where,

CR<sub>0</sub> = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the Open of Business on the Ex-Dividend Date of such dividend or distribution, or immediately prior to the Open of Business on the effective date of such share split or share combination, as applicable;

CR<sub>1</sub> = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the Open of Business on such Ex-Dividend Date or effective date;

OS<sub>0</sub> = the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to the Open of Business on such Ex-Dividend Date or effective date; and

OS<sub>1</sub> = the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to such dividend, distribution, share split or share combination.

Any adjustment made pursuant to this Section 6.05(a) will become effective immediately after the Open of Business on the Ex-Dividend Date for such dividend or distribution, or immediately after the Open of Business on the effective date for such share split or share combination, as applicable. If any dividend or distribution of the type described in this Section 6.05(a) is declared but not so paid or made, the Conversion Rate will be immediately readjusted, effective as of the date the Board of Directors determines not to pay such dividend or distribution, to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared or announced. For the avoidance of doubt, if the application of the foregoing formula would result in a decrease in the Conversion Rate, no adjustment to the Conversion Rate will be made (other than (i) as a result of a reverse share split or share combination or (ii) with respect to the Company's right to readjust the Conversion Rate as described in the immediately preceding sentence).

(b) If the Company issues or sells shares of Common Stock (including shares of Common Stock deemed to be issued pursuant to the fourth paragraph of this Section 6.05(b)) in a Qualified Financing at a price per share less than the Applicable Conversion Price on the Trading Day immediately preceding such issuance or sale, the Conversion Rate will be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{(OS_0 + X)}{(OS_0 + Y)}$$

where,

CR<sub>0</sub> = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the Open of Business on the date of such issuance or sale (or deemed issuance);

CR<sub>1</sub> = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the Open of Business on the date of such issuance or sale (or deemed issuance);

OS = the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to the Open of Business on the date of such issuance or sale (or deemed issuance);

X = the total number of shares of Common Stock issued or sold (or deemed issued) on such date; and

Y = the number of shares of Common Stock equal to the quotient of (A) the aggregate purchase price of the shares of Common Stock issued or sold (or deemed issued) and (B) the Conversion Price of the Notes on the Trading Day immediately preceding such issuance or sale (or deemed issuance).

For the purpose of the above calculation, the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to the Open of Business on the date of such issuance or sale shall be calculated on a fully diluted basis, as if all then outstanding options, warrants and other convertible securities had been fully exercised or converted (and the resulting securities fully converted into shares of Common Stock, if so convertible) as of such date.

Any adjustment made pursuant to this Section 6.05(b) shall become effective immediately following the Open of Business on the date of such issuance or sale. If Section 6.05(a), (c) or (d) applies to any distribution of shares of Common Stock or Notes, this Section 6.05(b) shall not apply to such distribution. In no event shall the Conversion Rate be decreased pursuant to this Section 6.05(b).

In the event the Company at any time or from time to time after the Issue Date shall issue any options or convertible securities or shall fix a record date for the determination of holders of any class of securities then entitled to receive any such options or convertible securities, then the maximum number of shares (as set forth in the instrument relating thereto without regard to any provisions contained therein designed to protect against dilution) of Common Stock issuable upon the exercise of such options or, in the case of convertible securities and options therefor, the conversion or exchange of such convertible securities, shall be deemed to be shares of Common Stock issued as of the time of such issuance or, in case such a record date shall have been fixed, as of the Close of Business on such record date *provided, however*, that in any such case in which shares of Common Stock are deemed to be issued no further adjustments to the Conversion Rate shall be made upon the subsequent issue of shares of Common Stock upon the exercise of such options or conversion or exchange of such convertible securities. The consideration per share received by the Company for shares of Common Stock deemed to have been issued pursuant to this paragraph relating to options and convertible securities shall be determined by dividing:

- (1) the total amount, if any, received or receivable by the Company as consideration for the issuance of such options or convertible securities, plus the minimum aggregate amount of additional consideration (as set forth in the instruments relating thereto, without regard to any provision contained therein designed to protect against dilution) payable to the Company upon the exercise of such options or the conversion or exchange of such convertible securities, or in the case of options for convertible securities, the exercise of such options for convertible securities and the conversion or exchange of such convertible securities, by

- (2) the maximum number of shares of Common Stock (as set forth in the instruments relating thereto, without regard to any provision contained therein designed to protect against the dilution) issuable upon the exercise of such options or conversion or exchange of such convertible securities, or in the case of options for convertible securities, the exercise of such options for convertible securities and the conversion or exchange of such convertible securities.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the terms of any option or convertible security, the issuance of which resulted in an adjustment to the Conversion Rate of the Notes pursuant to this subsection 6.05(b), are revised as a result of an amendment to such terms or any other adjustment pursuant to the provisions of such option or convertible security (but excluding automatic adjustments to such terms pursuant to anti-dilution or similar provisions of such option or convertible security) to provide for either (i) any increase or decrease in the number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon the exercise, conversion and/or exchange of any such option or convertible security or (ii) any increase or decrease in the consideration payable to the Company upon such exercise, conversion and/or exchange, then effective upon such increase or decrease becoming effective, the conversion rate of the notes computed upon the original issue of such option or convertible security (or upon the occurrence of a record date with respect thereto) shall be readjusted to such Conversion Rate as would have obtained had such revised terms been in effect upon the original date of issuance of such option or convertible security; *provided, however*, that any adjustments to the conversion rate pursuant to this paragraph shall not be effective with respect to any Notes that have been converted prior to the date of any of the actions described in this paragraph.

(c) If the Company distributes to all or substantially all holders of shares of Common Stock any rights, options or warrants entitling them for a period of not more than 60 calendar days after the date of such distribution to subscribe for or purchase shares of Common Stock, at a price per share less than the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Common Stock over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the date of announcement of such distribution, the Conversion Rate will be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_0 + X}{OS_0 + Y}$$

where,

CR<sub>0</sub> = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the Open of Business on the Ex-Dividend Date for such distribution;

CR<sub>1</sub> = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the Open of Business on such Ex-Dividend Date;

OS = the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to the Open of Business on such Ex-Dividend Date;

X = the total number of shares of Common Stock issuable pursuant to such rights, options or warrants; and

Y = the number of shares of Common Stock equal to the aggregate price payable to exercise such rights, options or warrants *divided by* the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Common Stock over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the date of announcement of the distribution of such rights, options or warrants.

The foregoing increase in the Conversion Rate will be successively made whenever any such rights, options or warrants are distributed and will become effective immediately after the Open of Business on the Ex-Dividend Date for such distribution. If such rights, options or warrants are not so distributed, the Conversion Rate will be immediately decreased to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such Ex-Dividend Date for such distribution had not occurred. In addition, to the extent that shares of Common Stock are not delivered after the expiration of such rights, options or warrants, the Conversion Rate will be immediately decreased to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect had the increase made for the distribution of such rights, options or warrants been made on the basis of delivery of only the number of shares of Common Stock actually delivered. For the avoidance of doubt, if the application of the foregoing formula would result in a decrease in the Conversion Rate, no adjustment to the Conversion Rate will be made (other than with respect to the Company's right to readjust the Conversion Rate as described in the two immediately preceding sentences).

In determining whether any rights, options or warrants entitle the holders of shares of Common Stock to subscribe for or purchase shares of Common Stock at less than such average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of Common Stock over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the date of announcement of such distribution, and in determining the aggregate offering price of such shares of Common Stock, there will be taken into account any consideration received by the Company for such rights, options or warrants and any amount payable upon exercise or conversion thereof, the value of such consideration, if other than cash, to be determined by the Board of Directors.

(d) If the Company distributes shares of its Capital Stock, evidences of its indebtedness, other assets or property of the Company or rights, options or warrants to acquire the Company's Capital Stock or other securities (the "**Distributed Property**"), to all or substantially all holders of shares of Common Stock, excluding:

(i) dividends or distributions of Common Stock or rights, options or warrants as to which an adjustment was effected pursuant to Section 6.05(a) or Section 6.05(b), as the case may be;

(ii) dividends or distributions paid exclusively in cash as to which an adjustment was effected pursuant to Section 6.05(e); and

(iii) Spin-Offs to which the provisions set forth below in this Section 6.05(d) will apply;

then the Conversion Rate will be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{SP_0}{SP_0 - FMV}$$

where,

CR<sub>0</sub> = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the Open of Business on the Ex-Dividend Date for such distribution;

CR<sub>1</sub> = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the Open of Business on such Ex-Dividend Date;

SP<sub>0</sub> = the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Common Stock over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the Ex-Dividend Date for such distribution; and

FMV = the Fair Market Value (as determined by the Board of Directors) of the Distributed Property distributed with respect to each outstanding share of Common Stock on the Ex-Dividend Date for such distribution;

*provided* that if “FMV” as set forth above is equal to or greater than “SP<sub>0</sub>” as set forth above, in lieu of the foregoing increase, adequate provision will be made so that each Holder of a Note will receive on the date on which the Distributed Property is distributed to holders of the Common Stock, for each \$1,000 Principal Amount of the Notes, the amount and kind of Distributed Property that such Holder would have received had such Holder owned a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the Conversion Rate on the Ex-Dividend Date for such distribution; *provided further* that if the Board of Directors determines “FMV” for purposes of the foregoing increase by reference to the actual or when-issued trading market for any securities, it must in doing so consider the prices in such market over the same period used in computing the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Common Stock for purposes of determining “SP<sub>0</sub>” as set forth above.

Such increase in the Conversion Rate made pursuant to the immediately preceding paragraph will become effective immediately after the Open of Business on the Ex-Dividend Date for such distribution. If such distribution is not so paid or made, the Conversion Rate will be decreased to be the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared. For the avoidance of doubt, if the application of the foregoing formula would result in a decrease in the Conversion Rate, no adjustment to the Conversion Rate will be made (other than with respect to the Company’s right to readjust the Conversion rate as described in the immediately preceding sentence).

With respect to an adjustment pursuant to this Section 6.05(d) where there has been a payment of a dividend or other distribution on the Common Stock of shares of Capital Stock of any class or series, or similar equity interest, of or relating to a Subsidiary, or other business unit or Affiliate, of the Company, where such Capital Stock or similar equity interest is listed or quoted (or will be listed or quoted upon consummation of the Spin-Off) on a major U.S. or non-U.S. securities exchange (a “**Spin-Off**”), the Conversion Rate will be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{FMV_0 + MP_0}{MP_0}$$

where

$CR_0$  = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the end of the Valuation Period;

$CR_1$  = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the end of the Valuation Period;

$FMV_0$  = the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Capital Stock or similar equity interest distributed to holders of shares of Common Stock applicable to one share of Common Stock (determined for purposes of the definition of "Last Reported Sale Price" (i) as if such Capital Stock or similar equity interest were Common Stock, (ii) by reference to such major non-U.S. securities exchange, if applicable, and (iii) by converting such Last Reported Sales Price into U.S. dollars, if applicable) over the first 10 consecutive Trading Day period after, and including, the Ex-Dividend Date of the Spin-Off (the "**Valuation Period**"); and

$MP_0$  = the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Common Stock over the Valuation Period.

The adjustment to the Conversion Rate under the preceding paragraph will occur on the last Trading Day of the Valuation Period; *provided* that in respect of any conversion during the Valuation Period, references with respect to 10 consecutive Trading Days will be deemed replaced with such lesser number of Trading Days as have elapsed from, and including, the Ex-Dividend Date of such Spin-Off to, and including, and the Conversion Date in determining the Applicable Conversion Rate. If any dividend or distribution that constitutes a Spin-Off is declared but not so paid or made, the Conversion Rate will be immediately decreased, effective as of the date the Board of Directors determines not to pay such dividend or distribution, to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared. For the avoidance of doubt, if the application of the foregoing formula would result in a decrease in the Conversion Rate, no adjustment to the Conversion Rate will be made (other than with respect to the Company's right to readjust the Conversion Rate as described in the immediately preceding sentence).



For purposes of this Section 6.05(d) (and subject in all respect to Section 6.13), rights, options or warrants distributed by the Company to all holders of the Common Stock entitling them to subscribe for or purchase shares of the Company’s Capital Stock, including Common Stock (either initially or under certain circumstances), which rights, options or warrants, until the occurrence of a specified event or events (“**Trigger Event**”): (i) are deemed to be transferred with such Common Stock; (ii) are not exercisable; and (iii) are also issued in respect of future issuances of Common Stock, shall be deemed not to have been distributed for purposes of this Section 6.05(d) (and no adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 6.05(d) will be required) until the occurrence of the earliest Trigger Event, whereupon such rights, options or warrants shall be deemed to have been distributed and an appropriate adjustment (if any is required) to the Conversion Rate shall be made under this Section 6.05. If any such right, option or warrant, including any such existing rights, options or warrants distributed prior to the date of this Indenture, are subject to events, upon the occurrence of which such rights, options or warrants become exercisable to purchase different securities, evidences of indebtedness or other assets or property, then the date of the occurrence of any and each such event shall be deemed to be the date of distribution and Ex-Dividend Date with respect to new rights, options or warrants with such rights (in which case the existing rights, options or warrants shall be deemed to terminate and expire on such date without exercise by any of the holders thereof). In addition, in the event of any distribution (or deemed distribution) of rights, options or warrants, or any Trigger Event or other event (of the type described in the immediately preceding sentence) with respect thereto that was counted for purposes of calculating a distribution amount for which an adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 6.05(d) was made, (1) in the case of any such rights, options or warrants that shall all have been redeemed or purchased without exercise by any holders thereof, upon such final redemption or purchase (x) the Conversion Rate shall be readjusted as if such rights, options or warrants had not been issued and (y) the Conversion Rate shall then again be readjusted to give effect to such distribution, deemed distribution or Trigger Event, as the case may be, as though it were a cash distribution, equal to the per share of Common Stock redemption or purchase price received by a holder or holders of shares of Common Stock with respect to such rights, options or warrants (assuming such holder had retained such rights, options or warrants), made to all holders of shares of Common Stock as of the date of such redemption or purchase, and (2) in the case of such rights, options or warrants that shall have expired or been terminated without exercise by any holders thereof, the Conversion Rate shall be readjusted as if such rights, options and warrants had not been issued.

For purposes of Section 6.05(a), Section 6.05(c) and this Section 6.05(d), any dividend or distribution to which this Section 6.05(d) is applicable that also includes one or both of:

(A) a dividend or distribution of shares of Common Stock to which Section 6.05(a) is applicable (the “**Clause A Distribution**”); or

(B) a dividend or distribution of rights, options or warrants to which Section 6.05(c) is applicable (the “**Clause B Distribution**”), then (1) such dividend or distribution, other than the Clause A Distribution and the Clause B Distribution, shall be deemed to be a dividend or distribution to which this Section 6.05(d) is applicable (the “**Clause C Distribution**”) and any adjustment to the Conversion Rate required by this Section 6.05(d) with respect to such Clause C Distribution shall then be made, and (2) the Clause A Distribution and Clause B Distribution shall be deemed to immediately follow the Clause C Distribution and any adjustment to the Conversion Rate required by Section 6.05(a) and Section 6.05(c) with respect thereto shall then be made, except that, if determined by the Company (I) the “Ex-Dividend Date” of the Clause A Distribution and the Clause B Distribution shall be deemed to be the Ex-Dividend Date of the Clause C Distribution and (II) any shares of Common Stock included in the Clause A Distribution or Clause B Distribution shall be deemed not to be “outstanding immediately prior to the Open of Business on such Ex-Dividend Date or immediately prior to the Open of Business on such effective date, as applicable” within the meaning of Section 6.05(a) or “outstanding immediately prior to the Open of Business on such Ex-Dividend Date” within the meaning of Section 6.05(c).

(e) If any cash dividend or distribution is paid or made to all or substantially all holders of shares of Common Stock, the Conversion Rate shall be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{SP_0}{SP_0 - C}$$

where,

$CR_0$  = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the Open of Business on the Ex-Dividend Date for such dividend or distribution;

$CR_1$  = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the Open of Business on the Ex-Dividend Date for such dividend or distribution;

$SP_0$  = the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Common Stock over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the Ex-Dividend Date for such dividend or distribution; and

$C$  = the amount in cash per share the Company distributes to holders of shares of Common Stock.

The increase in the Conversion Rate under this Section 6.05(e) will become effective immediately after the Open of Business on the Ex-Dividend Date for such dividend or distribution. If such dividend or distribution is not so paid or made, the Conversion Rate will be immediately decreased, effective as of the date the Board of Directors determined not to pay or make such dividend or distribution, to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared. For the avoidance of doubt, if the application of the foregoing formula would result in a decrease in the Conversion Rate, no adjustment to the Conversion Rate will be made (other than with respect to the Company's right to readjust the Conversion Rate as described in the immediately preceding sentence).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if "C" (as defined above) is equal to or greater than " $SP_0$ " (as defined above), in lieu of the foregoing increase, each Holder of a Note will receive, for each \$1,000 Principal Amount of Notes, at the same time and upon the same terms as holders of shares of Common Stock, the amount of cash that such Holder would have received if such Holder owned a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the Conversion Rate in effect on the Ex-Dividend Date for such dividend or distribution.

(f) If the Company or any of its Subsidiaries makes a payment in respect of a tender offer or exchange offer for shares of Common Stock, to the extent that the cash and value of any other consideration included in the payment per share of Common Stock exceeds the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Common Stock over the first 10 consecutive Trading Day period immediately following, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the last date on which tenders or exchanges may be made pursuant to such tender offer or exchange offer, the Conversion Rate will be increased based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{AC + (SP_1 \times OS_1)}{OS_0 \times SP_1}$$

where

$CR_0$  = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the Close of Business on the 10th Trading Day immediately following, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires;

- $CR_1$  = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the Close of Business on the 10th Trading Day immediately following, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires;
- $AC$  = the aggregate value of all cash and any other consideration (as determined by the Board of Directors) paid or payable for shares of Common Stock purchased in such tender offer or exchange offer;
- $OS_0$  = the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires (prior to giving effect to the purchase of all shares of Common Stock accepted for purchase or exchange in such tender offer or exchange offer);
- $OS_1$  = the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires (after giving effect to the purchase of all shares of Common Stock accepted for purchase or exchange in such tender offer or exchange offer); and
- $SP_1$  = the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of Common Stock over the first 10 consecutive Trading Day period immediately following, and including, on the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires.

The increase in the Conversion Rate under this Section 6.05(f) shall occur at the Close of Business on the 10th Trading Day immediately following, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires but will be given effect immediately after the Close of Business on the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires; *provided that* in respect of any conversion within the first 10 consecutive Trading Day period immediately following, and including, the date any such tender offer or exchange offer expires, references to 10 consecutive Trading Days will be deemed replaced with such lesser number of Trading Days as have elapsed from, and including, the date such tender offer or exchange offer expires to, and including, the Conversion Date in determining the Applicable Conversion Rate.

If the Company is obligated to purchase shares of Common Stock pursuant to any such tender offer or exchange offer, but the Company is ultimately prevented by applicable law from effecting all or any portion of such purchases or all such purchases are rescinded, the Conversion Rate will immediately be readjusted to the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such tender offer or exchange offer had not been made or had been made only in respect of the purchases that had been effected. For the avoidance of doubt, if the application of the foregoing formula would result in a decrease in the Conversion Rate, no adjustment to the Conversion Rate will be made (other than with respect to the Company's right to readjust the Conversion Rate as described in the immediately preceding sentence).

(g) In addition to those Conversion Rate adjustments required by Sections 6.05(a), 6.05(c), 6.05(d), 6.05(e) and 6.05(f), and to the extent permitted by the Exchange Cap and applicable law and subject to the applicable rules of The NASDAQ Global Select Market (including Market Rule 5635) or, if applicable, any securities exchange on which the Company's securities are then listed, the Company from time to time (i) may increase the Conversion Rate by any amount for a period of at least 20 Business Days if the Board of Directors determines that such increase would be in the Company's best interest and (ii) may also (but is not required to) increase the Conversion Rate to avoid or diminish any income tax to holders of shares of Common Stock or rights to purchase shares of Common Stock in connection with any dividend or distribution of shares of Common Stock (or rights to acquire shares of Common Stock) or similar event. Whenever the Conversion Rate is increased pursuant to this Section 6.05(g), the Company shall send to Holders of record of the Notes (with a copy to the Trustee and the Conversion Agent as set forth in Section 6.05(j)) a notice of the increase at least 5 days prior to the date the increased Conversion Rate takes effect, and such notice shall state the increased Conversion Rate and the period during which it will be in effect.

(h) The Conversion Rate will not be adjusted, among other things:

(i) upon the issuance of any shares of Common Stock pursuant to any present or future plan providing for the reinvestment of dividends or interest payable on the Company's securities and the investment of additional optional amounts in shares of Common Stock under any plan;

(ii) upon the issuance of any shares of Common Stock or options or rights to purchase those shares pursuant to any present or future employee or director benefit plan or program of the Company, or assumed by the Company, or any of the Company's Subsidiaries;

(iii) upon the issuance of any shares of Common Stock pursuant to any option, warrant, right or exercisable, exchangeable or convertible security not described in clause (ii) above and outstanding as of the date the Notes were first issued, except as set forth in Section 6.13;

(iv) upon the repurchase of any shares of Common Stock pursuant to an open-market share repurchase program or other buy-back transaction that is not a tender offer or exchange offer of the nature described in Section 6.05(f);

(v) for a change in the par value of the Common Stock; or

(vi) for accrued and unpaid interest, and Additional Interest, if any.

(i) Adjustments to the Conversion Rate under this Article 6 shall be calculated to the nearest cent or to the nearest one-ten thousandth (1/10,000th) of a share of Common Stock. No adjustment shall be made to the Conversion Rate unless such adjustment would require a change of at least 1% in the Applicable Conversion Rate. Any adjustment that would otherwise be required to be made shall be carried forward and taken into account in any future adjustment. Notwithstanding the foregoing, upon any conversion of the Notes (solely with respect to the Notes to be converted), the Company shall give effect to all adjustments that Company otherwise has deferred pursuant to the immediately preceding sentence, and those adjustments will no longer be carried forward and taken into account in any future adjustment.

(j) Whenever the Conversion Rate is adjusted as herein provided, the Company shall promptly file with the Trustee and any Conversion Agent an Officers' Certificate setting forth the Conversion Rate after such adjustment and setting forth a brief statement of the facts requiring such adjustment. Unless and until a Trust Officer of the Trustee shall have received such Officers' Certificate, the Trustee shall not be deemed to have knowledge of any adjustment of the Conversion Rate and may assume without inquiry that the last Conversion Rate of which it has knowledge is still in effect. Promptly after delivery of such certificate, the Company shall prepare a notice of such adjustment of the Conversion Rate setting forth the adjusted Conversion Rate and the date on which each adjustment became effective and shall send such notice of such adjustment of the Conversion Rate to each Holder at such Holder's last address appearing in the Register, within 20 days after execution thereof. Failure to deliver such notice shall not affect the legality or validity of any such adjustment.

(k) In any case in which this Section 6.05 provides that an adjustment shall become effective immediately after a Record Date for an event, the Company may defer until the occurrence of such event (i) issuing to the Holder of any Notes converted after such Record Date and before the occurrence of such event the additional shares of Common Stock issuable upon such conversion by reason of the adjustment required by such event over and above the Common Stock issuable upon such conversion before giving effect to such adjustment and (ii) paying to such Holder any amount in cash in lieu of any fraction pursuant to Section 6.03.

(l) For purposes of this Section 6.05, the number of shares of Common Stock at any time outstanding shall not include shares held in the treasury of the Company, so long as the Company does not pay any dividend or make any distribution on shares of Common Stock held in the treasury of the Company, but shall include shares issuable in respect of scrip certificates issued in lieu of fractions of shares of Common Stock.

Section 6.06 *Effect of Reclassification, Consolidation, Merger or Sale.* In the case of (i) any recapitalization, reclassification or change of the Common Stock (other than changes resulting from a subdivision or combination), (ii) any consolidation, merger or combination involving the Company, (iii) any sale, lease or other transfer to a third party of the consolidated assets of the Company and its Subsidiaries substantially as an entirety, or (iv) any statutory share exchange, in each case, as a result of which the Common Stock would be converted into, or exchanged for, stock, other securities, other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) (any such event, a "**Merger Event**"), then, at the effective time of the Merger Event, the Company or the successor or purchasing company, as the case may be, shall execute with the Trustee a supplemental indenture permitted under Section 13.01 providing for the right to convert each \$1,000 Principal Amount of Notes into the kind and amount of shares of stock, other securities or other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) that a holder of a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the Conversion Rate immediately prior to such Merger Event would have owned or been entitled to receive (the "**Reference Property**") upon such Merger Event. If such Merger Event causes the Common Stock to be converted into the right to receive more than a single type of consideration (determined based in part upon any form of shareholder election), the Reference Property into which the Notes will be convertible will be deemed to be (i) the weighted average of the types and amounts of consideration received by the holders of shares of Common Stock that affirmatively make such an election or (ii) if no holders of Common Stock affirmatively make such an election, the types and amounts of consideration actually received by holders of Common Stock. The Company shall notify Holders of the Notes of such weighted average (with a copy to the Trustee and Conversion Agent) as soon as practicable after such determination is made. The Company shall not become a party to any Merger Event unless its terms are consistent with the foregoing.

The Company shall cause notice of the execution of such supplemental indenture to be mailed to each Holder, at the address of such Holder as it appears on the Register of the Notes maintained by the Registrar, within 20 days after execution thereof. Failure to deliver such notice shall not affect the legality or validity of such supplemental indenture. The above provisions of this Section shall similarly apply to successive reclassifications, changes, consolidations, mergers, combinations, sales and conveyances. If this Section 6.06 applies to any event or occurrence, Section 6.05 shall not apply.

Section 6.07 *Adjustments of Prices.* Whenever any provision of this Indenture requires a calculation of the Last Reported Sale Prices or the Daily VWAP over a span of multiple days (including with respect to the Share Price for purposes of a Make-Whole Fundamental Change), the Company will make appropriate adjustments (to the extent no corresponding adjustment is otherwise made pursuant to the provisions described in Section 6.05) determined by the Company or its agents to account for any adjustment to the Conversion Rate that becomes effective, or any event requiring an adjustment to the Conversion Rate where the Ex-Dividend Date, Record Date, effective date or expiration date, as the case may be, of the event occurs, at any time during the period during when Last Reported Sale Prices or the Daily VWAP are to be calculated. Such adjustments will be effective as of the Ex-Dividend Date, Record Date, effective date or expiration date, as the case may be, of the event causing the adjustment to the Conversion Rate.

Section 6.08 *Adjustment upon a Make-Whole Fundamental Change.*

(a) If a Make-Whole Fundamental Change occurs and a Holder elects to convert its Notes in connection with such Make-Whole Fundamental Change, the Company shall increase the Conversion Rate for the Notes so surrendered for conversion by a number of additional shares of Common Stock (the “**Additional Shares**”) as described below. A conversion of Notes shall be deemed for these purposes to be “in connection with” such Make-Whole Fundamental Change if the notice of conversion of the Notes is received by the Conversion Agent during the period from, and including, the Effective Date of the Make-Whole Fundamental Change up to, and including, the Business Day immediately prior to the related Fundamental Change Purchase Date (or, in the case of a Make-Whole Fundamental Change that would have been a Fundamental Change but for the proviso in clause (2) of the definition thereof, the 35th Trading Day immediately following the Effective Date of such Make-Whole Fundamental Change).

(b) Upon surrender of Notes for conversion in connection with a Make-Whole Fundamental Change, the Company shall deliver shares of Common Stock, including the Additional Shares, as provided under Section 6.03, and subject to Section 6.04. If the consideration for the shares of Common Stock in any Make-Whole Fundamental Change described in clause (2)(A) of the definition of Fundamental Change is comprised entirely of cash, for any conversion of the Notes following the Effective Date of such Make-Whole Fundamental Change, the conversion obligation will be calculated based solely on the Share Price for the transaction and will be deemed to be, per \$1,000 Principal Amount of Notes, an amount equal to the Applicable Conversion Rate (including any adjustment as described in this Section 6.08) *multiplied by* such Share Price.

(c) The number of Additional Shares, if any, by which the Conversion Rate will be increased will be determined by reference to the table attached as Schedule A hereto, based on the date on which the Make-Whole Fundamental Change occurs or becomes effective (the “**Effective Date**”) and the price (the “**Share Price**”) paid (or deemed paid) per share of Common Stock in the Make-Whole Fundamental Change. If the holders of the shares of Common Stock receive only cash in a Make-Whole Fundamental Change described in clause (2)(A) of the definition of Fundamental Change, the Share Price shall be the cash amount paid per share of Common Stock. Otherwise, the Share Price shall be the average of the Last Reported Sale Prices of the Common Stock over the five consecutive Trading Day period ending on, and including, the Trading Day immediately preceding the Effective Date of such Make-Whole Fundamental Change.

(d) The Share Prices set forth in the column headings of the table in Schedule A hereto shall be adjusted as of any date on which the Conversion Rate of the Notes is otherwise adjusted. The adjusted Share Prices shall equal the Share Prices immediately prior to such adjustment, *multiplied by* a fraction, the numerator of which is the Conversion Rate immediately prior to such adjustment giving rise to the Share Price adjustment and the denominator of which is the Conversion Rate as so adjusted. The number of Additional Shares set forth in such table shall be adjusted in the same manner as the Conversion Rate as set forth in Section 6.05.

(e) The exact Share Prices and Effective Dates may not be set forth in the table in Schedule A, in which case:

(i) If the Share Price is between two Share Prices in the table or the Effective Date is between two Effective Dates in the table, the number of Additional Shares by which the Conversion Rate will be increased will be determined by a straight-line interpolation between the number of Additional Shares set forth for the higher and lower Share Prices and the earlier and later Effective Dates, as applicable, based on a 365-day year.

(ii) If the Share Price is greater than \$20.0 per share (subject to adjustment in the same manner and at the same time as the Share Prices pursuant to Section 6.08(d)), no Additional Shares will be added to the Conversion Rate.

(iii) If the Share Price is less than \$1.25 per share (subject to adjustment in the same manner and at the same time as the Share Prices pursuant to Section 6.08(d)), no Additional Shares will be added to the Conversion Rate.

(f) If a Holder of Notes elects to convert its Notes prior to the Effective Date of any Make-Whole Fundamental Change, and the Make-Whole Fundamental Change does not occur, such Holder shall not be entitled to an increased Conversion Rate in connection with such conversion.

(g) The Company shall notify Holders (with a copy to the Trustee and the Conversion Agent) of the Effective Date of any Make-Whole Fundamental Change and issue a press release announcing such Effective Date no later than five Business Days after such Effective Date.

Section 6.09 *Taxes on Shares Issued.* Any issue of share certificates on conversions of Notes shall be made without charge to the converting Holder for any documentary, transfer, stamp or any similar tax in respect of the issue thereof, and the Company shall pay any and all documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer taxes or duties that may be payable in respect of the issue or delivery of shares of Common Stock on conversion of Notes pursuant hereto. The Company shall not, however, be required to pay any such tax which may be payable in respect of any transfer involved in the issue and delivery of shares in any name other than that of the Holder of any Notes converted, and the Company shall not be required to issue or deliver any such share certificate unless and until the Person or Persons requesting the issue thereof shall have paid to the Company the amount of such tax or shall have established to the satisfaction of the Company that such tax has been paid.

Section 6.10 *Reservation of Shares; Shares to be Fully Paid; Compliance with Governmental Requirements.* The Company shall provide, free from preemptive rights, out of its authorized but unissued shares or shares held in treasury, sufficient shares of Common Stock to provide for the conversion of the Notes from time to time as such Notes are presented for conversion (assuming that, at the time of the computation of such number of shares or securities, all such Notes would be held by a single Holder).

The Company covenants that all shares of Common Stock that may be issued upon conversion of Notes shall be newly issued shares or treasury shares, shall be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable and shall be free from preemptive rights and free from any lien or adverse claim.

The Company shall use its reasonable efforts to list or cause to have quoted any shares of Common Stock to be issued upon conversion of Notes on each national securities exchange or over-the-counter or other domestic market on which the Common Stock is then listed or quoted.

Section 6.11 *Responsibility of Trustee and Conversion Agent.* The Trustee and any other Conversion Agent shall not at any time be under any duty or responsibility to any Holder to determine the Conversion Rate or whether any facts exist which may require any adjustment of the Conversion Rate, or with respect to the nature or extent or calculation of any such adjustment when made, or with respect to the method employed, or herein or in any supplemental indenture provided to be employed, in making the same. The Trustee and any other Conversion Agent shall not be accountable with respect to the validity or value (or the kind or amount) of any Common Stock, or of any securities or property, which may at any time be issued or delivered upon the conversion of any Notes; and the Trustee and any other Conversion Agent make no representations with respect thereto. Neither the Trustee nor any Conversion Agent shall be responsible for any failure of the Company to issue, transfer or deliver any shares of Common Stock or share certificates or other securities or property or cash upon the surrender of any Notes for the purpose of conversion, with respect to Common Stock paid in connection with any Interest Payment Date, or to comply with any of the duties, responsibilities or covenants of the Company contained in this Article 6. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, neither the Trustee nor any Conversion Agent shall be under any responsibility to determine the correctness of any provisions contained in any supplemental indenture entered into pursuant to Section 6.06 relating either to the kind or amount of shares of stock or securities or property (including cash) receivable by Holders upon the conversion of their Notes after any event referred to in such Section 6.06 or to any adjustment to be made with respect thereto, but, subject to the provisions of Section 10.01, may accept as conclusive evidence of the correctness of any such provisions, and shall be protected in relying upon, the Officers' Certificate (which the Company shall be obligated to file with the Trustee prior to the execution of any such supplemental indenture) with respect thereto.



Section 6.12 *Notice to Holders Prior to Certain Actions.* In case:

- (a) the Company shall declare a dividend (or any other distribution) on Common Stock that would require an adjustment in the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 6.05; or
- (b) the Company shall authorize the granting to the holders of all or substantially all of the shares of Common Stock of options, rights or warrants to subscribe for or purchase any share of any class or any other options, rights or warrants; or
- (c) of any reclassification or reorganization of the Common Stock (other than a subdivision or combination of its outstanding Common Stock, or a change in par value, or from par value to no par value, or from no par value to par value), or of any consolidation or merger to which the Company is a party and for which approval of any shareholders of the Company is required, or of the sale, lease or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company; or
- (d) of the voluntary or involuntary dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the Company or any of its Significant Subsidiaries;

then, in each case, the Company shall cause to be filed with the Trustee and the Conversion Agent and to be mailed to each Holder at such Holder's address appearing in the Register, as promptly as practicable, a notice stating (x) the date on which a record is to be taken for the purpose of such dividend, distribution or rights or warrants, or, if a record is not to be taken, the date as of which the holders of shares of Common Stock of record to be entitled to such dividend, distribution or rights are to be determined, or (y) the date on which such reclassification, reorganization, consolidation, merger, sale, lease, transfer, dissolution, liquidation or winding up is expected to become effective or occur, and the date as of which it is expected that holders of shares of Common Stock of record shall be entitled to exchange their shares of Common Stock for securities or other property deliverable upon such reclassification, reorganization, consolidation, merger, sale, transfer, dissolution, liquidation or winding up. Failure to give such notice, or any defect therein, shall not affect the legality or validity of such dividend, distribution, reclassification, reorganization, consolidation, merger, sale, transfer, dissolution, liquidation or winding up.

Section 6.13 *Shareholder Rights Plan*. Each share of Common Stock issued upon conversion of Notes pursuant to this Article 6, including in connection with an Early Conversion Payment, shall be entitled to receive the appropriate number of rights, if any, and the certificates representing the shares of Common Stock issued upon such conversion shall bear such legends, if any, in each case as may be provided by the terms of any current or subsequent shareholder rights agreement adopted by the Company, as any such agreement may be amended from time to time. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if prior to any conversion such rights have separated from the Common Stock in accordance with the provisions of the applicable shareholder rights agreement, the Conversion Rate shall be adjusted at the time of separation as if the Company had distributed, to all holders of the Common Stock, Distributed Property as described in Section 6.03(c) above, subject to readjustment in the event of the expiration, termination or redemption of such rights.

Section 6.14 *Company Determination Final*. Any determination that the Company or its Board of Directors must make pursuant to this Article 6 shall be conclusive if made in good faith and in accordance with the provisions of this Article 6, absent manifest error, and set forth in a Board Resolution.

ARTICLE 7.  
PURCHASE AT OPTION OF HOLDERS UPON A FUNDAMENTAL CHANGE

Section 7.01 *Purchase at Option of Holders upon a Fundamental Change*.

(a) *Generally*. If a Fundamental Change occurs at any time prior to the Maturity Date of the Notes, then each Holder shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to require the Company to purchase any or all of such Holder's Notes or any portion thereof that is equal to \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof, on a date specified by the Company that is no earlier than the 15th and not later than the 35th calendar day following the date of the Fundamental Change Company Notice, subject to extension to comply with applicable law (the "**Fundamental Change Purchase Date**"), at a purchase price in cash equal to One Hundred Twenty Percent (120%) of the Principal Amount thereof, together with accrued and unpaid interest thereon to, but excluding, the Fundamental Change Purchase Date or, in the case of a Default by the Company in the payment of the Fundamental Change Purchase Price with respect to such Notes, the day on which such Default is no longer continuing (the "**Fundamental Change Purchase Price**"); *provided, however*, if the Fundamental Change Purchase Date occurs after a Regular Record Date and on or prior to the Interest Payment Date to which it relates, the Company will pay accrued and unpaid interest to the Holder of record on such Regular Record Date, subject to DTC's applicable procedures, and the Fundamental Change Purchase Price will be equal to 100% of the Principal Amount of the Notes to be purchased.

Purchases of Notes under this Section 7.01 shall be made, at the option of the Holder thereof upon:

(i) delivery to the Paying Agent of a duly completed notice (the "**Fundamental Change Purchase Notice**") in the form set forth on the reverse of the Notes on or prior to the Business Day immediately preceding the Fundamental Change Purchase Date, subject to extension to comply with applicable law, which must specify:

(A) if the Notes are Physical Notes, the certificate numbers of the Holder's Notes to be delivered for purchase;

(B) the portion of the Principal Amount of the Holder's Notes to be purchased, which must be \$1,000 or an integral multiple in excess thereof; and

(C) that the Holder's Notes are to be purchased by the Company pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Notes and this Indenture; and

(ii) delivery or book-entry transfer of the Notes to the Trustee (or other Paying Agent appointed by the Company) (together with all necessary endorsements) at any time on or prior to the Business Day immediately preceding the Fundamental Change Purchase Date, subject to extension to comply with applicable law, at the applicable Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee (or other Paying Agent appointed by the Company), such delivery being a condition to receipt by the Holder of the Fundamental Change Purchase Price therefor; *provided* that such Fundamental Change Purchase Price shall be so paid pursuant to this Section 7.01 only if the Notes so delivered to the Trustee (or other Paying Agent appointed by the Company) shall conform in all respects to the description thereof in the related Fundamental Change Purchase Notice; *provided* that, if such Holder's Notes are not Physical Notes, such Holder must comply with the Applicable Procedures.

Any purchase by the Company contemplated pursuant to the provisions of this Section 7.01 shall be consummated by the delivery of the Fundamental Change Purchase Price to be received by the Holder promptly following the later of the Fundamental Change Purchase Date or the time of the book-entry transfer or delivery of the Notes.

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, any Holder delivering to the Trustee (or other Paying Agent appointed by the Company) the Fundamental Change Purchase Notice contemplated by this Section 7.01 shall have the right to withdraw such Fundamental Change Purchase Notice (in whole or in part) at any time prior to the Close of Business on (i) the Business Day prior to the Fundamental Change Purchase Date or (ii) in the case of a Default by the Company in the payment of the Fundamental Change Purchase Price with respect to such Notes, the Business Day immediately preceding the day on which such Default is no longer continuing, in either case, by delivery of a written notice of withdrawal to the Trustee (or other Paying Agent appointed by the Company) in accordance with Section 7.03 below.

The Paying Agent shall promptly notify the Company of the receipt by it of any Fundamental Change Purchase Notice or written notice of withdrawal thereof.

(b) *Fundamental Change Company Notice.* On or before the 20th day after the occurrence of a Fundamental Change, the Company shall provide to all Holders of record of the Notes and the Trustee and Paying Agent a notice (the "**Fundamental Change Company Notice**") of the occurrence of such Fundamental Change and of the purchase right at the option of the Holders arising as a result thereof. Such mailing shall be by first class mail or otherwise sent electronically in accordance with the applicable procedures of the Depository in the case of Global Notes. Simultaneously with providing such Fundamental Change Company Notice, the Company shall publish a notice containing the information included therein once in a newspaper of general circulation in The City of New York or publish such information on the Company's website or through such other public medium as the Company may use at such time.

Each Fundamental Change Company Notice will specify:

- (i) the events causing the Fundamental Change;
- (ii) the date of the Fundamental Change;
- (iii) the last date on which a Holder may exercise the purchase right;
- (iv) the Fundamental Change Purchase Price;
- (v) the Fundamental Change Purchase Date;
- (vi) the name and address of the Paying Agent and the Conversion Agent, if applicable;
- (vii) if applicable, the Applicable Conversion Rate and any adjustments to the Applicable Conversion Rate;
- (viii) if applicable, that the Notes with respect to which a Fundamental Change Purchase Notice has been delivered by a Holder may be converted only if the Holder withdraws the Fundamental Change Purchase Notice in accordance with Section 7.03; and
- (ix) the procedures that Holders must follow to require the Company to purchase their Notes.

No failure of the Company to give the foregoing notices and no defect therein shall limit any Holder's purchase rights or affect the validity of the proceedings for the purchase of the Notes pursuant to this Section 7.01.

(c) *No Payment During an Acceleration.* Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Notes may be purchased by the Company at the option of the Holders pursuant to this Section 7.01 if the Principal Amount of the Notes has been accelerated, and such acceleration has not been rescinded, on or prior to the Fundamental Change Purchase Date (except in the case of an acceleration resulting from a Default by the Company in the payment of the Fundamental Change Purchase Price with respect to such Notes).

(d) *Payment of Fundamental Change Purchase Price.* The Notes to be purchased pursuant to this Section 7.01 shall be paid for in cash.

Section 7.02 *Effect of Fundamental Change Purchase Notice.* Upon receipt by the Paying Agent of the Fundamental Change Purchase Notice specified in Section 7.01(a), the Holder of the Note in respect of which such Fundamental Change Purchase Notice was given shall (unless such Fundamental Change Purchase Notice is withdrawn as specified in Section 7.03) thereafter be entitled to receive solely the Fundamental Change Purchase Price with respect to such Note. Such Fundamental Change Purchase Price shall be payable to such Holder promptly following the later of (x) the Fundamental Change Purchase Date with respect to such Note (provided the conditions in Section 7.01(a) have been satisfied) and (y) the time of delivery or book-entry transfer of such Note to the Paying Agent by the Holder thereof in the manner required by Section 7.01(a).

Section 7.03 *Withdrawal of Fundamental Change Purchase Notice.*

(a) A Fundamental Change Purchase Notice may be withdrawn (in whole or in part) by means of a written notice of withdrawal delivered to the Paying Agent in accordance with the Fundamental Change Company Notice prior to the Close of Business on (i) the Business Day immediately preceding the relevant Fundamental Change Purchase Date or (ii) in the case of a Default by the Company in the payment of the Fundamental Change Purchase Price with respect to such Notes, the Business Day immediately preceding the day on which such Default is no longer continuing, specifying:

(i) the Principal Amount of the withdrawn Notes;

(ii) if the Notes are Physical Notes, the certificate numbers of the withdrawn Notes; and

(iii) the Principal Amount, if any, of such Notes that remains subject to the original Fundamental Change Purchase Notice, which must be \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof;

*provided* that, if such Holder's Notes are not Physical Notes, such Holder must comply with the Applicable Procedures.

Section 7.04 *Deposit of Fundamental Change Purchase Price.* Prior to 10:00 a.m. (local time in The City of New York) on the Fundamental Change Purchase Date, the Company shall deposit with the Paying Agent (or, if the Company or a Subsidiary or an Affiliate of either of them is acting as the Paying Agent, shall segregate and hold in trust as provided herein) an amount of money (in immediately available funds if deposited on such Business Day) sufficient to pay the Fundamental Change Purchase Price, of all the Notes or portions thereof that are to be purchased as of the Fundamental Change Purchase Date. The Company shall promptly notify the Trustee in writing of the amount of any deposits of cash made pursuant to this Section 7.04. If the Paying Agent holds money sufficient to pay the Fundamental Change Purchase Price of any Note surrendered for purchase and not withdrawn in accordance with this Indenture as of the Close of Business on the Fundamental Change Purchase Date, then immediately following the Close of Business on the Fundamental Change Purchase Date, (a) any such Note will cease to be outstanding and interest will cease to accrue thereon on the Fundamental Change Purchase Date (whether or not book-entry transfer of the Notes is made or whether or not the Notes are delivered to the Paying Agent) and (b) all other rights of the Holder in respect thereof will terminate (other than the right to receive the Fundamental Change Purchase Price and previously accrued and unpaid interest (including Additional Interest, if any) upon delivery or book-entry transfer of such Note).

Section 7.05 *Notes Purchased in Whole or in Part.* Any Note that is to be purchased, whether in whole or in part, shall be surrendered at the office of the Paying Agent (with, if the Company or the Trustee so requires, due endorsement by, or a written instrument of transfer in form satisfactory to the Company and the Trustee duly executed by, the Holder thereof or such Holder's attorney duly authorized in writing) and the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver to the Holder of such Note, without service charge, a new Note or Notes, of any authorized denomination as requested by such Holder in aggregate Principal Amount equal to, and in exchange for, the portion of the Principal Amount of the Note so surrendered which is not purchased.

Section 7.06 *Covenant to Comply With Securities Laws upon Purchase of Notes.* In connection with any offer to purchase Notes under Section 7.01, the Company shall, if required, comply with the provisions of the tender offer rules under the Exchange Act that may then be applicable, file a Schedule TO or any other required schedule under the Exchange Act and otherwise comply with all federal and state securities laws.

Section 7.07 *Repayment to the Company.* Subject to the requirements of any applicable abandoned property laws, regardless of who acts as Paying Agent, the Paying Agent shall return to the Company any cash that remains unclaimed, together with interest, if any, thereon, held by them for the payment of the Fundamental Change Purchase Price; provided that to the extent that the aggregate amount of cash deposited by the Company pursuant to Section 7.04 exceeds the aggregate Fundamental Change Purchase Price of the Notes or portions thereof which the Company is obligated to purchase as of the Fundamental Change Purchase Date, then as soon as practicable following the Fundamental Change Purchase Date, the Paying Agent shall return any such excess to the Company.

#### ARTICLE 8. EVENTS OF DEFAULT; REMEDIES

Section 8.01 *Events of Default.* "**Event of Default**," wherever used herein, means any one of the following events (whatever the reason for such Event of Default and whether it shall be voluntary or involuntary or be effected by operation of law or pursuant to any judgment, decree or order of any court or any order, rule or regulation of any administrative or governmental body):

(a) default by the Company in any payment of interest on any Notes when due and payable and such default continues for a period of fifteen (15) days;

(b) default by the Company in the payment of the Principal Amount of any Note when due and payable on the Maturity Date, upon required purchase in connection with a Fundamental Change, upon declaration of acceleration or otherwise;

(c) failure by the Company to comply with its obligation to convert the Notes in accordance with this Indenture upon exercise of a Holder's conversion right, including the delivery of shares of Common Stock and Early Conversion Payment, if applicable, and such failure continues for a period of three Business Days;

(d) failure by the Company to provide the Fundamental Change Company Notice to Holders required pursuant to Section 7.01(b) hereof when due, and such failure continues for five Business Days;

(e) failure by the Company to comply with its obligations under Article 9 hereof;

(f) failure by the Company in the performance of any other covenant or agreement of the Company in the Notes or in this Indenture that continues for a period of 60 days after receipt by the Company of a Notice of Default;

(g) default by the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company with respect to any mortgage, indenture or instrument under which there may be issued or by which there may be secured or evidenced any indebtedness for money borrowed (or the payment of which is guaranteed by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries), whether such indebtedness or guarantee now exists, or will hereafter be created, which default (i) is caused by a failure to pay principal of or premium, if any, or interest on such indebtedness prior to the expiration of the grace period provided in such indebtedness on the date of such default or (ii) results in the acceleration of such indebtedness prior to its express maturity, and in each case in clause (i) or (ii), the principal amount of any such indebtedness, together with the principal amount of any other such indebtedness that has not been paid when due, or the maturity of which has been so accelerated, aggregates \$1.5 million or more;

(h) a final judgment for the payment of \$1.5 million or more (excluding any amounts covered by insurance or bond) rendered against the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company by a court of competent jurisdiction, which judgment is not discharged, stayed, vacated, paid or otherwise satisfied within 30 days after (i) the date on which the right to appeal thereof has expired if no such appeal has commenced, or (ii) the date on which all rights to appeal have been extinguished;

(i) the entry by a court having jurisdiction in the premises of (i) a decree or order for relief in respect of the Company or any Significant Subsidiary of the Company of a voluntary case or proceeding under any applicable federal, state or foreign bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or other similar law, (ii) a decree or order adjudging the Company or a Significant Subsidiary of the Company as bankrupt or insolvent, or approving as properly filed a petition seeking reorganization, arrangement, adjustment or composition of or in respect of the Company or any Significant Subsidiary of the Company under any applicable federal, state or foreign law or (iii) appointing a custodian, receiver, liquidator, assignee, trustee, sequestrator or other similar official of the Company or of a Significant Subsidiary of the Company of any substantial part of its property, or ordering the winding up or liquidation of its affairs, and the continuance of any such decree or order for relief or any such other decree or order unstayed and in effect for a period of 60 consecutive days;

(j) the commencement by the Company or by a Significant Subsidiary of the Company of a voluntary case or proceeding under any applicable federal, state or foreign bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or other similar law or of any other case or proceeding to be adjudicated a bankrupt or insolvent, or the consent by it to the entry of a decree or order for relief in respect of the Company or of a Significant Subsidiary of the Company in an involuntary case or proceeding under any applicable federal, state or foreign bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or other similar law or to the commencement of any bankruptcy or insolvency case or proceeding against it, or the filing by it of a petition or answer or consent seeking reorganization or relief under any applicable federal, state or foreign law, or the consent by it to the filing of such petition or to the appointment of or taking possession by a custodian, receiver, liquidator, assignee, trustee, sequestrator or other similar official of the Company or of a Significant Subsidiary of the Company or of any substantial part of such entity's property, or the making by it of an assignment for the benefit of creditors, or the admission by it in writing of its inability to pay its debts generally as they become due, or the taking of corporate action by the Company or by a Significant Subsidiary of the Company in furtherance of any such action; and

(k) except as permitted by this Indenture, any Note Guarantee is held in any judicial proceeding to be unenforceable or invalid or ceases for any reason to be in full force and effect, or any Guarantor, or any Person acting on behalf of any Guarantor, denies or disaffirms its obligations under its Note Guarantee.

The Trustee will not be charged with knowledge of any fact, Default or Event of Default unless either (1) a Trust Officer has actual knowledge of such fact, Default or Event of Default or (ii) written notice thereof will have been given to a Trust Officer at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee by the Company or any Holders of not less than 25% in aggregate Principal Amount of the outstanding Notes.

Section 8.02 *Acceleration of Maturity: Waiver of Past Defaults and Rescission.*

(a) If an Event of Default (other than those specified in Section 8.01(i) and Section 8.01(j) involving the Company, and as otherwise provided in Section 8.03) occurs and is continuing, then and in every such case the Trustee or the Holders of not less than 25% in aggregate Principal Amount of the outstanding Notes may declare 100% of the Principal Amount *plus* accrued and unpaid interest on all the outstanding Notes to be due and payable immediately, by a notice in writing to the Company (and to the Trustee if given by Holders), and upon any such declaration such Principal Amount *plus* accrued and unpaid interest *plus*, except to the extent prohibited by applicable law, a payment equal to the remaining scheduled payments of interest that would have been made on the Notes from the date of the Event of Default (or, in the case of an Event of Default between a Regular Record Date and the following Interest Payment Date, from such Interest Payment Date) until the first to occur of the Maturity Date and September 23, 2019, shall become immediately due and payable.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the case of an Event of Default specified in Section 8.01(i) or Section 8.01(j) with respect to the Company (but not with respect to any Significant Subsidiary of the Company or any group of Subsidiaries of the Company that, in the aggregate, would constitute a Significant Subsidiary of the Company), 100% of the Principal Amount *plus* accrued and unpaid interest on all outstanding Notes *plus*, except to the extent prohibited by applicable law, a payment equal to the remaining scheduled payments of interest that would have been made on the Notes from the date of the Event of Default (or, in the case of an Event of Default between a Regular Record Date and the following Interest Payment Date, from such Interest Payment Date) until the first to occur of the Maturity Date and September 23, 2019, will automatically become due and payable without any declaration or other act on the part of the Trustee or any Holder.



(b) The Holders of a majority in aggregate Principal Amount of the outstanding Notes, by written notice to the Company and the Trustee, may (x) waive any past Default and its consequences and (y) at any time after a declaration of acceleration has been made and before a judgment or decree for payment of the money due has been obtained by the Trustee as hereinafter in this Article 8 provided, rescind any such acceleration with respect to the Notes and its consequences, except, in each case, with respect to a Default described in Section 8.01(a), Section 8.01(b) or Section 8.01(c), or in respect of a covenant or provision hereof which under Article 13 cannot be modified or amended without the consent of the Holder of each outstanding Note affected, if:

- (i) such rescission will not conflict with any judgment or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction; and
- (ii) all existing Events of Default have been cured or waived.

Upon any such waiver, the Default which has been waived shall cease to exist and any Event of Default arising therefrom shall be deemed to have been cured, for every other purpose of this Indenture; but no such waiver shall extend to any subsequent or other Default or impair any right consequent.

No such rescission shall affect any subsequent default or impair any right consequent thereon.

Section 8.03 *Additional Interest.*

(a) If, at any time during the six-month period beginning on, and including, the date which is six months after the Issue Date, the Company fails to timely file any document or report that the Company is required to file with the Commission pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, as applicable (after giving effect to all applicable grace periods thereunder and other than current reports on Form 8-K), or the Notes (other than Affiliate Notes) are not otherwise Freely Tradable (as a result of restrictions pursuant to U.S. securities law or the terms of this Indenture or the Notes), the Company shall pay Additional Interest on the Notes which shall accrue at the rate of 0.50% per annum of the Principal Amount of Notes outstanding for each day during such period for which the Company's failure to file has occurred and is continuing or for which the Notes are not Freely Tradable (ending on the date that is one year from the Issue Date).

Further, if, and for so long as, the Restrictive Notes Legend has not been removed from the Notes (other than Affiliate Notes), the Notes are assigned a restricted CUSIP number or the Notes are not otherwise Freely Tradable as of the 375th day after the Issue Date, the Company shall pay Additional Interest on the Notes. Such Additional Interest will accrue on the Notes at the rate of 0.50% per annum of the Principal Amount of Notes outstanding until the Restrictive Notes Legend has been removed in accordance with Section 3.08, the Notes are assigned an unrestricted CUSIP number and the Notes are Freely Tradable.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Indenture, in no event shall the aggregate amount of Additional Interest payable pursuant to this Section 8.03(a), Section 8.03(b) hereof and Section 6 of the Registration Rights Agreement exceed 1.00% per annum.

The obligations of the Company pursuant to this Section 8.03(a) are separate and distinct from, and in addition to, the obligations of the Company pursuant to Section 8.03(b), subject to proviso to the first paragraph of this Section 8.03(a). Any Additional Interest payable pursuant to this Section 8.03(a) will be payable in arrears on each Interest Payment Date following accrual in the same manner as ordinary interest is payable pursuant to Section 2.03. The Company shall notify the Trustee and the Holders in writing of any Additional Interest due under Section 8.03 (a) at least 15 days prior to each Interest Payment Date, as applicable.

(b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Indenture, if so elected by the Company, the sole remedy for an Event of Default relating to the failure to comply with Section 4.08 hereof will (i) for the first 180 days after the occurrence of such an Event of Default (which, for the avoidance of doubt, will not occur until the Notice of Default has been provided, and the related 60-day period has passed) consist exclusively of the right to receive Additional Interest on the Notes at an annual rate equal to 0.25% of the Principal Amount of outstanding Notes and (ii) from the 181st day until the 360th day following the occurrence of such an Event of Default consist exclusively of the right to receive Additional Interest on the Notes at an annual rate equal to 0.50% of the Principal Amount of outstanding Notes. The Additional Interest payable pursuant to this Section 8.03(b) will be in addition to any Additional Interest that may accrue pursuant to Section 8.03(a) (subject to the proviso to the first paragraph of such Section). If the Company so elects, the Additional Interest payable under this Section 8.03(b) will be payable on all outstanding Notes from and including the date on which such Event of Default first occurs to, but excluding, the 360th day thereafter, or such earlier date on which such Event of Default has been cured or waived or ceases to exist. On the 361st day after such Event of Default, if such Event of Default has not been cured or waived prior to such 361st day, Additional Interest payable pursuant to this Section 8.03(b) will cease to accrue and the Notes will be subject to acceleration as provided in Section 8.02. In the event the Company does not elect to pay the Additional Interest payable pursuant to this Section 8.03(b) upon an Event of Default in accordance with this paragraph, the Notes will be subject to acceleration as provided in Section 8.02. Any Additional Interest payable pursuant to this Section 8.03(b) will be payable in arrears on each Interest Payment Date following accrual in the same manner as ordinary interest is payable pursuant to Section 2.03, except that payment shall be in cash on the final Interest Payment Date.

In order to elect to pay the Additional Interest payable pursuant to this Section 8.03(b) as the sole remedy during the first 360 days after the occurrence of an Event of Default relating to the failure to comply with Section 4.08 in accordance with the immediately preceding paragraph, the Company must notify all Holders, the Trustee and Paying Agent in writing of such election on or before the Close of Business on the date on which such Event of Default first occurs (which, for the avoidance of doubt, will not occur until the Notice of Default has been provided, and the related 60-day period has passed). Upon the failure to timely give all Holders, the Trustee and Paying Agent such notice, the Notes will be immediately subject to acceleration as provided in Section 8.02. For avoidance of doubt, the Trustee shall send the Notice of Default under this Section 8.03(b) only if it is directed to do so by the Holders in accordance with this Indenture.

Section 8.04 *Collection of Indebtedness and Suits for Enforcement by Trustee.* The Company covenants that if a Default is made in the payment of the Principal Amount plus accrued and unpaid interest on the Maturity Date therefor or in the payment of the Fundamental Change Purchase Price in respect of any Note, the Company will, upon demand of the Trustee, pay to it, for the benefit of the Holders of such Notes, the whole amount then due and payable on such Notes, and, in addition thereto, such further amount as shall be sufficient to cover the costs and expenses of collection, including the compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel.

If an Event of Default occurs and is continuing, the Trustee may, but shall not be obligated to, pursue any available remedy to collect the payment of the Principal Amount plus accrued but unpaid interest on the Notes or to enforce the performance of any provision of the Notes or this Indenture. The Trustee may maintain a proceeding even if the Trustee does not possess any of the Notes or does not produce any of the Notes in the proceeding. A delay or omission by the Trustee or any Holder in exercising any right or remedy accruing upon an Event of Default shall not impair the right or remedy or constitute a waiver of, or acquiescence in, the Event of Default. No remedy is exclusive of any other remedy. All available remedies are cumulative.

Section 8.05 *Trustee May File Proofs of Claim.* In case of any judicial proceeding relative to the Company (or any other obligor upon the Notes), its property or its creditors, the Trustee shall be entitled and empowered, by intervention in such proceeding or otherwise, to take any and all actions authorized under this Indenture and applicable law in order to have claims of the Holders and the Trustee allowed in any such proceeding. In particular, the Trustee shall be authorized to collect and receive any moneys or other property payable or deliverable on any such claims and to distribute the same; and any custodian, receiver, assignee, trustee, liquidator, sequestrator or other similar official in any such judicial proceeding is hereby authorized by each Holder to make such payments to the Trustee and, in the event that the Trustee shall consent to the making of such payments directly to the Holders, to pay to the Trustee any amount due it for the compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel and any other amounts due the Trustee under Section 10.07.

No provision of this Indenture shall be deemed to authorize the Trustee to authorize or consent to or accept or adopt on behalf of any Holder any plan of reorganization, arrangement, adjustment or composition affecting the Notes or the rights of any Holder thereof or to authorize the Trustee to vote in respect of the claim of any Holder in any such proceeding.

Section 8.06 *Application of Money Collected.* Any money collected by the Trustee pursuant to this Article shall be applied in the following order, at the date or dates fixed by the Trustee and, in case of the distribution of such money to Holders, upon presentation of the Notes and the notation thereon of the payment if only partially paid and upon surrender thereof if fully paid:

FIRST: To the payment of all amounts due the Trustee under Section 10.07;

SECOND: To the payment of the amounts then due and unpaid on the Notes for the Principal Amount, Redemption Price, Fundamental Change Purchase Price or interest (including Additional Interest, if any) as the case may be, in respect of which or for the benefit of which such money has been collected, ratably, without preference or priority of any kind, according to the amounts due and payable on such Notes; and

THIRD: To the payment of the remainder, if any, to the Company or any other Person lawfully entitled thereto.

Section 8.07 *Limitation on Suits.* No Holder of any Note shall have any right to institute any proceeding, judicial or otherwise, with respect to this Indenture or the Notes, or for the appointment of a receiver or trustee, or for any other remedy hereunder (other than in the case of an Event of Default specified in Section 8.01(a), Section 8.01(b) or Section 8.01(c)) unless:

- (i) such Holder has previously given written notice to the Trustee of a continuing Event of Default;
- (ii) the Holder or Holders of not less than 25% in aggregate Principal Amount of the outstanding Notes shall have made written request to the Trustee to institute proceedings in respect of such Event of Default in its own name as Trustee hereunder;
- (iii) such Holder or Holders have offered to the Trustee security or indemnity satisfactory to it against any loss, liability or expense;
- (iv) the Trustee for 60 days after its receipt of such request and offer of security or indemnity has failed to institute any such proceeding; and
- (v) no direction, in the opinion of the Trustee, inconsistent with such written request has been given to the Trustee during such 60-day period by the Holders of a majority in aggregate Principal Amount of the outstanding Notes;

it being understood and intended that no one or more Holders shall have any right in any manner whatever by virtue of, or by availing itself of, any provision of this Indenture to affect, disturb or prejudice the rights of any other Holders, or to obtain or to seek to obtain priority or preference over any other Holders or to enforce any right under this Indenture, except in the manner herein provided and for the equal and ratable benefit of all the Holders.

Section 8.08 *Unconditional Right of Holders to Receive Payment.* Notwithstanding any other provision of this Indenture, the right of any Holder to receive payment of the Principal Amount (including the Redemption Price or the Fundamental Change Purchase Price or interest in respect of the Notes held by such Holder, on or after the respective due dates expressed in the Notes, or any Fundamental Change Purchase Date or otherwise, as applicable), any accrued and unpaid interest (including Additional Interest, if any) and to convert the Notes in accordance with Article 6 (including the receipt of the Early Conversion Payment), or to bring suit for the enforcement of any such payment on or after such respective dates or the right to convert, shall not be impaired or affected without the consent of such Holder.

Section 8.09 *Restoration of Rights and Remedies.* If the Trustee or any Holder has instituted any proceeding to enforce any right or remedy under this Indenture and such proceeding has been discontinued or abandoned for any reason, or has been determined adversely to the Trustee or to such Holder, then and in every such case, subject to any determination in such proceeding, the Company, the Trustee and the Holders shall be restored severally and respectively to their former positions hereunder and thereafter all rights and remedies of the Trustee and the Holders shall continue as though no such proceeding had been instituted.

Section 8.10 *Rights and Remedies Cumulative.* Except as otherwise provided with respect to the replacement or payment of mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Notes in the last paragraph of Section 3.07, no right or remedy herein conferred upon or reserved to the Trustee or to the Holders is intended to be exclusive of any other right or remedy, and every right and remedy shall, to the extent permitted by law, be cumulative and in addition to every other right and remedy given hereunder or now or hereafter existing at law or in equity or otherwise. The assertion or employment of any right or remedy hereunder shall not prevent the concurrent assertion or employment of any other appropriate right or remedy.

Section 8.11 *Delay or Omission Not Waiver.* No delay or omission of the Trustee or of any Holder of any Note to exercise any right or remedy accruing upon any Event of Default shall impair any such right or remedy or constitute a waiver of any such Event of Default or an acquiescence therein. Every right and remedy given by this Article or by law to the Trustee or to the Holders may be exercised from time to time, and as often as may be deemed expedient, by the Trustee or by the Holders, as the case may be.

Section 8.12 *Control by Holders.* The Holders of a majority in aggregate Principal Amount of the outstanding Notes may direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee or of exercising any trust or power conferred on the Trustee. However, if an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the Trustee will be required in the exercise of its powers to use the degree of care and skill that a prudent person would use under the circumstances in the conduct of its own affairs. Furthermore, the Trustee may refuse to follow any direction that conflicts with applicable law or this Indenture or that the Trustee determines is unduly prejudicial to the rights of any other Holder or that would involve the Trustee in personal liability. Prior to taking any action under this Indenture, the Trustee will be entitled to indemnification or security satisfactory to it against all losses, liability and expenses caused by taking or not taking such action.

Section 8.13 *Undertaking for Costs.* In any suit for the enforcement of any right or remedy under this Indenture or in any suit against the Trustee for any action taken or omitted by it as Trustee, in either case in respect of the Notes, a court may require any party litigant in such suit to file an undertaking to pay the costs of the suit, and the court may assess costs, including attorney's fees and expenses, against any party litigant in the suit having due regard to the merits and good faith of the claims or defenses made by the party litigant; but the provisions of this Section 8.13 shall not apply to any suit instituted by the Company, to any suit instituted by the Trustee, to any suit instituted by any Holder, or group of Holders, holding in the aggregate more than 10% in Principal Amount of the outstanding Notes, or to any suit instituted by any Holder for the enforcement of the payment of the Principal Amount on any Note on or after the Maturity Date of such Note or the Fundamental Change Purchase Date.

Section 8.14 *Violations of Certain Covenants.* A violation of Section 4.08 or any other covenant or agreement in this Indenture that expressly provides that a violation of such covenant or agreement shall not constitute an Event of Default may only be enforced by the Trustee by instituting a legal proceeding against the Company for enforcement of such covenant or agreement.

ARTICLE 9.  
MERGER, CONSOLIDATION OR SALE OF ASSETS

Section 9.01 *Company May Consolidate, etc., only on Certain Terms.* The Company shall not, in a single transaction or through a series of related transactions, consolidate or merge with or into any other Person, or, directly or indirectly, sell, convey, transfer, lease or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of Company's assets to another Person or group of affiliated Persons, except that the Company may consolidate or merge with or into, or sell, convey, transfer, lease or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its assets to another Person if:

(i) the Company is the surviving Person or the resulting, surviving, transferee or successor Person (the "**Successor Company**") (if other than the Company) is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, any State of the United States of America or the District of Columbia and such Successor Company (if not the Company) expressly assumes by an indenture supplemental hereto all obligations of the Company under this Indenture, including payment of the Principal Amount and interest on the Notes, and the performance and observance of all of the covenants and conditions of this Indenture to be performed by the Company, and expressly assumes by a supplement all obligations of the Company under the Registration Rights Agreement, and the performance and observance of all of the covenants and conditions of the Registration Rights Agreement to be performed by the Company;

(ii) immediately after giving effect to such transaction, no Default under this Indenture has occurred and is continuing;

(iii) if, upon the occurrence of any such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer, lease or other disposal, (x) the Notes would become convertible pursuant to the terms of this Indenture into securities issued by an issuer other than the Successor Company, and (y) such Successor Company is a wholly owned Subsidiary of the issuer of such securities into which the Notes have become convertible, such other issuer will fully and unconditionally guarantee on a senior basis the Successor Company's obligations under the Notes; and

(iv) the Company shall have delivered to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate and Opinion of Counsel stating that such consolidation, merger, sale, conveyance, transfer lease or other disposal and, if a supplemental indenture is required in connection with such transaction, such supplemental indenture, comply with this Article 9 and that all conditions precedent herein provided for relating to such transaction have been satisfied.

Section 9.02 *Successor Substituted.* Upon any consolidation of the Company with, or merger of the Company into, any other Person or any sale, conveyance, transfer, lease or other disposal of all or substantially all of the Company's assets to another Person in accordance with Section 9.01, the Successor Company formed by such consolidation or into which the Company is merged or to which such sale, conveyance, transfer, lease or other disposal is made will succeed to, and may exercise every right and power of, the Company under this Indenture and the Registration Rights Agreement with the same effect as if such Successor Company had been named as the Company herein and therein, and thereafter. If the predecessor is still in existence after such transaction, it will be released from its obligations and covenants under this Indenture, the Registration Rights Agreement and the Notes, except in the case of a lease of all or substantially all of its properties and assets.

ARTICLE 10.  
THE TRUSTEE

Section 10.01 *Duties and Responsibilities of Trustee.*

(a) The Trustee, prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default and after the curing of all Events of Default which may have occurred, undertakes to perform such duties and only such duties as are specifically set forth in this Indenture. In case an Event of Default has occurred (which has not been cured or waived), the Trustee shall exercise such of the rights and powers vested in it by this Indenture, and use the same degree of care and skill in their exercise, as a prudent person would exercise or use under the circumstances in the conduct of his own affairs.

(b) No provision of this Indenture shall be construed to relieve the Trustee from liability for its own negligent action, its own negligent failure to act or its own willful misconduct, except that:

(i) prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default and after the curing or waiving of all Events of Default which may have occurred:

(A) the duties and obligations of the Trustee shall be determined solely by the express provisions of this Indenture and applicable law, and the Trustee shall not be liable except for the performance of such duties and obligations as are specifically set forth in this Indenture and no implied covenants or obligations shall be read into this Indenture against the Trustee; and

(B) in the absence of gross negligence and willful misconduct on the part of the Trustee, the Trustee may conclusively rely as to the truth of the statements and the correctness of the opinions expressed therein, upon any certificates or opinions furnished to the Trustee and conforming to the requirements of this Indenture; but, in the case of any such certificates or opinions which by any provisions hereof are specifically required to be furnished to the Trustee, the Trustee shall be under a duty to examine the same to determine whether or not they conform to the requirements of this Indenture (but need not confirm or investigate the accuracy of any mathematical calculations or other facts stated therein);

(ii) the Trustee shall not be liable for any error of judgment made in good faith by a Trust Officer or Officers of the Trustee, unless the Trustee was grossly negligent in ascertaining the pertinent facts;

(iii) the Trustee shall not be liable with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by it in good faith in accordance with the written direction of the Holders of not less than a majority in Principal Amount of the Notes at the time outstanding determined as provided in Section 1.04 relating to the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee, or exercising any trust or power conferred upon the Trustee, under this Indenture;

(iv) whether or not therein provided, every provision of this Indenture relating to the conduct or affecting the liability of, or affording protection to, the Trustee shall be subject to the provisions of this Section;

(v) the Trustee shall not be liable in respect of any payment (as to the correctness of amount, entitlement to receive or any other matters relating to payment) or notice effected by the Company or any Paying Agent or any records maintained by any co-Registrar with respect to the Notes;

(vi) if any party fails to deliver a notice relating to an event the fact of which, pursuant to this Indenture, requires notice to be sent to the Trustee, the Trustee may conclusively rely on its failure to receive such notice as reason to act as if no such event occurred;

(vii) The Trustee shall have no responsibility with respect to any information, statement or recital in any private placement memorandum or other disclosure material prepared or distributed with respect to the Notes or for compliance with any securities laws in connection with the issuance, sale, or conversion of the Notes, which shall be the sole responsibility of the Company;

(viii) In no event shall the Trustee be responsible or liable for any special, indirect, punitive or consequential loss or damage of any kind whatsoever (including, but not limited to, loss of profit), irrespective of whether the Trustee has been advised of the likelihood of such loss or damage and regardless of the form of action;

(ix) The Trustee shall not be required to give any bond or surety in respect of the performance of its powers or duties hereunder;

(x) Under no circumstances shall the Trustee be liable in its individual capacity for the obligations evidenced by the Notes; and

(xi) In the absence of written investment direction from the Company, all cash received by the Trustee shall be placed in a non-interest bearing trust account, and in no event shall the Trustee be liable for the selection of investments or for investment losses incurred thereon or for losses incurred as a result of the liquidation of any such investment prior to its maturity date or the failure of the party directing such investments prior to its maturity date or the failure of the party directing such investment to provide timely written investment direction, and the Trustee shall have no obligation to invest or reinvest any amounts held hereunder in the absence of such written investment direction from the Company.



None of the provisions contained in this Indenture shall require the Trustee to expend or risk its own funds or otherwise incur personal financial liability in the performance of any of its duties or in the exercise of any of its rights or powers, if there is reasonable ground for believing that the repayment of such funds or adequate indemnity against such risk or liability is not reasonably assured to it.

The rights, privileges, protections, immunities and benefits given to the Trustee, including, without limitation, its right to be indemnified, are extended to, and shall be enforceable by, the Trustee in each of its capacities hereunder (including, without limitation, as Custodian, Registrar, Paying Agent, Conversion Agent, or transfer agent hereunder), and to each agent, custodian and other Person employed to act hereunder.

Section 10.02 *Notice of Defaults.* The Trustee shall give the Holders notice of any Default of which a Trust Officer has actual knowledge or is deemed to have notice under Section 10.03(i) within 90 days after the knowledge thereof so long as such Default is continuing; *provided*, that (except in the case of any Default in the payment of Principal Amount of, or interest on, any of the Notes or Fundamental Change Purchase Price or a default in the delivery of the consideration due upon conversion), the Trustee shall be protected in withholding such notice if and so long as the Trustee in good faith determines that the withholding of such notice is in the interest of the Holders of Notes.

Section 10.03 *Reliance on Documents, Opinions, Etc.* Except as otherwise provided in Section 10.01:

(a) the Trustee may rely and shall be protected in acting upon any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, consent, order, bond, debenture, note, coupon or other paper or document (whether in its original, facsimile or electronic form) believed by it in good faith to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties;

(b) any request, direction, order or demand of the Company mentioned herein shall be sufficiently evidenced by an Officers' Certificate (unless other evidence in respect thereof be herein specifically prescribed); and any resolution of the Board of Directors may be evidenced to the Trustee by a copy thereof certified by the Secretary, any Assistant Secretary or the General Counsel of the Company;

(c) the Trustee may consult with counsel of its own selection and any advice or Opinion of Counsel shall be full and complete authorization and protection in respect of any action taken or omitted by it hereunder in good faith and in accordance with such advice or Opinion of Counsel;

(d) the Trustee shall be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers vested in it by this Indenture at the request, order or direction of any of the Holders pursuant to the provisions of this Indenture (including upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default), unless such Holders shall have offered to the Trustee security or indemnity satisfactory to it against any loss, expenses and liabilities which may be incurred therein or thereby;

(e) the Trustee shall not be bound to make any investigation into the facts or matters stated in any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, direction, consent, order, bond, debenture or other paper or document, but the Trustee, in its discretion, may make such further inquiry or investigation into such facts or matters as it may see fit, and, if the Trustee shall determine to make such further inquiry or investigation, it shall be entitled to examine the books, records and premises of the Company, personally or by agent or attorney (at the reasonable expense of the Company and shall incur no liability of any kind by reason of such inquiry or investigation);

(f) the Trustee may execute any of the trusts or powers hereunder or perform any duties hereunder either directly or by or through agents or attorneys and the Trustee shall not be responsible for any misconduct or negligence on the part of any agent or attorney appointed by it with due care hereunder;

(g) the Trustee shall not be liable for any action taken, suffered, or omitted to be taken by it in good faith and reasonably believed by it to be authorized or within the discretion or rights or powers conferred upon it by this Indenture;

(h) in no event shall the Trustee be responsible or liable for special, indirect, or consequential loss or damage of any kind whatsoever (including, but not limited to, loss of profit) irrespective of whether the Trustee has been advised of the likelihood of such loss or damage and regardless of the form of action;

(i) the Trustee shall not be deemed to have notice of any Default or Event of Default unless a Trust Officer of the Trustee has actual knowledge thereof or unless written notice of any event which is in fact such a default is received by the Trustee at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee, and such notice references the Notes and this Indenture;

(j) the rights, privileges, protections, immunities and benefits given to the Trustee, including, without limitation, its right to be indemnified, are extended to, and shall be enforceable by, the Trustee in each of its capacities hereunder, and each agent, custodian and other Person employed to act hereunder;

(k) the permissive rights of the Trustee enumerated herein shall not be construed as duties; and

(l) the Trustee shall not be obligated to take possession of any Common Stock, whether upon conversion or in connection with any discharge of this Indenture pursuant to Article 12 hereof, but shall satisfy its obligation as Conversion Agent by working through the stock transfer agent of the Company from time to time as directed by the Company.

Section 10.04 *No Responsibility for Recitals, Etc.* The recitals contained herein and in the Notes (except in the Trustee's certificate of authentication) shall be taken as the statements of the Company, and the Trustee assumes no responsibility for the correctness of the same. The Trustee makes no representations as to the validity or sufficiency of this Indenture or of the Notes. The Trustee shall not be accountable for the use or application by the Company of any Notes or the proceeds of any Notes authenticated and delivered by the Trustee in conformity with the provisions of this Indenture.

Section 10.05 *Trustee, Paying Agents, Conversion Agents or Registrar May Own Notes.* The Trustee, any Paying Agent, any Conversion Agent or Registrar, in its individual or any other capacity, may become the owner or pledgee of Notes with the same rights it would have if it were not Trustee, Paying Agent, Conversion Agent or Registrar.

Section 10.06 *Monies to be Held in Trust.* Subject to the provisions of Section 12.04, all monies and properties received by the Trustee shall, until used or applied as herein provided, be held in trust for the purposes for which they were received. Money held by the Trustee in trust hereunder need not be segregated from other funds except to the extent required by law. The Trustee shall be under no liability for interest on any money received by it hereunder except as may be agreed in writing from time to time by the Company and the Trustee.

Section 10.07 *Compensation and Expenses of Trustee.* The Company covenants and agrees to pay to the Trustee from time to time, and the Trustee shall be entitled to, compensation for all services rendered by it hereunder in any capacity (which shall not be limited by any provision of law in regard to the compensation of a trustee of an express trust) as mutually agreed to from time to time in writing between the Company and the Trustee, and the Company will pay or reimburse the Trustee upon its request for all expenses, disbursements and advances reasonably incurred or made by the Trustee in accordance with any of the provisions of this Indenture (including the compensation and the expenses and disbursements of its counsel and of all Persons not regularly in its employ) except any such expense, disbursement or advance as may arise from its gross negligence or willful misconduct. The Company also covenants to indemnify the Trustee (or any officer, director or employee of the Trustee), in any capacity under this Indenture and its agents and any authenticating agent for, and to hold them harmless against, any and all loss, liability, claim or expense incurred without negligence or willful misconduct on the part of the Trustee or such officers, directors, employees and agent or authenticating agent, as the case may be (as determined by a final, non-appealable order of a court of competent jurisdiction), and arising out of or in connection with the acceptance or administration of this trust or in any other capacity hereunder, including the costs and expenses of defending themselves against any claim of liability in the premises. The obligations of the Company under this Section 10.07 to compensate or indemnify the Trustee and to pay or reimburse the Trustee for expenses, disbursements and advances shall be secured by a lien prior to that of the Notes upon all property and funds held or collected by the Trustee as such, except funds held in trust for the benefit of the Holders of particular Notes. The obligation of the Company under this Section shall survive the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture and the resignation or removal of the Trustee.

When the Trustee and its agents and any authenticating agent incur expenses or render services after an Event of Default specified in Section 8.01(i) or Section 8.01(j) with respect to the Company occurs, the expenses and the compensation for the services are intended to constitute expenses of administration under any bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws.

Section 10.08 *Officers' Certificate as Evidence.* Except as otherwise provided in Section 10.01, whenever in the administration of the provisions of this Indenture the Trustee shall deem it necessary or desirable that a matter be proved or established prior to taking or omitting any action hereunder, such matter (unless other evidence in respect thereof be herein specifically prescribed) may, in the absence of negligence or willful misconduct on the part of the Trustee, be deemed to be conclusively proved and established by an Officers' Certificate delivered to the Trustee.

Section 10.09 *Conflicting Interests of Trustee.* If the Trustee has or shall acquire a conflicting interest within the meaning of the Trust Indenture Act, the Trustee shall either eliminate such interest or resign, to the extent and in the manner provided by, and subject to the provisions of, this Indenture.

Section 10.10 *Eligibility of Trustee.* There shall at all times be a Trustee hereunder which shall be a Person that is eligible pursuant to the Trust Indenture Act to act as such and has a combined capital and surplus of at least \$50,000,000 (or if such Person is a member of a bank holding company system, its bank holding company shall have a combined capital and surplus of at least \$50,000,000). If such Person publishes reports of condition at least annually, pursuant to law or to the requirements of any supervising or examining authority, then for the purposes of this Section the combined capital and surplus of such Person shall be deemed to be its combined capital and surplus as set forth in its most recent report of condition so published. If at any time the Trustee shall cease to be eligible in accordance with the provisions of this Section 10.10, it shall resign immediately in the manner and with the effect hereinafter specified in this Article.

Section 10.11 *Resignation or Removal of Trustee.*

(a) The Trustee may at any time resign by giving written notice of such resignation to the Company and to the Holders of Notes. Upon receiving such notice of resignation, the Company shall promptly appoint a successor trustee by written instrument, in duplicate, executed by order of the Board of Directors, one copy of which instrument shall be delivered to the resigning Trustee and one copy to the successor trustee. If no successor trustee shall have been so appointed and have accepted appointment 60 days after the mailing of such notice of resignation to the Holders, the resigning Trustee may, upon 10 Business Days' notice to the Company and the Holders, appoint a successor identified in such notice or may petition, at the expense of the Company, any court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor trustee, or, if any Holder who has been a bona fide Holder of a Note or Notes for at least six (6) months may, subject to the provisions of Section 8.13, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, petition any such court for the appointment of a successor trustee. Such court may thereupon, after such notice, if any, as it may deem proper and prescribe, appoint a successor trustee.

(b) In case at any time any of the following shall occur:

(i) the Trustee shall fail to comply with Section 10.09 after written request therefor by the Company or by any Holder who has been a bona fide Holder of a Note or Notes for at least six (6) months; or

(ii) the Trustee shall cease to be eligible in accordance with the provisions of Section 10.10 and shall fail to resign after written request therefor by the Company or by any such Holder; or

(iii) the Trustee shall become incapable of acting, or shall be adjudged a bankrupt or insolvent, or a receiver of the Trustee or of its property shall be appointed, or any public officer shall take charge or control of the Trustee or of its property or affairs for the purpose of rehabilitation, conservation or liquidation;

then, in any such case, the Company may remove the Trustee and appoint a successor trustee by written instrument, in duplicate, executed by order of the Board of Directors, one copy of which instrument shall be delivered to the Trustee so removed and one copy to the successor trustee, or, subject to the provisions of Section 8.13, any Holder who has been a bona fide Holder of a Note or Notes for at least six (6) months may, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the removal of the Trustee and the appointment of a successor trustee; *provided, however*, that if no successor Trustee shall have been appointed and have accepted appointment sixty (60) days after either the Company or the Holders has removed the Trustee, the Trustee so removed may petition at its own expense any court of competent jurisdiction for an appointment of a successor trustee. Such court may thereupon, after such notice, if any, as it may deem proper and prescribe, remove the Trustee and appoint a successor trustee.

(c) The Holders of a majority in aggregate Principal Amount of the Notes at the time outstanding may at any time remove the Trustee and nominate a successor trustee which shall be deemed appointed as successor trustee unless, within 10 days after notice to the Company of such nomination, the Company objects thereto, in which case the Trustee so removed or any Holder, or if such Trustee so removed or any Holder fails to act, the Company, upon the terms and conditions and otherwise as in Section 10.11(a) provided, may petition any court of competent jurisdiction for an appointment of a successor trustee.

(d) Any resignation or removal of the Trustee and appointment of a successor trustee pursuant to any of the provisions of this Section 8.11 shall become effective upon acceptance of appointment by the successor trustee as provided in Section 10.12.

Section 10.12 *Acceptance by Successor Trustee.* Any successor trustee appointed as provided in Section 10.11 shall execute, acknowledge and deliver to the Company and to its predecessor trustee an instrument accepting such appointment hereunder, and thereupon the resignation or removal of the predecessor trustee shall become effective and such successor trustee, without any further act, deed or conveyance, shall become vested with all the rights, powers, duties and obligations of its predecessor hereunder, with like effect as if originally named as trustee herein; but, nevertheless, on the written request of the Company or of the successor trustee, the trustee ceasing to act shall, upon payment of any amount then due it pursuant to the provisions of Section 10.07, execute and deliver an instrument transferring to such successor trustee all the rights and powers of the trustee so ceasing to act. Upon request of any such successor trustee, the Company shall execute any and all instruments in writing for more fully and certainly vesting in and confirming to such successor trustee all such rights and powers. Any trustee ceasing to act shall, nevertheless, retain a lien upon all property and funds held or collected by such trustee as such, except for funds held in trust for the benefit of Holders of particular Notes, to secure any amounts then due it pursuant to the provisions of Section 10.07. The obligation of the Company under Section 10.07 shall survive the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture and the resignation or removal of the Trustee.

No successor trustee shall accept appointment as provided in this Section 10.12 unless, at the time of such acceptance, such successor trustee shall be qualified under the provisions of Section 10.09 and be eligible under the provisions of Section 10.10.

Upon acceptance of appointment by a successor trustee as provided in this Section 10.12, the Company (or the former trustee, at the written direction of the Company) shall mail or cause to be mailed notice of the succession of such trustee hereunder to the Holders of Notes at their addresses as they shall appear on the Register (or otherwise send in accordance with the applicable procedures of the Depository in the case of Global Notes). If the Company fails to mail such notice within 10 days after acceptance of appointment by the successor trustee, the successor trustee shall cause such notice to be mailed at the expense of the Company.

Section 10.13 *Succession by Merger, Etc.* Any corporation into which the Trustee may be merged or converted or with which it may be consolidated, or any corporation resulting from any merger, conversion or consolidation to which the Trustee shall be a party, or any corporation succeeding to all or substantially all of the corporate trust business of the Trustee (including any trust created by this Indenture), shall be the successor to the Trustee hereunder without the execution or filing of any paper or any further act on the part of any of the parties hereto, provided that in the case of any corporation succeeding to all or substantially all of the corporate trust business of the Trustee, such corporation shall be qualified under the provisions of Section 10.09 and eligible under the provisions of Section 10.10.

In case at the time such successor to the Trustee shall succeed to the trusts created by this Indenture, any of the Notes shall have been authenticated but not delivered, any such successor to the Trustee may adopt the certificate of authentication of any predecessor trustee or authenticating agent appointed by such predecessor trustee, and deliver such Notes so authenticated; and in case at that time any of the Notes shall not have been authenticated, any successor to the Trustee or any authenticating agent appointed by such successor trustee may authenticate such Notes in the name of the successor trustee; and in all such cases such certificates shall have the full force that is provided in the Notes or in this Indenture; *provided, however*, that the right to adopt the certificate of authentication of any predecessor Trustee or authenticate Notes in the name of any predecessor Trustee shall apply only to its successor or successors by merger, conversion or consolidation.

Section 10.14 *Preferential Collection of Claims.* If and when the Trustee shall be or become a creditor of the Company (or any other obligor upon the Notes), the Trustee shall be subject to the provisions of the Trust Indenture Act regarding the collection of the claims against the Company (or any such other obligor).

Section 10.15 *Trustee's Application for Instructions from the Company.* Any application by the Trustee for written instructions from the Company (other than with regard to any action proposed to be taken or omitted to be taken by the Trustee that affects the rights of the Holders of the Notes under this Indenture) may, at the option of the Trustee, set forth in writing any action proposed to be taken or omitted by the Trustee under this Indenture and the date on and/or after which such action shall be taken or such omission shall be effective. The Trustee shall not be liable for any action taken by, or omission of, the Trustee in accordance with a proposal included in such application on or after the date specified in such application (which date shall not be less than three (3) Business Days after the date any officer of the Company actually receives such application, unless any such officer shall have consented in writing to any earlier date) unless prior to taking any such action (or the effective date in the case of an omission), the Trustee shall have received written instructions in response to such application specifying the action to be taken or omitted.

ARTICLE 11.  
HOLDERS' LISTS AND REPORTS BY TRUSTEE

Section 11.01 *Company to Furnish Trustee Names and Addresses of Holders.* The Company will furnish or cause to be furnished to the Trustee:

(i) semiannually, not more than 15 days after each Regular Record Date, a list, in such form as the Trustee may reasonably require, of the names and addresses of the Holders as of such Regular Record Date; and

(ii) at such other times as the Trustee may request in writing, within 30 days after the receipt by the Company of any such request, a list of similar form and content as of a date not more than 15 days prior to the time such list is furnished;

*excluding* from any such list names and addresses received by the Trustee in its capacity as Registrar; *provided, however*, that no such list need be furnished so long as the Trustee is acting as Registrar.

Section 11.02 *Preservation of Information; Communications to Holders*

(a) The Trustee shall preserve, in as current a form as is reasonably practicable, the names and addresses of Holders contained in the most recent list furnished to the Trustee as provided in Section 11.01 and the names and addresses of Holders received by the Trustee in its capacity as Registrar. The Trustee may destroy any list furnished to it as provided in Section 11.01 upon receipt of a new list so furnished.

(b) The rights of Holders to communicate with other Holders with respect to their rights under this Indenture or under the Notes, and the corresponding rights and duties of the Trustee, shall be as provided under applicable law.

Every Holder, by receiving and holding the same, agrees with the Company and the Trustee that neither the Company nor the Trustee nor any agent of either of them shall be held accountable by reason of any disclosure of information as to names and addresses of Holders made pursuant to applicable law.

ARTICLE 12.  
SATISFACTION AND DISCHARGE

Section 12.01 *Discharge of Indenture.* When (a) the Company shall deliver to the Trustee for cancellation all Notes theretofore authenticated (other than any Notes that have been destroyed, lost or stolen and in lieu of or in substitution for which other Notes shall have been authenticated and delivered) and not theretofore canceled, or (b) all the Notes not theretofore canceled or delivered to the Trustee for cancellation shall have become due and payable, and the Company shall deposit with the Trustee, in trust, cash or shares of Common Stock (in the case of any conversion) sufficient to pay on the Maturity Date, upon any Fundamental Change Date or upon any conversion (other than any Notes that shall have been mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen and in lieu of or in substitution for which other Notes shall have been authenticated and delivered) not theretofore canceled or delivered to the Trustee for cancellation, including principal and interest or shares of Common Stock and Early Conversion Payment, if applicable (in the case of any conversion) due to such Maturity Date, Fundamental Change Purchase Date or upon conversion, as the case may be, accompanied by a verification report, as to the sufficiency of the deposited amount, from an independent certified accountant or other financial professional satisfactory to the Trustee, and if the Company shall also pay or deliver or cause to be paid or delivered all other sums payable or deliverable hereunder by the Company, then this Indenture shall cease to be of further effect (except as to (i) remaining rights of registration of transfer, substitution and exchange and conversion of Notes, (ii) rights hereunder of Holders to receive payments of principal of and interest or (in the case of any conversion) shares of Common Stock and Early Conversion Payment, if applicable, on, the Notes and the other rights, duties and obligations of Holders, as beneficiaries hereof with respect to the amounts, if any, so deposited with the Trustee and (iii) the rights, obligations and immunities of the Trustee hereunder), and the Trustee, on written demand of the Company accompanied by an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel as required by Section 1.02 and at the cost and expense of the Company, shall execute such instruments reasonably requested by the Company acknowledging satisfaction of and discharging this Indenture; the Company, however, hereby agrees to reimburse the Trustee for any costs or expenses thereafter reasonably and properly incurred by the Trustee and to compensate the Trustee for any services thereafter reasonably and properly rendered by the Trustee in connection with this Indenture or the Notes. The obligation of the Company under Section 10.07 shall survive the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture and the resignation or removal of the Trustee.

Section 12.02 *Deposited Monies to be Held in Trust by Trustee.* Subject to Section 12.04, all monies and shares of Common Stock deposited with the Trustee pursuant to Section 12.01 shall be held in trust for the sole benefit of the Holders, and such monies and shares of Common Stock shall be applied by the Trustee to the payment, either directly or through any Paying Agent (including the Company if acting as its own Paying Agent), to the Holders of the particular Notes for the payment or delivery upon conversion thereof have been deposited with the Trustee, of all sums and amounts due thereon for principal and interest or upon conversion.

Section 12.03 *Paying Agent to Repay Monies Held.* Upon the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture, all monies then held by any Paying Agent of the Notes (other than the Trustee) shall, upon written request of the Company, be repaid to it or paid to the Trustee, and thereupon such Paying Agent shall be released from all further liability with respect to such Monies.

Section 12.04 *Return of Unclaimed Monies.* Subject to the requirements of applicable abandoned property laws, any monies or shares of Common Stock deposited with or paid to the Trustee for payment of the principal of or interest on Notes and not applied but remaining unclaimed by the Holders of Notes for two years after the date upon which the principal of or interest on such Notes or shares of Common Stock, as the case may be, shall have become due and payable, shall be repaid to the Company by the Trustee on demand and all liability of the Trustee shall thereupon cease with respect to such monies or shares of Common Stock; and the Holder of any of the Notes shall thereafter look only to the Company for any payment or delivery that such Holder may be entitled to collect unless an applicable abandoned property law designates another Person.



Section 12.05 *Reinstatement.* If the Trustee or the Paying Agent is unable to apply any money or shares of Common Stock in accordance with Section 12.02 by reason of any order or judgment of any court or governmental authority enjoining, restraining or otherwise prohibiting such application, the Company's obligations under this Indenture and the Notes shall be revived and reinstated as though no deposit had occurred pursuant to Section 12.01 until such time as the Trustee or the Paying Agent is permitted to apply all such money or shares of Common Stock in accordance with Section 12.02; *provided, however,* that if the Company makes any payment of interest on or principal of any Note or delivery of shares of Common Stock due upon conversion following the reinstatement of its obligations, the Company shall be subrogated to the rights of the Holders of such Notes to receive such payment from the money, or delivery from the shares of Common Stock, as the case may be, held by the Trustee or Paying Agent.

ARTICLE 13.  
SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURES

Section 13.01 *Supplemental Indentures without Consent of Holders.* Without the consent of any Holders, the Company, when authorized by a Board Resolution, the Guarantors and the Trustee, at any time and from time to time, may enter into one or more indentures supplemental hereto, in form satisfactory to the Trustee, for any of the following purposes:

- (i) to cure any ambiguity, omission, defect or inconsistency, as determined in good faith by the Company and evidenced in an Officers' Certificate;
- (ii) to provide for the assumption by a Successor Company of the obligations of the Company or Guarantors contained herein and the Note Guarantees;
- (iii) to add additional guarantees with respect to the Notes;
- (iv) to secure the Notes;
- (v) to add to the covenants of the Company for the benefit of the Holders, or to surrender any right or power herein conferred upon the Company;
- (vi) make any change that does not adversely affect the rights of any Holder, as determined in good faith by the Company and evidenced in an Officers' Certificate;
- (vii) increase the Conversion Rate or provide for a change to Reference Property as provided herein;
- (viii) provide for the acceptance of appointment by a successor trustee or facilitate the administration of the trust under this Indenture by more than one trustee;

(ix) complying with the requirements of the SEC in order to effect or maintain the qualification of this Indenture under the Trust Indenture Act;

(x) to allow any Guarantor to execute a supplemental indenture and/or Note Guarantee with respect to the Notes; or

(xi) to conform the provisions of this Indenture to the "Description of Notes" section in the Private Placement Memorandum, as evidenced in an Officers' Certificate.

Section 13.02 *Supplemental Indentures with Consent of Holders.* With the consent of the Holders (other than the Company and any Person controlled by the Company (within the meaning of the definition of the term "Affiliate")) of not less than a majority in Principal Amount of the outstanding Notes, including, without limitation, consents obtained in connection with a purchase of, or tender offer or exchange offer for, Notes, by Act of said Holders delivered to the Company and the Trustee, the Company, when authorized by a Board Resolution, and the Trustee may enter into an indenture or indentures supplemental hereto for the purpose of adding any provisions to or changing in any manner or eliminating any of the provisions of this Indenture or of modifying in any manner the rights of the Holders under this Indenture; *provided, however*, that no such supplemental indenture shall, without the consent of the Holder of each outstanding Note affected thereby, among other things:

(i) reduce the percentage in Principal Amount of Notes whose Holders must consent to an amendment of this Indenture or to waive any past default;

(ii) reduce the rate of, or extend the stated time of payment of, any interest on any Note;

(iii) reduce the Principal Amount of, or extend the Maturity Date of, any Note;

(iv) make any change that impairs or adversely affects the conversion rights of any Note as determined in good faith by the Company;

(v) reduce the Fundamental Change Purchase Price of any Note or amend or modify in any manner adverse to the Holders of Notes the Company's obligation to make such payment, whether through an amendment or waiver of provisions in the covenants, definitions or otherwise;

(vi) make any Note payable in a currency other than that stated in the Notes;

(vii) impair the right of any Holder to receive payment of principal of, and interest on such Holder's Notes on or after the due dates therefor or to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on or with respect to such Holder's Notes;

(viii) change the ranking of the Notes;

(ix) release any Guarantor from any of its obligations under its Note Guarantee or this Indenture, except in accordance with the terms hereof; or

(x) modify any of the provisions of this Section 13.02 or Section 8.02(b).

In addition, Section 6.04 (a) may not, regardless of the consent of any Holders, be amended or waived in any respect unless (A) the amendment provisions of this Section 13.02 as to non-enumerated amendments is complied with and (B) the Company receives an approval from the NASDAQ Stock Market, delivered to the Trustee, confirming that such amendment or waiver would not result in a violation of Rule 5635 of the NASDAQ Stock Market or if applicable any equivalent rule of any other Principal Market.

Sections 6.04(c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) may not be amended or waived by any party hereunder, regardless of the consent of any Holders or the Company.

In addition, the limitations in Section 4.13 hereof may not be amended or waived without the prior consent of the Holders of at least two-thirds of the aggregate principal amount of Notes then outstanding. Additionally, the Trustee shall be entitled to conclusively rely on the consents, Acts of Holders and calculations delivered by the Company to the Trustee.

It shall not be necessary for any Act of Holders under this Section 13.02 to approve the particular form of any proposed supplemental indenture, but it shall be sufficient if such Act shall approve the substance thereof.

Section 13.03 *Execution of Supplemental Indentures.* In executing, or accepting the additional trusts created by, any supplemental indenture permitted by this Article 13 or the modifications thereby of the trusts created by this Indenture, the Trustee shall be provided with, and (subject to Section 10.01) shall be fully protected in conclusively relying upon, in addition to the documents required by Section 1.02, an Opinion of Counsel stating that the execution of such supplemental indenture is authorized or permitted by this Indenture and constitutes the legal, valid and binding obligation of the Company, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms. Subject to the preceding sentence, the Trustee shall sign such supplemental indenture if the same does not adversely affect the Trustee's own rights, duties or immunities under this Indenture or otherwise. The Trustee may, but shall not be obligated to, enter into any such supplemental indenture that adversely affects the Trustee's own rights, duties or immunities under this Indenture or otherwise.

Section 13.04 *Effect of Supplemental Indentures.* Upon the execution of any supplemental indenture under this Article 13, this Indenture shall be modified in accordance therewith, and such supplemental indenture shall form a part of this Indenture for all purposes; and every Holder theretofore or thereafter authenticated and delivered hereunder shall be bound thereby.

Section 13.05 *Reference in Notes to Supplemental Indentures.* Notes authenticated and delivered after the execution of any supplemental indenture pursuant to this Article 13 shall bear a notation in form approved by the Trustee as to any matter provided for in such supplemental indenture. If the Company shall so determine, new Notes so modified as to conform, in the opinion of the Trustee and the Company, to any such supplemental indenture may be prepared and executed by the Company and authenticated and delivered by the Trustee in exchange for outstanding Notes.

Section 13.06 *Notice to Holders of Supplemental Indentures.* The Company shall cause notice of the execution of any supplemental indenture to be delivered to each Holder, at such Holder's address appearing on the Register provided for in this Indenture, within 20 days after execution thereof. Failure to deliver such notice, or any defect in such notice, shall not impair or affect the legality or validity of such supplemental indenture.

ARTICLE 14.  
MISCELLANEOUS

Section 14.01 *Notices.* Any notice or communication shall be in writing (including telecopy promptly confirmed in writing) and delivered in person or mailed by first-class mail addressed as follows:

if to the Company and/or any Guarantor:

Digital Turbine, Inc.  
300 Guadalupe Street, Suite 302  
Austin, TX 78701  
Attention: Chief Executive Officer  
Facsimile: (737) 210-8855

with a copy to:

Manatt, Phelps & Phillips, LLP  
11355 W. Olympic Blvd.  
Los Angeles, CA 90064  
Attention: Ben D. Orlanski  
Facsimile: (310) 312-4000

if to the Trustee:

U.S. Bank National Association  
633 West Fifth Street, 24<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Los Angeles, California 90071  
Attention: Bradley Scarbrough, Vice President (Digital Turbine Convertible Notes)  
Facsimile: (213) 615-6197

The Company or the Trustee by notice to the other may designate additional or different addresses for subsequent notices or communications.

Any notice or communication mailed to a registered Holder shall be mailed to the Holder at the Holder's address as it appears on the registration books of the Registrar and shall be sufficiently given if so mailed within the time prescribed.

Failure to mail a notice or communication to a Holder or any defect in it shall not affect its sufficiency with respect to other Holders. If a notice or communication is mailed in the manner provided above, it is duly given, whether or not the addressee receives it, except that notices to the Trustee shall be effective only upon receipt.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Indenture or any Note, where this Indenture or any Note provides for notice of any event (including any notice of redemption or purchase) to a Holder of a Global Note (whether by mail or otherwise), such notice shall be sufficiently given if given to the Depository for such Note (or its designee) pursuant to the Applicable Procedures.

Section 14.02 *Certificate and Opinion as to Conditions Precedent.* Upon any request or application by the Company to the Trustee to take or refrain from taking any action under this Indenture, the Company shall furnish to the Trustee:

(a) an Officers' Certificate in form reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee stating that, in the opinion of the signers, all conditions precedent, if any, provided for in this Indenture relating to the proposed action have been complied with; and

(b) if requested by the Trustee, an Opinion of Counsel in form reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee stating that, in the opinion of such counsel, all such conditions precedent have been complied with.

Section 14.03 *When Notes Are Disregarded.* In determining whether the Holders of the required Principal Amount of Notes have concurred in any direction, waiver or consent, Notes owned by the Company or by any Affiliate of the Company shall be disregarded and deemed not to be outstanding, except that, for the purpose of determining whether the Trustee shall be protected in relying on any such direction, waiver or consent, only Notes which a Trust Officer of the Trustee actually knows are so owned shall be so disregarded. Also, subject to the foregoing, only Notes outstanding at the time shall be considered in any such determination.

Section 14.04 *Rules by Trustee, Paying Agent and Registrar.* The Trustee may make reasonable rules for action by, or a meeting of, Holders. The Registrar and the Paying Agent may make reasonable rules for their functions.

Section 14.05 *Legal Holidays.* If an Interest Payment Date is a Legal Holiday, payment shall be made on the next succeeding day that is not a Legal Holiday, and no interest shall accrue for the intervening period. If a Regular Record Date is a Legal Holiday, the Regular Record Date shall not be affected. In any case where the Maturity Date or Fundamental Change Purchase Date, as the case may be, of any Note is a Legal Holiday, then (notwithstanding any other provision of this Indenture or of the Notes) payment of principal need not be made on such date, but may be made on the next succeeding day that is not a Legal Holiday, with the same force and effect as if made on such Maturity Date or Fundamental Change Purchase Date, as the case may be.

Section 14.06 *Governing Law.* THIS INDENTURE AND THE NOTES, AND ANY CLAIM, CONTROVERSY OR DISPUTE ARISING UNDER OR RELATED TO THIS INDENTURE OR THE NOTES, SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

Section 14.07 *No Recourse against Others*. An incorporator, director, officer, employee, Affiliate or shareholder of the Company or any Guarantor, solely by reason of this status, shall not have any liability for any obligations of the Company under the Notes, the Note Guarantees, this Indenture or for any claim based on, in respect of or by reason of such obligations or their creation. By accepting a Note, each Holder shall waive and release all such liability. The waiver and release shall be part of the consideration for the issue of the Notes.

Section 14.08 *Successors*. All agreements of the Company in this Indenture and the Notes shall bind their respective successors. All agreements of the Trustee in this Indenture shall bind its successors.

Section 14.09 *Multiple Originals*. The parties may sign any number of copies of this Indenture. Each signed copy shall be an original, but all of them together represent the same agreement. One signed copy is enough to prove this Indenture. Delivery of an executed counterpart by facsimile or by electronic means shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart thereof.

Section 14.10 *Table of Contents; Headings*. The table of contents, cross-reference sheet and headings of the Articles and Sections of this Indenture have been inserted for convenience of reference only, are not intended to be considered a part hereof and shall not modify or restrict any of the terms or provisions hereof.

Section 14.11 *Severability Clause*. In case any provision in this Indenture shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby and such provision shall be ineffective only to the extent of such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability.

Section 14.12 *Calculations*. Except as otherwise provided herein, the Company (or its agents) will be responsible for making all calculations called for under this Indenture or the Notes. These calculations include, but are not limited to, determinations of the Last Reported Sale Price, VWAPs, the Exchange Cap, the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, the Redemption Price, Additional Interest, accrued interest payable on the Notes and the conversion rate of the Notes. The Company (or its agents) will make all such calculations in good faith and, absent manifest error, its calculations will be final and binding on Holders. The Company (or its agents) upon request will provide a schedule of its calculations to each of the Trustee and the Conversion Agent, and each of the Trustee and Conversion Agent is entitled to rely conclusively upon the accuracy of such calculations without independent verification. The Trustee will deliver a copy of such schedule to any Holder upon the written request of such Holder.

Section 14.13 *Waiver of Jury Trial*. EACH OF THE COMPANY AND THE TRUSTEE HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT, THE SECURITIES OR THE TRANSACTION CONTEMPLATED THEREBY.

Section 14.14 *Consent to Jurisdiction.*

(a) The Company hereby irrevocably and unconditionally submits, for itself and its property, to the nonexclusive jurisdiction of any New York State court or federal court of the United States sitting in the State and City of New York, County and Borough of Manhattan, and any appellate court from any thereof, in any action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Indenture or the Notes, or for recognition or enforcement of any judgment, and each of the parties hereto hereby irrevocably and unconditionally agrees that all claims in respect of any such action or proceeding may be heard and determined in such state court sitting in the State and City of New York, County and Borough of Manhattan or, to the extent permitted by law, in such federal court sitting in the State and City of New York, County and Borough of Manhattan.

(b) The Company hereby irrevocably and unconditionally waives, to the fullest extent it may legally and effectively do so, any objection which it may now or hereafter have to the laying of venue of any suit, action proceeding arising out of or relating to this Indenture or the Notes in any New York State or federal court. Each of the parties hereto hereby irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the defense of an inconvenient forum to the maintenance of such action or proceeding in any such court.

Section 14.15 *Force Majeure.* In no event shall the Trustee be responsible or liable for any failure or delay in the performance of its obligations hereunder arising out of or caused by, directly or indirectly, forces beyond its control, including, without limitation, strikes, work stoppages, accidents, acts of war or terrorism, civil or military disturbances, nuclear or natural catastrophes or acts of God, and interruptions, loss or malfunctions of utilities, communications or computer (software or hardware) services; it being understood that the Trustee shall use reasonable efforts which are consistent with accepted practices in the banking industry to resume performance as soon as practicable under the circumstances.

Section 14.16 *U.S.A. Patriot Act.* The parties hereto acknowledge that in accordance with Section 326 of the U.S.A. Patriot Act, the Trustee, like all financial institutions and in order to help fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering, is required to obtain, verify, and record information that identifies each person or legal entity that establishes a relationship or opens an account with the Trustee. The parties to this Indenture agree that they will provide the Trustee with such information as it may request in order for the Trustee to satisfy the requirements of the U.S.A. Patriot Act.

ARTICLE 15.  
NOTE GUARANTEES

Section 15.01 Guarantee.

(a) Subject to this Article 15, each of the Guarantors hereby, jointly and severally, unconditionally guarantees to each Holder of a Note authenticated and delivered by the Trustee and to the Trustee and its successors and assigns, irrespective of the validity and enforceability of this Indenture, the Notes or the obligations of the Company hereunder or thereunder, that:

(i) the principal of, Additional Interest, if any, and interest on, and any other payment due to Holders pursuant to, the Notes or this Indenture will be promptly paid in full when due, whether at maturity, by acceleration, redemption or otherwise, and interest on the overdue principal of and interest on the Notes, if any, if lawful, and all other obligations of the Company to the Holders or the Trustee hereunder or thereunder will be promptly paid in full or performed, all in accordance with the terms hereof and thereof; and

(ii) in case of any extension of time of payment or renewal of any Notes or any of such other obligations, that same will be promptly paid in full when due or performed in accordance with the terms of the extension or renewal, whether at stated maturity, by acceleration or otherwise.

Failing payment when due of any amount so guaranteed or any performance so guaranteed for whatever reason, the Guarantors will be jointly and severally obligated to pay the same immediately. Each Guarantor agrees that this is a guarantee of payment and not a guarantee of collection.

(b) The Guarantors hereby agree that their obligations hereunder are unconditional, irrespective of the validity, regularity or enforceability of the Notes or this Indenture, the absence of any action to enforce the same, any waiver or consent by any Holder of the Notes with respect to any provisions hereof or thereof, the recovery of any judgment against the Company, any action to enforce the same or any other circumstance which might otherwise constitute a legal or equitable discharge or defense of a Guarantor. Each Guarantor hereby waives diligence, presentment, demand of payment, filing of claims with a court in the event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company, any right to require a proceeding first against the Company, protest, notice and all demands whatsoever and covenant that this Note Guarantee will not be discharged except by complete performance of the obligations contained in the Notes and this Indenture.

(c) If any Holder or the Trustee is required by any court or otherwise to return to the Company, the Guarantors or any custodian, trustee, liquidator or other similar official acting in relation to either the Company or the Guarantors, any amount paid either to the Trustee or such Holder, the Note Guarantees, to the extent theretofore discharged, will be reinstated in full force and effect.

(d) Each Guarantor agrees that it will not be entitled to any right of subrogation in relation to the Holders in respect of any obligations guaranteed hereby until payment in full of all obligations guaranteed hereby. Each Guarantor further agrees that, as between the Guarantors, on the one hand, and the Holders and the Trustee, on the other hand:

(i) the maturity of the obligations guaranteed hereby may be accelerated as provided in Article 8 hereof for the purposes of the Note Guarantees, notwithstanding any stay, injunction or other prohibition preventing such acceleration in respect of the obligations guaranteed hereby, and

(ii) in the event of any declaration of acceleration of such obligations as provided in Article 8 hereof, such obligations (whether or not due and payable) will forthwith become due and payable by the Guarantors for the purpose of the Note Guarantees.



The Guarantors will have the right to seek contribution from any non-paying Guarantor so long as the exercise of such right does not impair the rights of the Holders under the Note Guarantees.

Section 15.02 Limitation on Guarantor Liability.

Each Guarantor, and by its acceptance of Notes, each Holder, hereby confirms that it is the intention of all such parties that the Note Guarantee of such Guarantor not constitute a fraudulent transfer or conveyance for purposes of applicable federal, state or foreign bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or other similar law or any similar federal, state, provincial or other applicable law to the extent applicable to any Note Guarantee. To effectuate the foregoing intention, the Trustee, the Holders and the Guarantors hereby irrevocably agree that the obligations of such Guarantor will be limited to the maximum amount that will, after giving effect to such maximum amount and all other contingent and fixed liabilities of such Guarantor that are relevant under such laws, and after giving effect to any collections from, rights to receive contribution from or payments made by or on behalf of any other Guarantor in respect of the obligations of such other Guarantor under this Article 15, result in the obligations of such Guarantor under its Note Guarantee not constituting a fraudulent transfer or conveyance.

Section 15.03 Execution and Delivery of Note Guarantee.

To evidence its Note Guarantee set forth in Section 15.01 hereof, each Guarantor hereby agrees that a notation of such Note Guarantee substantially in the form attached as Exhibit C hereto will be endorsed by an Officer of such Guarantor on each Note authenticated and delivered by the Trustee and that this Indenture will be executed on behalf of such Guarantor by one of its Officers.

Each Guarantor hereby agrees that its Note Guarantee set forth in Section 15.01 hereof will remain in full force and effect notwithstanding any failure to endorse on each Note a notation of such Note Guarantee.

If an Officer whose signature is on this Indenture or on the Note Guarantee no longer holds that office at the time the Trustee authenticates the Note on which a Note Guarantee is endorsed, the Note Guarantee will be valid nevertheless.

The delivery of any Note by the Trustee, after the authentication thereof hereunder, will constitute due delivery of the Note Guarantee set forth in this Indenture on behalf of the Guarantors.

In the event that the Company or any Guarantor acquires or creates another Subsidiary after the date of this Indenture, if required by Section 4.14 hereof, the Company will cause such Subsidiary to comply with the provisions of Section 4.14 hereof and this Article 15, to the extent applicable.

Section 15.04 Guarantors May Consolidate, etc., on Certain Terms.

A Guarantor may not sell or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of their assets (other than assets determined to be held by such Guarantor as a qualified intermediary on behalf of third-party taxpayers pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 1031) to, or amalgamate or consolidate with or merge with or into (whether or not such Guarantor is the surviving Person) another Person, other than the Company, unless:

(i) immediately after giving effect to that transaction, no Default or Event of Default exists; and

(ii) the Person acquiring the assets in any such sale or disposition or the Person formed by or surviving any such amalgamation, consolidation or merger assumes all the obligations of such Guarantor under this Indenture and a Note Guarantee pursuant to a supplemental indenture reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee.

In case of any such consolidation, merger, sale or conveyance and upon the assumption by the successor Person, by supplemental indenture, executed and delivered to the Trustee and satisfactory in form to the Trustee, of the Note Guarantee endorsed upon the Notes and the due and punctual performance of all of the covenants and conditions of this Indenture to be performed by the Guarantor, such successor Person will succeed to and be substituted for the Guarantor with the same effect as if it had been named herein as a Guarantor. Such successor Person thereupon may cause to be signed any or all of the Note Guarantees to be endorsed upon all of the Notes issuable hereunder which theretofore shall not have been signed by the Company and delivered to the Trustee. All of the Note Guarantees so issued will in all respects have the same legal rank and benefit under this Indenture as the Note Guarantees theretofore and thereafter issued in accordance with the terms of this Indenture as though all of such Note Guarantees had been issued at the date of the execution hereof.

Section 15.05 Releases.

Upon satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture in accordance with Article 12 hereof, each Guarantor will be released and relieved of any obligations under its Note Guarantee.

Any Guarantor, not released from its obligations under its Note Guarantee as provided in Section 15.04 or this Section 15.05, will remain liable for the full amount of principal of, Additional Interest, if any, and interest on, and any other payment due to Holders pursuant to, the Notes or this Indenture and for the other obligations of any Guarantor under this Indenture as provided in this Article 15.

*[Remainder of the page intentionally left blank]*

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Indenture to be duly executed as of the day and year first above written.

DIGITAL TURBINE, INC.

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: William Stone  
Title: Chief Executive Officer

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Barrett Garrison  
Title: Chief Financial Officer

GUARANTORS:

Digital Turbine USA, Inc., a Delaware corporation

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name:  
Title:

Digital Turbine Media, Inc., a Delaware corporation

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name:  
Title:

Digital Turbine (EMEA) Ltd., a company formed under the laws of Israel

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name:  
Title:

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name:  
Title:

Digital Turbine Asia Pacific Pty Ltd., a company formed under the laws of Australia

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name:  
Title:

*[Trustee Signature Follows]*

U.S. Bank National Association  
as Trustee

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Title: \_\_\_\_\_

## SCHEDULE A

### Share Price

Effective Date	\$ 1.25	\$ 1.56	\$ 2.00	\$ 2.50	\$ 3.00	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.00	\$ 5.00	\$ 7.50	\$ 10.00	\$ 15.00	\$ 20.00
23-Sep-16	160.000	137.528	122.927	110.849	100.840	85.207	73.564	57.386	36.135	25.770	15.844	11.222
23-Sep-17	132.007	110.253	98.225	88.380	80.288	67.747	58.465	45.616	28.734	20.461	12.485	8.770
23-Sep-18	104.013	80.313	70.355	62.570	56.399	47.172	40.545	31.544	19.806	14.016	8.358	5.711
23-Sep-19	76.020	44.327	34.464	28.428	24.566	19.866	16.941	13.181	8.313	5.887	3.468	2.287
23-Sep-20	48.027	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

[FORM OF RESTRICTED LEGEND]

**THIS SECURITY, THE ATTACHED GUARANTEE AND THE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK ISSUABLE UPON CONVERSION OF THIS SECURITY HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE “SECURITIES ACT”), AND MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD, PLEDGED OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE. BY ITS ACQUISITION HEREOF OR OF A BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN, THE ACQUIRER:**

- (1) REPRESENTS THAT IT AND ANY ACCOUNT FOR WHICH IT IS ACTING IS A “QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER” (WITHIN THE MEANING OF RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) AND THAT IT EXERCISES SOLE INVESTMENT DISCRETION WITH RESPECT TO EACH SUCH ACCOUNT, AND**
- (2) AGREES FOR THE BENEFIT OF DIGITAL TURBINE, INC. (THE “COMPANY”) THAT IT WILL NOT OFFER, SELL, PLEDGE OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER THIS SECURITY OR ANY BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN PRIOR TO THE RESALE RESTRICTION TERMINATION DATE (AS DEFINED BELOW), EXCEPT:**
  - (A) TO THE COMPANY OR ANY SUBSIDIARY THEREOF, OR**
  - (B) PURSUANT TO A REGISTRATION STATEMENT THAT HAS BECOME EFFECTIVE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT THAT COVERS RESALE THIS SECURITY, OR**
  - (C) TO A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYER IN COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 144A UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, OR**

**THE “RESALE RESTRICTION TERMINATION DATE” MEANS THE LATER OF: (1) THE DATE THAT A REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT WITH RESPECT TO THIS SECURITY AND BENEFICIAL INTERESTS HEREIN HAS BECOME EFFECTIVE; AND (2) SUCH OTHER DATE AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW.**

- (D) PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION PROVIDED BY RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR ANY OTHER AVAILABLE EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT.**

**PRIOR TO THE REGISTRATION OF ANY TRANSFER IN ACCORDANCE WITH CLAUSE (2)(D) ABOVE, THE COMPANY AND THE TRUSTEE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REQUIRE THE DELIVERY OF SUCH LEGAL OPINIONS, CERTIFICATIONS OR OTHER EVIDENCE AS MAY REASONABLY BE REQUIRED IN ORDER TO DETERMINE THAT THE PROPOSED TRANSFER IS BEING MADE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE SECURITIES ACT AND APPLICABLE STATE SECURITIES LAWS. NO REPRESENTATION IS MADE AS TO THE AVAILABILITY OF ANY EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT.**

**NO AFFILIATE (AS DEFINED IN RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OF THE COMPANY OR PERSON THAT HAS BEEN AN AFFILIATE (AS DEFINED IN RULE 144 UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) OF THE COMPANY DURING THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING NINETY DAYS MAY RESELL THIS SECURITY OR A BENEFICIAL INTEREST HEREIN.**



[FORM OF FREE TRANSFERABILITY CERTIFICATE]

Officers' Certificate

[NAME OF OFFICER], the [TITLE] of Digital Turbine, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "**Company**") and [NAME OF OFFICER], the [TITLE] of the Company do hereby certify, in connection with the sale of \$16 million of the Company's 8.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2020 (the "**Notes**") pursuant to the terms of the Indenture, dated as of September 28, 2016 (as may be amended or supplemented from time to time, the "**Indenture**"), by and among the Company and U.S. Bank, National Association (the "**Trustee**"), that:

The undersigned are permitted to sign this "Officers' Certificate" on behalf of the Company, as the term "Officers' Certificate" is defined in the Indenture.

The undersigned have read, and thoroughly examined, the Indenture and the definitions therein relating thereto. Any capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the meanings given to them in the Indenture.

In the opinion of the undersigned, the undersigned have made such examination as is necessary to enable the undersigned to express an informed opinion as to whether or not all conditions precedent to the removal of the Restricted Notes Legend described herein as provided for in the Indenture have been complied with.

All conditions precedent described herein as provided for in the Indenture have been complied with.

The Notes have become Freely Tradable.

In accordance with Section 3.08 of the Indenture, the Company hereby instructs you as follows:

1. To take those actions necessary so that the Restricted Notes Legend and set forth on the Restricted Global Notes shall be deemed removed from the Global Notes in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes and as provided in the Indenture, without further action on the part of the Holders.

2. To take those actions necessary so that the restricted CUSIP number for the Notes shall be removed from the Global Notes and replaced with an unrestricted CUSIP number, which unrestricted CUSIP number shall be 25400W AB8, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Global Notes and as provided in the Indenture, without further action on the part of the Holders.

*[Signature page follows.]*

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have signed this certificate as of [            ].

DIGITAL TURBINE, INC.,

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name:  
Title:

B-2

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[FORM OF NOTATION OF NOTE GUARANTEE]

**NOTATION OF NOTE GUARANTEE**

For value received, each Guarantor (which term includes any successor Person under the Indenture) has, jointly and severally, unconditionally guaranteed, to the extent set forth in the Indenture and subject to the provisions in the Indenture dated as of September 28, 2016 (the “*Indenture*”) among Digital Turbine, Inc., (the “*Company*”), the Guarantors party thereto and U.S. Bank N.A., as trustee (the “*Trustee*”), (a) the due and punctual payment of the principal of, Additional Interest, if any, and interest on, the Notes, whether at maturity, by acceleration, redemption or otherwise, the due and punctual payment of interest on the overdue principal of and interest on the Notes, if any, if lawful, and the due and punctual performance of all other obligations of the Company to the Holders and the Trustee all in accordance with the terms of the Indenture and (b) in case of any extension of time of payment or renewal of any Notes or any of such other obligations, that the same will be promptly paid in full when due or performed in accordance with the terms of the extension or renewal, whether at stated maturity, by acceleration or otherwise. The obligations of the Guarantors to the Holders of Notes and to the Trustee pursuant to the Note Guarantee and the Indenture are expressly set forth in Article 15 of the Indenture and reference is hereby made to the Indenture for the precise terms of the Note Guarantee. Each Holder of a Note, by accepting the same, agrees to and shall be bound by such provisions. Capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the meanings given to them in the Indenture.

*[Signature Pages Follow]*

GUARANTORS:

Digital Turbine USA, Inc., a Delaware corporation

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name:  
Title:

Digital Turbine Media, Inc., a Delaware corporation

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name:  
Title:

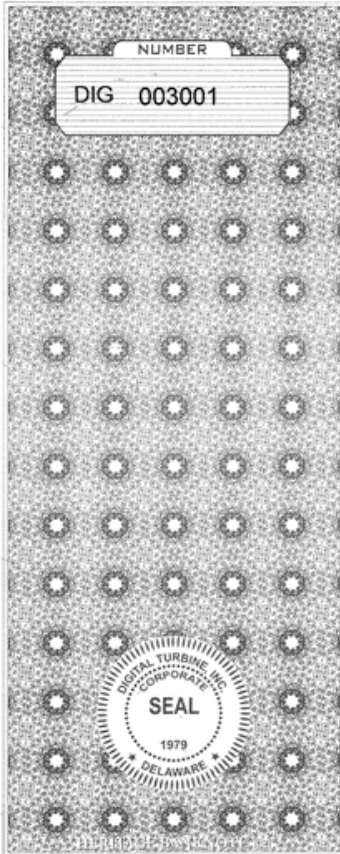
Digital Turbine (EMEA) Ltd., a company formed under the laws of Israel

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name:  
Title:

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name:  
Title:

Digital Turbine Asia Pacific Pty Ltd., a company formed under the laws of Australia

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name:  
Title:



NUMBER  
DIG 003001



SHARES

INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE

SEE REVERSE FOR CERTAIN DEFINITIONS

CUSIP 25400W 10-2

This certifies that



is the record holder of

FULLY PAID AND NONASSESSABLE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK, \$0.0001 PAR VALUE, OF  
DIGITAL TURBINE, INC

transferable on the books of the corporation in person or by duly authorized attorney upon surrender of this Certificate properly endorsed. This Certificate is not valid until countersigned by the Transfer Agent and registered by the Registrar.

WITNESS the facsimile seal of the Corporation and the facsimile signatures of its duly authorized officers.

Dated:

*William D...*  
President

*John Lucero*  
Secretary

BY: *[Signature]*  
AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE  
AMERICAN STOCK TRANSFER & TRUST COMPANY, LLC  
TRANSFER AGENT AND REGISTRAR  
NEW YORK, NY



December 23, 2016

Digital Turbine, Inc.  
1300 Guadalupe Street  
Suite #302  
Austin, Texas 78701

**Re: Registration Statement on Form S-1  
Commission File No. 333-214321**

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special counsel to Digital Turbine, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company") in connection with the Company's preparation and filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") of a registration statement on Form S-1, filed with the Commission on October 28, 2016 (as amended, the "Registration Statement"), with respect to the registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), of (i) \$16 million of 8.75% Convertible Notes due 2020 (the "Notes") issued under the Indenture, dated as of September 28, 2016 (the "Indenture"), between the Company and U.S. Bank National Association (the "Trustee"), which are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, on terms specified in the Indenture (the "Guarantees"), by Digital Turbine USA, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("DT USA"), Digital Turbine Media, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("DT Media"), Digital Turbine (EMEA) Ltd., a company formed under the laws of Israel ("DT Israel"), and Digital Turbine Asia Pacific Ptd Ltd., a company formed under the laws of Australia ("DT Australia") and together with DT USA, DT Media and DT Israel, the "Subsidiary Guarantors"), (ii) warrants to purchase 4,355,600 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share expiring in 2020 (the "Warrants"), (iii) 16,085,840 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Common Stock") issuable upon conversion of the Notes and exercise of the Warrants (the "Shares"), in each case as contemplated by the Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of September 28, 2016, by and among the Company, the Subsidiary Guarantors, and BTIG, LLC, as the initial purchaser (the "Registration Rights Agreement"), and (iv) up to an additional 6,432,475 shares of Common Stock that may be issued as part of an early conversion payment in the event of an early conversion of the Notes, in the event the Company is permitted to, and elects to, make such payment in the form of shares of Common Stock in lieu of cash (such additional number of shares calculated based upon the Indenture and an assumed early conversion in full on December 19, 2016), as contemplated by the Registration Rights Agreement (the "Early Conversion Shares"). The Notes, Warrants, the Shares and the Early Conversion Shares are to be offered and sold by certain security holders of the Company.

This opinion is being furnished in accordance with the requirements of Item 601(b)(5) of Regulation S-K under the Securities Act.

In connection with this opinion, we have examined originals or copies, certified or otherwise identified to our satisfaction, of:

- i. the Registration Statement;

11355 West Olympic Boulevard, Los Angeles, California 90064-1614 Telephone: 310.312.4000 Fax: 310.312.4224  
Albany | Chicago | Los Angeles | New York | Orange County | Palo Alto | Sacramento | San Francisco | Washington, D.C.

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- ii. an executed copy of the Registration Rights Agreement;
  - iii. an executed copy of the Indenture, including the Guarantees set forth therein;
  - iv. a specimen certificate representing the Common Stock attached to the certificate of William Stone, Chief Executive Officer of the Company and Barrett Garrison, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary of the Company, referenced in paragraph (xv) below;
  - v. the Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, as currently in effect and as certified by the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on September 9, 2016;
  - vi. the Bylaws of the Company, as currently in effect and as certified by William Stone, Chief Executive Officer of the Company and Barrett Garrison, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary of the Company;
  - vii. the Certificate of Incorporation of DT USA, as currently in effect and as certified by the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on September 9, 2016;
  - viii. the Bylaws of DT USA, as currently in effect and as certified by William Stone, Chief Executive Officer of DT USA;
  - ix. the Certificate of Incorporation of DT Media, as currently in effect and as certified by the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on September 9, 2016;
  - x. the Bylaws of DT Media, as currently in effect and as certified by William Stone, Chief Executive Officer of DT Media;
  - xi. Resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Company, adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company on August 1, 2016, August 26, 2016 and September 19, 2016, as certified by William Stone, Chief Executive Officer of the Company and Barrett Garrison, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary of the Company;
  - xii. Resolutions of the Pricing Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company, adopted by the Pricing Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company on September 22, 2016, as certified by William Stone, Chief Executive Officer of the Company and Barrett Garrison, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary of the Company;
  - xiii. Unanimous Written Consent of the Board of Directors of DT USA, adopted September 28, 2016, as certified by William Stone, Chief Executive Officer of DT USA;
  - xiv. Unanimous Written Consent of the Board of Directors of DT Media, adopted September 28, 2016, as certified by William Stone, Chief Executive Officer of DT Media;
-

- xv. the Officer's Certificate, dated as of the date hereof, executed by William Stone, Chief Executive Officer of each of the Company and the Subsidiary Guarantors and Barrett Garrison, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary of the Company;
- xvi. the Statement of Eligibility and Qualification on Form T-1 under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, of the Trustee, with respect to the Notes filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement; and
- xvii. the forms of global certificates evidencing the Notes and the Warrants.

Insofar as the opinions set forth herein are based on factual matters in connection with, among other things, the offer of the Notes, Warrants, the Shares, the Early Conversion Shares and the Guarantees, which factual matters are authenticated in certificates from certain officers of the Company and the Subsidiary Guarantors, we have relied on such certificates. We have assumed the genuineness of all signatures, the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals and the conformity to originals of all documents submitted to us as certified or reproduced copies.

In making our examination of such documents and for all purposes of this opinion, including our opinions below, we have assumed that the parties thereto, other than the Company and DT USA and DT Media, are duly organized and validly existing, had the necessary power, corporate or other, to enter into and perform their obligations thereunder under the law of the jurisdiction under which the party was organized and have also assumed the due authorization by all requisite action, corporate or other, and execution, delivery and performance by such parties of such documents. We have also assumed that (i) with respect to DT Australia, the courts of New South Wales, Australia and the federal courts of Australia will give effect to the parties' choice of the law of the State of New York to govern the Indenture and the Guarantees and the Subsidiary Guarantors' agreement that all claims in respect of any action or proceeding arising out of or relating to the Indenture and the Guarantees may be heard and determined by any New York State court or federal court of the United States of America (the "US"), in each case sitting in the State and City of New York, County and Borough of Manhattan in the US and (ii) with respect to DT Israel, a court, tribunal or other competent authority sitting in Israel will give effect to the parties' choice of the law of the State of New York to govern the Indenture and the Guarantees and the Subsidiary Guarantors' agreement that all claims in respect of any action or proceeding arising out of or relating to the Indenture and the Guarantees may be heard and determined by any New York State court or federal court of the US, in each case sitting in the State and City of New York, County and Borough of Manhattan in the US.

Our opinions set forth below are qualified to the extent that they may be subject to or affected by (i) applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, fraudulent or voidable transfer, preference or similar laws relating to or affecting the rights and remedies of creditors generally and general principles of equity (regardless of whether enforcement is sought in equity or at law) and (ii) the exercise of judicial discretion and the application of principles of equity including, without limitation, requirements of good faith, fair dealing, reasonableness, conscionability and materiality (regardless of whether the applicable agreements are considered in a proceeding in equity or at law). We express no opinion as to the availability of any equitable or specific remedy upon any breach of any of the agreements as to which we are opining herein, or any of the agreements, documents or obligations referred to therein, or to the successful assertion of any equitable defenses, inasmuch as the availability of such remedies or the success of any equitable defense may be subject to the discretion of a court.

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Based upon the foregoing and subject to the assumptions, limitations and exceptions set forth herein, we are of the opinion that, as of the date hereof:

1. The Notes constitute valid and binding obligations of the Company, enforceable against the Company in accordance with their terms, and the Guarantees constitute valid and binding obligations of the Subsidiary Guarantors, enforceable against the Subsidiary Guarantors in accordance with their terms.
2. The Warrants have been duly authorized for issuance and constitute duly authorized, valid and legally binding obligations of the Company.
3. The shares of Common Stock initially issuable upon conversion of the Notes (the "Note Shares") pursuant to the Indenture have been duly authorized by all requisite corporate action on the part of the Company and, when issued upon conversion of the Notes in accordance with the terms of the Indenture, the Note Shares will be validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable.
4. The shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the Warrants (the "Warrant Shares") have been duly authorized for issuance and, when issued and delivered against payment therefor in accordance with the provisions of the Warrants, including the payment of the exercise price therefor, the Warrant Shares will be validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable.
5. The Early Conversion Shares have been duly authorized by all requisite corporate action on the part of the Company and, if, and when, issued upon an early conversion of the Notes and, in the event the Company is permitted to, and elects to, make such payment in the form of shares of Common Stock in lieu of cash, and in accordance with the terms of the Indenture, the Early Conversion Shares will be validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable.

In rendering the foregoing opinion, we have assumed that upon the issuance of any of the Note Shares, the Warrant Shares, or the Early Conversion Shares, the total number of shares of Common Stock of the Company issued and outstanding will not exceed the total number of shares of Common Stock of the Company that the Company is then authorized to issue under its Certificate of Incorporation, as amended.

In rendering the opinion set forth in paragraphs 3, 4, and 5 above, we have assumed that (1) the certificates evidencing the Note Shares, Warrant Shares, and the Early Conversion Shares will be manually signed by one of the authorized officers of the transfer agent and registrar for the Note Shares, Warrant Shares, and Early Conversion Shares and registered by such transfer agent and registrar and will conform to the specimen certificate examined by us evidencing the Note Shares, Warrant Shares and the Early Conversion Shares and (2) the Conversion Price (as defined in the Indenture) will be at least equal to the par value of the Common Stock at the time of conversion.

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We express no opinion as to the applicability or effect of the laws of any jurisdiction other than the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, the current internal laws of the State of New York and the Federal securities laws of the US (all of the foregoing being referred to as "Applicable Law"). We do not express any opinion with respect to the law of any jurisdiction other than on the Applicable Law or as to the effect of any such non-Applicable Law on the opinions herein stated. Further, this opinion is based solely upon existing laws, rules and regulations, and we undertake no obligation to advise you of any changes that may be brought to our attention after the date hereof. This opinion is expressly limited to the matters set forth above and we render no opinion, whether by implication or otherwise, as to any other matters relating to the Company, the Subsidiary Guarantors, the Notes, the Warrants, the Note Shares, the Warrant Shares, or the Early Conversion Shares.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion with the Commission as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and the use of our name therein under the caption "Legal Matters." In giving this consent, we do not admit that we are within the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act or the rules and regulations of the Commission adopted under the Securities Act.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Manatt, Phelps & Phillips, LLP  
Manatt, Phelps & Phillips, LLP

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Our Reference  
RHF/MR/9124249

8 Chifley  
8-12 Chifley Square, Sydney NSW 2000, Australia  
GPO Box 9925, Sydney NSW 2001, Australia  
Tel +61 2 9210 6500  
Fax +61 2 9210 6611  
www.corrs.com.au



Sydney  
Melbourne  
Brisbane  
Perth

December 23, 2016

Digital Turbine, Inc.  
1300 Guadalupe Street, Suite 302  
Austin, Texas 78701  
United States of America

**Contact**  
Rommel Harding-Farrenberg +61 2 9210 6366  
Email: rommel.harding-farrenberg@corrs.com.au

Dear Sirs

## Guarantee from Digital Turbine Asia Pacific Pty Ltd

### 1 Introduction

We have been requested by Digital Turbine, Inc., a Delaware corporation (**DTI**), to provide this opinion in connection with its subsidiary, Digital Turbine Asia Pacific Pty Ltd ACN 094 069 726, a company incorporated in New South Wales, Australia (the **Guarantor**) and the Indenture described below, including the Guarantee as set forth therein.

This opinion is given in connection with the guarantee (the **Guarantee**) provided by the Guarantor under the *Indenture* dated as of 28 September 2016 (the **Indenture**) between, among others, DTI as issuer and Digital Turbine USA, Inc., Digital Turbine Media, Inc., Digital Turbine (EMEA) Ltd. and the Guarantor as guarantors in terms of which DTI issued 8.75% Convertible Notes due in 2020 (the **Notes**). We have not been involved in the negotiation or execution of the Guarantee, the Indenture, the Notes or any other related documents.

We have been asked to provide this opinion in accordance with the requirements of Item 601(b)(5) of Regulation S-K under the *Securities Act* 1933 (US) (the **Securities Act**) regarding the Guarantee and the Indenture under the laws in force at the date of this opinion in the Relevant Jurisdictions. We express no opinion as to any laws other than the laws of the Relevant Jurisdictions.

This opinion relates solely to matters governed by, and should be interpreted in accordance with, the laws of the Relevant Jurisdictions as in force and as interpreted at 9.00 am Sydney time on the date of this opinion. We have no obligation to inform you of any change in any relevant law occurring after that time.

### 2 Definitions

In this opinion:

**ASIC** means the Australian Securities & Investments Commission.

**ASIC Search** means the search of the online database of ASIC on or about the date of this opinion in relation to the Guarantor.

**Insolvency Notice Search** means the search of the online database of ASIC in relation to insolvency notices on or about the date of this opinion in relation to the Guarantor.

**Relevant Jurisdictions** means New South Wales and the Commonwealth of Australia.

## **Guarantee from Digital Turbine Asia Pacific Pty Ltd**

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US means the United States of America.

If a word or phrase is defined, its other grammatical forms have corresponding meanings.

Unless the contrary intention appears, the singular includes the plural and vice versa.

### **3 Documents**

In connection with this opinion we have examined and rely on the following documents:

- (a) a copy of the Indenture, including the Guarantee as set forth therein, executed by or on behalf of the Guarantor (in portable document format (**pdf**));
- (b) a pdf copy of a certificate from a director of the Guarantor attaching copies of:
  - (i) the certificate of registration (and each certificate of registration on change of name) of the Guarantor;
  - (ii) the constitution of the Guarantor; and
  - (iii) an extract of the resolutions of the board of directors of the Guarantor in relation to the Indenture and the Guarantee set forth therein;
- (c) the ASIC Search; and
- (d) the Insolvency Notice Search.

### **4 Opinion**

Based on the assumptions and subject to the qualifications set out below, we are of the opinion that:

- (a) the Guarantor has been duly incorporated and is validly registered and existing under the laws of its place of incorporation, and the ASIC Search does not indicate any circumstances which jeopardise this registration;
- (b) the Guarantor has the necessary corporate power to enter into and to perform its obligations under the Indenture and the Guarantee and has taken all necessary corporate and other action to authorise the execution, delivery and performance by the Guarantor of the Indenture and the Guarantee;
- (c) the Indenture, including the Guarantee set forth therein, has been validly executed by the Guarantor;
- (d) the execution, delivery and performance by the Guarantor of the Indenture and the Guarantee do not contravene or cause a breach or default under, and will not result in any contravention of, or breach or default under:
  - (i) its constitution; or
  - (ii) the laws of the Relevant Jurisdictions applicable to companies generally; and
- (e) the courts of New South Wales and the federal courts of Australia will give effect to the choice of the law of the State of New York in the US to govern the Indenture and the Guarantee and the Guarantor's agreement that all claims in respect of any action or proceeding arising out of or relating to the Indenture and the Guarantee may be heard and determined by any New York State court or federal court of the US, in each case sitting in the State and City of New York, County and Borough of Manhattan in the US.

**5 Assumptions**

For the purposes of this opinion we have assumed (without making any investigation) that:

- (a) all dates, seals and signatures and any duty stamp or marking are authentic;
- (b) all copies of documents submitted to us are complete and conform to the originals of those documents and the documents referred to in **paragraph 3(b)** were in full force and effect as at the date of the resolutions of directors and the date the Indenture, including the Guarantee as set forth therein, was executed by the Guarantor;
- (c) the Indenture and the Guarantee:
  - (i) are within the capacity and powers of and have been validly authorised, executed and delivered by all parties to it other than the Guarantor; and
  - (ii) constitute valid and binding obligations of all the parties to it under all relevant laws but without assuming the conclusions of our opinions herein;
- (d) all facts stated in the documents submitted to us are and continue to be correct and no relevant matter has been withheld from us, whether deliberately or inadvertently;
- (e) each person identified as a director of the Guarantor under the ASIC Search served as such;
- (f) each person who signed and/or delivered the Indenture, including the Guarantee set forth therein, on behalf of the Guarantor had legal capacity to do so;
- (g) we are entitled to make and rely on all of the assumptions specified in section 129 (other than those in section 129(5) and (6)) of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Commonwealth of Australia) (and we note that we do not know or suspect that this assumption is incorrect);
- (h) in relation to the resolutions of the board of directors referred to in **paragraph 3(b)(iii)**:
  - (i) if the resolutions were passed at a meeting of directors, the meeting was properly convened and a quorum was present at all times and all directors who attended and voted at that meeting were entitled to do so;
  - (ii) if the resolutions were passed by written resolution, all directors consented to the written resolutions;
  - (iii) the resolutions were properly passed and have not been varied or revoked; and
  - (iv) all provisions relating to the declaration of directors' interests or the power of interested directors to vote were properly complied with;

## Guarantee from Digital Turbine Asia Pacific Pty Ltd

- (i) the execution and delivery of the Indenture, including the Guarantee set forth therein, by the Guarantor, and the performance of its obligations under the Indenture and the Guarantee, is or will be for its commercial benefit;
- (j) no party to the Indenture or Guarantee is conducting or will conduct any relevant transaction or any associated activity in a manner or for a purpose not evident on the face of the Indenture or Guarantee which might render the Indenture or Guarantee or any relevant transaction or associated activity illegal, void, voidable or unenforceable;
- (k) no liquidator, administrator, receiver or like person has been appointed to the Guarantor and there is no current application for the winding up of the Guarantor (and we note the ASIC Search and Insolvency Notice Search do not reveal any such appointment or application); and
- (l) the Indenture and Guarantee remain effective and has not been amended, novated, released or terminated and no rights under the Indenture and Guarantee have been waived.

The making of each of the above assumptions indicates that we have assumed that each matter the subject of each assumption is true, correct and complete in every particular. That we have made an assumption in this opinion does not imply that we have made any enquiry to verify any assumption or are not aware of any circumstance which might affect the correctness of any assumption. No assumption specified above is limited by reference to any other assumption.

## 6 Qualifications

Our opinion is subject to the following qualifications:

- (a) we express no opinion as to:
  - (i) the binding nature, effect or enforceability of the Indenture or the Guarantee;
  - (ii) whether the representations and warranties made or given or to be made or given by the Guarantor in the Indenture and Guarantee are correct except in so far (and to the extent) as any such representation or warranty relates to a matter which is the subject of this opinion;
  - (iii) any agreement, document or other instrument (other than the Indenture and Guarantee) referred to in, contemplated by or in any way connected with the Indenture and Guarantee (including each of the Registration Statement and prospectus referred to in **paragraph 7** below); or
  - (iv) matters of fact and in that regard we note that we did not conduct any investigation in respect of the accuracy of any facts set out in the Indenture and Guarantee, the Registration Statement or prospectus referred to in **paragraph 7** below or the certificate and extract resolutions referred to in **paragraph 3(b)** above, other than by obtaining and reviewing the ASIC Search and Insolvency Notice Search;
- (b) we have not taken into account the implications of any pending or foreshadowed legislative or regulatory proposal or amendment or any litigation, hearing or judgment pending in any Relevant Jurisdiction, including but not limited to, any matter not yet decided on appeal;

**Guarantee from Digital Turbine Asia Pacific Pty Ltd**

- (c) we have relied on the ASIC Search and the Insolvency Notice Search but we note that the records of ASIC available for public search may not be complete or up to date;
- (d) court proceedings may be stayed if the subject of the proceedings is concurrently before another court; and
- (e) a court will not give effect to a choice of laws to govern the Indenture and Guarantee or to a submission to the jurisdiction of certain courts if to do so would be contrary to public policy in the Relevant Jurisdictions.

**7 Filing**

We consent to the reliance on this opinion, in connection with the matters set out in it, by Manatt, Phelps & Phillips, LLP for the purposes of any opinion to be given by it in connection with the Indenture and Guarantee and which will be filed as an exhibit to the registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-214321) (the **Registration Statement**) filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with the Guarantee, Indenture, and Notes.

We consent to this opinion being filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement in relation to the Indenture and Guarantee and to the use of our name, Corrs Chambers Westgarth, under the caption "Legal Matters" in the prospectus that is a part of such Registration Statement. In giving such consent, we do not thereby admit that we are in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act or the rules and regulations of the US Securities and Exchange Commission thereunder.

Yours faithfully

**Corrs Chambers Westgarth**

/s/ **Rommel Harding-Farrenberg**

Partner



Yaakov Neeman*	Sharon Petel	Moran Yemini	Eran Wagner	Liran Barak	Eitan Ella	Meitar Victor
Tuvia Erlich	Moria Tam-	Ofer Granot	Dana Zur-Neumann	Chen Moyal	Noa Leon	Neil Hadad
Meir Linzen	Harshoshanim	Ron Ben-Menachem	Gal Eschet	Boaz Nahshoni	Natan Rosenwasser	Shira Peled
Alan Sacks	Guy Katz	Dan Sharot	Zohar Yahalom	Michal Pereg	Grigory Danovich	Anat Tsur
Yaacov Brandt	Daniel Reisner	Ronen Hausirer	Galia Kleinman	Erez Nahum	Maya Rozenwax	Rachel Rinberg-Shuri
Ehud Sol	Nurit Dagan	Gilad Neeman	Inbal Altman	Maor Roth	Yoav Sananes	
Janet Levy Pahima	Yaniv Dinovitch	Ayelet Regavim K.	Ruth Bergwerk	Rosie Mordoch-Ron	Alon Abcasis	
Amir Seraya	Nir Raber	Ariel Yosefi	Iris Achmon	Rani Hirsh	Natan Wiesenberg	
Yael Bar-Shai	Harriet Finn	Asaf Nahum	Rotem Virnik	Roni Cohen Pavon	Ilan Eliav	
Yaacov Sharvit	Ofir Segev	Natalie Jacobs	Robert Wiseman	Ilana Zibenberg	Chen Biton Joseph	
Baruch Katzman	Ran Hai	Roi Hayun	Yoni Frider	Zara Gold	Elihan Doyev	
David Zailer	Ronen Reingold	Eyal Bar-Zvi	Na'ama Babish	Pini Duek	Orr Diskin	
Mark Phillips	Haya Ehrman	Yariv Ben-Dov	Avital A. Shlomovich	Sahar Regev	Roi Lagrisi	
Adam Eytan	Tal Dror Schwimmer	Talya Solomon	Michal Haberfeld	Jenia Melkhor	Daniel Paz	
Orly Gerbi	Shai Kagan	Haim Machluf	Orli Gal	Karin Fried	Sharon Zfoni	
Moshe Hardi	Chagai Vered	Yuval Meidar	Zeev Kallach	Tal Avigdory	Gal Sagi	
Gilad Wekselman	Gilad Majerowicz	Aviram Hazak	Gilad Shay	Yehonatan Ohayon	Sharbel Shama	
Yossi Ashkenazi	Yuval Navot	Itai Sarfaty	Chen Luzzatto	Lital Wolfovitz	Ziv Schwartz	
Gil White	Irit Roth	Ran Kedem	Keren Assaf	Reut Alcalay	Erez Abu	
Anthony Leibler	Michal Caspi	Ra'anan Sagi	Limor Shechter Lerner	Aviv Parienty	Hofit Cahana	
Eldad Chamam	Shira Margalit -Elbaz	Revital Katz	Lev Zigman	Rafael Herbst	Elad Gershkovich	
Ilanit Landesman Yogev	Yehoshua Shohat	Tal Hamdi	Noa Landau Bar-Ner	Sarit Shainboim	Mark Goldman	
Limor Hodir	Gurtler	Neta Dorfman-Raviv	Uriel Mozes	Yael Hauser	Adam Salkin	
Ory Nacht	Shachar Porat	Yuval Zilber	Elad Wieder	Ido Manor	Gilad Eshed	
Esther Sternbach	Amir Peres	Vladi Borodovsky	Tamar Bachar	Shiran Shouldiner	Uriya Gehasi	
Ariel Flavian	Yair Geva	Gal Schwartz	Nir Gal	Marian Fertleman	Maayan Menashe	
Nati Simchony	Nir Dash	Assaf Klein	Nir Farber	Itamar Gur	Zecharia	
Roni Libster	Itzhak Shragay	Hen Tirosh	Michal Lavi	Yehuda Hommfor	Rechtschaffen	
Karen L. Elburg	Tamara Tapoohi	Racheli Pry-Reichman	Adar Ortal	Doron Hindin	Nitzan Schindler	
Hanan Haviv	Waldman	Ifat Pagis-Gelman	Ohad Elkeslassy	Amit Laufer	Moran Zochovizky	
Roy Nachimzon	Hanna Bilavsky	Yael Chervinsky Edan	Efrat Tzur	Talia Blazer	Harel Elazar	
Liat Shaked-Katz	Saar Pauker	Maayan Hammer-	Dana Kashi	Shani Gertzman	Liran Ben Asuly	
Ruth Dagan	Orit Hipsher	Tzeelon	Nir Miller	Maayan Clara Padlon	Batell Vallentine	
Asher Dovev	Moshe Yaacov	Adina Shapiro	Dikla Nassi	Einat Steiner	Blaish	
Odellia Offer	Daniel Lipman Lowbeer	Tsouriel Picard	Yotam Blaushild	Tom Waltner	Dana Baranes	
	Carmit Keanan	Itay Lavi			Asaf Bar Natan	
	Neil Wilkof				Elina Shechter	
	Nimrod Kozlovski					

\*Founding Partner

**Digital Turbine, Inc.**  
**1300 Guadalupe Street, Suite 302**  
**Austin, Texas 78701**  
**United States of America**

December 23, 2016  
 File No: 47634

Ladies and Gentlemen,

Re: **Digital Turbine (EMEA) LTD.**

1. **Introduction**

We have been requested by Digital Turbine, Inc., a Delaware corporation (“**DTI**”), to provide this opinion in connection with its indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, Digital Turbine (EMEA) LTD., an Israeli company with registration no. 514502875 (the “**Company**”), in connection with a guarantee by the Company (the “**Guarantee**”) pursuant to an Indenture dated as of September 28, 2016, by and among DTI, the Company, U.S. Bank National Association, and certain other parties named therein (the “**Indenture**”), pursuant to which DTI issued 8.75% Convertible Notes due in 2020 (the “**Notes**”). We have not been involved in the negotiation or execution of the Guarantee, the Indenture, the Notes or any other related documents.

This opinion is rendered in accordance with the requirements of Item 601(b)(5) of Regulation S-K under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933 (the “**Act**”) regarding the Guarantee and the Indenture under the laws in force at the date of this opinion in the State of Israel.



2. **Israeli Law**

This opinion is limited to Israeli law as applied by the Israeli courts and published and in effect on the date of this opinion. This opinion is given on the basis that all matters relating to it will be governed by and construed in accordance with Israeli law.

3. **Documents Reviewed**

For the purpose of this opinion, we have examined copies of such documents as we have deemed necessary or appropriate, including the following documents:

- 3.1. A copy of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Company;
- 3.2. A copy of the Articles of Association of the Company (the “**Articles**”);
- 3.3. Copies of resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Company dated September 28, 2016 (the “**Board Resolutions**”), regarding the offering of the Notes, the Indenture and the Guarantee;
- 3.4. A copy of the Indenture, including the Guarantee as set forth therein;
- 3.5. The results of an on-line search of the Company’s records with the Israeli Companies Registrar made on the date hereof (the “**Printouts**”); and
- 3.6. An Officer’s Certificate dated as of the date hereof, addressed to us, from the Company's Chief Executive Officer and the Company’s Controller;

(collectively, the “**Reviewed Documents**”).

4. **Assumptions**

For the purposes of this opinion we have assumed without further enquiry:

- 4.1. that no laws other than those of the State of Israel would affect any of the conclusions stated in this opinion;
  - 4.2. the authenticity of all records, documents, and instruments reviewed by us, the genuineness of all signatures, the legal capacity of natural persons executing or approving such records, the conformity to the originals of all records, documents, and instruments submitted to us as copies, and the genuineness of such originals;
  - 4.3. the Reviewed Documents are true, complete and up-to-date copies, have not been amended or rescinded and are in full force and effect and no other action has been taken which may affect any of the matters passed upon in this opinion; all facts stated in the Reviewed Documents submitted to us are and continue to be correct and no relevant matter has been withheld from us, whether deliberately or inadvertently;
  - 4.4. the Indenture and the Guarantee: (i) are within the capacity and powers of and have been validly authorized, executed and delivered by all parties to it other than the Company; and (ii) constitute valid and binding obligations of all the parties to them under all relevant laws but without assuming the conclusions of our opinions herein;
  - 4.5. each person identified as a director of the Company under the Printout serves as such;
  - 4.6. each person who signed and/or delivered the Indenture and Guarantee on behalf of the Company had legal capacity to do so;
-

- 4.7. that the Board Resolutions and the Articles remain in full force and effect without modification;
- 4.8. in relation to the Board Resolutions: (i) with respect to a meeting, the meeting was properly convened and a quorum was present at all times; (ii) all directors who attended and voted at that meeting, or if applicable, all directors who consented, were entitled to do so; (iii) the resolutions passed at that meeting or by written consent were properly passed and have not been varied or revoked; and (iv) all provisions relating to the declaration of directors' interests or the power of interested directors to vote were properly complied with;
- 4.9. no party to the Indenture or Guarantee is conducting or will conduct any relevant transaction or any associated activity in a manner or for a purpose not evident on the face of the Indenture or Guarantee which might render the Indenture or Guarantee or any relevant transaction or associated activity illegal, void, voidable or unenforceable;
- 4.10. no liquidator, administrator, receiver or like person has been appointed to the Company and there is no current application for the winding up of the Company (and we note the Printout do not reveal any such appointment or application);
- 4.11. the Indenture and Guarantee remain effective and has not been amended, novated, released or terminated and no rights under the Indenture and Guarantee have been waived;
- 4.12. that the information disclosed by the Printout is accurate and has not since been altered, and that the Printout did not fail to disclose any information that had been delivered for registration or fail to elicit any material information;
- 4.13. that no fraud, dishonesty, forgery, coercion, duress or breach of fiduciary duty exists or will exist with respect to any of the matters relevant to the opinions expressed in this letter; and
- 4.14. all acts, conditions or things required to be fulfilled, performed or effected in connection with the issuance and sale of the Notes and the execution or delivery of the Indenture and the Guarantee under the laws of any jurisdiction (other than Israel) will be duly fulfilled, performed and complied with.

## 5. **Opinions**

Based on the Reviewed Documents, the assumptions set forth in Section 4 above and subject to the qualifications set forth in Section 6 below and to any matters not disclosed to us, we are of the following opinion with regard to the Company and the Guarantee:

- 5.1. The Company has been duly incorporated and it validly exists under the laws of the State of Israel.
  - 5.2. The Company has the corporate power to enter into and perform its obligations under the Indenture and the Guarantee and has taken all necessary corporate and other action to authorize the execution, delivery and performance by the Company of the Indenture and the Guarantee.
  - 5.3. The Indenture and the Guarantee has been validly executed by the Company.
  - 5.4. The execution, delivery and performance by the Company of the Indenture and the Guarantee do not contravene or cause a breach or default under, and will not result in any contravention of, or breach or default under (i) the Articles, or (ii) the laws of the State of Israel applicable to companies generally,
-

- 5.5. The courts of the State of Israel has discretion, but should apply to any claim or controversy arising under the Indenture or the Guarantee the law of the State of New York, which is the local law governing the Indenture and the Guarantee designated therein by the parties thereto.

## 6. Qualifications

This opinion is subject to the following qualifications:

- 6.1. We have considered such questions of Israeli law for the purpose of rendering this opinion as we have deemed necessary. We are members of the Bar of the State of Israel and do not render any opinion regarding the laws of any jurisdiction other than the laws of the State of Israel.
- 6.2. We express no opinion as to the effect of rules of law governing specific performance, injunctive relief or other equitable remedies (regardless of whether any such remedy is considered in a proceeding at law or in equity).
- 6.3. Except for the Printout, we have not made any search of the public docket or the records of any court, governmental agency, administrative agency or any other body in connection with the delivery of this opinion.
- 6.4. Claims may become barred under the Prescription Law 5718-1958, which states that a suit arising from a cause of action must be filed within seven years of the creation of such cause of action (other than with respect to causes of action relating to rights in land). Therefore, in principle, should the counterparties fail to bring a claim against the Company under the Indenture or the Guarantee within seven years from the date on which they were first able to do so, such counterparties would be proscribed from bringing such claim. In addition, under general principles of Israeli law, a claim may be rejected by the courts on the basis of the equitable principle of undue delay (for example, if the claimant led the defendant to believe that it had waived its claim, and the defendant altered its behaviour as a result thereof).
- 6.5. This opinion is based in part on the Printout. We note that the records of the Israeli Companies Registrar available for public search may not be complete or up to date. For example, the Printout is not capable of revealing conclusively whether or not a winding-up or corporate recovery petition has been presented to the court, a receiver appointed or any other insolvency or corporate recovery proceedings commenced.
- 6.6. The purpose of our professional engagement was not to establish or confirm factual matters or financial or quantitative information. Therefore, we are not passing upon and do not assume any responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the statements or information contained in the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on October 28, 2016, related to the Notes (Registration No. 333-214321) (the “**Registration Statement**”), DTI’s annual or current reports, or any other document filed by DTI or the Company with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and have not made, nor undertaken any obligation to make, an independent check or verification thereof.
- 6.7. We express no opinion as to: (i) the binding nature, effect or enforceability of the Indenture or the Guarantee; (ii) whether the representations and warranties made or given or to be made or given by DTI or the Company in the Indenture and Guarantee are correct except in so far (and to the extent) as any such representation or warranty relates to a matter which is the subject of this opinion; (iii) any agreement, document or other instrument (other than the Indenture and Guarantee) referred to in, contemplated by, or in any way connected with, the Indenture and Guarantee (including the Registration Statement or the prospectus related to the Notes); or (iv) matters of fact, and in that regard we note that we did not conduct any investigation in respect of the accuracy of any facts set out in the Indenture and Guarantee, the Registration Statement or any prospectus related to the Notes or the certificate and minutes referred to in paragraph 3.3 above, other than by obtaining and reviewing the Printout.
-

- 6.8. We have not taken into account the implications of any pending or forthcoming legislative or regulatory proposal or amendment or any litigation, hearing or judgment pending in the State of Israel, including but not limited to, any matter not yet decided on appeal.
- 6.9. We are not assuming any obligation to notify you of any changes in this opinion as a result of any changes in fact or law that may come to our attention in the future.
- 6.10. A court will not give effect to a choice of laws to govern the Indenture and Guarantee or to a submission to the jurisdiction of certain courts if to do so would be contrary to public policy in the State of Israel.

7. **Reliance & Consent**

This opinion is rendered to you in connection with the Guarantee as contemplated by the Indenture. We consent to the reliance on this opinion, in connection with the matters set out in it, by Manatt, Phelps & Phillips LLP for the purposes of any opinion to be given by it in connection with the Indenture and the Guarantee and which will be filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with the Guarantee, the Indenture and the Notes.

We consent to this opinion being filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement in relation to the Indenture and Guarantee and to the use of our name, Herzog Fox & Neeman, under the caption "Legal Matters" in the prospectus that is a part of the Registration Statement. In giving such consent, we do not thereby admit that we are in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Act or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

Yours faithfully,

\_\_\_\_\_  
/s/ Herzog Fox & Neeman

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## STATEMENT REGARDING COMPUTATION OF RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

The following illustrates the computation of the historical ratio of earnings to fixed charges (amounts in thousands except ratios). While there are preference securities outstanding for all periods presented, such preference securities do not accrue or otherwise pay any dividends. Therefore, the ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preference dividends are identical to the ratios of earnings to fixed charges.

Fixed Charges	Historical					Historical	Pro Forma
	Year Ended December 31,					Six Months	Twelve
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Ended	Months
						Ended	Ended
						September 30,	March 31,
						2016	2016 (1)
Interest, including amortization of debt discounts and capitalized expenses	\$ 9,420	\$ 1,144	\$ 1,407	\$ 234	\$ 1,816	\$ 622	\$ 2,556
Interest element of rentals*	57	83	83	210	268	135	268
<b>Total Fixed Charges</b>	<b>\$ 9,477</b>	<b>\$ 1,227</b>	<b>\$ 1,490</b>	<b>\$ 444</b>	<b>\$ 2,084</b>	<b>\$ 757</b>	<b>\$ 2,824</b>
Earnings available for fixed charges:							
Pre-tax income (loss)	\$ (30,597)	\$ (14,022)	\$ (18,976)	\$ (23,900)	\$ (27,818)	\$ (7,778)	\$ (30,374)
Add back:							
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	(8,460)	(1,502)	—	—	—	—	—
Fixed charges	9,477	1,227	1,490	444	2,084	757	2,824
<b>Total Earnings</b>	<b>\$ (12,660)</b>	<b>\$ (11,292)</b>	<b>\$ (15,984)</b>	<b>\$ (23,456)</b>	<b>\$ (25,734)</b>	<b>\$ (7,021)</b>	<b>\$ (27,550)</b>
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges	(1.3x)	(9.2x)	(10.7x)	(52.9x)	(12.3x)	(9.3x)	(9.8x)
Additional earnings required to achieve a 1.0x ratio:	\$ 22,137	\$ 12,519	\$ 17,474	\$ 23,900	\$ 27,818	\$ 7,778	\$ 30,374

\* Interest component of rental expense is estimated to equal 1/3 of such expense, which is considered a reasonable approximation of the interest factor.

(1) Interest, including amortization of debt discounts and capitalized expenses, is calculated as the net change in interest from the refinancing assuming the refinancing took place as of April 1, 2015. The net change in interest is calculated at \$2,556.

**CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

We consent to the incorporation by reference in this Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement (No. 333-214321) on Form S-1 of Digital Turbine, Inc. and Subsidiaries (collectively, the “Company”) of our reports dated June 14, 2016, relating to the consolidated financial statements and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting of the Company, appearing in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2016.

Our report dated June 14, 2016, on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2016, expressed an opinion that the Company had not maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2016, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in 2013.

We also consent to the reference to our Firm under the heading “Experts” in such Prospectus.

/s/ SingerLewak LLP

Los Angeles, CA  
December 23, 2016

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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**FORM T-1**

**STATEMENT OF ELIGIBILITY UNDER  
THE TRUST INDENTURE ACT OF 1939 OF A  
CORPORATION DESIGNATED TO ACT AS TRUSTEE**

**Check if an Application to Determine Eligibility of  
a Trustee Pursuant to Section 305(b)(2)**

---

**U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION**  
(Exact name of Trustee as specified in its charter)

**31-0841368**

I.R.S. Employer Identification No.

800 Nicollet Mall  
Minneapolis, Minnesota  
(Address of principal executive offices)

55402  
(Zip Code)

Bradley E. Scarbrough  
U.S. Bank National Association  
633 W. 5<sup>TH</sup> Street, 24<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Los Angeles, CA 90071  
(213) 615-6047  
(Name, address and telephone number of agent for service)

**DIGITAL TURBINE, INC.**  
(Exact name of obligor as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

22-2267658  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1300 Guadalupe Street  
Suite #302  
Austin, TX  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

78701  
(Zip Code)

8.75% Convertible Notes due 2020  
(Title of the Indenture Securities)

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**FORM T-1**

**Item 1. GENERAL INFORMATION.** Furnish the following information as to the Trustee.

- a) *Name and address of each examining or supervising authority to which it is subject.*  
Comptroller of the Currency  
Washington, D.C.
- b) *Whether it is authorized to exercise corporate trust powers.*  
Yes

**Item 2. AFFILIATIONS WITH OBLIGOR.** *If the obligor is an affiliate of the Trustee, describe each such affiliation.*  
None

**Items 3-15** *Items 3-15 are not applicable because to the best of the Trustee's knowledge, the obligor is not in default under any Indenture for which the Trustee acts as Trustee.*

**Item 16. LIST OF EXHIBITS:** *List below all exhibits filed as a part of this statement of eligibility and qualification.*

- 1. A copy of the Articles of Association of the Trustee.\*
- 2. A copy of the certificate of authority of the Trustee to commence business, attached as Exhibit 2.
- 3. A copy of the certificate of authority of the Trustee to exercise corporate trust powers, attached as Exhibit 3.
- 4. A copy of the existing bylaws of the Trustee.\*\*
- 5. A copy of each Indenture referred to in Item 4. Not applicable.
- 6. The consent of the Trustee required by Section 321(b) of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, attached as Exhibit 6.
- 7. Report of Condition of the Trustee as of September 30, 2016 published pursuant to law or the requirements of its supervising or examining authority, attached as Exhibit 7.

\* Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 25.1 to Amendment No. 2 to registration statement on S-4, Registration Number 333-128217 filed on November 15, 2005.

\*\* Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 25.1 to registration statement on form S-3ASR, Registration Number 333-199863 filed on November 5, 2014.



**SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, the Trustee, U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, a national banking association organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, has duly caused this statement of eligibility and qualification to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, all in the City of Los Angeles, California on the 23<sup>rd</sup> day of December, 2016.

By: /s/ Bradley E. Scarbrough  
Bradley E. Scarbrough  
Vice President

Exhibit 2



Office of the Comptroller of the Currency

Washington, DC 20219

**CERTIFICATE OF CORPORATE EXISTENCE**

I, Thomas J. Curry, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that:

1. The Comptroller of the Currency, pursuant to Revised Statutes 324, et seq, as amended, and 12 USC 1, et seq, as amended, has possession, custody, and control of all records pertaining to the chartering, regulation, and supervision of all national banking associations.

2. "U.S. Bank National Association," Cincinnati, Ohio (Charter No. 24), is a national banking association formed under the laws of the United States and is authorized thereunder to transact the business of banking on the date of this certificate.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, today,

June 15, 2016, I have hereunto

subscribed my name and caused my seal

of office to be affixed to these presents at

the U.S. Department of the Treasury, in

the City of Washington, District of

Columbia.

Comptroller of the Currency



Exhibit 3



Office of the Comptroller of the Currency

Washington, DC 20219

**CERTIFICATION OF FIDUCIARY POWERS**

I, Thomas J. Curry, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that:

1. The Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, pursuant to Revised Statutes 324, et seq, as amended, and 12 USC 1, et seq, as amended, has possession, custody, and control of all records pertaining to the chartering, regulation, and supervision of all national banking associations.

2. "U.S. Bank National Association," Cincinnati, Ohio (Charter No. 24), was granted, under the hand and seal of the Comptroller, the right to act in all fiduciary capacities authorized under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved September 28, 1962, 76 Stat. 668, 12 USC 92a, and that the authority so granted remains in full force and effect on the date of this certificate.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, today,  
June 15, 2016, I have hereunto subscribed  
my name and caused my seal of office to be  
affixed to these presents at the U.S.  
Department of the Treasury, in the City of  
Washington, District of Columbia.



  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Comptroller of the Currency

**Exhibit 6**

**CONSENT**

In accordance with Section 321(b) of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, the undersigned, U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION hereby consents that reports of examination of the undersigned by Federal, State, Territorial or District authorities may be furnished by such authorities to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon its request therefor.

Dated: December 23, 2016

By:

/s/ Bradley E. Scarbrough

Bradley E. Scarbrough  
Vice President

**Exhibit 7**  
**U.S. Bank National Association**  
**Statement of Financial Condition**  
**As of 9/30/2016**

(\$000's)

	<b>9/30/2016</b>
<b>Assets</b>	
Cash and Balances Due From	\$ 23,641,632
Depository Institutions	
Securities	109,767,226
Federal Funds	38,946
Loans & Lease Financing Receivables	272,221,647
Fixed Assets	5,761,293
Intangible Assets	12,599,811
Other Assets	24,370,650
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 448,401,205</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>	
Deposits	\$ 345,417,164
Fed Funds	1,412,924
Treasury Demand Notes	0
Trading Liabilities	1,823,679
Other Borrowed Money	36,430,473
Acceptances	0
Subordinated Notes and Debentures	3,800,000
Other Liabilities	13,542,899
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 402,427,139</b>
<b>Equity</b>	
Common and Preferred Stock	18,200
Surplus	14,266,915
Undivided Profits	30,877,711
Minority Interest in Subsidiaries	811,240
<b>Total Equity Capital</b>	<b>\$ 45,974,066</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Equity Capital</b>	<b>\$ 448,401,205</b>